

HW6 Reflection

For the entire homework set, make sure to also include:

- a reflection on the assignment and your solutions. Reflections may include
 - discussion of how routine or challenging the assignment was,
 - approximation of time spent on the assignment or on individual exercises,
 - details about particular difficulties or false starts,
 - explanations of why solutions are incomplete or incorrect, etc.
- a self-assessment (C/R/M) for the entire assignment.

There are two different definitions for continuity that we learned this semester. The first definition surrounds the concept of metric spaces, and goes as follows:

A function $f: X \rightarrow Y$ from one metric space to another is continuous at p if for all $\epsilon > 0$, there exists $\delta > 0$ such that

$$d_X(x, p) < \delta \rightarrow d_Y(f(x), f(p)) < \epsilon.$$

$$d_X(x, p) < \delta \rightarrow d_Y(f(x), f(p)) < \epsilon.$$

This is the definition that I used to solve the exercises for this homework.

However, as we learned there is another definition for continuity:

A function $f: X \rightarrow Y$ from one topological space to another is continuous if $f^{-1}(V)$ is an open set in X for every open set V in Y .

Both definitions are useful; the first definition associates continuity with distances and their related notions of closeness, whereas the second definition associates continuity with an inherent relationship between the properties of two topologies; that is, open sets in one space correspond to open sets in another.