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Department of Electronics and Electrical Engineering
End-semester Examination EE 693 Advanced Topics in Random
Processes Maximum Marks:100 Time: 14:00-17:00 hours
Date 25.11.2021

- Q.1 (a) Let $\{Z_n, n \ge 0\}$ be a sequence of independent random variables with a constant mean $\mu > 0$. Define $X_n = \sum_{i=0}^n Z_i$, $n \ge 0$. Examine if $\{Z_n\}$ is a martingale and find whether $\{X_n\}$ is a martingale, a sub-martingale or a super-martingale (4)
- (b) Let $\{N(t)\}$ be Poisson process with the rate parameter λ . Examine if (i) $\{N(t)\}$ is a and (ii) $Y(t) = N(t) \lambda t$ is a martingale with respect to N(t). (6)
- (c) Consider a martingale $\{X_n\}_{n=0}^{\infty}$ with $X_0 = 0$ and $EX_n^2 = n$.

Find (i)
$$EX_n$$
, (ii) $E(X_{n+5}/X_0, X_1, ..., X_n)$ (iii) $EX_n X_{n+2}$ (6)

- Q.2. Suppose $\{X(t)\}$ is a zero-mean Gaussian random process with the autocorrelation function $EX(t)X(t+s) = e^{-s}$. (4)+(4)+(2)
 - (a) Find the joint PDF $f_{X(t),X(t+5)}(x_1,x_2)$
 - (b) Find $EX(t) \mid X(t) = x$ and $EX(t+5) \mid X(t) = x$
 - (c) Examine if $\{X(t)\}$ is strict-sense stationary.
- Q.3. Let $\{X(t)\}$ be a standard Weiner process with the probability density function

$$f_{X(t)}(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi t}} e^{-\frac{1}{2}\frac{x^2}{t}}$$
 (2)+(4)+(6)+(4)

- (a) Write down the corresponding diffusion equation
- (b) Find the probability P(|X(1)| > 3) in terms of the Q function.

(Note
$$Q(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{0}^{\infty} e^{-\frac{u^2}{2}} du$$
)

- (c) If Y = X(2) + X(5) X(3), find EY, var(Y) and the PDF of Y.
- (d) If $Y(t) = X^2(t) t$ and t > s, find $EY(t) \mid X(u), u \le s$.
- Q.4. Consider a Poisson process $\{N(t), t \ge 0\}$ with the rate parameter $\lambda = 2$ and the corresponding interarrival times T_1, T_2, \dots (4)+(3)+(3)
- (a) Find the transition probability matrix of the embedded Markov chain and the generator matrix for the process.
- (b) Find the probability that the first arrival occurs after t = 0.5.
- (c) Given that the third arrival occurs at t=2, find the probability that the 4th arrival occurs after t=4

Q.5. Customers arrive at a service station on the average 10 customers per hour.

Assuming the Poisson model, find the probability that

(4)+(4)

- (a) 2 customers arrive between 9:35 hr and 9:55 hr.
- (b) 3 customers arrive between 9:35 hr and 9:55 hr and 7 customers arrive between 10:15 hr and 10:55 hr.
- Q.6. (a) Consider a birth-death process $\{N(t), t \ge 0\}$ with the birth-rate parameter $\lambda_n = n\lambda$ and the death rate parameter $\mu_n = 0$.
 - (i) Write down the forward and backward Kolmogorov equations for the process.
 - (ii) Assuming N(0) = 1, obtain the expression for P(N(t) = 1) (4)+(4)
 - (b) Consider an M/M/1 queueing system with the constant arrival rate λ and departure rate μ .
 - (i) Draw the probability rate diagram and hence write down the global balance equations.
 - (ii) If N is the number of jobs in the system in the steady state, obtain the expression for the steady-state probability P(N = j) using the probability sum constraint for the system
 - (iii) Find E(N) and Var(N) (4)+(4)+(4)
- Q.7. Consider the discrete Markov chain (DTMC) represented by the transition probability matrix

$$\mathbf{P} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0.3 & 0.7 & 0 & 0 \\ 0.4 & 0.5 & 0 & 0.1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$4)+(2)+(2)$$

- (a) Draw the transition probability diagram for the chain
- (b) Partition the state-space into communicating classes.
- (c) Find the closed communicating class of the chain.
- Q.8. Suppose $\{X_n, n \ge 0\}$ is a DTMC with $V = \{0,1,2\}$ and the transition probability matrix

$$\mathbf{P} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{4} \\ 0 & \frac{1}{3} & \frac{2}{3} \\ \frac{1}{2} & 0 & \frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix}$$
 (3)+(3)+(4)+(4)

- (a) Examine if the chain is aperiodic
- (b) Examine if the chain is irreducible
- (c) Find the stationary probability distribution of the states.
- (d) Find the average first return times to the states.