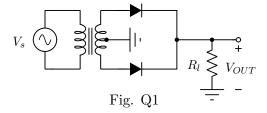
## EE101:Electrical Sciences, Tutorial-12

## DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRONICS & ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING INDIAN INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY GUWAHATI

[Q-1 is for pre-tutorial. Solve it in the space provided and submit at beginning of tutorial]

Name:	Roll No.:	Tutorial Group:

Q-1. Assuming Si pn junction diodes with a cut-in voltage of 0.7 V, find out the output dc voltage  $V_{OUT}$  in the circuit shown in Fig. Q1. Consider only the case where the peak value of  $v_s$  is greater than 1.4 V.



## **Basic Electronics**

Q-2. A common emitter (CE) amplifier is shown in Fig. Q2. Assume a Si BJT with  $\beta = 100$ . In Fig. Q2,  $C_{\infty}$  represents a large capacitor which acts as a short-circuit for all ac-signals.

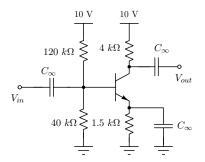


Fig. Q2 A CE Amplifier

- (a) Draw the DC equivalent circuit. Determine all the node voltages and the currents through all branches.
- (b) Draw the AC equivalent circuit and determine the voltage gain. Neglect the collector-to-emitter resistance.

## Frequency Response

- Q-3. For the network shown in Fig. Q3,find-
- (a) The resonant frequency  $\omega_0$ ,
- (b)  $Z_{in}(j\omega_0)$

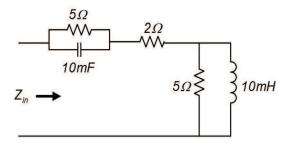


Fig. Q3

Q-4. A series resonant network consists of  $50\Omega$  resistor, 4~mH inductor and a  $0.1\mu F$  capacitor. Calculate the values of: (a)  $\omega_0$  and  $f_0$ , (b)  $Q_0$ , (c) bandwidth, (d) lower and higher cut off frequencies ( $\omega_1$  and  $\omega_2$ ), (e)  $Z_{in}$  at  $\omega=45~{\rm krad/s}$  and the ratio of magnitudes of capacitor impedance to resistor at  $\omega=45~{\rm krad/s}$ .