

Project

Setup a three stages pipeline to deploy a given Application using CloudFormation as a deploy provider.

By

Aghogho Dre Aruoture

Best Practice as a DevOps engineer is to **always test your tools and codes manually before any automation.**

In this project, I used cfn-lint testing tool to integrate as part of my DevOps testing tool. For me to be sure cfn-lint tool works fine, I had to first of all, test it locally. (You can test it locally from your PC if your PC has the tools, you need or can just simply create an EC2 instance, ssh into it and test it there). In this case, I will be launching an EC2 instance.

It should be noted that cfn-lint needs python and pip3 installed. More info about cfn-lint can be found in our grand father google 😊 . (<https://github.com/aws-cloudformation/cfn-lint>)

```
sh-5.25$ sudo su ec2-user
[ec2-user@ip-10-0-9-6 bin]$ aws --version
aws-cli/2.9.19 Python/3.9.16 Linux/6.1.55-75.123.amzn2023.x86_64 source/x86_64.amzn.2023 prompt/off
[ec2-user@ip-10-0-9-6 bin]$ python3 --version
Python 3.9.16
[ec2-user@ip-10-0-9-6 bin]$ pip3 --version
bash: pip3: command not found
[ec2-user@ip-10-0-9-6 bin]$ sudo su
[root@ip-10-0-9-6 bin]$ yes install python3-pip
Last metadata expiration check: 0:25:30 ago on Tue Oct 10 20:35:50 2023.
Dependencies resolved.

```

Package	Architecture	Version	Repository	Size
Installing: python3-pip	noarch	21.3.1-2.amzn2023.0.5	amazonlinux	1.8 M
Installing weak dependencies: libxcrypt-compat	x86_64	4.4.33-7.amzn2023	amazonlinux	92 k

```
Transaction Summary
--
Install 2 Packages
Total download size: 1.9 M
Installed size: 11 M
Is this ok [y/N]: y
Downloading Packages:
(1/2): libxcrypt-compat-4.4.33-7.amzn2023.x86_64.rpm 1.5 MB/s | 92 kb 00:00
(2/2): python3-pip-21.3.1-2.amzn2023.0.5.noarch.rpm 16 MB/s | 1.8 MB 00:00
-----
Total 11 MB/s | 1.9 MB 00:00
Running transaction check
Transaction check succeeded.
Running transaction test
Transaction test succeeded.
Running transaction
  Preparing      : libxcrypt-compat-4.4.33-7.amzn2023.x86_64 1/1
  Installing     : python3-pip-21.3.1-2.amzn2023.0.5.noarch 1/2
  Installing     : python3-pip-21.3.1-2.amzn2023.0.5.noarch 2/2
  Running scriptlet: python3-pip-21.3.1-2.amzn2023.0.5.noarch 2/2
  Verifying      : libxcrypt-compat-4.4.33-7.amzn2023.x86_64 1/2
  Verifying      : python3-pip-21.3.1-2.amzn2023.0.5.noarch 2/2

Installed:
  libxcrypt-compat-4.4.33-7.amzn2023.x86_64 python3-pip-21.3.1-2.amzn2023.0.5.noarch

Complete!
[root@ip-10-0-9-6 bin]#
```

To install pip, run the cmd pip install cfn-lint

```
[root@ip-10-0-9-6 bin]# sudo su ec2-user
[ec2-user@ip-10-0-9-6 bin]# pip install cfn-lint
Defaulting to user installation because normal site-packages is not writeable
Collecting cfn-lint
  Downloading cfn_lint-0.81.0-py3-none-any.whl (3.5 MB)
    | 3.5 MB 6.5 MB/s
Requirement already satisfied: jsonschema<5,>=3.0 in /usr/lib/python3.9/site-packages (from cfn-lint) (3.2.0)
Collecting junit-xml<1.9
  Downloading junit_xml-1.9-py2.py3-none-any.whl (7.1 kB)
Collecting aws-sam-translator<=1.75.0
  Downloading aws_sam_translator-1.77.0-py3-none-any.whl (377 kB)
    | 377 kB 60.8 MB/s
Collecting sympy<=1.0.0
  Downloading sympy-1.12-py3-none-any.whl (5.7 MB)
    | 5.7 MB 62.2 MB/s
Requirement already satisfied: pyyaml>5.4 in /usr/lib64/python3.9/site-packages (from cfn-lint) (5.4.1)
Collecting jschema-to-python<=1.2.3
  Downloading jschema_to_python-1.2.3-py3-none-any.whl (10 kB)
Collecting regex<=2021.7.1
  Downloading regex-2023.10.3-cp39-cp39-manylinux_2_17_x86_64.manylinux2014_x86_64.whl (773 kB)
    | 773 kB 51.8 MB/s
Collecting networkx<4,>=2.4
  Downloading networkx-3.1-py3-none-any.whl (2.1 MB)
    | 2.1 MB 32.7 MB/s
Requirement already satisfied: jsonpatch in /usr/lib/python3.9/site-packages (from cfn-lint) (1.21)
Collecting sarif-om<=1.0.4
  Downloading sarif_om-1.0.4-py3-none-any.whl (30 kB)
Collecting boto3<=1.*,>=1.19.5
  Downloading boto3-1.28.62-py3-none-any.whl (135 kB)
    | 135 kB 60.0 MB/s
Collecting pydantic<3,>=1.8
  Downloading pydantic-2.4.2-py3-none-any.whl (395 kB)
    | 395 kB 61.7 MB/s
Collecting typing-extensions<5,>=4.4
  Downloading typing_extensions-4.8.0-py3-none-any.whl (31 kB)
Requirement already satisfied: jmespath<2.0.0,>=0.7.1 in /usr/lib/python3.9/site-packages (from boto3<=1.*,>=1.19.5->aws-sam-translator<=1.75.0->cfn-lint) (0.10.0)
Collecting s3transfer<0.8.0,>=0.7.0
  Downloading s3transfer-0.7.0-py3-none-any.whl (79 kB)
    | 79 kB 16.4 MB/s
Collecting botocore<1.32.0,>=1.31.62
  Downloading botocore-1.31.62-py3-none-any.whl (11.2 MB)
    | 11.2 MB 32.7 MB/s
Requirement already satisfied: attrs in /usr/lib/python3.9/site-packages (from jschema-to-python<=1.2.3->cfn-lint) (20.3.0)
Collecting jsonpickle
  Downloading jsonpickle-3.0.2-py3-none-any.whl (40 kB)
    | 40 kB 10.9 MB/s
Collecting pbr
  Downloading pbr-5.11.1-py2.py3-none-any.whl (112 kB)
    | 112 kB 60.6 MB/s

Collecting pydantic-core==2.10.1
  Downloading pydantic_core-2.10.1-cp39-cp39-manylinux_2_17_x86_64.manylinux2014_x86_64.whl (2.1 MB)
    | 2.1 MB 27.6 MB/s
Collecting annotated-types==0.4.0
  Downloading annotated_types-0.4.0-py3-none-any.whl (12 kB)
Requirement already satisfied: urllib3<1.27,>=1.25.4 in /usr/lib/python3.9/site-packages (from botocore<1.32.0,>=1.31.62->boto3<=1.*,>=1.19.5->aws-sam-translator<=1.75.0->cfn-lint) (1.25.10)
Requirement already satisfied: python-dateutil<3.0.0,>=2.1 in /usr/lib/python3.9/site-packages (from botocore<1.32.0,>=1.31.62->boto3<=1.*,>=1.19.5->aws-sam-translator<=1.75.0->cfn-lint) (2.8.1)
Installing collected packages: typing-extensions, botocore, s3transfer, pydantic-core, annotated-types, pydantic, pbr, mmath, jsonpickle, boto3, sympy, sarif-om, regex, networkx, junit-xml, jschema-to-python, aws-sam-translator, cfn-lint
Successfully installed annotated-types-0.4.0 aws-sam-translator-1.77.0 boto3-1.28.62 botocore-1.31.62 cfn-lint-0.81.0 jschema-to-python-1.2.3 jsonpickle-3.0.2 junit-xml-1.9 mmath-1.3.0 networkx-3.1 pbr-5.11.1 pydantic-2.4.2 pydantic-core-2.10.1 regex-2023.10.3 s3transfer-0.7.0 sarif-om-1.0.4 sympy-1.12 typing-extensions-4.8.0
[ec2-user@ip-10-0-9-6 bin]#
```

The cmd cfn-lint --version is used to verify if cfn-lint was succesfully installed.

```
[ec2-user@ip-10-0-9-6 bin]$ cfn-lint --version
cfn-lint 0.81.0
[ec2-user@ip-10-0-9-6 bin]$
```

As a root user, I made a folder and added my cloudformation template with the cmd vi cftemplate.yml

```
[ec2-user@ip-10-0-13-199 bin]$ mkdir mytemplates
mkdir: cannot create directory 'mytemplates': Permission denied
[ec2-user@ip-10-0-13-199 bin]$ sudo su
[root@ip-10-0-13-199 bin]# mkdir mytemplate
[root@ip-10-0-13-199 bin]# cd mytemplate/
[root@ip-10-0-13-199 mytemplate]# touch cftemplate.yml
[root@ip-10-0-13-199 mytemplate]# ll
total 0
-rw-r--r--. 1 root root 0 Oct 10 22:40 cftemplate.yml
[root@ip-10-0-13-199 mytemplate]# cat cftemplate.yml
[root@ip-10-0-13-199 mytemplate]# ll
total 0
-rw-r--r--. 1 root root 0 Oct 10 22:40 cftemplate.yml
[root@ip-10-0-13-199 mytemplate]# vi cftemplate.yml
```

```
Parameters:
  InstanceType:
    Description: EC2 instance type.
    Type: String
    Default: t2.micro
  KeyName:
    Description: Name of an existing EC2 key pair for SSH access to the EC2 instance.
    Type: AWS::EC2::KeyPair::KeyName
  SSHLocation:
    Description: The IP address range that can be used to SSH to the EC2 instances
    Type: String
    MinLength: '9'
    MaxLength: '18'
    Default: 0.0.0.0/0
    AllowedPattern: "(\d{1,3})\.(\d{1,3})\.(\d{1,3})\.(\d{1,3})/(\d{1,2})" # IP Address
    ConstraintDescription: must be a valid IP CIDR range of the form x.x.x.x/x.
  # NellieParameter:
  #   Type: String
  #   Default: 'NELLIE'
  ImageId:
    Type: AWS::SSM::Parameter::Value<AWS::EC2::Image::Id>
    Default: /aws/service/ami-amazon-linux-latest/amzn2-ami-hvm-x86_64-gp2

Resources:
  WebServer:
    Type: AWS::EC2::Instance
    Properties:
      ImageId: !Ref ImageId
      InstanceType: !Ref InstanceType # Nothing is hardcoded
      KeyName: !Ref KeyName
      SecurityGroups:
        - !Ref WebServerSecurityGroup
      UserData:
        Fn::Base64: !Sub |
          #!/bin/bash
          yum update -y
          yum install -y httpd
          systemctl start httpd
          systemctl enable httpd
          echo "<html><body><h1>Hello AGHOCHO in ${AWS::Region}</h1></body></html>" > /var/www/html/index.html
      WebServerSecurityGroup: !Ref WebServerSecurityGroup
  WebServerSecurityGroup: #security group ID
    Type: AWS::EC2::SecurityGroup
    Properties:
      GroupDescription: 'Enable HTTP access via port 80 SSH access'
      SecurityGroupIngress:
        - CidrIp: 0.0.0.0/0
          FromPort: '80'
          ToPort: '80'
"cftemplate.yml" 63L, 2013B
```

To test the cftemplate.yml using the cfn-lint tool we just installed, we run the cmd cfn-lint cftemplate.yml

If there is no error response, it means the template is good without errors as seen below.

```
[root@ip-10-0-13-199 mytemplate]# vi cftemplate.yml
[root@ip-10-0-13-199 mytemplate]# cfn-lint cftemplate.yml
[root@ip-10-0-13-199 mytemplate]#
```

Now that I have tested my testing tool “cfn-lint” locally, I can now proceed to the automation. So, the next step is to write my buildspec.yml

```
1 version: 0.2
2
3 phases:
4   install: # describes the app to be installed "Dre-App"
5     runtime-versions:
6       python: 3.9 # It will install python 3.9
7   pre_build: # Checks if all softwares has been installed successfully
8     commands:
9       - echo "CHECKING IF PYTHON IS INSTALLED"
10      - python3 --version #checks the version of python installed
11      - echo "CHECKING IF PIP3 IS INSTALLED"
12      - pip3 --version
13      - echo "WE ARE INSTALLING CFN-LINT"
14      - pip3 install cfn-lint
15      - echo "CHECKING IS CFN-LINT IS INSTALLED"
16      - cfn-lint --version
17   build: # in here, actually runs the command to build your code
18     commands:
19       - echo "WE ARE TESTING CFTEMPLATE"
20       - cfn-lint cftemplate.yml
21       - echo "WE ARE BUILDING OUR CFTEMPLATE"
22       - aws cloudformation package --template-file cftemplate.yml --s3-bucket my-deploy-artifact-bucket --output-template-file output-cftemplate.yml
23
24   post_build: # final stage to check if the code ran successfully
25     commands:
26       - echo "BUILD COMPLETED at `date` "
27       - ls -l
28
29 artifacts: #these are the files from your source stage you want to produce as outputs
30   files:
31     - output-cftemplate.yml
```

As seen on the build section;

```
17   build: # in here, actually runs the command to build your code
18     commands:
19       - echo "WE ARE TESTING CFTEMPLATE"
20       - cfn-lint cftemplate.yml
21       - echo "WE ARE BUILDING OUR CFTEMPLATE"
22       - aws cloudformation package --template-file cftemplate.yml --s3-bucket my-deploy-artifact-bucket --output-template-file output-cftemplate.yml
```

The build stage will **test** the cftemplate with the cfn-lint and will **build** the cftemplate with the cmd aws cloudformation package. Aws cloudformation package will build, clean-up the cftemplate and package it as an artifact and store on an s3-bucket u define and to your local file. (I created an S3 bucket “my-deploy-artifact-bucket”).

As best practice, It should be noted to test the cftemplate manually on the aws console before automating its testing with cfn-lin. Also, before adding the aws cloudformation package tool, its best practice to test it locally like I did from my ec2 virtual server below.

```
[root@ip-10-0-13-199 mytemplate]# aws cloudformation package --template-file cftemplate.yml --s3-bucket my-deploy-artifact-bucket --output-template-file output-cftemplate.yml
Successfully packaged artifacts and wrote output template to file output-cftemplate.yml.
Execute the following command to deploy the packaged template
aws cloudformation deploy --template-file /usr/bin/mytemplate/output-cftemplate.yml --stack-name <YOUR STACK NAME>
[root@ip-10-0-13-199 mytemplate]#
[root@ip-10-0-13-199 mytemplate]# ll
total 8
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 2013 Oct 10 22:53 cftemplate.yml
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 1768 Oct 11 15:29 output-cftemplate.yml
[root@ip-10-0-13-199 mytemplate]#
```

Testing the cftemplate manually on the aws console, I just simply deployed the it on CloudFormation in the console as shown below.

CloudFormation > Stacks > Create stack

Step 1
Create stack

Step 2
Specify stack details

Step 3
Configure stack options

Step 4
Review

Create stack

Prerequisite - Prepare template

Prepare template
Every stack is based on a template. A template is a JSON or YAML file that contains configuration information about the AWS resources you want to include in the stack.

☒ Template is ready ☐ Use a sample template ☐ Create template in Designer

Specify template

A template is a JSON or YAML file that describes your stack's resources and properties.

Template source
Selecting a template generates an Amazon S3 URL, where it will be stored.

☐ Amazon S3 URL ☒ Upload a template file

Upload a template file

cftemplate.yml

JSON or YAML formatted file

S3 URL: <https://s3-us-east-1.amazonaws.com/cf-templates-1fz1qx96nlt-us-east-1/2023-10-11T142347.401Z/fi-cftemplate.yml>

aws Services Search [Alt+S]

CloudFormation > Stacks > testing-manually-cftemplate

Stacks (1)

Filter by stack name

Filter status: Active View nested

Stacks

- testing-manually-cftemplate
2023-10-11 11:57:26 UTC-0230
CREATE_COMPLETE

testing-manually-cftemplate

Delete Update Stack actions Create stack

Stack info Events Resources Outputs Parameters Template Change sets

Events (8)

Search events

Timestamp	Logical ID	Status	Status reason
2023-10-11 11:58:10 UTC-0230	testing-manually-cftemplate	CREATE_COMPLETE	-
2023-10-11 11:58:09 UTC-0230	WebServer	CREATE_COMPLETE	-
2023-10-11 11:57:37 UTC-0230	WebServer	CREATE_IN_PROGRESS	Resource creation initiated
2023-10-11 11:57:35 UTC-0230	WebServer	CREATE_IN_PROGRESS	-
2023-10-11 11:57:35 UTC-0230	WebServerSecurityGroup	CREATE_COMPLETE	-
2023-10-11 11:57:34 UTC-0230	WebServerSecurityGroup	CREATE_IN_PROGRESS	Resource creation initiated
2023-10-11 11:57:29 UTC-0230	WebServerSecurityGroup	CREATE_IN_PROGRESS	-
2023-10-11 11:57:26 UTC-0230	testing-manually-cftemplate	CREATE_IN_PROGRESS	User initiated

← → ↻ ⚠ Not secure | 3.94.212.131

Gmail YouTube Maps

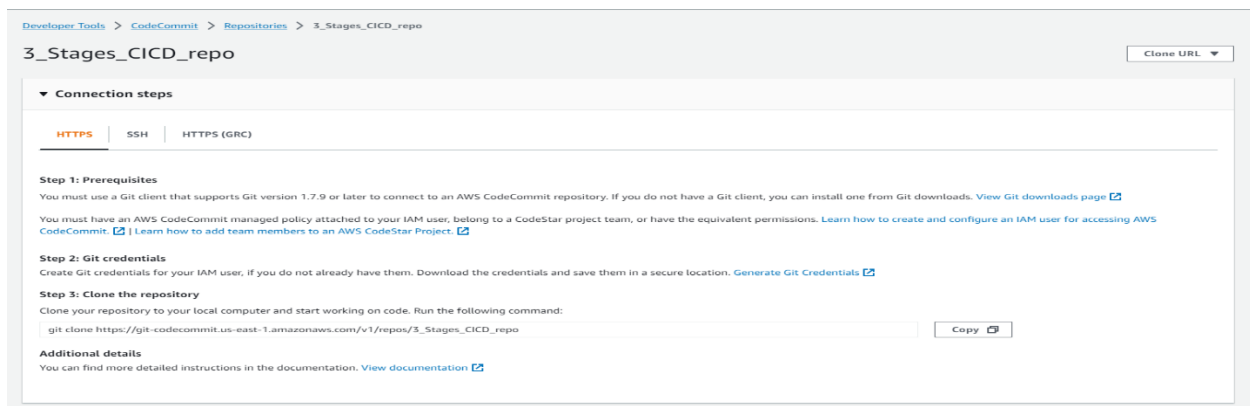
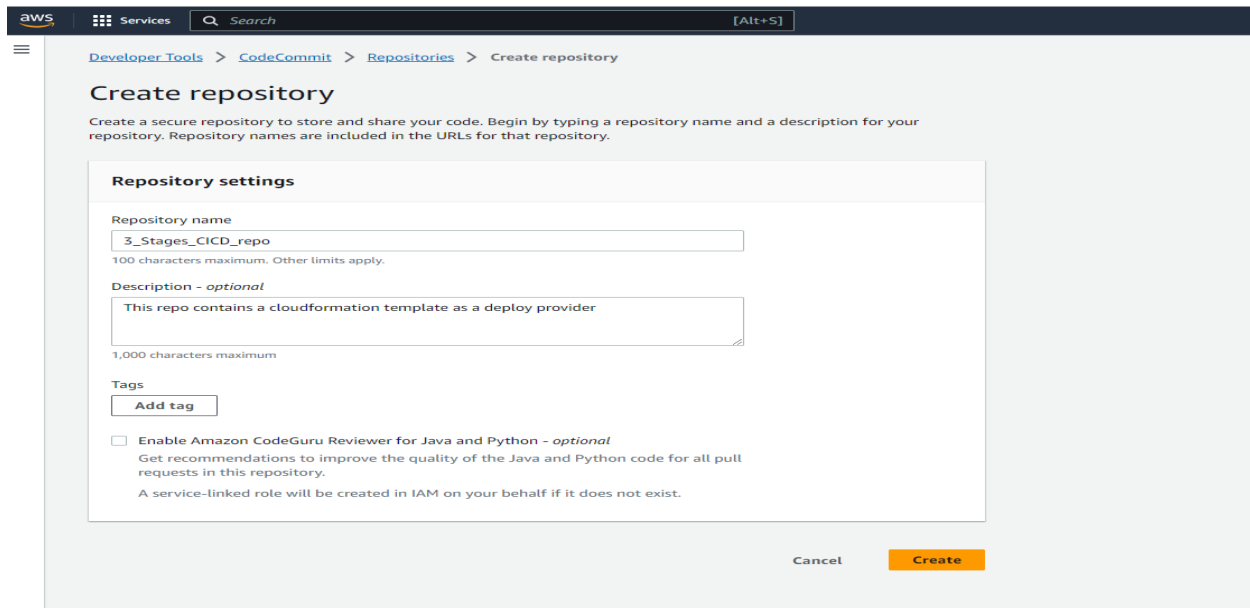
Hello AGHOGHO in us-east-1

From manual testing view, the Cftemplate works.

With my buildspec well written above, I am confident in proceeding with automation. For this Project Road Map Schematics of this project the road map is

Local Testing → Write Buildspec → Source Stage (CodeCommit) → Build Stage (CodeBuild) → Deploy Stage → CI/CD

The Next Step is creating the source stage, and I used CodeCommit.



I cloned the code commit repository.

```
aghog@DESKTOP-FV0TCVU MINGW64 ~/Desktop/LocalRepo-CopdeCommit/3-Stages-CICD (main)
$ git clone https://git-codecommit.us-east-1.amazonaws.com/v1/repos/3_Stages_CICD_repo
Cloning into '3_Stages_CICD_repo'...
warning: You appear to have cloned an empty repository.
```

Next I pushed the cftemplate to the codecommit repository “3-Stages-CICD_repo”

```
aghog@DESKTOP-FV0TCVU MINGW64 ~/Desktop/LocalRepo-CopdeCommit/3-Stages-CICD (main)
$ ll
total 0
drwxr-xr-x 1 aghog 197610 0 Oct 11 11:34 3_Stages_CICD_repo/

aghog@DESKTOP-FV0TCVU MINGW64 ~/Desktop/LocalRepo-CopdeCommit/3-Stages-CICD (main)
$ cd 3_Stages_CICD_repo/

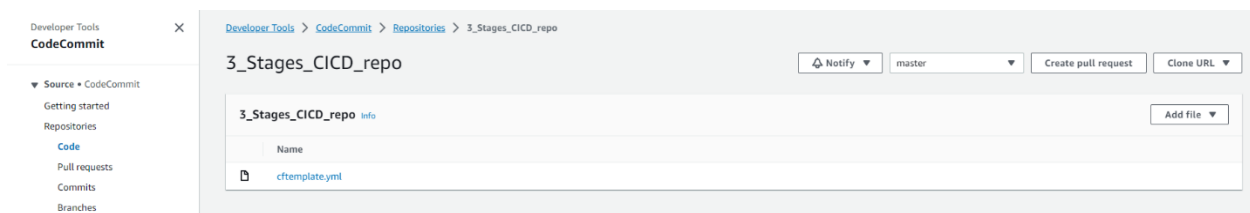
aghog@DESKTOP-FV0TCVU MINGW64 ~/Desktop/LocalRepo-CopdeCommit/3-Stages-CICD/3_Stages_CICD_repo (master)
$ git add .

aghog@DESKTOP-FV0TCVU MINGW64 ~/Desktop/LocalRepo-CopdeCommit/3-Stages-CICD/3_Stages_CICD_repo (master)
$ git commit -m "adding the cftemplate to the codecommit repo"
[master (root-commit) 18ac37b] adding the cftemplate to the codecommit repo
1 file changed, 63 insertions(+)
create mode 100644 cftemplate.yml

aghog@DESKTOP-FV0TCVU MINGW64 ~/Desktop/LocalRepo-CopdeCommit/3-Stages-CICD/3_Stages_CICD_repo (master)
$ git push origin master
Enumerating objects: 3, done.
Counting objects: 100% (3/3), done.
Delta compression using up to 8 threads
Compressing objects: 100% (2/2), done.
Writing objects: 100% (3/3), 1.09 KiB | 1.09 MiB/s, done.
Total 3 (delta 0), reused 0 (delta 0), pack-reused 0
remote: Validating objects: 100%
To https://git-codecommit.us-east-1.amazonaws.com/v1/repos/3_Stages_CICD_repo
 * [new branch]      master -> master

aghog@DESKTOP-FV0TCVU MINGW64 ~/Desktop/LocalRepo-CopdeCommit/3-Stages-CICD/3_Stages_CICD_repo (master)
$
```

The cftemplate reflects on the 3-Stages-CICD_repo



Next stage is the Build stage, and I used CodeBuild.

Create build project

Project configuration

Project name

3-Stage-CICD

A project name must be 2 to 255 characters. It can include the letters A-Z and a-z, the numbers 0-9, and the special characters - and _.

Description - *optional*

this stage will check, test, build and prep the cfn template as an artifact

Build badge - *optional*

☐ Enable build badge

Enable concurrent build limit - *optional*

Limit the number of allowed concurrent builds for this project.

☐ Restrict number of concurrent builds this project can start

► Additional configuration

tags

Source

Add source

Source 1 - Primary

Source provider

AWS CodeCommit

Source

Add source

Source 1 - Primary

Source provider

AWS CodeCommit

Repository

Q 3_Stages_CICD_repo X

Reference type

Choose the source version reference type that contains your source code.

☒ Branch

☐ Git tag

☐ Commit ID

Branch

Choose a branch that contains the code to build.

master

Commit ID - *optional*

Choose a commit ID. This can shorten the duration of your build.

Q

Source version *Info*

refs/heads/master

18ac37b9 adding the cftemplate to the codecommit repo

► Additional configuration

Git clone depth, Git submodules

Environment

Environment image

☒ **Managed image**
Use an image managed by AWS CodeBuild

☐ **Custom image**
Specify a Docker image

Operating system

Ubuntu

Runtime(s)

Standard

Image

aws/codebuild/standard:5.0

Image version

Always use the latest image for this runtime version

Environment type

Linux EC2

Privileged

☐ Enable this flag if you want to build Docker images or want your builds to get elevated privileges

Role name

codebuild-3-Stage-CICD-service-role

Type your service role name

► Additional configuration

Timeout, certificate, VPC, compute type, environment variables, file systems

Buildspec

Build specifications

☒ **Use a buildspec file**
Store build commands in a YAML-formatted buildspec file

☐ **Insert build commands**
Store build commands as build project configuration

Buildspec name - *optional*

By default, CodeBuild looks for a file named buildspec.yml in the source code root directory. If your buildspec file uses a different name or location, enter its path from the source root here (for example, buildspec-two.yml or configuration/buildspec.yml).

Batch configuration

You can run a group of builds as a single execution. Batch configuration is also available in advanced option when starting build.

☐ **Define batch configuration - *optional***
You can also define or override batch configuration when starting a build batch.

Artifacts

Add artifact

Artifact 1 - Primary

Type

Amazon S3

You might choose no artifacts if you are running tests or pushing a Docker image to Amazon ECR.

Bucket name

Q my-deploy-artifact-bucket X

Name

The name of the folder or compressed file in the bucket that will contain your output artifacts. Use Artifacts packaging under Additional configuration to choose whether to use a folder or compressed file. If the name is not provided, defaults to project name.

my-deploy-artifact-folder

☐ Enable semantic versioning

Use the artifact name specified in the buildspec file

Path - optional

The path to the build output ZIP file or folder.

Example: MyPath/MyArtifact.zip.

Namespace type - optional

None

Choose Build ID to insert the build ID into the path to the build output ZIP file or folder, e.g. MyPath/MyBuildID/MyArtifact.zip. Otherwise, choose None.

Artifacts packaging

☒ None
The artifact files will be uploaded to the bucket.

☐ Zip
AWS CodeBuild will upload artifacts into a compressed file that is put into the specified bucket.

Artifacts packaging

☒ None
The artifact files will be uploaded to the bucket.

☐ Zip
AWS CodeBuild will upload artifacts into a compressed file that is put into the specified bucket.

☒ Disable artifact encryption

Disable encryption if using the artifact to publish a static website or sharing content with others

► Additional configuration

Cache, encryption key

Logs

CloudWatch

☒ CloudWatch logs - optional

Checking this option will upload build output logs to CloudWatch.

Group name

Stream name

S3

☐ S3 logs - optional

Checking this option will upload build output logs to S3.

Cancel

Create build project

I pushed my bulidspec.yml to my codecommit repository "3_Stages_CICD_repo"

```
aghog@DESKTOP-FV0TCVU MINGW64 ~/Desktop/LocalRepo-CopdeCommit/3-Stages-CICD/3_Stages_CICD_repo (master)
$ git add .

aghog@DESKTOP-FV0TCVU MINGW64 ~/Desktop/LocalRepo-CopdeCommit/3-Stages-CICD/3_Stages_CICD_repo (master)
$ git commit -m "adding bulidspec to codecommitrepo"
[master 1634356] adding bulidspec to codecommitrepo
1 file changed, 31 insertions(+)
create mode 100644 bulidspec.yml

aghog@DESKTOP-FV0TCVU MINGW64 ~/Desktop/LocalRepo-CopdeCommit/3-Stages-CICD/3_Stages_CICD_repo (master)
$ git push
Enumerating objects: 4, done.
Counting objects: 100% (4/4), done.
Delta compression using up to 8 threads
Compressing objects: 100% (3/3), done.
Writing objects: 100% (3/3), 824 bytes | 824.00 KiB/s, done.
Total 3 (delta 0), reused 0 (delta 0), pack-reused 0
remote: Validating objects: 100%
To https://git-codecommit.us-east-1.amazonaws.com/v1/repos/3_Stages_CICD_repo
18ac37b..1634356 master -> master

aghog@DESKTOP-FV0TCVU MINGW64 ~/Desktop/LocalRepo-CopdeCommit/3-Stages-CICD/3_Stages_CICD_repo (master)
$
```



Confirming the push update on the console

Developer Tools > CodeCommit > Repositories > 3_Stages_CICD_repo

3_Stages_CICD_repo

Notify master Create pull request Clone URL

3_Stages_CICD_repo info Add file

	Name
	bulidspec.yml
	cftemplate.yml

Next stage is building a CI/CD Pipeline.

Pipeline Settings:

Developer Tools > CodePipeline > Pipelines > Create new pipeline

Step 1
Choose pipeline settings

Step 2
Add source stage

Step 3
Add build stage

Step 4
Add deploy stage

Step 5
Review

Choose pipeline settings Info

Pipeline settings

Pipeline name
Enter the pipeline name. You cannot edit the pipeline name after it is created.

No more than 100 characters

Service role

☒ **New service role**
Create a service role in your account

☐ **Existing service role**
Choose an existing service role from your account

Role name

Type your service role name

☒ **Allow AWS CodePipeline to create a service role so it can be used with this new pipeline**

► **Advanced settings**

Cancel **Next**

Source Stage:

Developer Tools > CodePipeline > Pipelines > Create new pipeline

Step 1
Choose pipeline settings

Step 2
Add source stage

Step 3
Add build stage

Step 4
Add deploy stage

Step 5
Review

Add source stage Info

Source

Source provider
This is where you stored your input artifacts for your pipeline. Choose the provider and then provide the connection details.

Repository name
Choose a repository that you have already created where you have pushed your source code.

Branch name
Choose a branch of the repository

Change detection options
Choose a detection mode to automatically start your pipeline when a change occurs in the source code.

☒ **Amazon CloudWatch Events (recommended)**
Use Amazon CloudWatch Events to automatically start my pipeline when a change occurs

☐ **AWS CodePipeline**
Use AWS CodePipeline to check periodically for changes

Output artifact format
Choose the output artifact format.

☒ **CodePipeline default**
AWS CodePipeline uses the default zip format for artifacts in the pipeline. Does not include Git metadata about the repository.

☐ **Full clone**
AWS CodePipeline passes metadata about the repository that allows subsequent actions to do a full Git clone. Only supported for AWS CodeBuild actions.

Cancel Previous **Next**

Build Stage:

[Developer Tools](#) > [CodePipeline](#) > [Pipelines](#) > Create new pipeline

Step 1

Choose pipeline settings

Step 2

Add source stage

Step 3

Add build stage

Step 4

Add deploy stage

Step 5

Review

Add build stage [Info](#)

Build - optional

Build provider
This is the tool of your build project. Provide build artifact details like operating system, build spec file, and output file names.

AWS CodeBuild ▼

Region
US East (N. Virginia) ▼

Project name
Choose a build project that you have already created in the AWS CodeBuild console. Or create a build project in the AWS CodeBuild console and then return to this task.

X or [↗](#)

Environment variables - optional
Choose the key, value, and type for your CodeBuild environment variables. In the value field, you can reference variables generated by CodePipeline. [Learn more](#) [↗](#)

Build type

☒ **Single build**
Triggers a single build.

☐ **Batch build**
Triggers multiple builds as a single execution.

Cancel

Previous

Skip build stage

Next

Deploy Stage: First Action is the (DeployToTest) Environment

Add deploy stage [Info](#)

Deploy - optional

Deploy provider
Choose how you deploy to instances. Choose the provider, and then provide the configuration details for that provider.

AWS CloudFormation

Region
US East (N. Virginia)

Action mode
When you update an existing stack, the update is permanent. When you use a change set, the result provides a diff of the updated stack and the original stack before you choose to execute the change.

Create or update a stack

Stack name
If you are updating an existing stack, choose the stack name.

Q deployed-using-cicd-pipeline-stack X

Template
Specify the template you uploaded to your source location.

Artifact name BuildArtifact **File name** output-cftemplate.yml **Template file path** BuildArtifact::output-cft

Template configuration - optional
Specify the configuration file you uploaded to your source location.

☒ Use configuration file

Artifact name **File name** **Template configuration file path**

Capabilities - optional
Specify whether you want to allow AWS CloudFormation to create IAM resources on your behalf.

CAPABILITY_IAM X

Role name
Q arn:aws:iam::866756323262:role/CloudFormationServiceRoleformyTestPipelir X

Output file name

File generated by this action

Advanced

Parameter overrides

```
{ "KeyName": "drekey" }  
{ "parameterName": "value" }
```

Cancel Previous Skip deploy stage Next

An IAM Role was created as shown below.

IAM > Roles > CloudFormationServiceRoleformyTestPipeline

CloudFormationServiceRoleformyTestPipeline [Info](#)

Allows EC2 instances to call AWS services on your behalf.

Summary [Edit](#)

Creation date: October 11, 2023, 14:55 (UTC-02:30)

Last activity: 1 hour ago

ARN: arn:aws:iam::866756323262:role/CloudFormationServiceRoleformyTestPipeline

Maximum session duration: 1 hour

Permissions | Trust relationships | Tags | Access Advisor | Revoke sessions

Permissions policies (3) [Info](#)

You can attach up to 10 managed policies.

Filter by Type: All types

Policy name	Type	Attached entities
<input type="checkbox"/> AmazonEC2FullAccess	AWS managed	2
<input type="checkbox"/> AmazonSSMAutomationRole	AWS managed	1
<input type="checkbox"/> IAMFullAccess	AWS managed	1

IAM > Roles > CloudFormationServiceRoleFormyTestPipeline

CloudFormationServiceRoleFormyTestPipeline [Info](#)

Allows EC2 instances to call AWS services on your behalf.

[Delete](#)

Summary [Edit](#)

Creation date	ARN
October 11, 2023, 14:55 (UTC-02:30)	arn:aws:iam::066756323262:role/CloudFormationServiceRoleFormyTestPipeline
Last activity	Maximum session duration
1 hour ago	1 hour

Permissions | **Trust relationships** | Tags | Access Advisor | Revoke sessions

Trusted entities [Edit trust policy](#)

Entities that can assume this role under specified conditions.

```
1 {
2   "Version": "2012-10-17",
3   "Statement": [
4     {
5       "Sid": "",
6       "Effect": "Allow",
7       "Principal": {
8         "Service": "cloudformation.amazonaws.com"
9       },
10      "Action": "sts:AssumeRole"
11    }
12  ]
13 }
```

➔ For the Parameter Overrides from the settings above, I copied the key and value on the cftemplate.

CloudFormation

Stacks

Stack details

Drifts

StackSets

Exports

Designer

Registry

Public extensions

Activated extensions

Publisher

Spotlight

Feedback

CloudFormation > Stacks > testing-manually-cftemplate

Stacks (2)

Filter by stack name

Filter status: Active View nested

Stacks
deployed-using-cicd-pipeline-stack 2023-10-11 15:12:22 UTC-02:30 CREATE_COMPLETE
testing-manually-cftemplate 2023-10-11 11:57:26 UTC-02:30 CREATE_COMPLETE

testing-manually-cftemplate

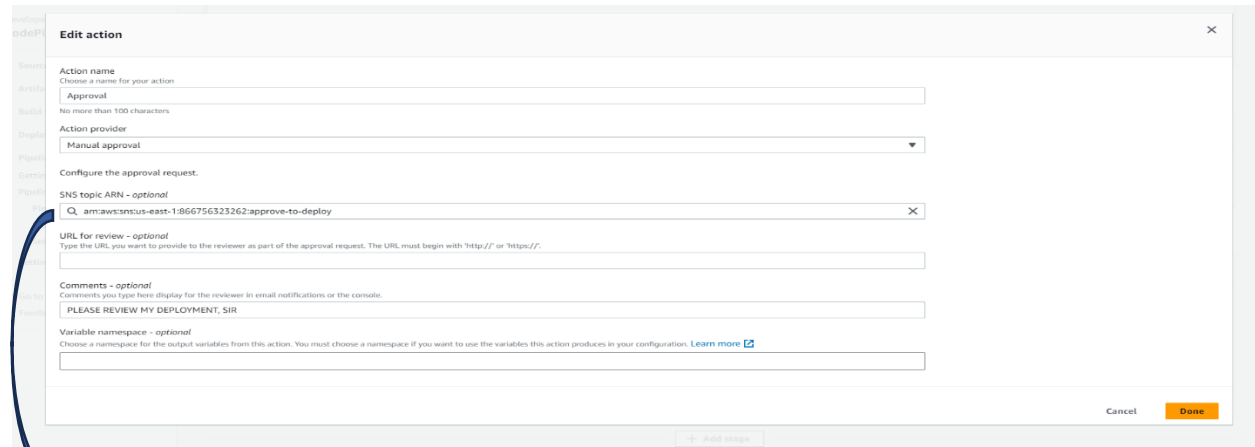
[Delete](#) [Update](#) [Stack actions](#) [Create stack](#)

Stack info | Events | Resources | Outputs | **Parameters** | Template | Change sets

Parameters (4)

Key	Value	Resolved value
ImageId	/aws/service/ami-amazon-linux-latest/amzn2-ami-hvm-x86_64-gp2	ami-0d887a308369b6881
InstanceType	t2.micro	-
KeyName	drekey	-
SSHLocation	0.0.0.0/0	-

Furthermore, on the Deploy stage, the deploy stage was edited to add an “action” for manual approval as shown below.



Edit action

Action name
Choose a name for your action
Approval

Action provider
Manual approval

Configure the approval request.

SNS topic ARN - optional
arn:aws:sns:us-east-1:866756323262:approve-to-deploy

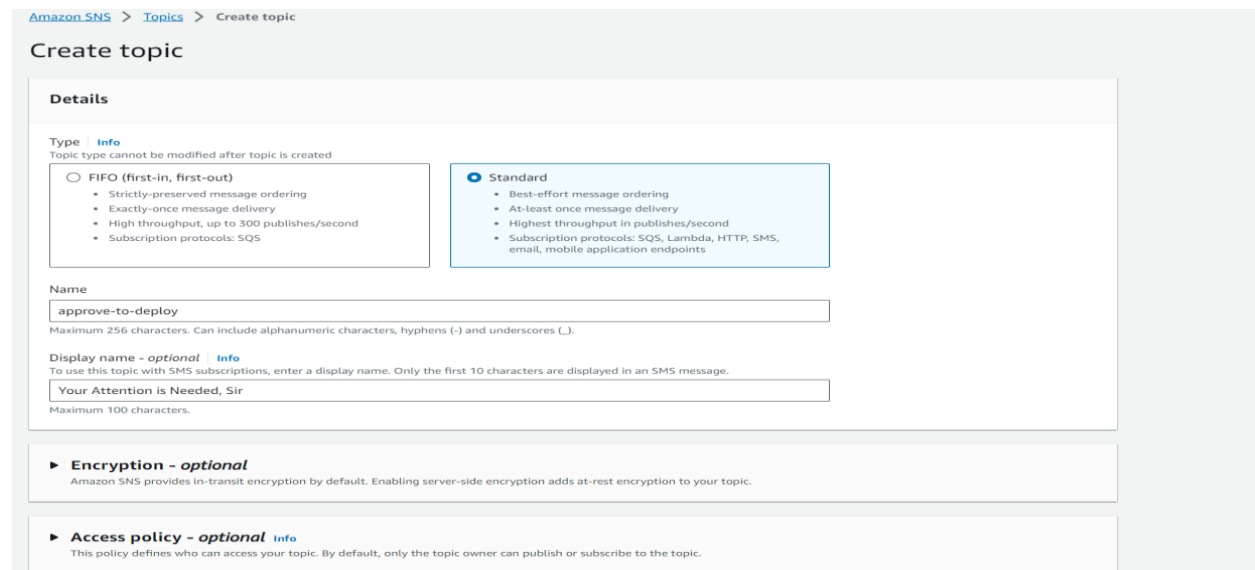
URL for review - optional
Type the URL you want to provide to the reviewer as part of the approval request. The URL must begin with 'http://' or 'https://'.

Comments - optional
Comments you type here display for the reviewer in email notifications or the console.
PLEASE REVIEW MY DEPLOYMENT, SIR

Variable namespace - optional
Choose a namespace for the output variables from this action. You must choose a namespace if you want to use the variables this action produces in your configuration. [Learn more](#)

Cancel Done

SNS topic was created to get the approval notification as shown below.



Amazon SNS > Topics > Create topic

Create topic

Details

Type **Info**
Topic type cannot be modified after topic is created

☐ FIFO (first-in, first-out)
• Strictly-preserved message ordering
• Exactly-once message delivery
• High throughput, up to 300 publishes/second
• Subscription protocols: SQS

☒ Standard
• Best-effort message ordering
• At-least once message delivery
• Highest throughput in publishes/second
• Subscription protocols: SQS, Lambda, HTTP, SMS, email, mobile application endpoints

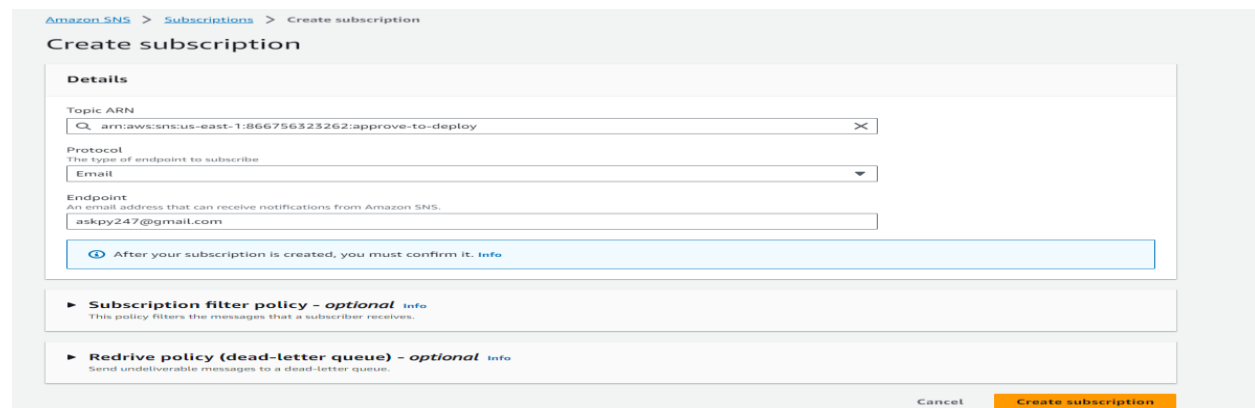
Name
approve-to-deploy
Maximum 256 characters. Can include alphanumeric characters, hyphens (-) and underscores (_).

Display name - optional **Info**
To use this topic with SMS subscriptions, enter a display name. Only the first 10 characters are displayed in an SMS message.
Your Attention is Needed, Sir
Maximum 100 characters.

► **Encryption - optional**
Amazon SNS provides in-transit encryption by default. Enabling server-side encryption adds at-rest encryption to your topic.

► **Access policy - optional** **Info**
This policy defines who can access your topic. By default, only the topic owner can publish or subscribe to the topic.

Cancel Create subscription



Amazon SNS > Subscriptions > Create subscription

Create subscription

Details

Topic ARN
arn:aws:sns:us-east-1:866756323262:approve-to-deploy

Protocol
The type of endpoint to subscribe
Email

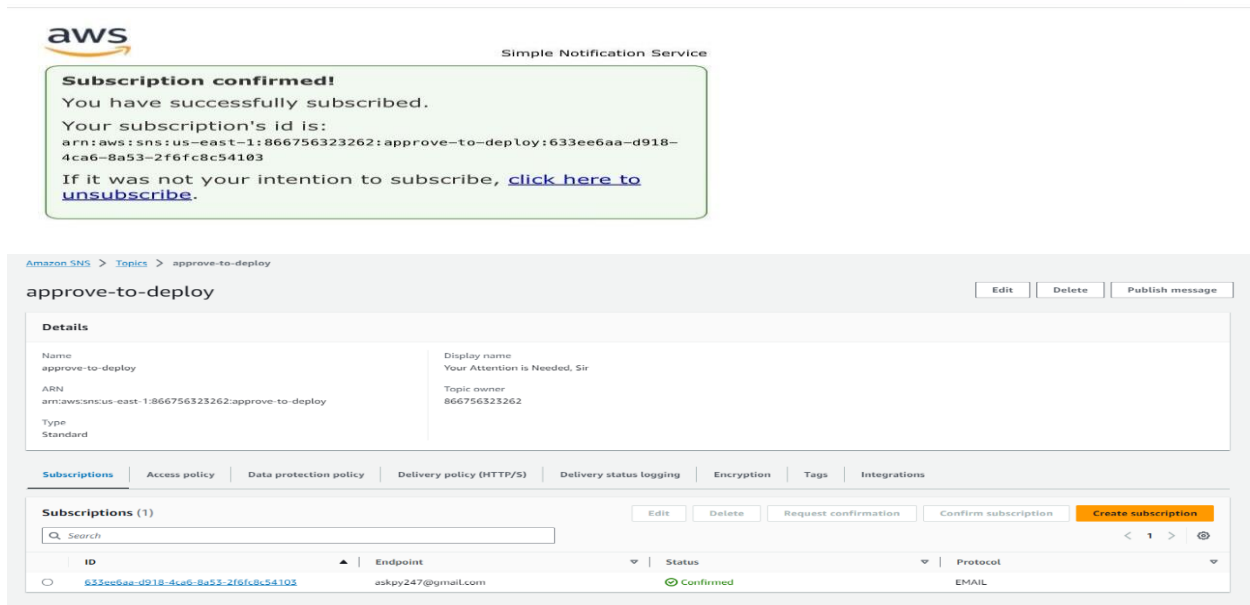
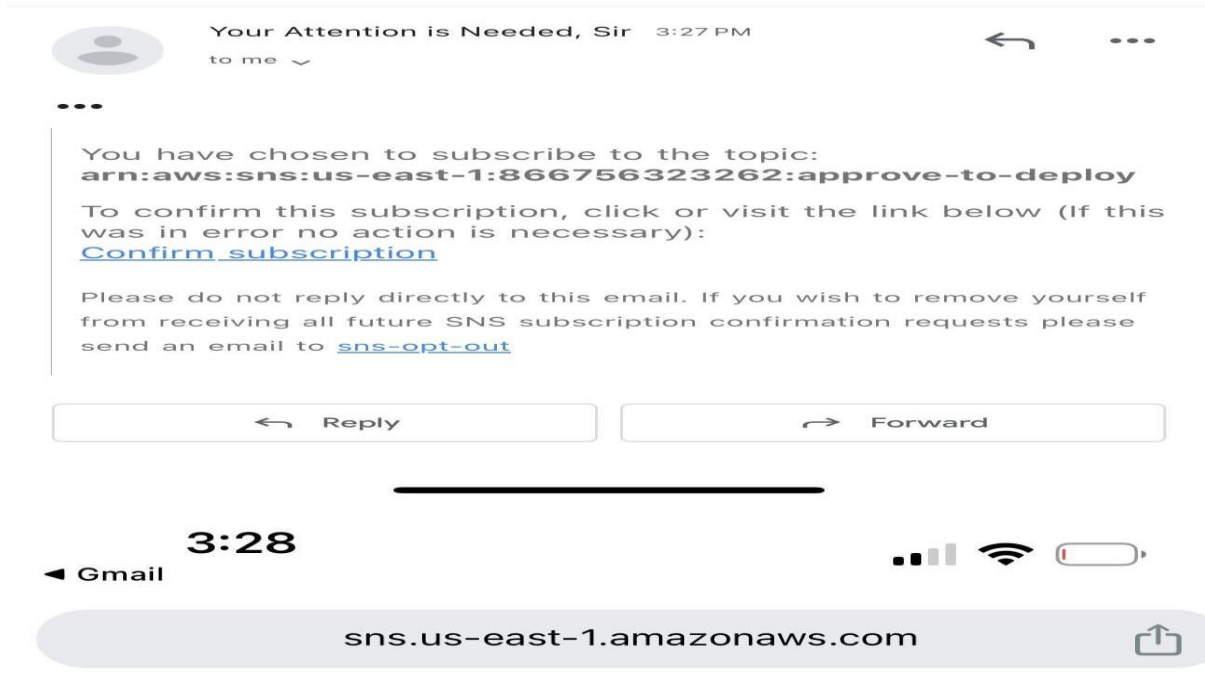
Endpoint
An email address that can receive notifications from Amazon SNS.
askpy247@gmail.com

After your subscription is created, you must confirm it. **Info**

► **Subscription filter policy - optional** **Info**
This policy filters the messages that a subscriber receives.

► **Redrive policy (dead-letter queue) - optional** **Info**
Send undeliverable messages to a dead-letter queue.

Cancel Create subscription



Edit action

Action name

Choose a name for your action

DeployToProd

No more than 100 characters

Action provider

AWS CloudFormation

Region

US West (N. California)

Input artifacts

Choose an input artifact for this action. [Learn more](#)

BuildArtifact

Add

No more than 100 characters

Action mode

When you update an existing stack, the update is permanent. When you use a change set, the result provides a diff of the updated stack and the original stack before you choose to execute the change.

Create or update a stack

Stack name

If you are updating an existing stack, choose the stack name.

Q deployed-to-prod-using-cicdlepline-stackX

Template

Specify the template you uploaded to your source location.

Artifact name

BuildArtifact

File name

output-ctemplate.yml

Template file path

BuildArtifact:output-ctemplate.yml

Template configuration - optional

Specify the configuration file you uploaded to your source location.

☒ Use configuration file

Template configuration - optional

Specify the configuration file you uploaded to your source location.

☒ Use configuration file

Artifact name

File name

Template configuration file path

Capabilities - optional

Specify whether you want to allow AWS CloudFormation to create IAM resources on your behalf.

CAPABILITY_IAMX

Role name

Q arn:aws:iam::866756323262:role/CloudFormationServiceRoleformyTestPipelineX

Output file name

File generated by this action

Advanced

Parameter overrides

("KeyName": "dreCalifornia")

{ "parameterName": "value" }

Variable namespace - optional

Choose a namespace for the output variables from this action. You must choose a namespace if you want to use the variables this action produces in your configuration. [Learn more](#)

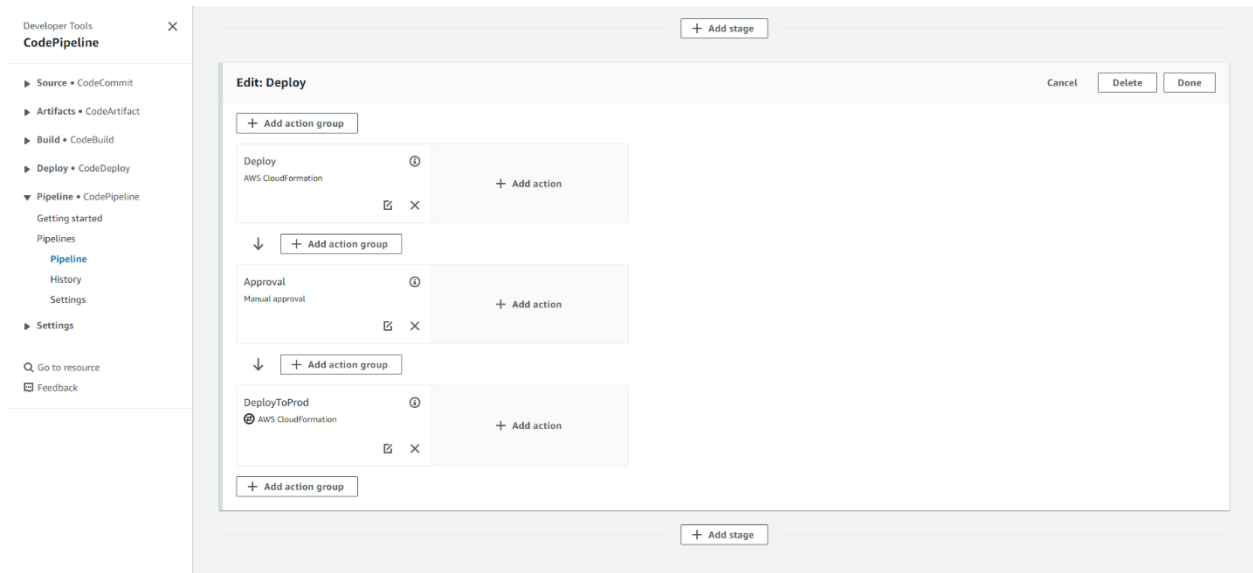
Output artifacts

Choose a name for the output of this action.

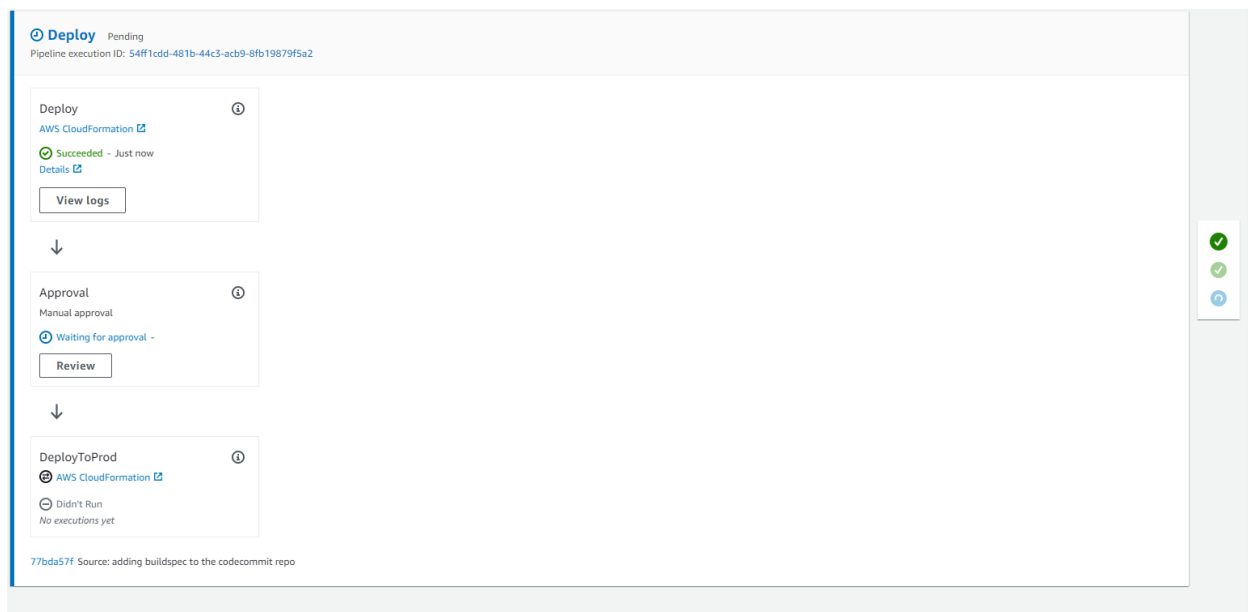
No more than 100 characters

Cancel

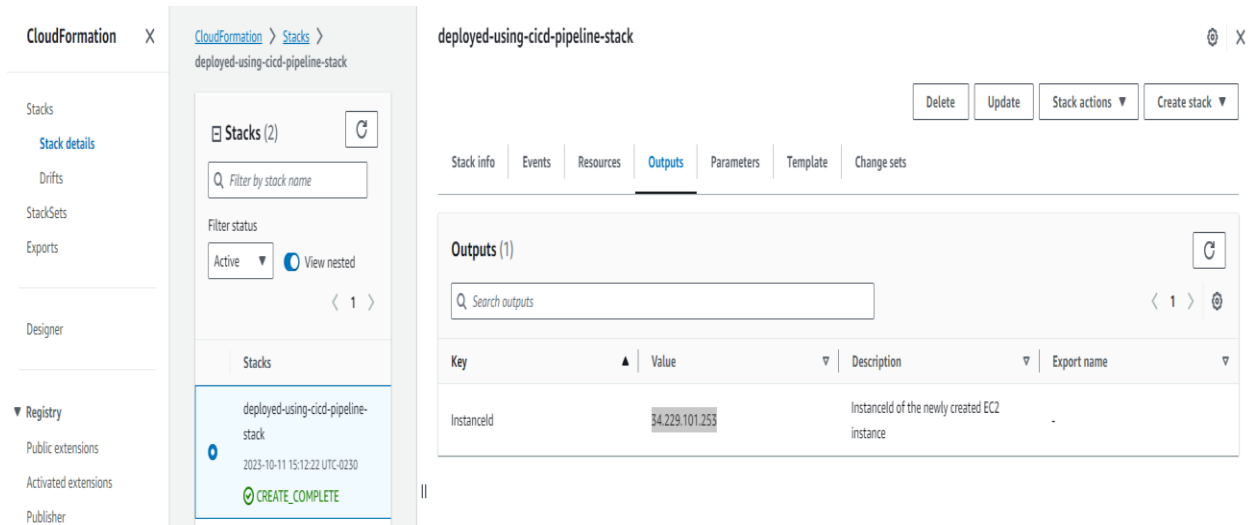
Done



I saved the actions above and released change.



It was successfully deployed in the Test Environment. I copied the IP address from the stack created in Cloudformation and tested in a browser as shown below.



The screenshot shows the AWS CloudFormation console. On the left, the 'Stacks' section is expanded, showing a list of stacks. The stack 'deployed-using-cicd-pipeline-stack' is selected, and its status is 'CREATE_COMPLETE'. The main panel shows the 'Outputs' tab for this stack. The output table has one entry:

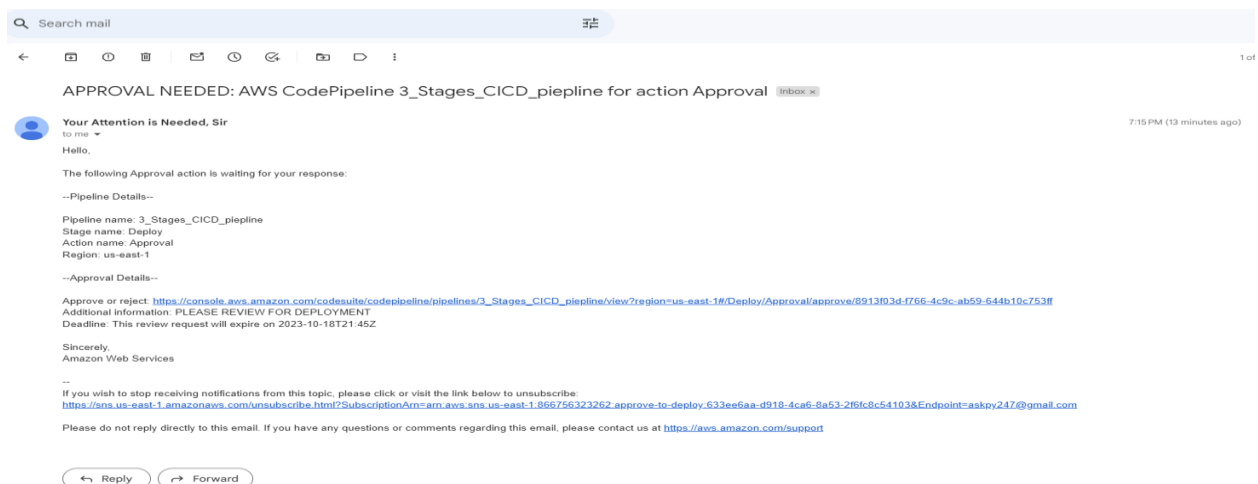
Key	Value	Description	Export name
Instanceid	34.229.101.253	Instanceid of the newly created EC2 instance	-

It works good in the Test Environment “us-east-1” region.



The screenshot shows a web browser window. The address bar displays 'Not secure | 34.229.101.253'. Below the address bar, there are links for Gmail, YouTube, and Maps. The main content area displays 'Hello AGHOGHO in us-east-1'.

I got a notification from SNS to manual review and approve the deployment to the Production Environment as shown below.



The screenshot shows an email notification from Amazon Web Services. The subject is 'APPROVAL NEEDED: AWS CodePipeline 3_Stage_CICD_pipeline for action Approval'. The email body contains details about the pipeline, stage, and action, and a link to approve or reject the deployment.

APPROVAL NEEDED: AWS CodePipeline 3_Stage_CICD_pipeline for action Approval

Your Attention is Needed, Sir

Hello,

The following Approval action is waiting for your response:

--Pipeline Details--

Pipeline name: 3_Stage_CICD_pipeline
Stage name: Deploy
Action name: Approval
Region: us-east-1

--Approval Details--

Approve or reject: https://console.aws.amazon.com/codepipeline/codepipeline/pipelines/3_Stage_CICD_pipeline/view?region=us-east-1#/Deploy/Approval/approve/8913f03d-f766-4c9c-ab59-644b10c753ff

Additional information: PLEASE REVIEW FOR DEPLOYMENT
Deadline: This review request will expire on 2023-10-18T21:45Z

Sincerely,
Amazon Web Services

If you wish to stop receiving notifications from this topic, please click or visit the link below to unsubscribe:
<https://sns.us-east-1.amazonaws.com/unsubscribe.html?SubscriptionArn=arn:aws:sns:us-east-1:866756323262:approve-to-deploy:633ee6aa-d918-4ca6-8a53-2f6fc8c54103&Endpoint=askpy247@gmail.com>

Please do not reply directly to this email. If you have any questions or comments regarding this email, please contact us at <https://aws.amazon.com/support>

Review

Comments about this action

PLEASE REVIEW FOR DEPLOYMENT

URL for review

-

Comments - optional

☒ Preview markdown

[Learn more](#)

This looks good. Good Job, Aghogho.
Approved!

Cancel

Reject

Approve

Immediately, it was approved, it started deployment to the Production Environment.

Deploy

Succeeded

Pipeline execution ID: 54ff1cdd-481b-44c3-acb9-8fb19879f5a2

Deploy

AWS CloudFormation

Succeeded - 17 minutes ago

Details

View logs

↓

Approval

Manual approval

Approved - 2 minutes ago

View details

↓

DeployToProd

AWS CloudFormation

Succeeded - Just now

Details

View logs

77bda57f Source: adding builds spec to the codecommit repo

✓

✓

✓

I confirmed its deployment to the Production Environment by going to the Production Environment Region “us-west-1” and copied the IP address of the output of the stack created in the Cloudformation and pasted it on a browser as shown below.

The screenshot shows the AWS CloudFormation console. On the left, the 'CloudFormation' sidebar is visible with options like 'Stacks', 'Stack details', 'StackSets', 'Exports', 'Designer', 'Registry', 'Public extensions', 'Activated extensions', 'Publisher', 'Spotlight', and 'Feedback'. The main area displays the 'deployed-to-prod-using-cicdpipepline-stack'. The 'Outputs' tab is selected, showing a table with one output:

Key	Value	Description	Export name
InstanceId	13.57.32.93	Instanceid of the newly created EC2 instance	-

It works fine in the Production Environment.

The screenshot shows a web browser address bar. The address is '13.57.32.93'. The browser's security status is 'Not secure'. Below the address bar, there are links to 'Gmail', 'YouTube', and 'Maps'.

Hello AGHOGHO in us-west-1

Conclusion

I successfully built a three-stages pipeline to deploy an application using CloudFormation as a deploy provider.

