Document Title: "Day 4 - BUILDING DYNAMIC FRONTEND COMPONENTS FOR YOUR MARKETPLACE - [Stichhub]

Overview

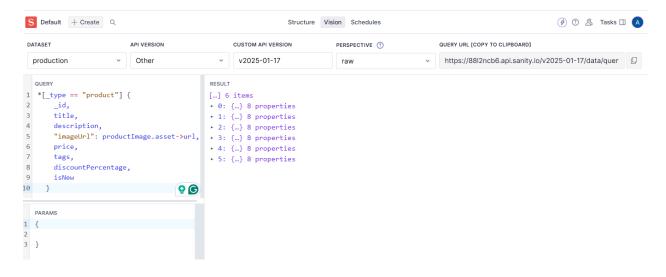
StichHub is an e-commerce website that showcases a wide range of products, allowing users to browse and make purchases with ease. The website features dynamic pages, product categories, and a seamless shopping experience, including an add-to-cart functionality. The application is built using Next.js and integrates with Sanity for content management, ensuring flexibility and scalability.

Features

1. API Integration & Data Migration

To bring the product data into the application, an API was integrated to fetch data from an external source. This data is then migrated to Sanity, ensuring that it is stored and managed centrally. By using Sanity's flexible schema, the product data is organized and made accessible for use in the website.

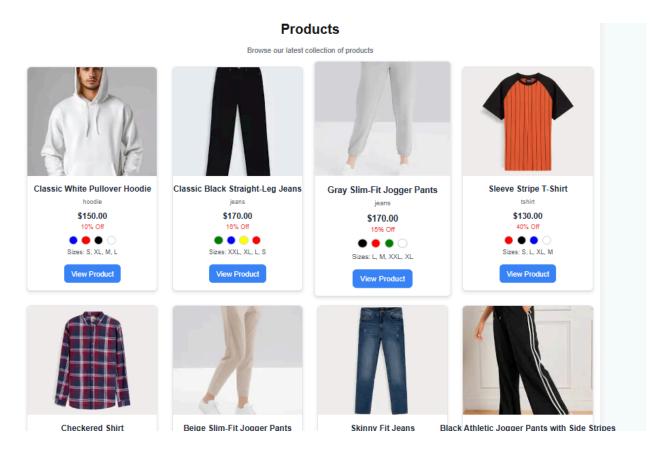
```
JS importData.mjs > [@] client > \beta token
      import { createClient } from '@sanity/client';
      const client = createClient({
        projectId: '8812ncb6',
        dataset: 'production',
        useCdn: true,
        apiVersion: '2025-01-13',
        token: 'skwEHmzvhiTsLw1ikCS2jQCtZp5yr4ZqxbWHxUSxoAor7Jx3CqUasFczp1Q3544VuEwCm5sBUlwdDHD0
 8
      });
      async function uploadImageToSanity(imageUrl) {
          console.log(`Uploading image: ${imageUrl}`);
          const response = await fetch(imageUrl);
          if (!response.ok) {
            throw new Error(`Failed to fetch image: ${imageUrl}`);
          const buffer = await response.arrayBuffer();
          const bufferImage = Buffer.from(buffer);
          const asset = await client.assets.upload('image', bufferImage, {
          filename: imageUrl.split('/').pop(),
          console.log(`Image uploaded successfully: ${asset._id}`);
          return asset._id;
        } catch (error) {
          console.error('Failed to upload image:', imageUrl, error);
          return null;
```



2. Product Data Fetching

To display the product data on the website, the fetch method is utilized in Next.js to call and retrieve the data from Sanity. This method ensures that the product listings are updated in real-time, reflecting any changes made in the Sanity CMS.

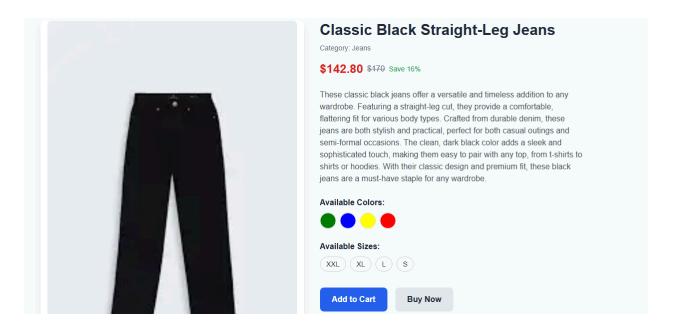
```
"use client";
     import { useEffect, useState } from "react";
     import Image from "next/image";
     import { client } from "@/sanity/lib/client";
     import { updatedProductQuery } from "../../sanity/lib/quries";
     import Link from "next/link";
     interface Product {
     _id: string;
      name: string;
       price: number;
       description: string;
       imageUrl: string;
       category: string;
       discountPercent?: number;
       new?: boolean;
       colors?: string[];
       sizes?: string[];
     const ProductPage = () => {
       const [products, setProducts] = useState<Product[]>([]);
23
       const [loading, setLoading] = useState(true);
26
       useEffect(() => {
         const fetchProducts = async () => {
28
             const data: Product[] = await client.fetch(updatedProductQuery);
             setProducts(data);
           } catch (error) {
             console.error("Failed to fetch products:", error);
```



3. Dynamic Product Pages

A dynamic product page is created to allow users to view individual products. The page is generated based on the product's unique slug, which is part of the product data stored in Sanity. This allows users to access detailed information about each product, such as its description, price, images, sizes, and colors.

```
src > app > productdetails > [id] > 🏶 page.tsx > 🕪 ProductDetail > 🕪 product
      import { client } from "@/sanity/lib/client";
      import Image from "next/image";
      interface Props {
      params: { id: string };
      const ProductDetail = async ({ params }: Props) => {
        const { id } = params;
        const product = await client.fetch(
          *[_type == "products" && _id == $id][0] {
           name,
            price,
           description,
            "imageUrl": image.asset->url,
           category,
           discountPercent,
 22
           colors,
          { id }
        if (!product) {
        return Product not found!;
```



4. Add-to-Cart Functionality

An essential feature of the website is the add-to-cart functionality. Users can easily add products to their cart, view the cart contents, and proceed to checkout. The shopping cart dynamically updates as products are added or removed, providing a seamless experience.

```
import React, { useState } from
import Image from "next/image";
   name: string;
   price: number;
   imageUrl: string;
const AddToCart: React.FC<AddToCartProps> = ({ product }) => {
 const [cartItems, setCartItems] = useState
   { id: string; name: string; price: number; imageUrl: string; quantity: number }[]
 const handleAddToCart = () => {
   setCartItems((prevCartItems) => {
     const existingItem = prevCartItems.find((item) => item.id === product.id);
     if (existingItem) {
       return prevCartItems.map((item) =>
         item.id === product.id ? { ...item, quantity: item.quantity + 1 } : item
     } else {
         ...prevCartItems,
         { id: product.id, name: product.name, price: product.price, imageUrl: product.imageUrl, quantity: 1 },
```

Cart Items				
lmage	Name	Price	Quantity	Total
	Checkered Shirt	\$178	1	\$178.00 ate Window

5. Product Categories

To enhance product discoverability, categories are implemented. Products are grouped by their respective categories, and users can filter the products based on these categories. This allows customers to easily browse and find products that meet their needs.

```
src > app > Component > shop > 🎡 categorieswithproducts.tsx > ...
      import React, { useEffect, useState } from "react";
      import { client } from "@/sanity/lib/client";
      import Image from "next/image";
      import Link from "next/link";
      interface CategoryPreview {
        category: string;
        imageUrl: string;
                                                      interface CategoryPreview
      const CategoriesPreview = () => {
       const [categories, setCategories] = useState<CategoryPreview[]>([]);
        useEffect(() => {
          const fetchCategories = async () => {
              const data: CategoryPreview[] = await client.fetch(
                `*[_type == "products"]{
                 category,
                  "imageUrl": image.asset->url
               } | order(category asc)[0..-1]`
              const grouped = Array.from(
                data.reduce((map, product) => {
                  if (!map.has(product.category)) {
                    map.set(product.category, product.imageUrl);
                  return map;
```

Categories











Activate Windows
Go to Settings to activate Windows

Dynamic page for showing products based on their categories

Hoodie







```
src > app > categories > [category] > 🏶 page.tsx > ...
     import { client } from '@/sanity/lib/client';
     import Image from 'next/image';
      id: string;
       name: string;
       price: number;
       imageUrl: string;
     params: { category: string }; // Capture category from the URL params
      const CategoryProducts = async ({ params }: Props) => {
       const { category } = params; // Get category from URL params
       const products: Product[] = await client.fetch(
          *[_type == "products" && category == $category]{
           name,
           price,
           "imageUrl": image.asset->url
           category }
       if (!category) {
         return Category not found;
```

Technical Details

Frontend Framework: Next.js

• CMS: Sanity

• Data Fetching: fetch method

• Cart Management: Custom solution for managing cart state

Conclusion

StichHub is a fully functional e-commerce platform with dynamic product pages, real-time data fetching from Sanity, and an intuitive shopping experience. The integration of categories and the add-to-cart functionality enhances user experience, making it easy for customers to navigate the site and make purchases.