1. Select *one* UDP packet from your trace. From this packet, determine how many fields there are in the UDP header.

```
1975 10.826627 10.25.2.125 64.233.164.113 UDP 1392 52608 → 443 Len=1350

✓ User Datagram Protocol, Src Port: 52608, Dst Port: 443

Source Port: 52608

Destination Port: 443

Length: 1358

Checksum: 0x03d5 [unverified]
```

Answer: 4 fields: Source port, Destination Port, Length, Checksum

2. By consulting the displayed information in Wireshark's packet content field for this packet, determine the length (in bytes) of each of the UDP header fields.

```
✓ User Datagram Protocol, Src Port: 52608, Dst Port: 443

     Source Port: 52608
     Destination Port: 443
     Length: 1358
     Checksum: 0x03d5 [unverified]
     [Checksum Status: Unverified]
     [Stream index: 4]
  > [Timestamps]
> Data (1350 bytes)
0020 a4 71 cd 80 <mark>01 bb</mark> 05 4e 03 d5 c3 51 30 34 36 50
                                                      ·q··•·N ···Q046P
0030 -1 -2 20 -8 -3 0h -7 -3 00 00 00 01 -5 f7 07 14
Source Port: 52608
     Destination Port: 443
    Length: 1358
    Checksum: 0x03d5 [unverified]
     [Checksum Status: Unverified]
     [Stream index: 4]
  > [Timestamps]
> Data (1350 bytes)
0020 a4 71 cd 80 01 bb 05 4e 03 d5 c3 51 30 34 36 50
```

```
✓ User Datagram Protocol, Src Port: 52608, Dst Port: 443

     Source Port: 52608
     Destination Port: 443
     Length: 1358
     Checksum: 0x03d5 [unverified]
      [Checksum Status: Unverified]
     [Stream index: 4]
   > [Timestamps]
> Data (1350 bytes)
0020 a4 71 cd 80 01 bb 05 4e 03 d5 c3 51 30 34 36 50
                                                            · a · · · · N · · · · 0046P

✓ User Datagram Protocol, Src Port: 52608, Dst Port: 443

     Source Port: 52608
     Destination Port: 443
     Length: 1358
     Checksum: 0x03d5 [unverified]
     [Checksum Status: Unverified]
     [Stream index: 4]
  > [Timestamps]
> Data (1350 bytes)
                                                           ·q····N ••• 0046P
0020 a4 71 cd 80 01 bb 05 4e 03 d5 c3 51 30 34 36 50
```

Answer: Each field/header is two bytes

3. The value in the Length field is the length of what? (You can consult the text for this answer). Verify your claim with your captured UDP packet.

Answer: Value of Length field is length of UDP header with UDP data.

Length: 1358, Data: 1350, Header: 4\*2. (1358 = 1350 + 8)

4. What is the maximum number of bytes that can be included in a UDP payload?

Answer:  $2^16 - 1 - 8 = 65527$ , thus max UDP payload is 65527 bytes.

5. What is the largest possible source port number?

Answer:  $2^16 - 1 = 65535$ , thus max source port number is 65535

6. What is the protocol number for UDP? Give your answer in both hexadecimal and

decimal notation. To answer this question, you'll need to look into the Protocol field of the IP datagram containing this UDP segment

```
▼ Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 10.25.2.125, Dst: 64.233.164.113

     0100 .... = Version: 4
     .... 0101 = Header Length: 20 bytes (5)
   Differentiated Services Field: 0x00 (DSCP: CS0, ECN: Not-ECT)
     Total Length: 1378
     Identification: 0xc834 (51252)
   > Flags: 0x4000, Don't fragment
     ...0 0000 0000 0000 = Fragment offset: 0
     Time to live: 128
     Protocol: UDP (17)
     Header checksum: 0x3b66 [validation disabled]
0010 05 62 c8 34 40 00 80 11 3b 66 0a 19 02 7d 40 e9
                                                         ·b·4@··· ;f···}@·
0020 a4 71 cd 80 01 bb 05 4e 03 d5 c3 51 30 34 36 50
                                                         ·q····N ···Q046P
0030 c1 e2 20 c8 c3 9b c7 e3 00 00 00 04 e5 f7 97 4d
```

Answer: Decimal: 17, Hexadecimal: 0x11

7. Examine a pair of UDP packets in which your host sends the first UDP packet and the second UDP packet is a reply to this first UDP packet. Describe the relationship between the port numbers in the two packets.

```
509 17.315521
                      91.108.8.5
                                                                UDP
                                                                          234 522 → 22767 Len=192
                                           10.25.2.125
    510 17.338279 10.25.2.125
                                           91.108.8.5
                                                                UDP
                                                                     218 22767 → 522 Len=176
> Frame 509: 234 bytes on wire (1872 bits), 234 bytes captured (1872 bits) on interface \Device\NPF
Ethernet II, Src: Cisco 66:73:bf (10:05:ca:66:73:bf), Dst: ASUSTekC 2e:21:96 (ac:9e:17:2e:21:96)
> Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 91.108.8.5, Dst: 10.25.2.125
User Datagram Protocol, Src Port: 522, Dst Port: 22767
     Source Port: 522
     Destination Port: 22767
     Length: 200
     Checksum: 0x038c [unverified]
     [Checksum Status: Unverified]
     [Stream index: 1]
  > [Timestamps]
> Data (192 bytes)
     509 17.315521
                   91.108.8.5
                                           10.25.2.125
                                                               HDP
                                                                         234 522 → 22767 Len=192
     510 17.338279 10.25.2.125
                                          91.108.8.5
                                                              UDP
                                                                         218 22767 → 522 Len=176
     E11 17 432406 Circo f0.74.17
> Frame 510: 218 bytes on wire (1744 bits), 218 bytes captured (1744 bits) on interface \Device\NPF_{i}
Ethernet II, Src: ASUSTekC 2e:21:96 (ac:9e:17:2e:21:96), Dst: Cisco 66:73:bf (10:05:ca:66:73:bf)
> Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 10.25.2.125, Dst: 91.108.8.5

✓ User Datagram Protocol, Src Port: 22767, Dst Port: 522

     Source Port: 22767
     Destination Port: 522
     Length: 184
     Checksum: 0xb0be [unverified]
     [Checksum Status: Unverified]
     [Stream index: 1]
  > [Timestamps]
> Data (176 bytes)
```

Answer: Ones 'Source Port' others 'Destination Port' as well as ones 'Destination Port' others 'Source Port'