

**STUDY OF HADRONIC JET STRUCTURE AND SUBJET  
MULTIPLICITY IN p-p COLLISIONS AT LHC**

A THESIS

Submitted to the  
FACULTY OF SCIENCE  
PANJAB UNIVERSITY, CHANDIGARH  
for the degree of

**DOCTOR OF PHILOSOPHY**

**2011**

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*Dedicated to  
my Grand-Parents*

*&*

*Parents*









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# Chapter 1

## Measurement of the Inclusive Differential Multijet Cross Section

The inclusive differential multijet cross sections are measured as a function of the average transverse momentum,  $H_{T,2}/2 = \frac{1}{2}(p_{T,1} + p_{T,2})$ , where  $p_{T,1}$  and  $p_{T,2}$  denote the transverse momenta of the two leading jets.

### 1.1 Cross Section Definition

The inclusive multijet event yields are transformed into a differential cross section which is defined as :

$$\frac{d\sigma}{d(H_{T,2}/2)} = \frac{1}{\epsilon \mathcal{L}_{\text{int,eff}}} \frac{N_{\text{event}}}{\Delta(H_{T,2}/2)} \quad (1.1)$$

where  $N_{\text{event}}$  is the number of 2- or 3-jet events counted in an  $H_{T,2}/2$  bin,  $\epsilon$  is the product of the trigger and jet selection efficiencies, which are greater than 99%,  $\mathcal{L}_{\text{int,eff}}$  is the effective integrated luminosity, , and  $\Delta(H_{T,2}/2)$  are the bin widths. The measurements are reported in units of (pb/ GeV).

For inclusive 2-jet events sufficient data are available up to  $H_{T,2}/2 = 2\text{ TeV}$ , while for inclusive 3-jet events (and the ratio  $R_{32}$ ) the accessible range in  $H_{T,2}/2$  is limited to  $H_{T,2}/2 < 1.68\text{ TeV}$ . In the following, results for the inclusive 2-jet and 3-jet event selections will be labelled as  $n_j \geq 2$  and  $n_j \geq 3$ , respectively.

## 1.2 Data Samples

During 2012, CMS collected data at the center of mass energy  $\sqrt{s} = 8\text{ TeV}$  in four periods A, B, C, D. The datasets are divided into samples according to the run period. For run B-D, the **JetMon** stream datasets contain prescaled low trigger threshold paths (HLT PFJet40, 80, 140, 200 and 260) while the **JetHT** stream datasets contain unprescaled high threshold trigger paths (HLT PFJet320 and 400). For run A, the **Jet** stream contains all the above mentioned trigger paths. The datasets used in the current study are mentioned in the Table 1.1 along with the luminosity of each dataset :

Table 1.1: Datasets used along with the corresponding run numbers and luminosity.

Run	Run Range	Dataset	Luminosity
A	190456-193621	/Jet/Run2012A-22Jan2013-v1/AOD	$0.88\text{ fb}^{-1}$
B	193834-196531	/Jet[Mon,HT]/Run2012B-22Jan2013-v1/AOD	$4.49\text{ fb}^{-1}$
C	198022-203742	/Jet[Mon,HT]/Run2012C-22Jan2013-v1/AOD	$7.06\text{ fb}^{-1}$
D	203777-208686	/Jet[Mon,HT]/Run2012D-22Jan2013-v1/AOD	$7.37\text{ fb}^{-1}$

The data sets have the LHC luminosity increasing with period, full data sample of 2012 corresponds to an integrated luminosity of  $19.7\text{ fb}^{-1}$ .

### 1.2.1 Monte Carlo samples

To have a comparison of data results with the simulated events, the MADGRAPH5 [?] Monte-Carlo event generator has been used. The MADGRAPH5 generates matrix

elements for High Energy Physics processes, such as decays and  $2 \rightarrow n$  scatterings. The underlying event is modeled using the tune Z2\*. It has been interfaced to PYTHIA6 [?] by the LHE event record, which generates the rest of the higher-order effects using the Parton Showering (PS) model. Matching algorithms ensure that no double-counting occurs between the tree-level and the PS-model-generated partons. The MC samples are processed through the complete CMS detector simulation to allow studies of the detector response and compare to measured data on detector level.

The cross section measured as a function of the transverse momentum  $p_T$  or the scalar sum of the transverse momentum of all jets  $H_T$  falls steeply with the increasing  $p_T$ . So in the reasonable time, it is not possible to generate a large number of high  $p_T$  events. Hence, the events are generated in the different phase-space region binned in  $H_T$  or the leading jet  $p_T$ . Later on, the different phase-space regions are added together in the data analyses by taking into account the cross section of the different phase-space regions. The official CMS MADGRAPH5 + PYTHIA6 MC samples used in this analysis were generated as slices in the  $H_T$  phase-space :

- The MADGRAPH5 + PYTHIA6 MC : /QCD\_HT-xxxtoxxxxx\_TuneZ2star\_8TeV-madgraph-pythia6/  
Summer12\_DR53X-PU\_S10\_START53\_V7A-v1/AODSIM





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