

# DIVISION OF WHOLE NUMBER NOT EXCEEDING 48 BY 2, 3, 4, 5 AND 6 WITHOUT REMAINDER

3.20.2019

### Subject

### Overview

Mathematics

This lesson plan covers teaching content for;

### **Prepared By**

[Instructor Name]

#### **Grade Level**

2

1. Division of whole number not exceeding 48 by 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 without remainder.

## **Objectives**

Students should be able to;

- Divide whole numbers not exceeding 48 using 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6, without remainder
- 2. Define quotient, divisor and dividend.

## **Activity Starter/Instruction**

- Write the following problem on the board:
   "On Saturday, Sam, Ade, and Mary washed
   cars in their neighborhood and made a total
   of N48. If they want to share the money
   equally among the three of them, how much
   will they each get?"
- Read the problem aloud, circling the numbers "48" and "3" and the word "share."
- Guide students to notice that this is a division problem because it asks them to equally share the money they earned together.
- 4. Explain to them that division means dividing a number of items into equal groups.
- Tell them that today students will learn to divide using divvy out method i.e. distributing or giving out.

#### **Teacher Practice**

#### Day 1, Lesson 1-20 Mins

- Write 48 ÷ 3 at the top of the board and model how you draw three equal sized circles below the problem.
- Tell students that in order to solve the problem, we will give out small chunks of the dividend (the number that is being divided) into the three groups.
- 3. Label the number 48 as the dividend and 3 as the divisor (the number of groups you are dividing into), with different colored markers for emphasis.
- 4. Consider out loud what numbers to use as equal chunks in each circle. For example, say "It's best to use small chunks that are easy to add or multiply."
- 5. I'm going to start by putting 10 in each circle.
  On the side of the circles, write 48 30 = 18.

# Materials Required

- -white board
- -piece of two white board marker
- 48 counters or sticks

#### Additional Resources

- -https://www.mathsisfun.com/numbers/division
- -https://www.fun4thebrain.com/division\_all.ht
- -https://teachablemath.com/division-remaind@regrouping

https://www.moneyinstructor.com/lesson/divi

\_

**Additional Notes** 

Assessment Activity  1. Have student solve a number of questions on their own (e.g., 42 ÷ 2).	Guided Practice Day 2, Lesson 1-25 Mins	<ol> <li>Continue with the process by stating, "Now I have 18 left of dividend which still needs to be distributed equally into the groups."</li> </ol>		
	<ol> <li>Model to students how you solve another division problem using yesterday's method (e.g., 30 ÷ 5). Verbalize your thinking each step of the way.</li> </ol>	7. Say "I know that if I do 10 again, it won't work because I don't have N30. I'm going to try place a smaller amount, such as 4 into each group, which gives me 12 totals and 18		
	2. Ask students to solve this problem in pairs "Esther made 36 cookies. She wants to give the same amount to each of her 4 friends.	<ul><li>- 12 = 6."</li><li>8. Complete the process until there is no money left to give out.</li></ul>		
	How many cookies would each friend receive?"	9. Tell students that in order to figure out the quotient or answer to the division problem,		
	3. Tell students to work with their partner to solve this problem using the giving out method. Model to students how you draw 4 circles for this problem because the divisor is	we need to add the amounts we wrote in one of the circles (in this case, we did $10 + 4 + 2 = 16$ ).		
		10. Emphasize the importance of each circle having the same amount, after all, that is the point of division—to distribute equally!		
		11. Write the answer on the board: "Sam, Ade, and Mary will each get N16 each."		
	_			

Si	ur	nr	na	ar	v
					,

Describe to students how division is applicable in their everyday life.