

READING FOR VOCABULARY DEVELOPMENT

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Subject

English

Prepared By

[Instructor Name]

Grade Level

4

Overview

This lesson plan covers teaching content for;

- 1. Learning to identify new vocabulary words from a text read
- 2. Learning to identify simile and metaphors

Objectives

Students should be able to;

- Students will be able to define vocabulary words
- Student should be able to answer inferential questions from materials read.
- Students will be able to identify and explain the meaning of simple similes and metaphors in context.

Assessment Activity

- Ask students to answer the following questions with the corresponding sentence stems:
 - Why is it important to figure out words we don't know in a story?
 - "It is important to figure out words we don't know because

Activity Starter/Instruction

- 1. Teachers are to use the poems or stories in their worksheet.
- Activate students' background knowledge by having them turn to a partner and share about a time when they didn't know the meaning of a word
- 3. Read aloud a text to the class
- 4. Before reading, tell students that they will be finding unknown words.
- 5. These should be words that students are not sure of the meaning of.
- 6. Explain that not knowing the meaning of a word is nothing to be ashamed of—it's an opportunity to learn!

Teacher Guide

Day 2/ Lesson 2: 15 Mins

- 1. Read aloud a page in the book.
- 2. Locate an unknown word and write it on the board.
- Show students how to reread portions of text to figure out the meaning of the tricky word.

Teacher Guide

Day 1/ Lesson 1: 15 Mins

- Explain to students than Comprehension is an active process that involves purposeful interaction between a reader and a text
- Explain that Strategic readers think about words in context, looking for meaning and sentences that frame an unfamiliar word
- With this in mind, teach them to follow a series of steps when they come across a word or phrase they do not know.
 - Step 1: Reread and read ahead (Stop and reread the words that come before and after the unfamiliar word)
 - Step 2: Identify context clues (Think about the meaning of the words in the text that surround the unfamiliar word)
 - Step 3: Decide on a meaning (Use what you know from the context to make an educated guess about the meaning of the unfamiliar word.)
 - Step 4: Check that meaning in the context (The meaning you decided on

Materials Required

- Notebook
- Pencils
- Book of poems
- Magnetic letters
- whiteboards and whiteboard markers

Additional Resources

- https://www.teachervision.com/teaching-st
- https://www.commonsense.org/education/l vocabulary-lesson
- https://www.education.com/lesson-plans/b
- https://owlcat
- https://www.google.com/amp/s/www.story vocabulary/amp

Additional Notes

- What are some strategies we can use to figure out what words mean?
 - "We can use to mean."
- A new word I learned was
 - "I learned means
- 2. As students work, assess how they are articulating what they learned about figuring out the meaning of unknown words
- 3. Notice how students are defining words. Are they using their own words or the word-by-word definition you gave?

Summary

- 1. Review the two strategies used to find the meaning of a new word.
- 2. Have a student volunteer to use the second strategy to define a new word said by you.
- 3. When doing the review make sure you erase the lesson on the board.

- 4. Model how to use context clues and related words to guess about the word's meaning.
- 5. Show students how to use a dictionary as needed.
- figure out what words 6. Read aloud the rest of the text, guiding students to raise their hands when they encounter unknown words.
 - 7. List the words on the board.
 - 8. Hand out the Picture Dictionary worksheet
 - 9. Have students work with a partner to write at least five words, pictures, and definitions on their worksheets.
 - 10. Have students examine how the words they used in their picture dictionaries were used in the text.
 - 11. Go back to a few words to discuss how they were used in sentences.
 - 12. Instruct students to fill in the sentence section of their picture dictionaries with sentences for each of their words.

Teacher Guide

Day 4/ Lesson 4: 15mins

- 1. Present other strategies that readers use when encountering a new word.
- 2. Explain that in addition to context, readers can think about a word's parts (prefix, root/base word, suffix)
- 3. Use resources—such as a dictionary or thesaurus—to determine the word's meaning.
- 4. Present examples where context does not work effectively.
- 5. Model this new strategy to students.

- should make sense in the sentence and in relation to the main idea of the text.)
- 4. Tell them that using context clues is a strategy that improves with practice.
- 5. Tell them it can also be helpful to look at the drawings, or pictures.

Guided Practice

Day 3/ Lesson 3: 20mins

- 1. Divide students into pairs or trios.
- 2. Have them read passages from informational texts together, recording any challenging words
- 3. Collaboratively applying the four steps of using context.
- 4. Once students are finished, ask them to share the words they found
- 5. Provide examples of how they used context effectively.
- 6. This type of peer collaboration is a fun way to incorporate speaking and listening into the text-based process of looking for and using context clues to determine meaning.

Guided Practice

Day 5/ Lesson 5: 15mins

- 1. Divide students into pairs or trios.
- 2. Have them read passages from informational texts together, recording any challenging words
- 3. Also, collaboratively applying the new strategy of thinking about a word's parts (prefix, root/base word, suffix).

- **6.** Tell them that by encouraging flexible thinking and persistence, you are helping them to develop habits of mind
- 7. Tell them these habits will benefit them beyond the walls of the classroom.
- 8. Tell them that exposure to vocabulary in context is critical to the development of language and literacy
- Tell them it empowers them to figure out the meaning of unfamiliar words by using context clues is just one element of vocabulary instruction.

- 4. Once students are finished, ask them to share the words they found
- 5. Provide examples of how they used the strategy effectively.
- **6.** While this practice is ongoing, teacher should walk around the class to inspect the students.