PROJECT REPORT Retail Business Management System

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CS 532 – Database System Project
PL/SQL and JDBC Connectivity
Department Of Computer Science
State University Of New York At Binghamton
30th November 2017

INTRODUCTION

This project enables the user to access various details regarding the Retail Business. The user can easily interact with the system using a GUI which is connected to the database. The user can also add customers, purchases as well as check the monthly sale activities of a particular employee. Also, the user can check the total savings for a particular purchase. A purchase can also be deleted which will update the required tables after the deletion.

All operations on the database like insert, update, view tables for this project have been implemented using PL/SQL along with functions, procedures, sequences, triggers which have then been implemented in the Java application. The Logs table also helps to keep track of the various updates or inserts made into the various tables using triggers and sequences.

IMPLEMENTATION

Implementation consists of the following steps

- 1) Creation of Database tables in Oracle 11g
- 2) Package creation which will contain the procedures and functions which will perform various insert, delete and select operations in PL/SQL.
- 3) Sequence generation to autoincrement the PUR#, LOG# and SUP#.
- 4) Creation of triggers to update the respective tables as well as to keep a check on various conditions as required by this project.

SEQUENCES CREATED FOR THE PROJECT

These are the sequences that have been created for this project.

log_seq - This sequence is used to generate log# values for the Logs table when a new entry is made into the table. It will begin from 00001 and increment by 1. Below is the code. create sequence log_seq

```
increment by 1
start with 00001
maxvalue 99999
cycle
order;
```

pur_seq - This sequence is used to generate pur# values for the purchases table when a new entry is made into the table. It will begin from 100015 and increment by 1. Below is the code. create sequence pur_seq

```
increment by 1
start with 100015
maxvalue 999999
cycle
order;
```

sup_seq - This sequence is used to generate sup# values for the supplies table when a new entry is made into the table. It will begin from 1010 and increment by 1. Below is the code. create sequence sup_seq

```
increment by 1
start with 1010
maxvalue 9999
```

PACKAGE CREATED FOR THE PROJECT

The Package named rbms_pack has been created for this project which contains all the procedures and functions used by the project. This package is created as follows.

1) Creating the package with the declaration of procedures and functions. Below is the code for the same.

```
create or replace package rbms package as
type ref cursor is ref cursor;
/*This procedure is used to display the products table*/
procedure display products(prod cur out ref cursor);
/*This procedure is used to display the employees table*/
procedure display employees(emp cur out ref cursor);
/*This procedure is used to display the customers table*/
procedure display customers(cust cur out ref cursor);
/*This procedure is used to display the discounts table*/
procedure display discounts(dis cur out ref cursor);
/*This procedure is used to display the suppliers table*/
procedure display suppliers(supplier cur out ref cursor);
/*This procedure is used to display the supplies table*/
procedure display supplies(supplies cur out ref cursor);
/*This procedure is used to display the purchases table*/
procedure display purchases(pur cur out ref cursor);
/*This procedure is used to display the logs table*/
procedure display logs(log cur out ref cursor);
/*This function is used to report the total savings for a pur#*/
FUNCTION purchase saving(pur# in in NUMBER)
return number;
/*This procedure is used to check the monthly sales activities*//*for an employee*/
procedure monthly sale activities(employee id in
employees.eid%type,Invaliderror out varchar2, c1 OUT ref cursor);
/*This procedure is used to add customers*/
procedure add customers(c id in customers.cid%type,c name in
customers.name%type,c telephone in customers.telephone#%type,
Invaliderror1 out varchar2);
```

```
/*This procedure is used to add purchases*/
procedure add purchase(e id in purchases.eid%type,
p id in purchases.pid%type,
c id in purchases.cid%type,
pur qty in purchases.qty%type, poutput out varchar, error out varchar2);
/*This procedure is used to delete a purchase*/
PROCEDURE DELETE PURCHASE(PUR IN in purchases.pur#%type, error out varchar2,
poutput out varchar);
end rbms package;
2) Creating the package body with the functions and procedures defined in it.
set serveroutput on
create or replace package body rbms package as
procedure display products(prod cur out ref cursor) is
begin
       open prod cur for select * from products order by pid;
end display products;
/*procedure display customers(cust cur out ref cursor)*/
procedure display customers(cust cur out ref cursor) is
begin
    open cust cur for select * from customers order by cid;
end display customers;
/*procedure display discounts(dis cur out ref cursor);*/
procedure display discounts(dis cur out ref cursor) is
begin
    open dis cur for select * from discounts;
end display discounts;
/*procedure display suppliers(supplier cur out ref cursor);*/
procedure display suppliers(supplier_cur out ref_cursor) is
begin
    open supplier cur for select * from suppliers order by sid;
end display suppliers;
```

```
/*procedure display supplies(supplies cur out ref cursor);*/
procedure display supplies (supplies cur out ref cursor) is
begin
    open supplies cur for select * from supplies order by sup#;
end display supplies;
/* procedure display purchases(pur cur out ref cursor);*/
procedure display purchases(pur cur out ref cursor) is
begin
    open pur cur for select * from purchases order by pur#;
end display purchases;
/*procedure display logs(log cur out ref cursor);*/
procedure display logs(log cur out ref cursor) is
begin
    open log cur for select * from logs order by log#;
end display logs;
/*procedure to display employees*/
procedure display employees(emp cur out ref cursor) is
begin
       open emp cur for select * from employees;
end display employees;
/* function to report the total saving of any purchase */
FUNCTION purchase saving(pur# in IN NUMBER)
RETURN NUMBER
IS
SAVING NUMBER;
pur# count number;
select count(*) into pur# count from purchases where pur#=pur# in;
if(pur# count=0) then
    RETURN 0;
else
SELECT ((p.original price*pr.qty)-pr.total price) INTO SAVING from
purchases pr join products p on p.pid=pr.pid where
pur#=pur# in;
RETURN SAVING;
end if;
```

```
END purchase saving;
/* procedure to report the monthly sales activity of any
given employee */
procedure monthly sale activities(employee id in
employees.eid%type, Invaliderror out varchar2, c1 OUT ref cursor)
Invalided exception;
count val number;
begin
select count(*) into count val from employees where eid = employee id;
if(count val = 0) then
       raise Invalideid;
else
    open c1 for
select e.eid, e.name, to char(pu.ptime,
'MON-YYYY') "month", count(pu.ptime)total sales, sum(pu.qty)total quantity,
sum(pu.total price)total amount from employees e, purchases pu where
e.eid=pu.eid and e.eid=employee id group by e.eid, e.name,
to char(pu.ptime, 'MON-YYYY');
end if:
exception
       when Invalideid then
       Invaliderror:='Employee id does not exist';
end monthly sale activities;
/* procedure to add customers to the customer table */
procedure add customers(
c id in customers.cid%type,
c name in customers.name%type,
c telephone in customers.telephone#%type,
Invaliderror1 out varchar2) is
Invalidcid exception;
count val1 number;
begin
select count(*) into count val1 from customers where cid = c id;
if(count val1=0) then
Invaliderror1:=";
    insert into customers (cid, name, telephone#, visits made, last visit date)
```

```
values (c id, c name, c telephone, 1, sysdate);
else
raise Invalidcid;
end if;
exception
       when Invalidcid then
       Invaliderror1:='customer already exists';
end add customers;
/* procedure to add tuples in purchases table */
procedure add_purchase(e_id in purchases.eid%type,
p id in purchases.pid%type,
c id in purchases.cid%type,
pur qty in purchases.qty%type,
poutput out varchar,
error out varchar2) is
pid error exception;
eid error exception;
cid error exception;
pur date date;
pur total price number(7,2);
next pur# number(6);
remain qoh number(5);
o price number(6,2);
d rate number(3,2);
pid count number;
eid count number;
cid count number;
BEGIN
pur date:=SYSDATE;
select count(*) into pid_count from products where pid = p_id;
select count(*) into eid count from employees where eid = e id;
select count(*) into cid count from customers where cid = c id;
if(eid count=0) then
raise eid error;
elsif(pid count=0) then
raise pid error;
```

```
elsif(cid count=0) then
raise cid error;
else
error:=";
SELECT pr.original price, d.discnt rate into o price,d rate from
products pr, discounts d where d.discnt category=pr.discnt category
and pr.pid = p id;
pur total price:=(o price*(1-d rate))* pur qty;
select goh into remain goh from products pr where pr.pid = p id;
if (remain qoh-pur qty)<0 then
-----dbms output.put line('Insufficient quantity in stock, the purchase request is rejected');
poutput:= 'Insufficient quantity in stock';
else
       next pur#:=pur seq.nextval;
       insert into purchases values (next pur#,e id,p id,c id,
pur qty, pur date, pur total price);
-----dbms output.put line('Purchase Successful');
poutput:= 'Purchase Successful';
end if:
end if;
exception
when eid error then
error:='Employee does not exists';
when pid error then
error:='Product does not exists';
when cid error then
error:='Customer does not exists';
END add purchase;
/*procedure to delete tuple from purchase*/
PROCEDURE DELETE PURCHASE(PUR IN in purchases.pur#%type, error out varchar2,
poutput out varchar)
is
pur error exception;
pur count number;
BEGIN
select count(*) into pur count from purchases where pur# = PUR IN;
```

```
if(pur_count=0) then
raise pur_error;
else
error:=";

DELETE FROM PURCHASES
WHERE PURCHASES.PUR#=PUR_IN;
poutput:= 'Delete Successful';
end if;
exception
when pur_error then
error:='Purchases number does not exists';
END DELETE_PURCHASE;
end rbms_package;
//
```

PROCEDURES AND FUNCTIONS USED IN THE PACKAGE

FUNCTIONS DEFINED IN THIS PACKAGE

1. **purchase_saving** – This Function takes PUR# as a parameter and returns the total purchase saving for that pur# if the pur# is valid and returns a meaningful message if it does not exist.

PROCEDURES DEFINED IN THIS PACKAGE

- 1. **display products** This procedure is used to display the contents of the products table.
- 2. **display customers** This procedure is used to display the contents of the customers table.
- 3. **display_discounts** This procedure is used to display the contents of the discounts table.
- 4. **display_suppliers** This procedure is used to display the contents of the suppliers table.
- 5. **display_supplies** This procedure is used to display the contents of the supplies table.
- 6. **display purchases** This procedure is used to display the contents of the purchases table.
- 7. **display logs** This procedure is used to display the contents of the logs table.
- 8. **display employees** This procedure is used to display the contents of the employees table.
- 9. **monthly_sale_activities** This procedure is to report the monthly sales activity for a given employee.

Parameters

IN parameter – Employee ID

OUT parameter – Error and cursor

10. add customers – This procedure is used to add a customer to the customers table.

Parameters

IN parameter – CID, CNAME, TELEPHONE#

OUT parameter – Error

11. add purchase – This procedure is used to add purchases to the purchases table.

Parameters

IN parameter – PID, CID, QTY

OUT parameter – output, error

12. **DELETE_PURCHASE** – This procedure is used to delete a tuple from the purchases tables. It also uses triggers to update the products table and the customers table.

Parameters

IN parameter – PUR#

OUT parameter – error, output

TRIGGERS CREATED FOR THE PROJECT

1. **LOG_TRIGGER** – This trigger will be fired when the user performs an insert on the customers table. This trigger will insert the username, tablename which is customers as well as the newly inserted customer ID into the LOGS table. Below is the code.

```
CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER LOG_TRIGGER
AFTER INSERT ON CUSTOMERS
FOR EACH ROW
BEGIN
INSERT INTO LOGS
(LOG#,USER_NAME,OPERATION,OP_TIME,TABLE_NAME,TUPLE_PKEY)
VALUES(LOG_SEQ.NEXTVAL,user,'INSERT',sysdate,'CUSTOMERS',:NEW.cid);
END;
/
```

2. **LOG_UPDATE_CUST_TRIGGER** – This trigger will be fired when the last_visit_date of the customers table has been updated for a particular customer. It will enter the respective customer ID, username, tablename which is customers as well as the operation which is UPDATE into the LOGS table.Below is the code.

```
CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER LOG_UPDATE_CUST_TRIGGER
AFTER UPDATE OF LAST_VISIT_DATE ON CUSTOMERS
FOR EACH ROW
BEGIN
INSERT INTO LOGS
(LOG#,USER_NAME,OPERATION,OP_TIME,TABLE_NAME,TUPLE_PKEY)
VALUES(LOG_SEQ.NEXTVAL,user,'UPDATE',sysdate,'CUSTOMERS',:NEW.cid);
END;
/
```

3. **LOG_PURCHASES_TRIGGER** – This trigger will be fired when the user performs an insert on the purchases table. This trigger will insert the username, tablename which is purchases, operation which is INSERT as well as the newly inserted purchase number into the LOGS table. Below is the code.

```
CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER LOG_PURCHASES_TRIGGER
AFTER INSERT ON PURCHASES
FOR EACH ROW
BEGIN
INSERT INTO LOGS
(LOG#,USER_NAME,OPERATION,OP_TIME,TABLE_NAME,TUPLE_PKEY)
VALUES(LOG_SEQ.NEXTVAL,user,'INSERT',sysdate,'PURCHASES',:NEW.pur#);
END;
```

4. **LOG_UPDATE_PROD_TRIGGER** – This trigger will be fired when the qoh of the products table has been updated for a particular product. It will enter the respective product ID,

username, tablename which is products as well as the operation which is UPDATE into the LOGS table. Below is the code.

```
CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER LOG_UPDATE_PROD_TRIGGER
AFTER UPDATE OF QOH ON PRODUCTS
FOR EACH ROW
BEGIN
INSERT INTO LOGS
(LOG#,USER_NAME,OPERATION,OP_TIME,TABLE_NAME,TUPLE_PKEY)
VALUES(LOG_SEQ.NEXTVAL,user,'UPDATE',sysdate,'PRODUCTS',:NEW.pid);
END;
/
```

5. **LOG_SUPPLIES_TRIGGER** – This trigger will be fired when the user performs an insert on the supplies table. This trigger will insert the username, tablename which is supplies, operation which is INSERT as well as the newly inserted sup number into the LOGS table. Below is the code.

```
CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER LOG_SUPPLIES_TRIGGER
AFTER INSERT ON SUPPLIES
FOR EACH ROW
BEGIN
INSERT INTO LOGS
(LOG#,USER_NAME,OPERATION,OP_TIME,TABLE_NAME,TUPLE_PKEY)
VALUES(LOG_SEQ.NEXTVAL,user,'INSERT',sysdate,'SUPPLIES',:NEW.sup#);
END;
/
```

6. **update_q_vm_lvd** – This trigger will be fired when an insert is made into the purchases table. It updates the qoh value in the products table by the difference in the current qoh value and the newly entered qoh value. It also updates the visits_made by 1 and the last_visit_date by the current date. If the new qoh value is less than the qoh_threshold value it will display a message saying that the qoh is less than the threshold and new supply is required. It then inserts a new sup_qty which is 10+qoh_threshold+1 into the supplies table for that particular sid and pid. It will also increase the qoh value in the products table by the new qoh value. Below is the code.

```
create or replace trigger update_q_vm_lvd
after insert on purchases
declare
pur#_id purchases.pur#%type;
p_id purchases.pid%type;
c_id purchases.cid%type;
pur_qty purchases.qty%type;
sup#_id supplies.sup#%type;
sup_date date;
sup_qty supplies.quantity%type;
temp_qoh_threshold products.qoh_threshold%type;
new_qoh products.qoh%type;
last_visit date;
```

```
temp_visits_made customers.visits_made%type;
s_sid supplies.sid%type;
```

BEGIN

```
Select sysdate into sup date from dual;
select pur#,pid,cid,qty,ptime into pur# id,p id,c id,pur qty,last visit from purchases group
by pur#,pid,cid,qty,ptime having pur#=(select max(pur#) from purchases);
update products set qoh=qoh-pur qty where pid=p id;
select goh, goh threshold into new goh, temp goh threshold from products pr where pr.pid
= p id;
select visits made into temp visits made from customers where cid=c id;
update customers set visits made = temp visits made+1, last visit date = last visit where
cid=c id;
if (new qoh < temp qoh threshold) then
       dbms output.put line('Ouantity on hand(goh) is below the required threshold and
new supply is required');
 sup qty:=10+temp qoh threshold+1;
       select sid into s sid from (select sid from supplies where pid=p id order by sid asc)
where rownum = 1;
       insert into supplies values (sup seq.nextval, p id, s sid, sup date, sup qty);
       update products set qoh=(qoh+sup qty) where pid=p id;
       dbms output.put line('New QOH: ' || (new qoh+sup qty));
end if:
end;
/
```

7. **PRODUCT_TRIGGER** – This trigger will be fired when a tuple in the purchases table has been deleted. It will increment the qoh value of that product in the products table by the qoh value recently deleted. It will also increment the visits_made in the customers table for that customer by 1. Also, the last_visit_date will be the current date. Below is the code.

```
CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER PRODUCT_TRIGGER
AFTER DELETE ON PURCHASES
FOR EACH ROW
DECLARE
PROD_ID PURCHASES.PID%TYPE;
LAST_DATE PURCHASES.PTIME%TYPE;
BEGIN
UPDATE PRODUCTS SET PRODUCTS.QOH=PRODUCTS.QOH+:old.qty
WHERE PRODUCTS.PID=:old.pid;
UPDATE CUSTOMERS SET VISITS_MADE=VISITS_MADE+1,
LAST_VISIT_DATE=sysdate
WHERE CID=:old.cid;
END;
/
```

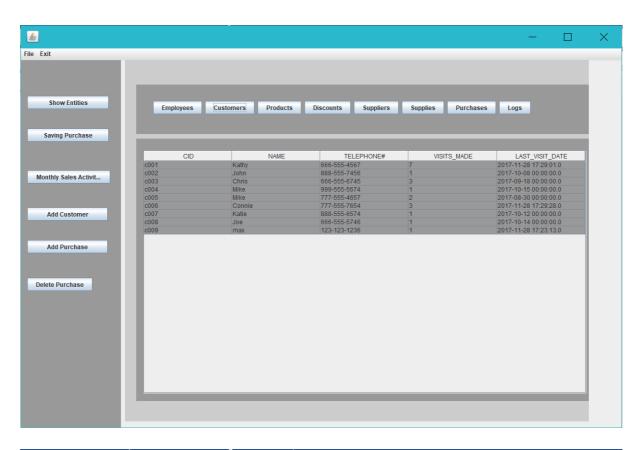
INTERFACE IMPLEMENTATION

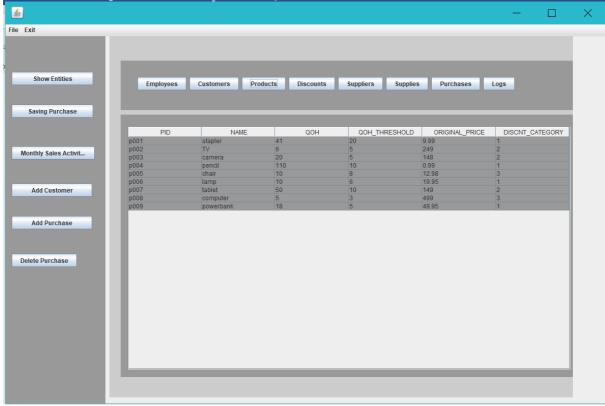
We have used Eclipse IDE to design the GUI as well as perform various operations on the database objects using JDBC connectivity for which ojdbc8 jar file has been used. The Java application consists of the following Java Main files:

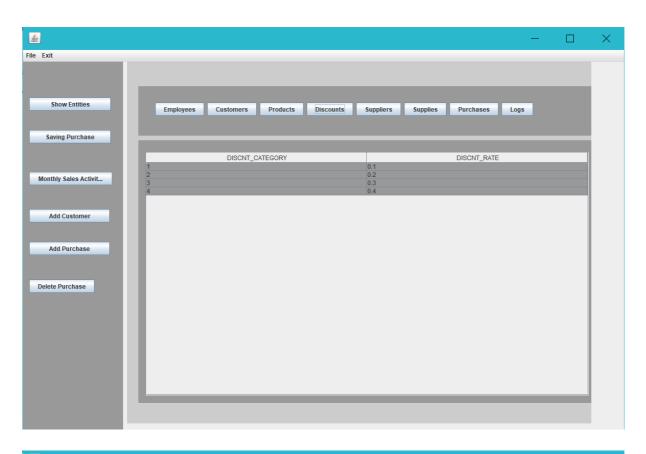
- 1. ConvertToJTable.java- This is used to display the tables in the GUI when a select operation is performed.
- 2. HomePage.java- This consists of the all the operations to be performed on the database objects which include viewing tables, inserting and deleting tuples in required tables.
- 3. projectDB.java- Java file to test the database data in the console.
- 4. RetailBusinessManagementSystem.java- It consists of the main method which is used to execute the home page and display the GUI.
- 5. ShowTables.java- It consists of the code to show the tables from the database in the GUI.

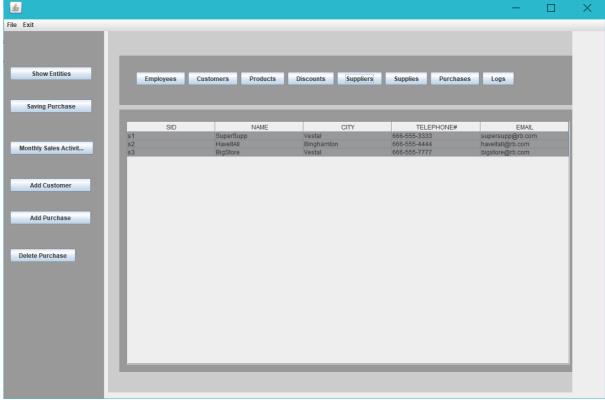
Result

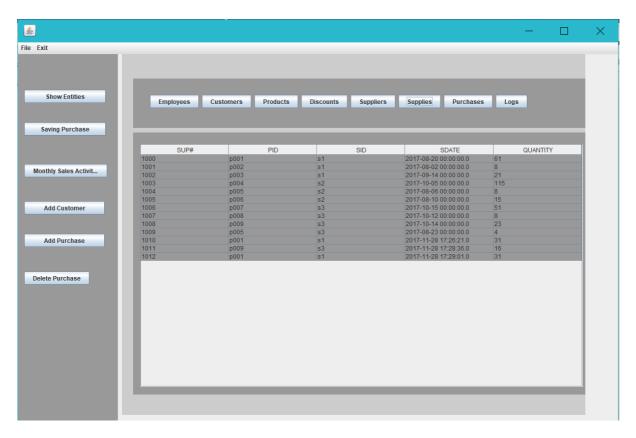


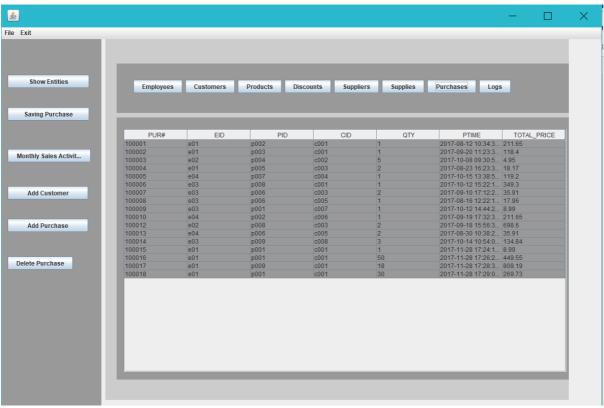


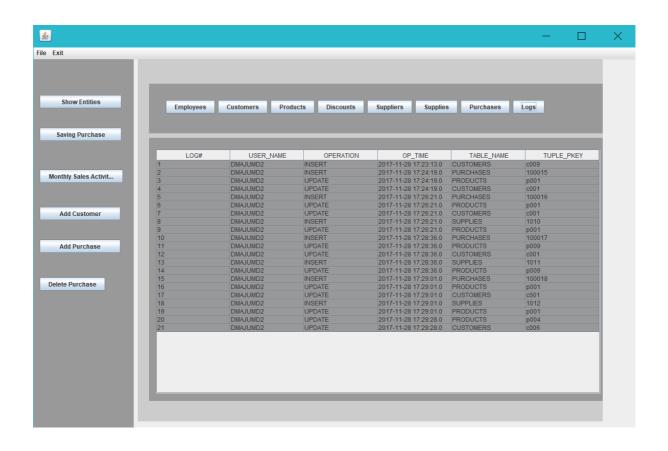


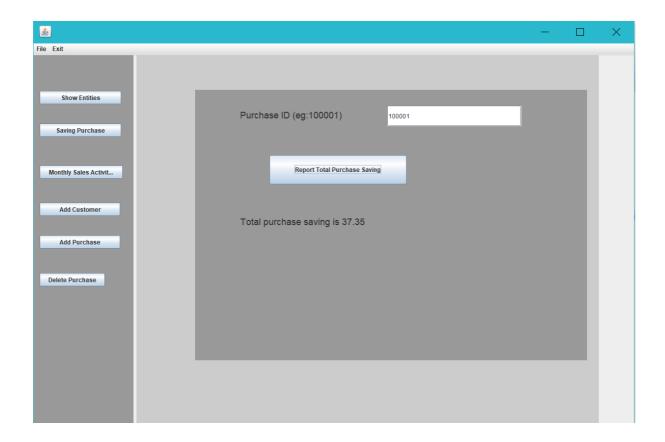


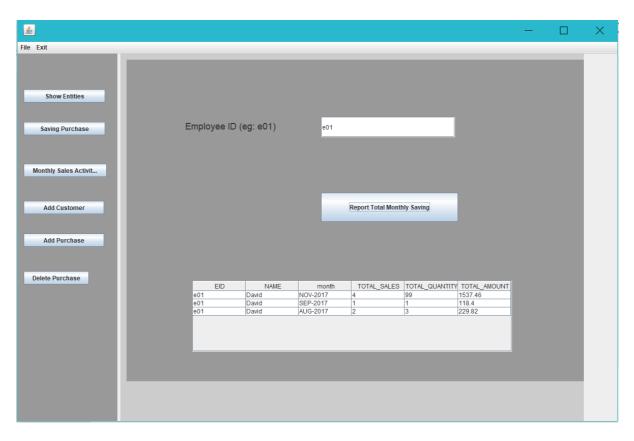


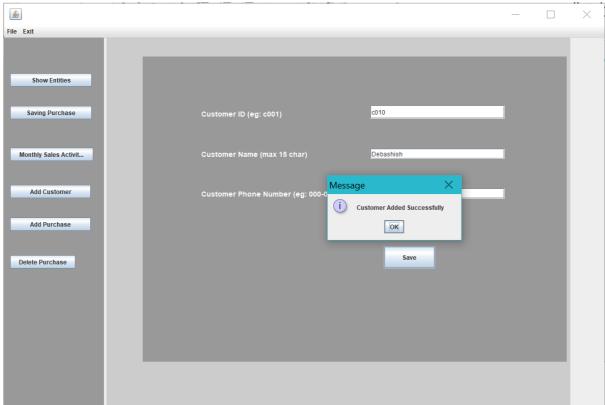


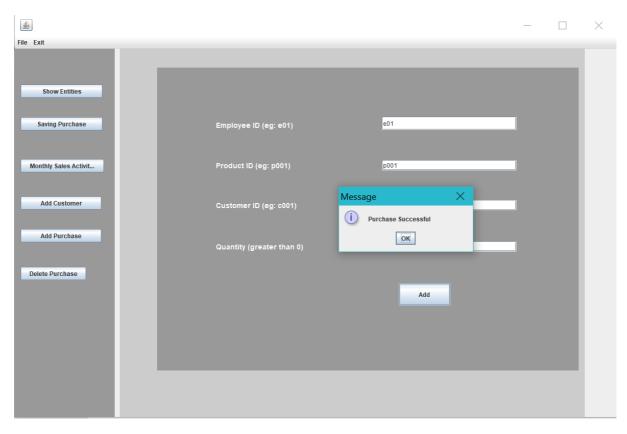


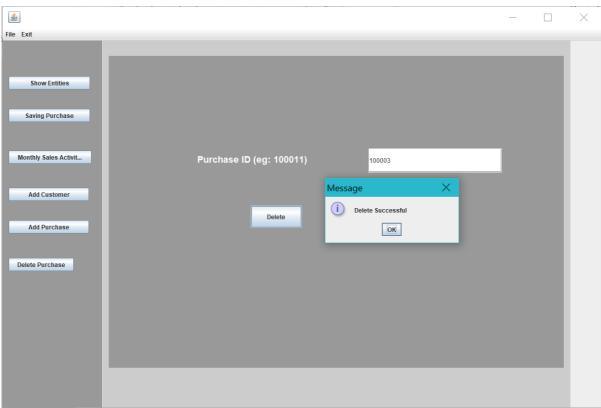












RESULT

All queries were successfully executed and implemented using PL/SQL and JDBC connectivity. Also, we have created a GUI in java which reflects the database data.

COLLABORATION REPORT

TEAM MEMBERS

ANURAG SINGH DEBASHISH MAJUMDAR SEAN ANNUNCIATION

13th November

During our first meeting we had a brief discussion about the project. We also discussed how to design the GUI and what should be displayed on it.

15th November

The 9 questions were divided amongst us. Debashish (1,2,5,9) Anurag (2,3,4,7) and Sean (3,6,8).

16th November to 20th November

We finished the PL/SQL.

21st November

We met to discuss various errors that were encountered and resolved them. Also, we tried different test cases. On successful implementation of the procedures and functions we created a package with the procedures and functions while the triggers and sequences were outside the package.

22nd November to 24th November

The GUI was then developed by Debashish, Anurag and Sean. The JDBC connections were done by Debashish. Anurag and Sean worked on designing the UI. It was then combined and the final GUI was made functional.

25th November

Once the GUI was developed we began connecting the PL/SQL code with the database.

27th November

Sean created the report for the project. Anurag and Debashish executed various test cases.

It was a good experience working on this project as we got to learn new concepts as well as it improved our knowledge base.