

READING CHARTS, DIAGRAMS, GRAPHS AND CALENDARS TO OBTAIN **INFORMATION**

Overview

3.20.2019

Subject

English

This lesson plan covers teaching content for;

Prepared By

[Instructor Name]

Grade Level

- 1. Reading information on charts, diagrams, graphs and calendars
- 2. Obtaining information from charts, diagrams, graphs and calendars.

Objectives

- Read information on charts, diagrams and calendars.
- Obtain information from charts, diagrams and calendars.

Teacher Guide

Day 3/Lesson 3: 15mins

- 1. Tell students that there is an example of a type of diagram called a Venn diagram.
- 2. Ask students to think about how looking at a Venn diagram comparing

Activity Starter/Instruction

- Students should be able to; 1. Tell students that today you will be talking about four specific types of text features: charts, graphs, diagrams and calendars.
 - 2. Tell students that today you will be talking about three specific types of text features: charts, graphs, and diagrams.
 - 3. Tell students that today you will be talking about three specific types of text features: charts, graphs, and diagrams.

Guided Practice

Day 2/ Lesson 2: 15 Mins

1. Provide cards with various pictures of what a chart, diagram, graph and calendar looks like.

Teacher Guide

Day 1/ Lesson 1: 25 Mins

- **1.**On a piece of chart paper write the four headings "charts, graphs, diagrams, calendars.
- 2. Tell students that charts and graphs are visual representations of information that show the relationship between two or more things. Charts and graphs are quick and easy to read.
- 3. Ask students to brainstorm a list of charts and graphs they have encountered in different nonfiction texts.
- 4. Tell students that a diagram explains how something works and the relationship between parts in a visual way.

Materials Required

-Picture Cards

Additional Resources

- https://www.education.com/download/less plan/charts-and-graphs-and-diagrams-ohmy/charts-and-graphs-and-diagrams-ohmy.pdf

Additional Notes

- and contrasting summer hobbies Might be easier than reading about it in a nonfiction text.
- Ask them to consider some possible disadvantages of relying solely on Text features.

Summary

 Encourage students to select a topic to either chart, graph, or diagram from a nonfiction text in the classroom.

- 2. Ask students to identify what each looks like.
- Ask students to think about what the information on the chart means and how does the use of this chart Help make the information more clear and easy to read.
- 4. Tell students that this is an example of a type of graph called a bar graph.
- Explain that this bar graph is a visual representation of the pounds of fruit harvested in a six-month Period.

Assessment Activity

- 1. Recite a series of true and false statements about the different ways text features present information.

 For example: "True or false? A graph is designed to show the connection between two or more

 Quantities." (Answer: true)
- 2. Tell students to give a thumbs-up if they think the statement is true and a thumbs-down if they think the Statement is false.

5.Tell students that a calendar is a chart or series of pages showing the days, weeks, and months of a particular year.

Guided Practice

Day 4/ Lesson 4: 20mins

- 1. Place students into partnerships and allow them to complete the independent activity together.
- 2. Highlight some of the key points in the charts and graphs that will help students answer the questions.
- 3.Ask students to discuss the advantages of utilizing
 Features such as charts, graphs, and diagrams when learning.

Summary	
1.	