# TREE-BASED MULTIPLE IMPUTATION METHODS

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### 1. Motivation

- Parametric MICE methods: conditional models to be specified for *all* variables with missing data
- Still may fail to capture interactive and nonlinear relations among variables as well as non-standard distributions
- Tree-based methods *automatically* capture interactions, nonlinear relations, and complex distributions with no parametric assumptions or data transformations needed (Burgette & Reiter 2010)
- Implementation in R: *mice* and *miceRanger* packages

## 2. Tree-based methods

Classification and regression trees (CART):

- seek to approximate conditional distribution of univariate outcome from multiple predictors
- segment predictor space into non-overlapping regions with relatively homogeneous outcomes
- segments found by recursive binary splits of predictors
- prediction for observations that fall into the same region is mean (or mode) of response values for training observations in region
- may be very non-robust and have lower predictive accuracy

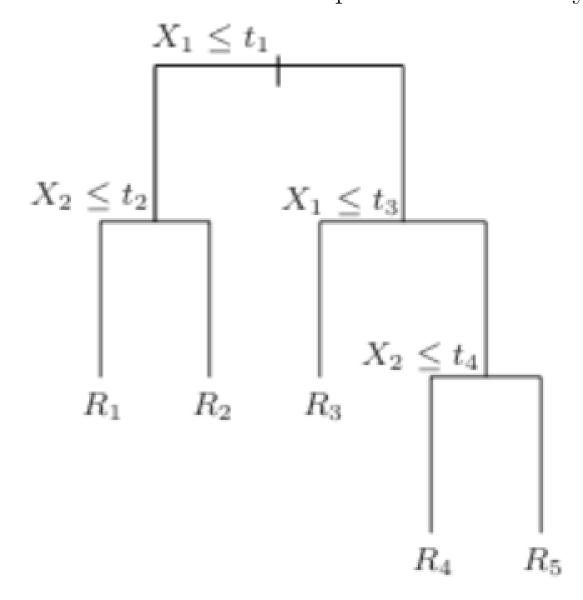


Fig. 1: Example of tree structure. Source: Hastie et al. (2009)

#### Random forest:

- ensemble method that addresses non-robustness and low predictive accuracy
- ullet average predictions from B non-pruned trees constructed using B bootstrapped training sets
- decorrelates trees by performing each split on randomly chosen subset of predictors

## 3. Imputation algorithm

### 4-steps algorithm:

- 1. Initial values for the missing values filled in as follows:
- (a) Define a matrix Z equal to  $Y_c$
- (b) Impute missing values in  $Y_i$ , where  $i = 1, ...p_1$ , using tree-based method on Z and append the completed version of  $Y_i$  to Z prior to incrementing i

- 2. Replace the originally missing values of  $Y_i$ , where  $i = 1, ...p_1$ , with tree-based methods on  $Y_i$
- 3. Repeat l times step 2
- 4. Repeat steps 1-3 m times and obtain m imputed sets.

## 4. Comparison mice/miceRanger packages

- both implement van Buuren's multivariate imputation by chained equations
- mice supports variety of imputation methods, miceRanger only random forest
- *mice* uses common R packages *rpart* and *randomForest* to implement tree based imputation methods (van Buuren 2023)
- *miceRanger* uses the *ranger* package instead, which claims to be faster and more efficient with medium and large data sets (Wilson 2022)
  - ⇒ core functions written in C++ (faster than R, compiled vs. interpreted code) (Wright & Ziegler 2017)
- $\Rightarrow$  lacks pooling function

## 5. Empirical simulation study

#### Empirical data set:

• RAND's Health Insurance Experiment: n = 20185, k = 46

#### Missing data mechanisms:

- p=25% and 50%
- MAR with  $\rho = 0, \tau = 0$ :  $P(mdvis\_miss \mid xage < 25) = p,$   $P(mdvis\_miss \mid mhi > 74) = p$
- MCAR:  $P(income\_miss) = p$ ,  $P(educdec\_miss) = p$

Monte Carlo simulation: R = 1000, M = 5, n = 2000, niter = 10, nrtree = 10

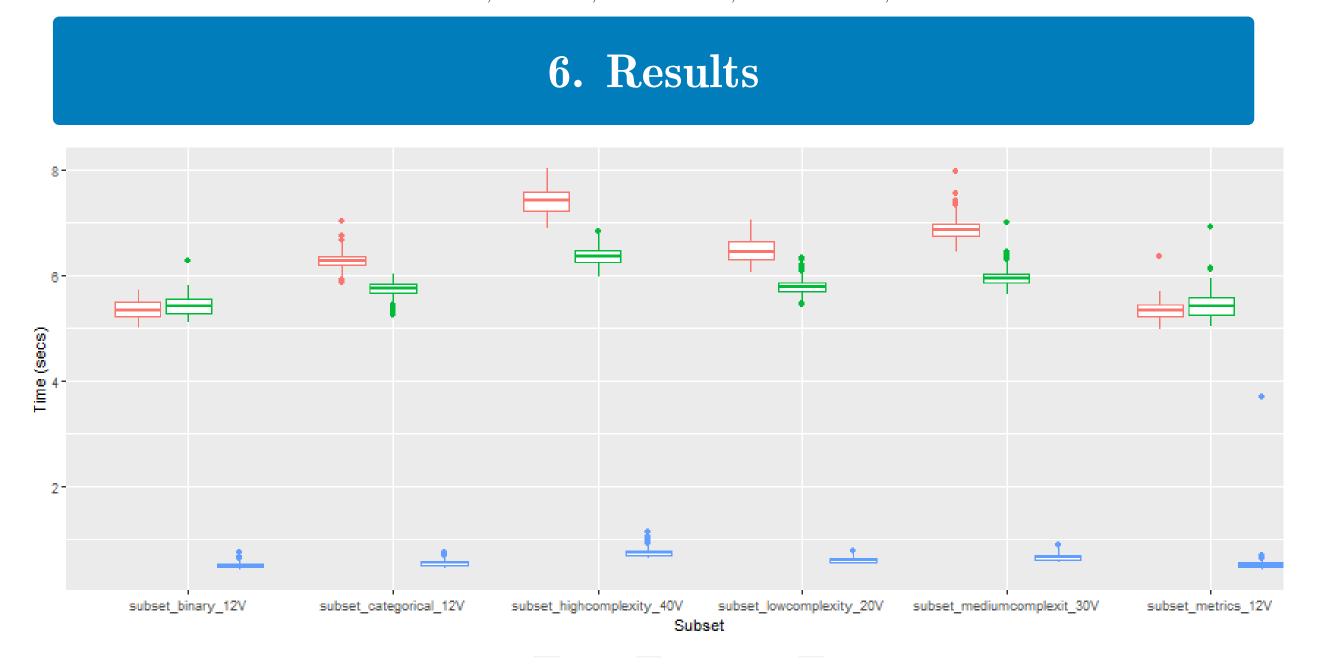


Fig. 2: Imputation Time per Subset per Method

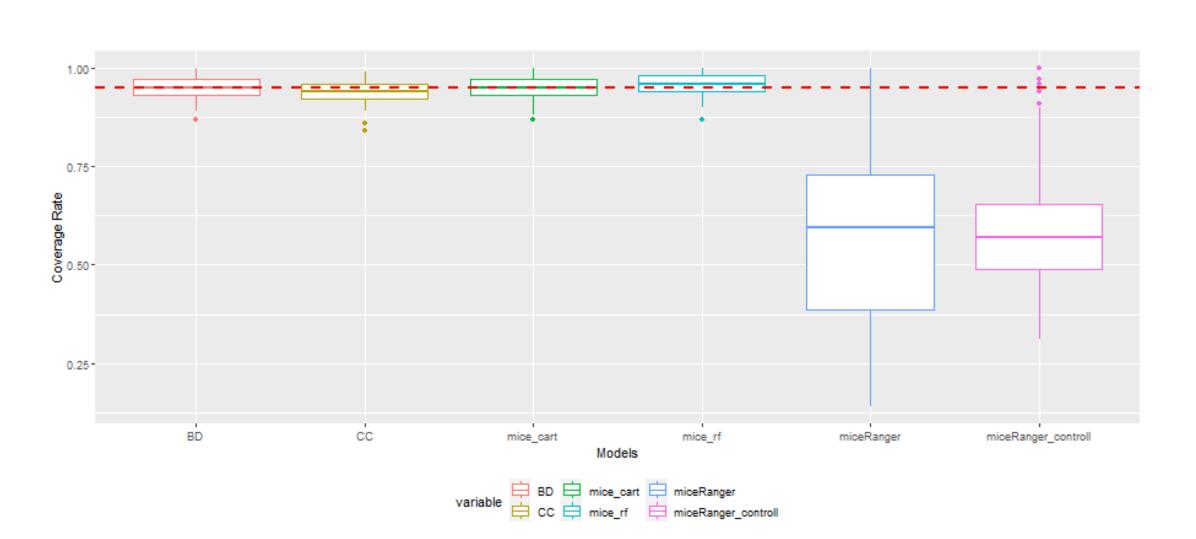


Fig. 3: Boxplot of Coverage Rates by Model

## 7. Conclusion

- *miceRanger* outperforms other random forest imputation methods, working on average approximately ...% faster per simulation cycle
- With changing the variability of data types, miceRanger works on average ...% faster per simulation cycle.
- ullet With changing size of data sets, miceRanger works on average ...% fast per simulation cycle

### References

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