4. Median of Two Sorted Arrays

Given two sorted arrays nums1 and nums2 of size m and n respectively.
Return the median of the two sorted arrays.

Example 1:

```
Input: nums1 = [1,3], nums2 = [2]
Output: 2.00000
Explanation: merged array = [1,2,3] and median is 2.
```

Example 2:

```
Input: nums1 = [1,2], nums2 = [3,4]
Output: 2.50000
Explanation: merged array = [1,2,3,4] and median is (2 + 3) / 2 = 2.5.
```

Example 3:

```
Input: nums1 = [0,0], nums2 = [0,0]
Output: 0.00000
```

Example 4:

```
Input: nums1 = [], nums2 = [1]
Output: 1.00000
```

- 兩個排列好的 array, 只要找到兩個長度相加後中間的 index 就是中間值
    - 注意總長度是奇數 or 偶數, 回傳結果不同

```c
double findMedianSortedArrays(int* nums1, int nums1Size, int* nums2, int
nums2Size)
{
    const bool odd = (nums1Size + nums2Size) & 1;
    const int med_idx = (nums1Size + nums2Size) >> 1;
    double sum[2] = {0};
    int data;


    for (int i = 0; i < (med_idx + 1); ++i) {
        if (nums1Size && nums2Size) {
            if (*nums1 < *nums2) {
                data = *nums1++;
                nums1Size -= 1;
            } else {
                data = *nums2++;
                nums2Size -= 1;
            }
        } else if (nums1Size) {
            data = *nums1++;
        } else {
            data = *nums2++;
        }

        sum[(i == med_idx)] = data;
    }

    return (odd) ? sum[1] : ((sum[0] + sum[1]) / 2);
}
```