

AURAL CONSONANT SOUNDS

Subject

English

Prepared By

[Instructor Name]

Grade Level

3

Overview

This lesson plan covers teaching content for;

- 1. Distinguishing between the sounds.
- Recognizing the sounds in words
- Identification of Consonant letters and Proper Pronunciation
- Drawing the contrast between sounds when they use the words
- Discriminating between two pairs of consonants

Objectives

- Distinguish between sounds
- Recognize the sounds in words
- Identify the consonant letters and proper pronunciation
- Draw the contrast between sounds when they use the words.
- Discriminate between two pairs of consonants.

Teacher Guide

Day 3/Lesson 3: 30mins On a Piece of Chart or Board

Activity Starter/Instruction

- Students should be able to; 1. Tell students that today you will be talking about consonants in English Language
 - 2. Tell students that today you will be talking about Aural Discrimination of **Consonant Sounds**
 - 3. Tell students that today you will be talking about Contrasting Consonant Sounds

Guided Practice

Day 2/ Lesson 2: 25Mins

- 1. Provide cards with the consonant sounds.
- 2. Tell the students that Aural refers to the ear or hearing, and oral to the mouth or speaking.
- 3. Practice and discriminate the following words and sounds listed below:

Teacher Guide

Day 1/ Lesson 1: 30 Mins

- 1. Provide cards with the consonant sounds
- 2. Tell the students that Consonants are all the non-vowel sounds, or their corresponding letters: A, E, I, O, U and sometimes Y are not consonants
- 3. Tell the students that consonants represent sound that is made when part of the vocal tract is closed.
- 4. Tell the students that they require a specific position of the lips, cheeks and tongues.
- 5. Tell the students that consonant is a sound made with your mouth fairly closed.
- 6. Tell the students that when we talk. consonants break up the stream of vowels and they function as syllable onsets and codas.
- 7. Tell the students that Consonant can also be an adjective that describes things that

Materials Required

- -Learning beginnings Consonant Sound
- Worksheet
- Marker
- Board
- Course Book

Additional Resources

- https://www.theschoolrun.com/what-are-vc
- https://slideplayer.com/slide/7053874/
- https://www.teachingenglish.org.uk/article/
- https://www.google.com/search?q=what+is-
- https://www.google.com/url?sa=i&source=ir consonants-vowels-diphthongs-ipa-chart%2F

Additional Notes

write these words below; **AURAL DISCRIMINATION CONSONANTS** seem like they should go together, things they can be used as phonetic that are "agreeable." You could say a /t/ and /ð/ exercises for practicing nation's offer of aid is consonant with thin tin contrasting consonant their treaties. tank thank sounds. Contrasting consonants in with wit pairs /d/ and /ð/ 1.[p] - [b] dear there Pete – beat; peer – beer; dough though pill – bill; pit– bit; pet – bet; wordy worthy pack – back; part - Bart; pair - bare; /[/ and /r/ pore – bore; pond – bond; late rate pay - bay; pale - bail; pie low row buy; pile - bile; pound belly berry bound; poise - boys; prim – brim; prick – brick; /s/ and /z/ pray - bray; praise - braise; price size pride – bride; sip zip ripping - ribbing; happy seal zea habit; taps - tabs; ropes robes; cops – cobs; $/\Lambda$ / and /3:/ rip – rib; lip – lib; lap – lab; Cup curb tap - tab; cop - cob; mop -Luck lurk mob; Gull girl rope – robe; pulp – bulb; burst tripe – tribe; Bust [p] – [b]: pick a book; pack Aural consonants as: your bags; pay back; pour Chop shop beer; poor boy; keep Catch cash rubbing; help Rob; ferry Very. [b] – [p]: bad part; bear

half

Have.

pain; buy a pie; birthday

party; tribal people; rubber tape; grab a cup;

2.[t] - [d]

team - deem; tip - dip; tan – Dan; ten– den; ton – done; tuck - duck; tugdug; two – do; tune – dune; tore- door; tear - dear; tear – dare; tie – die; time – dime; town - down; toe - dough; trip drip; tread -dread; true drew; train - drain; try dry; trout - drought; writer – rider; little – riddle; matter – madder; latter – ladder; title – tidal; feet – feed; neat - need; kit - kid; hit-hid; bet - bed; let-led; spent – spend; set – said; cart – card; heart – hard; court – cord; fort – Ford; moot – mood; route – rude; hurt – heard; mutt – mud; mate- made; rate - raid; eight – aid; height – hide; tight – tide; write – ride; wrote - road; coat - code; ripped – ribbed; stopped – robbed; locked – logged; lift lived; sift – sieved;

Assessment Activity

- **1.** Give students a list of word to sound properly.
- **2.** Allow students to discriminate between the consonants 't', 'th' and 'd',

Summary - Encourage students to practice more in speaking and using the consonant sounds correctly	
Summary 1.	