WORKSHEET 7

MATH1014 (CALCULUS), SPRING SEMESTER, 2020

INSTRUCTOR: ASILATA BAPAT

- (1) Find the critical points of the function $f(x, y) = x^4 4x^2 + y^2$ and classify them.
- (2) Find the point on the plane x-2y+3z=6 that is closest to the point (0,1,1), without using Lagrange multipliers.
- (3) Find the points on the sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 36$ that are closest to and farthest from the point (1, 2, 2), using Lagrange multipliers. Think about how you might do this without Lagrange multipliers.
- (4) Find the extreme values of f on the region described by the inequality, where

$$f(x,y) = e^{-xy}, \quad x^2 + 4y^2 \le 1.$$

Note that you must compare the critical points in the interior with the points on the boundary obtained from the Lagrange multiplier constraint.

(5) The plane x - y + z = 2 intersects the cylinder $x^2 + y^2 = 4$ in an ellipse. Find the points on this ellipse that are closest to and farthest away from the origin.

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