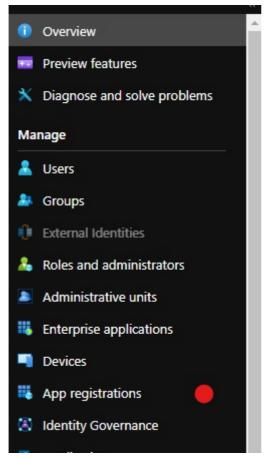
Microsoft Authentication Library (MSAL) for Javascript enables client-side web applications to authenticate users using Azure Active Directory (Azure AD), using security tokens acquired from the Microsoft Identity platform. It is particularly helpful if you want to specify which users can sign in to your application, e.g., your organization or school. You can learn more about it here (https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/develop/msal-overview)

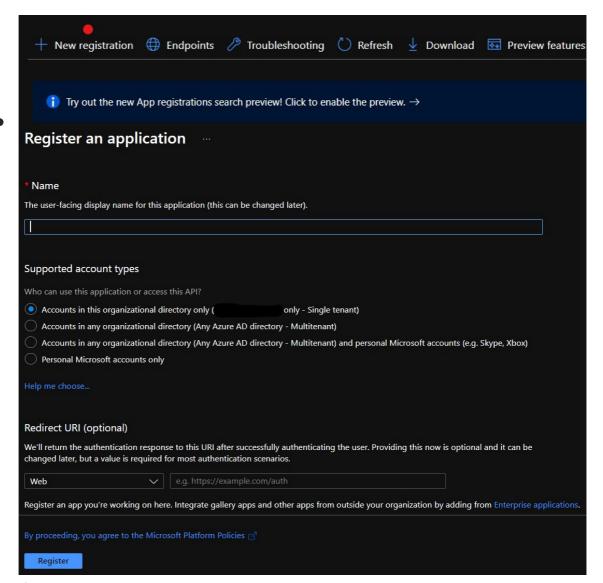
App Registration

To get started, we need to register our application in the Microsoft Identity Platform (Azure AD). We will register a single-page application (SPA) and use the recommended authentication flow, MSAL.js 2.0, which supports the authorization code flow with PKCE. More on this can be found here (https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/develop/scenario-spa-app-registration)

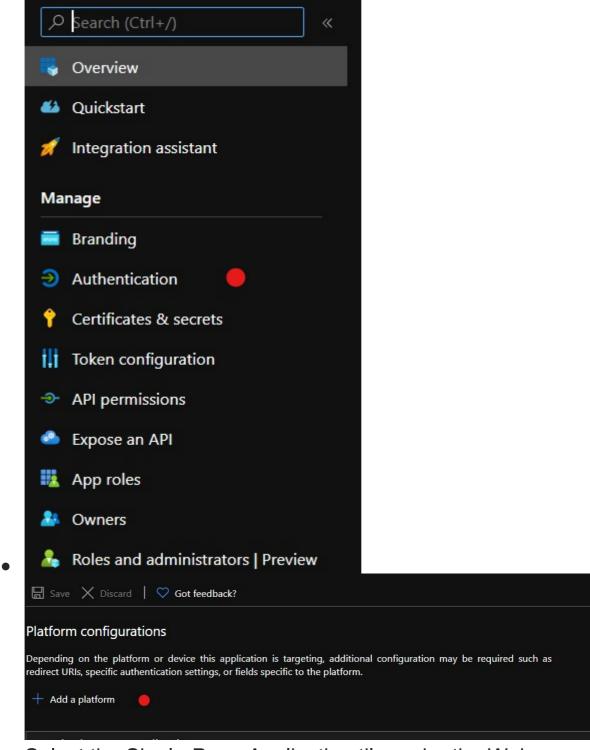
- Sign in to the Azure Portal (https://portal.azure.com/)
- Search for and select Azure Active Directory.
- Under Manage in the side menu, find and select App Registration



 Create a New Registration and fill in the form by entering the name of the app (can be changed later) and selecting the support account types (I used the single-tenant option, the first option in the screenshot below). DO NOT enter a Redirect URI for now.



 Select the newly created application and then select Authentication > Add Platform under the Manage menu



Select the Single-Page Application tile under the Web applications heading

Configure platforms \times Web applications Web www Single-page application Build, host, and deploy a web server Configure browser client applications and progressive web applications. application. .NET, Java, Python Javascript. Mobile and desktop applications iOS / macOS **Android** Objective-C, Swift, Xamarin Java, Kotlin, Xamarin Mobile and desktop applications Windows, UWP, Console, IoT & Limited-entry Devices, Classic iOS + Android

Configure single-page application X All platforms Quickstart Docs 🗹 The latest version of MSALjs uses the authorization code flow with PKCE and CORS. Learn more Redirect URIs The URIs we will accept as destinations when returning authentication responses (tokens) after successfully authenticating or signing out users. Also referred to as reply URLs. Learn more about Redirect URIs and their restrictions Enter the redirect URI of the application Front-channel logout URL This is where we send a request to have the application clear the user's session data. This is required for single sign-out to work correctly. e.g. https://example.com/logout Grant types MSAL is 2.0 does not support implicit grant. Enable implicit grant settings only if your app is using MSAL.js 1.0. Learn more about auth code flow Your Redirect URI is eligible for the Authorization Code Flow with PKCE. Implicit grant and hybrid flows Request a token directly from the authorization endpoint. If the application has a single-page architecture (SPA) and doesn't use the authorization code flow, or if it invokes a web API via JavaScript, select both access tokens and ID tokens. For ASP.NET Core web apps and other web apps that use hybrid authentication, select only ID tokens. Learn more about tokens. Select the tokens you would like to be issued by the authorization endpoint: Access tokens (used for implicit flows) ID tokens (used for implicit and hybrid flows)

- Enter a redirect URI. I'll be using http://localhost:3000/. DO
 NOT check the boxes under Implicit grant and hybrid flows heading
- Click on the Configure button to finish.

Note You can add more than one redirect URI, for instance, for different environments, development, staging, production, etc.

Installation

Open your terminal and create a Next.js app

npx create-next-app msal-next-auth --use-npm

cd msal-next-auth

The only dependencies that you will need are the MSAL react and browser libraries.

npm install @azure/msal-react @azure/msal-browser

Initialization

Create a file services/msal.js in the root of the project and add the following code

```
import * as msal from "@azure/msal-browser";
```

```
const msalConfig = {
    auth: {
        clientId: process.env.NEXT_PUBLIC_AZURE_AD_CLIENT_ID,
        authority:
        `https://login.microsoftonline.com/${process.env.NEXT_PUBLIC_AZURE_AD_TENAN T_ID}`,
```

```
redirectUri: '/'
}
};
```

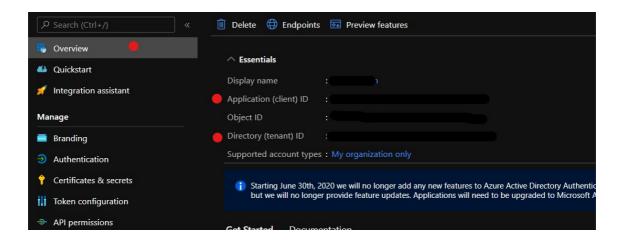
const msalInstance = new msal.PublicClientApplication(msalConfig);

export { msallnstance }

You can find your CLIENT ID AND TENANT ID in the Azure portal. Select the app you registered and copy and paste the actual values from the Overview page (under Essentials) into an environment variables file, <code>.env.local</code>, in the root of the project folder.

NEXT PUBLIC AZURE AD CLIENT ID='your-client-id'

NEXT_PUBLIC_AZURE_AD_TENANT_ID='your-tenant-id'



We'll be using React's Context API to provide/share the MSAL service instance to all our components/pages. To do that, make the following changes to pages/_app.js

import { MsalProvider } from '@azure/msal-react';

Sign-in Functionality

The MSAL React library allows us to protect our pages and components by wrapping them with the MsalAuthenticationTemplate component. Paired with UnauthenticatedTemplate, this can be useful when rendering specific content to authenticated or unauthenticated users respectively.

Update our home page pages/index.js, with the following code

```
import {

AuthenticatedTemplate,

UnauthenticatedTemplate,
```

```
useMsal,
} from '@azure/msal-react';
import Head from 'next/head';
import styles from '../styles/Home.module.css';
function SignInButton() {
 // useMsal hook will return the PublicClientApplication instance you provided to
MsalProvider
 const { instance } = useMsal();
 return <button onClick={() => instance.loginRedirect()}>Sign In</button>;
}
function WelcomeUser() {
 const { accounts } = useMsal();
 const username = accounts[0].username;
 return Welcome, {username};
}
export default function Home() {
 return (
```

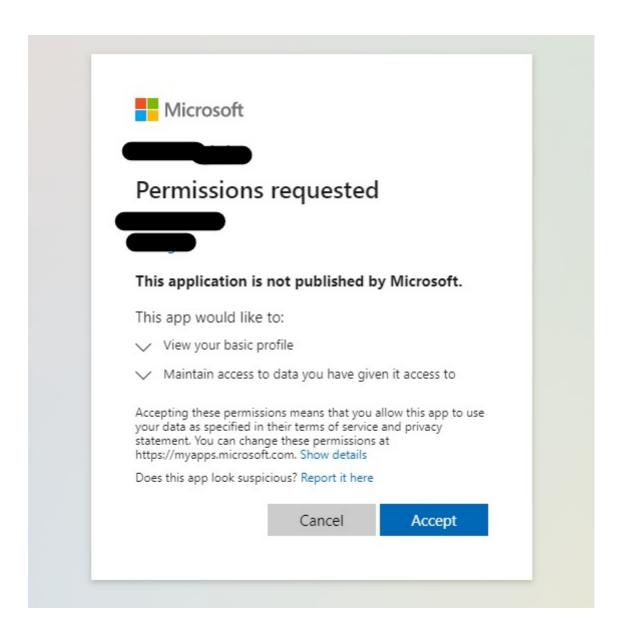
```
<div className={styles.container}>
   <Head>
     <title>Azure AD Authentication using MSAL and Next.js</title>
   </Head>
   <AuthenticatedTemplate>
     This will only render if a user is signed-in.
     <WelcomeUser />
   </AuthenticatedTemplate>
   <UnauthenticatedTemplate>
     This will only render if a user is not signed-in.
     <SignInButton />
   </UnauthenticatedTemplate>
  </div>
 );
}
```

If you run the application (npm run dev), you should see the following in the browser.

This will only render if a user is not signed-in.

Sign In

When you click the sign in button, you will be prompted to sign in and accept requested permissions...



... and then you will be redirected back to the application.

This will only render if a user is signed-in.

Welcome, Daryl@

Notice the change in content rendered, when unauthenticated to authenticated. This is determined by the UnauthenticatedTemplate and AuthenticatedTemplate wrappers.

MSAL React also provides an alternative way to determine a user's authentication status using hooks, specifically the uselsAuthenticated hook. Learn more here

Sign-out functionality

Make the following changes to pages/index.js

```
// Define sign out button
function SignOutButton() {
 const { instance } = useMsal();
 return <button onClick={() => instance.logoutRedirect()}>Sign Out</button>;
}
export default function Home() {
 return (
  <div className={styles.container}>
    <Head>
```

```
<title>Azure AD Authentication using MSAL and Next.js</title>
</Head>

<AuthenticatedTemplate>
<This will only render if a user is signed-in.</p>
</wed>
<WelcomeUser />
<SignOutButton /> // <-- Add to authenticated content</p>

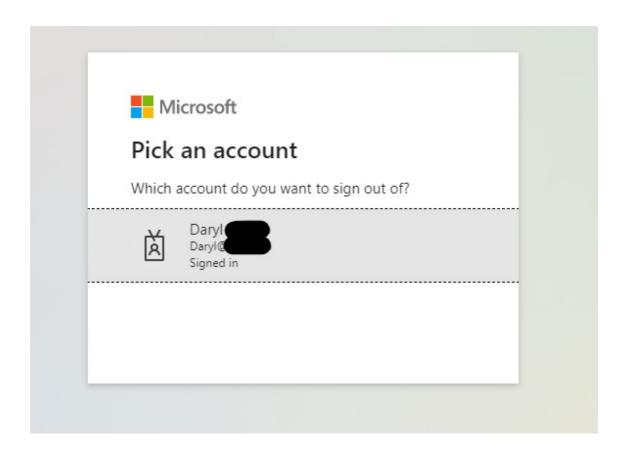
</AuthenticatedTemplate>
```

Run the app again, if not already running, npm run dev. The authenticated render should now look like this...

This will only render if a user is signed-in.



Clicking the sign-out button will redirect and prompt you to select the account to sign out from...



You can read more about Sign in and sign out functionality here (https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/develop/scenario-spa-sign-in?tabs=javascript2)