IIS 10 - Import SSL certificate using Powershell - "A specified logon session does not exist"

Asked 1 year, 1 month ago Active 1 year, 1 month ago Viewed 1k times



Importing a .pfx-file to IIS using Powershell is pretty straight forward thanks to guidelines such as this one <u>Use PowerShell to install SSL certificate on IIS</u>. But I do run into an issue when trying to bind port 443 using the imported certificate:



 \star

0

Error: "A specified logon session does not exist. It may already have been terminated. (Exception from HRESULT: 0x80070520)".



This due to "...If you don't already have a cer version, or you do but it includes the private key, enable Allow this certificate to be exported..." (ref. <u>Setup of SharePoint 2013 High-Trust On-premise Add-In Developer / Production environment</u>)

This is how it is set in the GUI



But, looking at the following line in the code which I got from dejanstojanovic.net.

```
pfx.Import($certPath,$certPass,"Exportable,PersistKeySet")
```

it is set to Exportable. Removing PersistKeyset does not make a difference. So what could causing this?

- 1. The script is not able to set it to Exportable as in the GUI "Allow this certificate to be exported"
- 2. ...I'm all out of options...

Update

I did tweak the code a bit, using constants and such, but still same issue

Join Stack Overflow to learn, share knowledge, and build your career.

Sign up

```
$KeyStorageFlags =
[System.Security.Cryptography.X509Certificates.X509KeyStorageFlags]::Exportable -bxor
[System.Security.Cryptography.X509Certificates.X509KeyStorageFlags]::PersistKeySet
$pfx.Import($certPath,$certPass,$KeyStorageFlags)
$store = New-Object
System.Security.Cryptography.X509Certificates.X509Store("WebHosting","LocalMachine")
$store.Open([System.Security.Cryptography.X509Certificates.OpenFlags]::ReadWrite)
$store.Add($pfx)
$store.Close()
$store.Dispose()
```

powershell ssl iis

Follow

Share Improve this question

edited Dec 1 '19 at 20:04

***** rhellem **** 619 • 1 • 8 • 19

asked Dec 1 '19 at 17:28

Have you tried to clear it from both IIS and your certificate store. Then import it into private store.

Tried that now, but made no difference. Did select "WebHosting" since I thought it did *sound* more correct for my use, but reading <u>stackoverflow.com/questions/26681192/...</u> I realize that Personal is the one to use for my scenario — <u>rhellem</u> Dec 2 '19 at 10:45

Store.MY? Then go to IIS binding and select the certificate directly? – Jokies Ding Dec 2 '19 at 9:25

Have you tried to grant administrators group with full control permission to access machinekey. <u>blogs.msdn.microsoft.com/kaushal/2012/10/07/...</u> – Jokies Ding Dec 3 '19 at 1:33

Able to resolve this ever? I am facing same issue. :(- Dev G Apr 28 '20 at 23:02

@DevG - No, sorry. Actually I gave up, since using https did require changes to...web.config (?) ... for all applications, so for now still using http://. So https did never become a requirement, my task was only to move apps from Win 2008 to Win 2016, and to ignore the fact that we still not use https:-) – rhellem Apr 30 '20 at 6:05

Join Stack Overflow to learn, share knowledge, and build your career.

Sign up