#### **Study Proposal**

# Unravel the dom pathway associated with recurrent in Acute Myeloid Leukemia

#### **Group Members**

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Yahya Awaad

### Main Points

- Introduction
- Aim of the work
- Methodology
- Initial Results

# Introduction

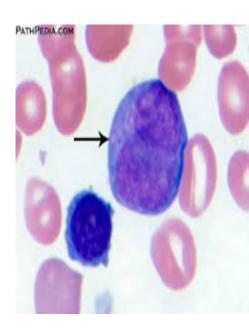
# **AML**

Acute myeloid leukemia (AML) is a malignant clonal hematopoietic stem cell disorder of the bone marrow characterized by the presence of more than 20% blasts in the bone marrow.

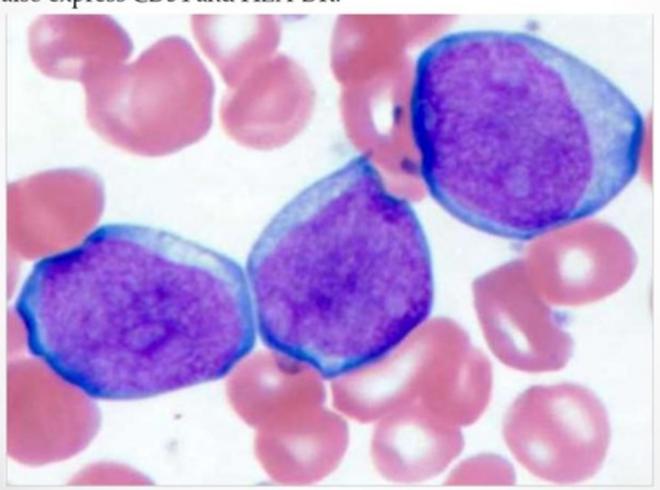
The underlying **pathophysiology** in AML consists of a maturational arrest of bone marrow cells in the earliest stages of development.

The **symptoms** of AML result from bone marrow failure such as anemia and thrombocytopenia and/or symptoms resulting from organ infiltration with leukemic cells and/or such as lymphadenitis.

**Risk factors**: antecedent hematologic disorders, familial syndromes, environmental exposures, and drug exposures. However, most patients who present with de novo AML have no identifiable risk factor.



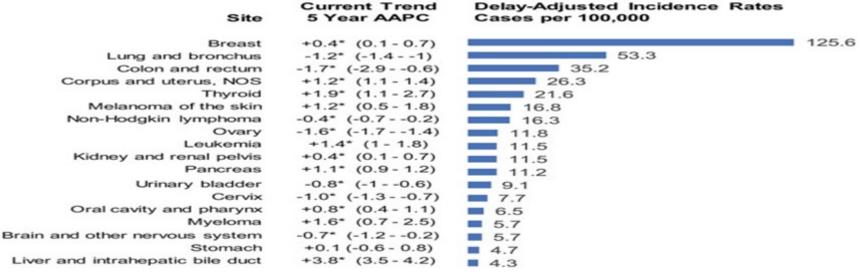
[ACUTE MYELOGENOUS LEUKEMIA, M1, BLOOD]. The defining feature of a myeloblast is fine nuclear chromatin and scant to moderate amount of cytoplasm. Note that myeloblasts may not show any cytoplasmic granules or Auer rods as in this case. The correct identification rests upon immunophenotyping which shows expression of myelomonocytic antigens such as CD13, CD15, CD33, CD117, and myeloperoxidase. The blasts generally also express CD34 and HLA-DR.



#### Male

Site	Current Trend 5 Year AAPC	Delay-Adjusted Incidence Rates Cases per 100,000	
Prostate	-7.6* (-10.54.7)		118.2
Lung and bronchus	-2.4* (-2.82.0)	73.2	
Colon and rectum	-1.9* (-3.20.6)	46.5	
Urinary bladder	-0.8* (-1.00.7)	36.8	
Melanoma of the skin	+2.3* (2.0 - 2.6)	27.4	
Non-Hodgkin lymphoma	-0.2 (-0.5 - 0.1)	23.7	
Kidney and renal pelvis	+1.1* (0.5 - 1.8)	22.3	
Leukemia	+1.6* (1.1 - 2.1)	19.0	
Oral cavity and pharynx	+1.3* (1.0 - 1.6)	17.7	
Pancreas	+1.0* (1.0 - 1.1)	14.5	
Liver and intrahepatic bile duct	+2.8* (2.0 - 3.6)	12.5	
Stomach	-0.3 (-0.7 - 0.1)	9.4	
Myeloma	+2.5* (2.0 - 3.0)	8.7	
Esophagus	-1.6* (-2.31.0)	8.1	
Brain and other nervous system	-0.2* (-0.30.1)	7.9	
Thyroid	+2.4* (1.3 - 3.5)	7.3	
Larynx	-2.3* (-2.42.1)	6.1	

#### Female



# Diagnosis of AML

- Blood tests
- Bone marrow aspiration and biopsy
- Analysis of genetic abnormalities
- Diagnostic imaging.
- Immunophenotyping
- Molecular analysis

# WHO classification of AML

- 1. Acute myeloid leukemia with recurrent genetic abnormalities
- 2. Acute myeloid leukemia with multilineage dysplasia
- 3. AMI and MDS therapy related (alkylating agents, topoisomerase II inhibitor...etc.
- 4. AMI not otherwise categorized

# Risk stratification for AML patients on the basis of genetic abnormalities (ELN guidelines, 2017).

- Genetic abnormalities with favorable risk are as follows:
- t(8;21)(q22;q22.1); RUNX1-RUNX1T1
- inv(16)(p13.1q22) or t(16;16)(p13.1;q22); CBFB-MYH11
- Mutated NPM1 and Biallelic mutated CEBPA

#### Genetic abnormalities with intermediate risk are as follows:

- Mutated NPM1 and high allelic ratio (≥0.5) FLT3-ITD
- Wild-type NPM1 without FLT3-ITD or with low allelic ratio FLT3-ITD
- t(9;11)(p21.3;q23.3); MLLT3-KMT2A

#### Genetic abnormalities with adverse risk are as follows:

- t(6;9)(p23;q34.1); DEK- NUP214
- t(v;11q23.3); KMT2A rearranged
- t(9;22)(q34.1;q11.2); BCR- ABL1
- inv(3)(q21.3q26.2) or t(3;3)(q21.3;q26.2); GATA2, MECOM(EVI1)
- -5 or del(5q); -7; -17/abn(17p)
- Complex karyotype or monosomal karyotype
- Wild-type NPM1 and high allelic ratio FLT3-ITD
- Mutated RUNX1, Mutated ASXL1 and Mutated TP53

# **AML** prognosis

 Seven genes were associated with prognosis: CD34, RHOC, SCRN1, F2RL1, FAM92A1, MIR155HG, and VWA8. The fewer the genes with high expression, the better the prognosis (Marcucci et al., 2014).

The five-year survival rate for AML is 26.9 percent.

# What is Relapse

- AML may have successfully completed treatment.
- However, as can happen sometimes, the leukaemia has returned.
- When the levels of leukaemic cells have risen beyond those considered remission (when all tests show absence of leukaemia), this is called a relapse or recurrence of leukaemia.

# **Observation (Research Question)**

- AML relapse affects about 50% of all patients who achieved remission after initial treatment, and can occur several months to several years after treatment.
- AML may have relapsed due to a variety of factors.
- One of these factors is the resistant to treatment due to genetic variation or genetics dysfunction.

# **Hypothesis**

There are significant pathways associated with recurrence of Acute Myeloid Leukemia.

# **Objective**

- Understanding the downstream pathways associated with the recurrence of Acute Myeloid Leukemia

# To achieve the goal of this study

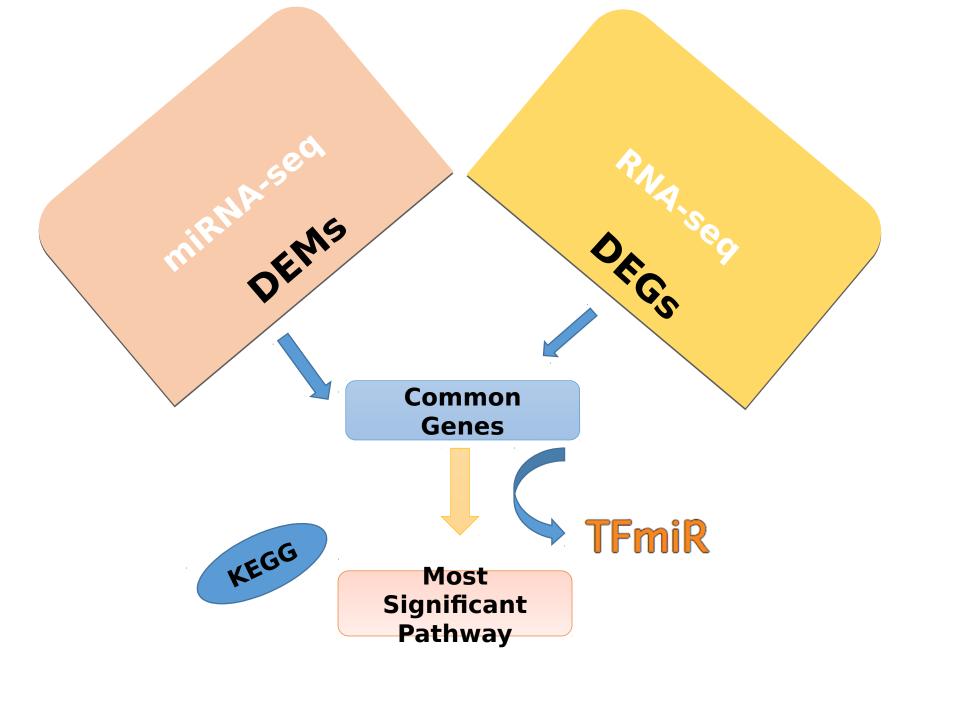
- We will study differential miRNA expression, and RNAseq, in Acute Myeloid Leukemia patients (Primary tumors and recurrent).
- Integrate the data generated from previous step by using appropriate tools to find the significant pathway associated with recurrence of AML.

# Methodology

# Sample selection

Download all dataset of AML tumours

		Recurrence from bone marrow
miRNA data set	255 cases	42 cases
RNA seq Data set	119	40



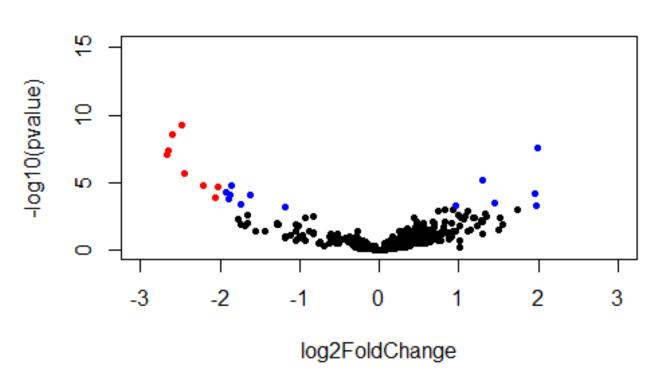
# **Initial Results**

# 25 miRNA significant with adjusted pvalue < 0.05 and log2(2)

	baseMear	log2FoldC	lfcSE	stat	pvalue	padj
hsa-mir-7641-1	29.44508	6.056714	0.749604	8.079884	6.48E-16	4.21E-13
hsa-mir-7641-2	19.67615	6.046636	0.859949	7.031389	2.04E-12	6.64E-10
hsa-mir-379	724.5316	-2.49193	0.401101	-6.21274	5.21E-10	1.13E-07
hsa-mir-410	27.07937	-2.60019	0.436378	-5.95858	2.54E-09	4.13E-07
hsa-mir-4449	78.50451	1.982652	0.356968	5.554147	2.79E-08	3.62E-06
hsa-mir-381	60.85513	-2.65927	0.483549	-5.49949	3.81E-08	4.12E-06
hsa-mir-889	30.34589	-2.67544	0.49928	-5.35861	8.39E-08	7.78E-06
hsa-mir-411	7.039928	-2.4465	0.513097	-4.76811	1.86E-06	0.000150859
hsa-let-7b	95696.49	1.294539	0.285683	4.531388	5.86E-06	0.000422552
hsa-mir-127	455.8992	-1.86616	0.430907	-4.33078	1.49E-05	0.000964299
hsa-mir-136	13.80084	-2.21771	0.515128	-4.30516	1.67E-05	0.00098449
hsa-mir-758	31.71836	-2.03499	0.477033	-4.26592	1.99E-05	0.00107667
hsa-mir-337	15.60307	-1.93071	0.472792	-4.08364	4.43E-05	0.002213414
hsa-mir-509-3	4.784286	1.960953	0.486822	4.028068	5.62E-05	0.002606995
hsa-mir-452	83.11318	-1.87181	0.472097	-3.96487	7.34E-05	0.003177268
hsa-mir-153-1	22.30786	-1.62671	0.413735	-3.93178	8.43E-05	0.003420181
hsa-mir-496	3.283908	-2.06029	0.533034	-3.86522	0.000111	0.004237153
hsa-mir-369	12.18659	-1.89127	0.500092	-3.78186	0.000156	0.005612506
hsa-mir-6718	329.5474	1.452101	0.403388	3.599761	0.000319	0.010879611
hsa-mir-495	8.484046	-1.74767	0.488317	-3.57896	0.000345	0.011193891
hsa-mir-3115	5.312561	1.967197	0.567818	3.464487	0.000531	0.015671685
hsa-mir-455	46.60818	-1.18994	0.349556	-3.40414	0.000664	0.018728924
hsa-mir-509-1	5.279913	1.728134	0.522452	3.307739	0.000941	0.025115355
hsa-mir-182	14381.47	1.110066	0.339192	3.27268	0.001065	0.02560739
hsa-mir-612	3.39427	1.326661	0.424311	3.126621	0.001768	0.039572839

### miRNA-seq Volcano plot

### Volcano plot

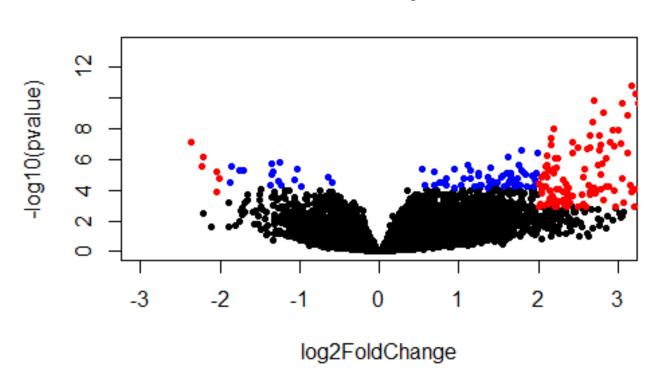


# 352 RNA gene significant with adjusted P value < 0.05 and log2(2)

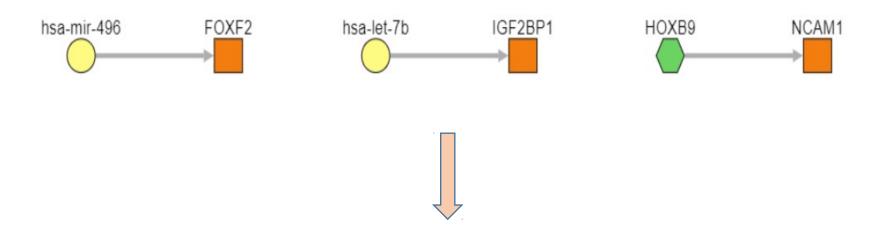
		baseMear	log2FoldC	lfcSE	stat	pvalue	padj
1	COL6A6	115.6411	3.700412	0.489899	7.553414	4.24E-14	9.01E-10
2	DNAH8	113.0436	3.559166	0.483842	7.356047	1.89E-13	2.01E-09
3	SOX11	49.19598	3.171394	0.471591	6.724875	1.76E-11	1.25E-07
4	SLC13A3	64.07639	3.226491	0.493207	6.541858	6.08E-11	3.23E-07
5	DSC3	27.03315		0.759013	6.463473	1.02E-10	4.35E-07
6	DPEP3	259.4182	2.696767	0.42169		1.60E-10	5.68E-07
	DOK6	66.56734	3.249592	0.5127	6.338187	2.32E-10	6.40E-07
	PBX1	328.5789	3.04633	0.481053	6.332629	2.41E-10	6.40E-07
	MYCT1	146.3447	3.747975	0.60289		5.08E-10	1.20E-06
	COL6A5	111.1015		0.583422	6.179367	6.44E-10	1.37E-06
	GREB1			0.460422	6.127982	8.90E-10	1.72E-06
	C2orf66	54.78546		0.513154		1.28E-09	2.09E-06
	GABRE	109.2002	3.995801	0.657806	6.074433	1.24E-09	2.09E-06
	HIF3A	74.26774	2.676317	0.454649	5.88655	3.94E-09	5.99E-06
	COL11A1	45.80198		0.72102	5.805189	6.43E-09	9.11E-06
	PRSS2	186.2395	3.673364	0.638536		8.78E-09	1.17E-05
	GPM6B	713.3656		0.382835	5.721448	1.06E-08	1.32E-05
	LOC33926			0.514872	5.697192	1.22E-08	1.39E-05
	MYO3B	34.88362	2.992778	0.525862	5.691186	1.26E-08	1.39E-05
	POU4F1	1422.572	3.584585	0.630526	5.685075	1.31E-08	1.39E-05
	CGA	28.01071		0.846405	5.623048	1.88E-08	
	MEG3	377.998	4.759376 2.763813		5.553254		1.90E-05
				0.497693		2.80E-08	2.71E-05
	KIAA1210	10.0667	2.650384	0.478625	5.537496	3.07E-08	2.84E-05
	TCF23	11.73652		0.391969		4.15E-08	3.68E-05
_	ST6GAL2	41.3135	2.89709	0.537394		7.01E-08	5.96E-05
	TNFRSF19	104.0592	-2.36743	0.440178	-5.37834	7.52E-08	6.15E-05
	CDC42BPA		2.428003	0.453123	5.358379	8.40E-08	6.61E-05
	PADI3	20.09387	3.035836	0.56939		9.73E-08	7.39E-05
	CATSPERB	13.50521	2.1535	0.405383		1.08E-07	7.67E-05
	CLEC2L		2.788574		5.31625	1.06E-07	7.67E-05
	RNF182	295.6891	2.957155	0.561674	5.26489	1.40E-07	9.51E-05
	ROBO2	61.63967	4.368174	0.830271	5.261144	1.43E-07	9.51E-05
	SUTRK5	124.4172	2.647307	0.504862	5.243627	1.57E-07	0.000101
	SHROOM:	13.69313	2.496943	0.47836	5.219804	1.79E-07	0.000112
	ROBO1	400.1422	2.607243	0.503427	5.17899	2.23E-07	0.000135
	ANKRD18F		2.76872	0.53833	5.143165	2.70E-07	0.000155
37	SYT5	27.04488	1.783071	0.346559		2.67E-07	0.000155
38	TEX15	7.935702	3.114595	0.61168	5.091873	3.55E-07	0.000198
	C3orf70	22.73454	1.983509	0.391759	5.063086	4.13E-07	0.000225
40	GAD1	414.9702	2.424851	0.479426	5.057819	4.24E-07	0.000225
41	NLGN1	25.20063	3.353505	0.66527	5.040817	4.64E-07	0.00024
42	HMCN1	16.43089	2.102792	0.419696	5.01028	5.44E-07	0.000275
43	CCL2	629.5979	-2.21857	0.445889	-4.9756	6.50E-07	0.000314
	FREM1	91.15981	3.469913				0.000314
	SERPINI1	262.947			4.968674	6.74E-07	0.000318
	STAC		2.843648			7.84E-07	
	HSPB7		2.199233		4.93314	8.09E-07	0.000366
	KBTBD12	28.76664		0.457198		9.34E-07	0.000300
	MT1H	28.31572	3.71258		4.886731	1.03E-06	
	HLX	4462.382		0.759727	-4.79572		0.000443
JU	I ILA	-1402.302	-1.24301	0.239113	-4.19312	1.02E-00	0.000005

### mRNA-seq Volcano plot

### Volcano plot

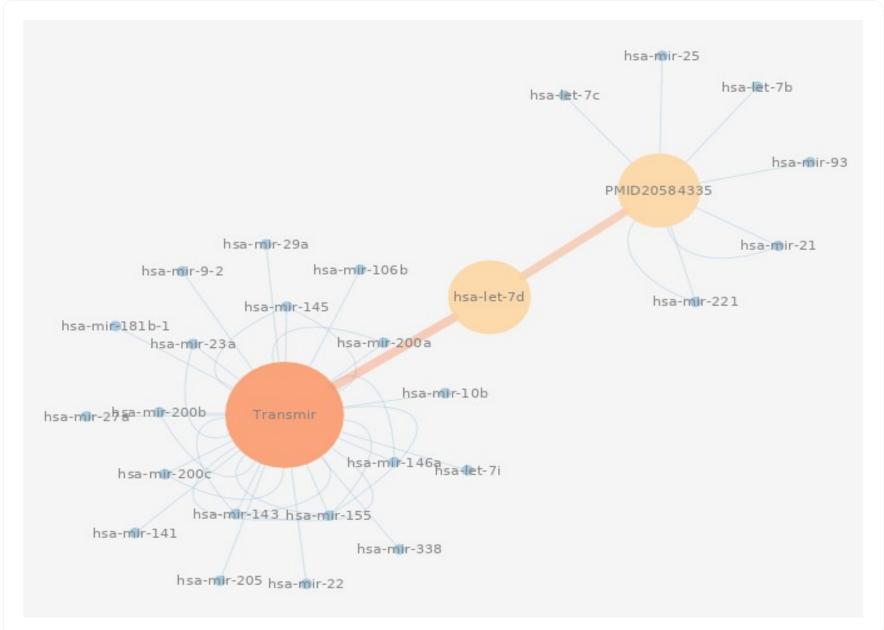


#### **TFmiR**



**IGF2BP1**: Insulin Like Growth Factor 2 MRNA Binding Protein 1 **Its role in AML**: **IGF2BP1** was confirmed to be a novel downstream target of **LIN28B** (Lin-28 Homolog B) via **let-7 miRNA** in **AML**. Notably, over expression of LIN28B increased **tumorigenicity**, while silencing LIN28B led to **slow tumor growth** in vivo.

### Cytoscape



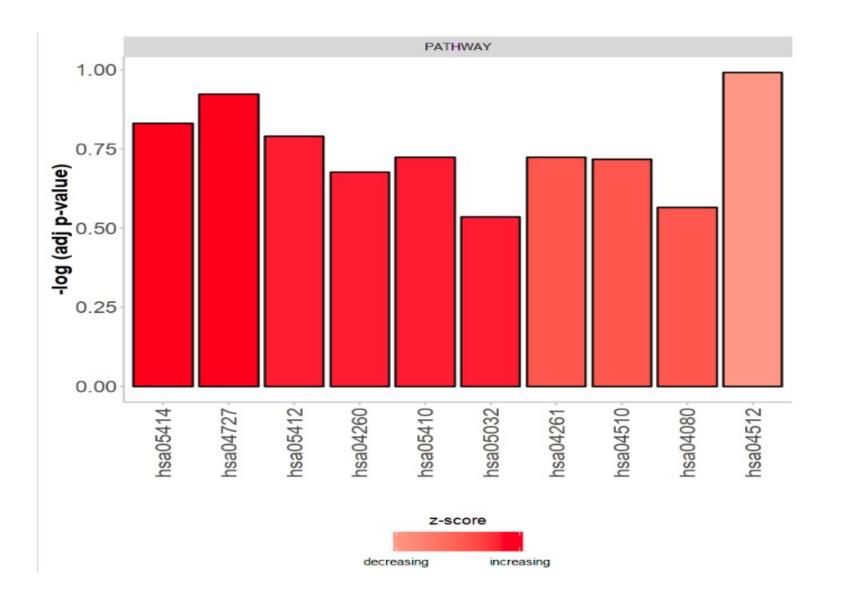
### **TAM**

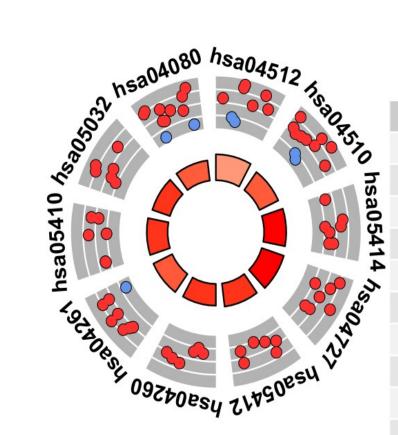
Leukemia, Myeloid, Acute [g Leukemia, Myeloid, Chronic	Leukemia, Myeloid, Acute [details]				
Light-Induced Retinal Injury	hsa-let-7b	hsa-mir-127			
Liver Diseases [unspecific]	hsa-mir-186	hsa-mir-24-1	hsa-mir-203a	hsa-mir-9-1	
Liver Injury [details]	hsa-mir-96	hsa-mir-200c	hsa-mir-124-2	hsa-mir-224	
Lung Fibrosis [details]	hsa-mir-181a-1	hsa-mir-382	hsa-mir-92a-1	hsa-mir-203b	
Lung Injury [unspecific] [det	hsa-mir-125b-1	hsa-let-7d	hsa-mir-378g	hsa-mir-29b-1	
Lung Neoplasms [details]	hsa-mir-361	hsa-mir-199b	hsa-mir-409	hsa-mir-196b	
Lupus Nephritis [details]  Lymphoma [details]	hsa-mir-23b	hsa-mir-7-2	hsa-mir-9-2	hsa-mir-210	
Lymphoma, Large B-Cell, D	hsa-mir-323a	hsa-mir-124-3	hsa-mir-135a-2	hsa-mir-181b-1	
Lymphoma, Primary Effusio	hsa-mir-519c	hsa-mir-155	hsa-mir-181a-2	hsa-mir-7-1	
Macular Degeneration [deta	hsa-mir-19b-1	hsa-mir-128-2	hsa-mir-215	hsa-mir-519a-2	
Malignant Neoplasms [unsp	hsa-mir-655	hsa-mir-1246	hsa-mir-126	hsa-mir-7-3	
Medulloblastoma [details]	hsa-mir-519b	hsa-mir-181c	hsa-mir-3151	hsa-let-7a-3	
Medulloepithelioma [details]	hsa-mir-30c-1	hsa-mir-29b-2	hsa-mir-30a	hsa-mir-335	
Melanoma [details]	hsa-mir-222	hsa-mir-26a-1	hsa-mir-326	hsa-mir-10a	
Multiple Myeloma [details]	hsa-mir-378a	hsa-mir-18a	hsa-mir-204	hsa-mir-15a	
Multiple Sclerosis [details]	nsa-mir-3/8a	nsa-mir-18a	nsa-mir-204	nsa-mir-15a	

Term	miRNA	PMID
Leukemia, Myeloid, Acute	hsa- let-7b	<u>18056805</u> <u>23391324</u> <u>22348345</u>
Leukemia, Myeloid, Acute	hsa- mir- 127	<u>18478077</u>

### **David**

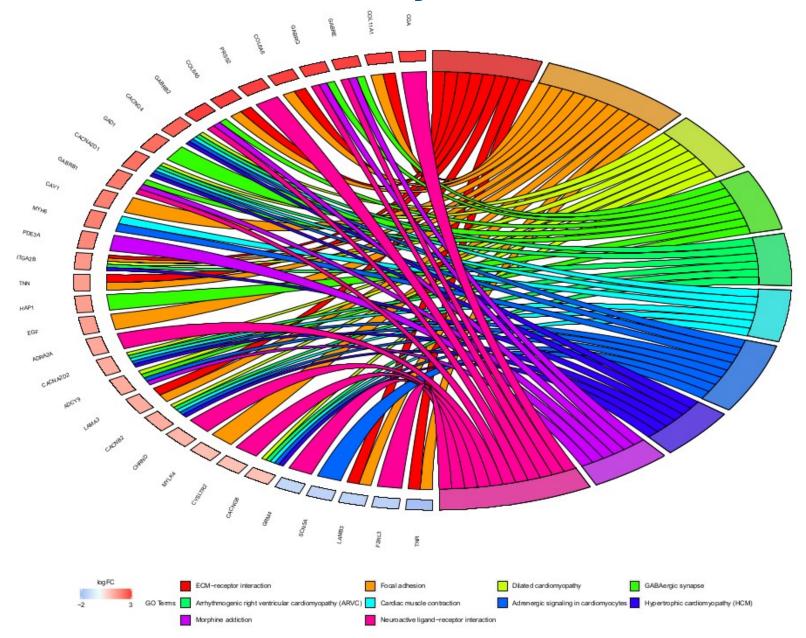
	*** Welco *** If you are looking for <u>DAVI</u>	me to DAVID 6.8 D 6.7, please visit		ent site. ***	
Gene List Manager	Annotation Summa	ary Results			Help and Tool Manual
Select to limit annotations by one or more species <u>Help</u>	Current Gene List: DEGs 41248 DAVID IDs			0	
- Use All Species - Homo sapiens(338) Pan troglodytes(285) Canis lupus familiaris(277) Select Species	Current Background: Hom  ■ Disease (0 selected)  ■ Functional_Categories (0 selected)  ■ Gene_Ontology (0 selected)  ■ General_Annotations (0 selected)  ■ Literature (0 selected)  ■ Main_Accessions (0 selected)	elected)	Check Def	aults 🗆	Clear All
List Manager Help	Pathways (1 selected)	,			
DEGs	BBID	0.0% 7	Chart		
	BIOCARTA	0.1% 36	Chart		
Select List to:	C_NUMBER	1.4% 595	Chart		
Use Rename	<b>✓</b> KEGG_PATHWAY	11.7% 4833	Chart		
Remove Combine	REACTOME_PATHWAY	2.1% 864	Chart		
Show Gene List  View Unmapped Ids	<ul> <li>➡ Protein_Domains (0 selected</li> <li>➡ Protein_Interactions (0 selected</li> <li>➡ Tissue_Expression (0 selected</li> <li>***Red annotation categories denote Interactional Annotation Clustering</li> <li>Functional Annotation Chart</li> <li>Functional Annotation Table</li> </ul>	ected) ed)  DAVID defined defaults*	**		

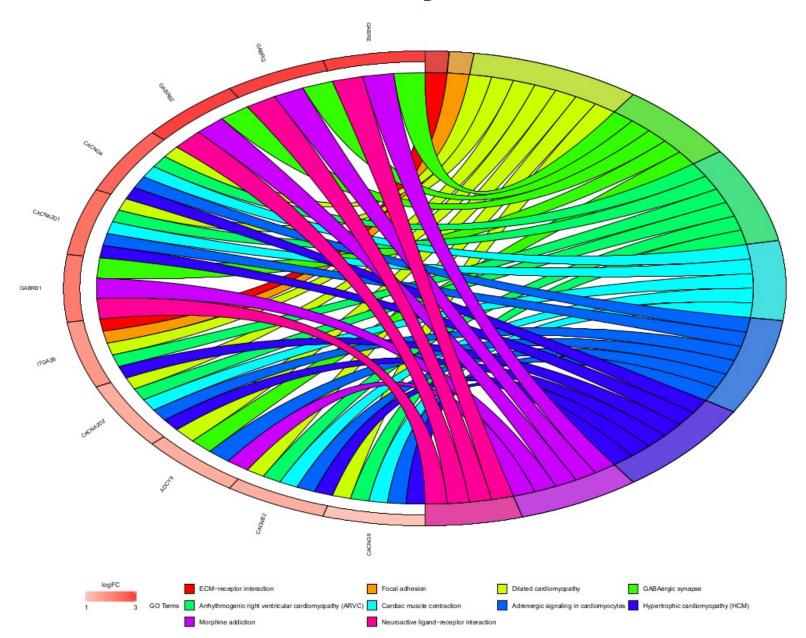


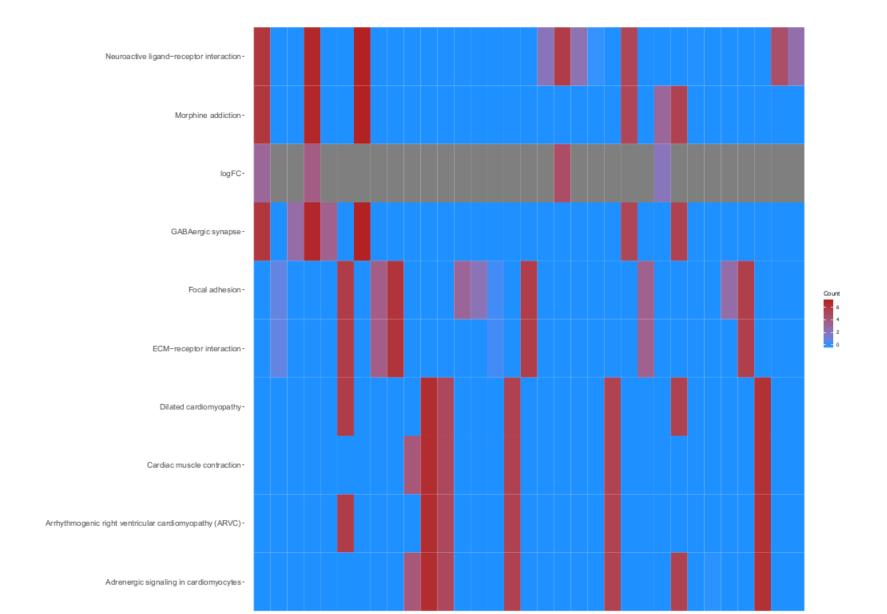


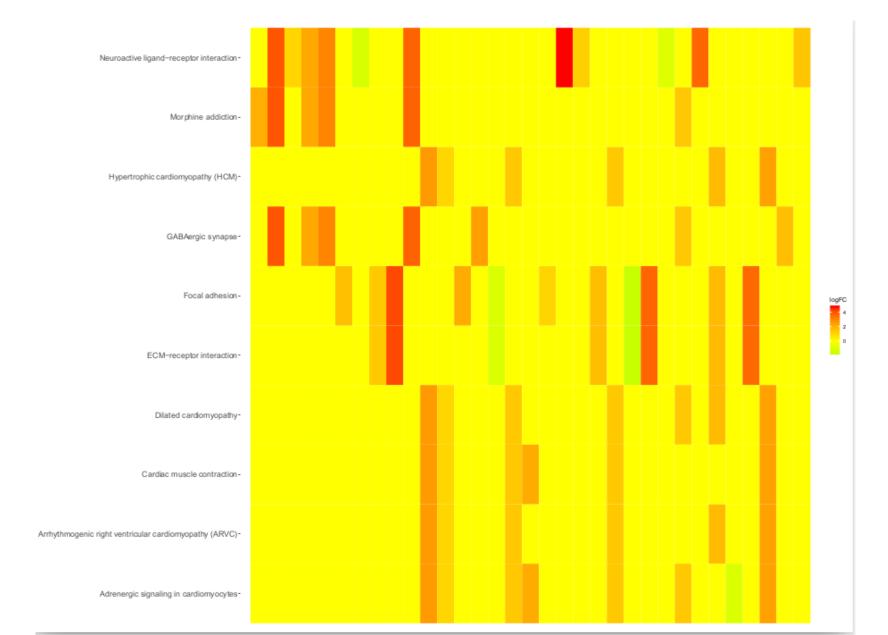
ID	Description
hsa04512	ECM-receptor interaction
hsa04510	Focal adhesion
hsa05414	Dilated cardiomyopathy
hsa04727	GABAergic synapse
hsa05412	Arrhythmogenic right ventricular cardiomyopathy (A
hsa04260	Cardiac muscle contraction
hsa04261	Adrenergic signaling in cardiomyocytes
hsa05410	Hypertrophic cardiomyopathy (HCM)
hsa05032	Morphine addiction
hsa04080	Neuroactive ligand-receptor interaction

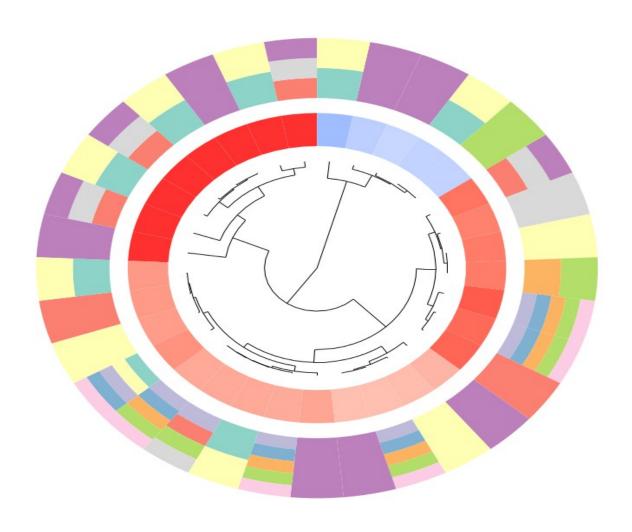








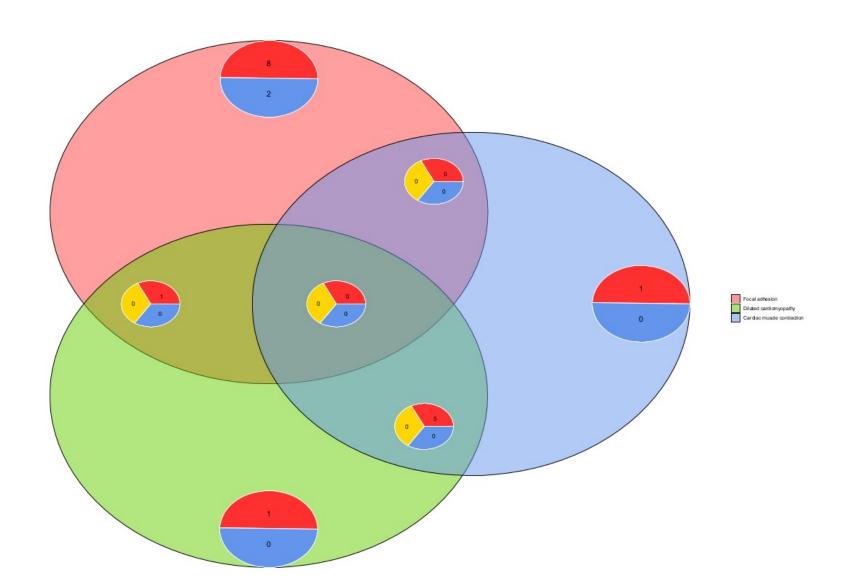












Thank you