

Q1. A smartphone is causing interference with nearby wifi signals leading to degraded performance of other devices. What design modification can be implemented to reduce EMI & improve the phones compatibility with surrounding electronic

→ To reduce electromagnetic interference and improve a smartphones compatibility with surrounding electronics these design modifications can be implemented.

#### \* Shielding:

Add metal shielding around components that generate significant EMI, such as power circuits and wireless transmitter. This prevents interface from affecting nearby devices & ensures the phones internal components dont interfere with each other

#### \* Better PCB Layout:

A good PCB layout, minimizes noise by using ground planes and placing components carefully. Shorter traces reduce interference, this keeps high speed signals clean. A well structured PCB helps control EMI emissions. It also improves signal quality in the phone.

#### \* Filter components:

Filters like ferrite beads and capacitors reduce noise on power and signal lines. They block high frequency interference adding these components near power sources controls EMI. This stops noise from affecting the phone & other devices.

### \* Antenna design:

The antenna should be placed and tuned to avoid interference with other components. proper isolation reduces unwanted emissions. This also ensures strong signal reception. A good design minimizes the phone's impact on nearby electronics.

### \* Grounding:

Strong grounding reduces stray currents that cause noise. proper ground connections stabilize the phone's circuit. This controls EMI and improves performance. A solid ground system keeps interference low. It also helps the phone work reliably without affecting other devices.

### \* spread spectrum

Spread spectrum techniques vary signal frequencies slightly. This reduces peak EMI emissions by spreading the energy over a wider range, the interference is less concentrated. This lowers the chance of the phone disrupting nearby devices.

### \* casing materials:

Conductive coatings on metal cases help block EMI. These materials prevent interference from escaping or entering the phone. This keeps internal circuits protected and reduces external noise. Good casing materials reduce the phone's impact on nearby electronics.



An electric vehicle is experiencing malfunctions in its electronics control systems due to EMI from the high power drive systems what strategies can be employed to improve electromagnetic compatibility within the vehicle's electronic components?

→ \* Shielding:

Use metals shields around high power components like the motor controller and inverters this blocks EMI from reaching sensitive electronics like sensor and systems, protecting them from interference

\* filter components:

Add filters (capacitors, inductors, ferrite beads) on power and signal lines to reduce high frequencies noise. these filters help isolate sensitive electronics from the noise high power systems.

\* Grounding and Sounding

Ensure a solid grounding system by connecting all parts to a single ground point. this reduces ground loops and helps control EMI keeping interference low in the vehicle's system.

\* Cable management:

Keep high power cables separate from low power signal wires to reduce interference. use twisted pair and shielded cables to prevent EMI from travelling along wires.

\* Improved PCB design:

Design PCB's with ground planes and keep signal traces short placing sensitive circuits away from high power circ prevents EMI from affecting control systems.

### \* Soft switching techniques:

Use soft switching in power systems to reduce EMI during switching events. This minimizes sudden voltage & current changes, which are major source systems.

### \* Active EMI suppression:

Use systems that detect & cancel EMI by generating counteracting signals. This can significantly reduce noise in highly noisy environments.

### \* Components selection:

Choose components like low-noise transistors & power converters that are rated for high EMC performance, reducing the EMI generated by the components themselves.

### \* Chassis as shielding:

The vehicle's metal body can act as a shield, preventing EMI from escaping or entering the systems.

### \* EMC testing:

Regular testing for EMC compliance helps identify & fix issues early, ensuring the vehicle meets required standards & operates reliably without interference.



• satellite communication system faces interference from radiation and EM radiation in the space. what considerations can be implemented to ensure reliable communications & minimize EMI?

→ Issue:

To ensure reliable communication & min EMI in a satellite communication system.

keypoints of issue:

- 1) Design considerations for space environment
- 2) Radiation hardening
- 3) Shielding
- 4) Grounding
- 5) Filtering
- 6) Redundancy

\* Design considerations:

- Using components that can withstand the harsh radiation environment of space
- implementing effective temperature control mechanisms to prevent component failure
- Designing the component of satellite to withstand the mechanical stresses of launch & operation in space.
- Radiation can cause errors in electronic circuits leading to bitflips. Radiation hardened components are essential to prevent bitflips.

\* Redundation

- implementing redundant systems to ensure continued operations in case of component failure.
- using error correction code to detect & correct bitflips caused by noise or interference.

- It can reduce effects caused by bitflips & EMI or other factors.

### \* Shielding:

- to protect sensitive electronic components from ext. EMI & to prevent satellite from emitting excess EMI.

### \* Methods:

- using shielded cables for all int connections.

### \* Filtering

- to attenuate unwanted frequencies in EM spectrum especially by those generated by satellite power systems requirement.

### \* Methods:

- using combination of inductors & capacitors to filter high-frequency noise.

- employing filters to reduce noise & harmonics generated by power supply.

- using filters to attenuate unwanted frequencies in comm. equipment.

→ By implementing these solutions & resolving above mentioned parameters, I think this issue can be resolved.