

SysML v2

Ansgar Radermacher / Asma Smaoui ansgar.radermacher@cea.fr

Acknowledgments – contains material from Ed Seidewitz

Agenda – SysML v2

- 1. Motivation, history, packages
- 2. Selected packages structure
- 3. Selected packages actions
- 4. Selected packages calculations & constraints
- 5. Tools

SysML v2 – History and Timeline

SysML v2 – next generation systems modeling language addressing SysML v1 limitations

RFP: December 2017

Work on SysML v1 continues in parallel, v1.7 adopted 2022

SysML v2 Submission Team formed in December 2017

Grew to 200+ members from 80+ organizations

March 2024, Finalize Specifications, Establish Revision Task Forces

Mid 2024, Publish Formal Specifications

Motivation

Problems of UML heritage

- Only small evolutions in UML
- No standardized diagram exchange format
- XML format does not work well with git => plant UML might become de-facto standard
- UML complexity
- ⇒ Towards a new language with *standardized textual format* and automatically generated diagrams
- Meta model in KerML (Kernel Modeling Language), OMG standard (07/2023)
 https://www.omg.org/spec/KerML (400 pages)

Naming

- Objective: consistent use of "definition" for reusable items
 - ⇒ Naming is (sometimes) quite different from SysML v1
- Example: connector definition and connector (in a couple of slides)

SysML v2

Behavior

- Action-based
- State-based
- Sequence-based

Structure

- Decomposition
- Classification
- Interconnection

View & Viewpoint

rendering

Verification

verification cases

Analysis

- Expressions
- Constraints
- Analysis cases

Requirements

- assumed / required constraints
- Stakeholders
- Concerns
- Use cases

SysML v2 - Structure

Behavior

- Action-based
- State-based
- Sequence-based

Structure

- Decomposition
- Classification
- Interconnection

View & Viewpoint

rendering

Verification

verification cases

Analysis

- Expressions
- Constraints
- Analysis cases

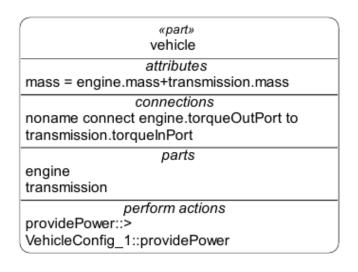
Requirements

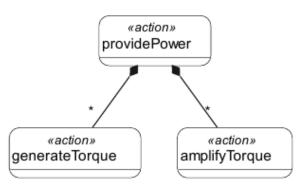
- assumed / required constraints
- Stakeholders
- Concerns
- Use cases

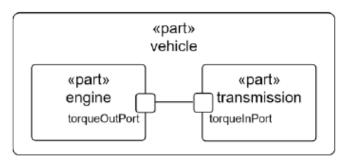
SysML v2

- Corresponding textual and graphical notations for each language construct.
- Comprehensive expression language.
- Textual notations can be used consistently on graphical diagrams.

```
part vehicle{
    attribute mass = engine.mass+transmission.mass;
    perform providePower:
    part engine{
        attribute mass;
        port torqueOutPort;
        perform providePower.generateTorque;
    part transmission{
        attribute mass;
        port torqueInPort:
        perform providePower.amplifyTorque;
    connect engine.torqueOutPort to transmission.torqueInPort;
action providePower{
    action generateTorque;
    action amplifyTorque;
```







UML vs SysML v2 terminology

UML	SysML v2
package / member / visibility	package / member / visibility
element import / package import	membership import / namespace import
owned member / imported member	owned member / imported member / alias member
comment	comment / documentation

SysML v2

As in UML: namespace for its members and container for its owned members.

Package Example spaces or other special «part def» characters ⇒ single quotes Automobile package 'Package Example' { «#alias» import ISQ::TorqueValue; Car for Automobile import ScalarValues::*; part def Automobile; «#alias» ScalarValues Torque for ISQ::TorqueValue alias Car for Automobile; «import»* alias Torque for _ _ «import» ISQ::TorqueValue; «attribute def»

ISQ::TorqueValue

Import either single member or all members of an imported package

Introduce alias for (owned) members. Use sparingly / with care, since all members are re-exported!

SysML v2 – Comments and Notes

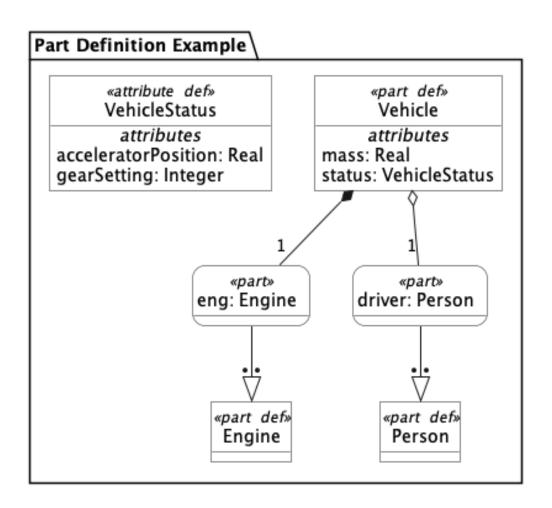
```
package 'Comment Example' {
                                                                                     This comment is part of the model,
   /* This comment is part of the model,
                                                                                     annotating (by default) it's owning package.
    * annotating (by default) it's owning package. */
   comment Comment 1 /* This is a named comment. */
                                                        Comment Example
   comment about Automobile
   /* This is an unnamed comment,
                                                                   «part def»
                                                                                          This is an unnamed comment,
    * annotating an explicitly specified element.
                                                                  Automobile
                                                                                          annotating an explicitly specified element.
   part def Automobile;
   alias Car for Automobile {
                                                                     «alias»
                                                                                          This is a comment annotating its owning
                                                               Car for Automobile
                                                                                          element.
       /* This is a comment annotating its owning
        * element. */
                                                                                                      «comment»
                                                                     «alias»
                                                                                                      Comment1
   // This is a note. In the text, not part of the mode Torque for ISQ::TorqueValue
                                                                                                This is a named comment.
   alias Torque for ISQ::TorqueValue;
```

UML - SysML v2 – Terminology differences

UML / SysML v1	SysML v2
class / property	item definition / item usage
block / part property	part definition / part usage
value type / value property	attribute definition / attribute usage
interface block / proxy port (flow property)	port definition / port usage (directed usage)
association block / connector	connection definition / connection usage interface definition / interface usage
item flow	flow connection definition / flow definition usage

SysML v2 – part definition (blocks)

```
part def Vehicle {
    attribute mass : ScalarValues::Real;
    part eng : Engine;
    ref part driver : Person;
attribute def VehicleStatus {
    import ScalarValues::*;
    attribute gearSetting : Integer;
    attribute acceleratorPosition : Real;
part def Engine;
part def Person;
```



SysML v2 – Item definitions

```
item def Fuel;
item def Person;
part def Vehicle {
   attribute mass : Real;
  ref item driver : Person;
part fuelTank {
  item fuel: Fuel;
```

Defines class of things that exist in space and time but are **not** necessarily considered "parts" of a system being modeled.

continuous, if any portion is the same kind of thing. A portion of fuel is still fuel. Not true for a person.

All parts can be treated as items, but not all items are parts. The design of a system determines what should be modeled as its "parts".

SysML v2

```
enum def TrafficLightColor {
   enum green;
   enum yellow;
   enum red;
part def TrafficLight {
  attribute currentColor: TrafficLightColor;
part def TrafficLightGo specializes TrafficLight {
   attribute redefines currentColor = TrafficLightColor::green;
```

Values of an attribute usage are limited to the defined set of enumerated values.

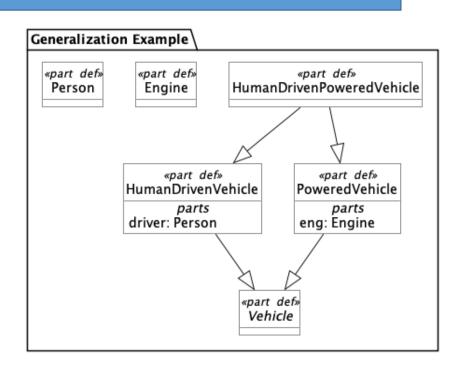
This shows an attribute being bound to a specific value (more on binding later).

Specialization / Generalization

As in UML, defines a subset of the classification of its generalization.

```
abstract part def Vehicle;
part def HumanDrivenVehicle specializes Vehicle {
    ref part driver : Person;
}
    equivalent to specializes keyword.

part def PoweredVehicle :> Vehicle {
    part eng : Engine;
}
Can define additional features.
}
```



part def HumanDrivenPoweredVehicle :> HumanDrivenVehicle, PoweredVehicle;
part def Engine;
part def Person;

Structure – Connections and connection definitions

```
Association in UML
                                                                                   wheel: WheelAssembly
       connection def PressureSeat {
                                                                                                            t: Tire
           end bead : TireBead[1];
                                                                                                        bead: TireBead
           end mountingRim: TireMountingRim[1];
       part wheel : WheelAssembly[1] {
                                                                                         w: Wheel
           part t : Tire[1] {
                                                                  mountingHoles: LugBoltMountingHole
                                                                                                     rim: TireMountingRim
               part bead : TireBead[2];
           part w: Wheel[1] {
               part rim : TireMountingRim[2];
               part mountingHoles : LugBoltMountingHole[5];
           connection: PressureSeat connect bead references t.bead to mountingRim references w.rim;
```

Connector in UML

Ports and port definitions

```
port def FuelPort {
  attribute temperature : Temp;
  out item fuelSupply : Fuel;
  in item fuelReturn : Fuel;
part def FuelTankAssembly {
  port fuelTankPort : FuelPort;
part def Engine {
  port engineFuelPort : ~FuelPort;
```

Port definition has implicit *conjugate* port definition reversing input and output features.

Name is prefixed with ~ (e.g. ~FuelPort)

Ports are *compatible* if they have directed features that match with inverse directions

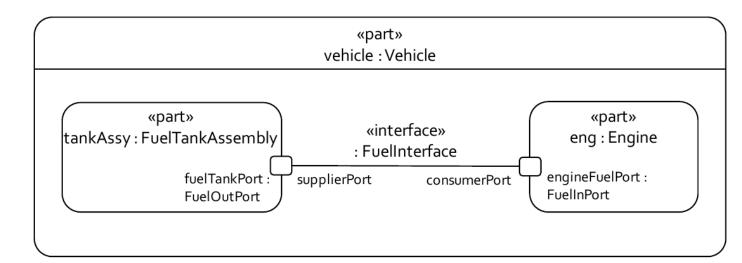
Directed features are always referential

Port = connection point through which a part definition makes some of its features available

Interfaces and interface definitions

```
interface def FuelInterface {
   end supplierPort : FuelOutPort;
   end consumerPort : FuelInPort;
part vehicle : Vehicle {
   part tankAssy : FuelTankAssembly;
   part eng : Engine;
interface: FuelInterface connect
   supplierPort ::> tankAssy.fuelTankPort to
   consumerPort ::> eng.engineFuelPort;
```

interface definition = connection definition whose ends are port definitions



CAVEAT

Same term as in UML, but SysML v2 interfaces are very different from UML interfaces

Complex interface definitions

```
«interface def»
interface def WaterDelivery {
                                                                WaterDelivery
   end suppliedBy : SpigotBank[1] {
                                                                                      deliveredTo:
                                           suppliedBy:
                                          SpigotBank[1]
                                                                                       Faucet[1..*]
                                                          hot
                                                                               hot
        port hot : Spigot;
        port cold : Spigot;
                                                          cold
                                                                               cold
   end deliveredTo : Faucet[1..*] {
        port hot : FaucetInlet;
        port cold : FaucetInlet;
   connect suppliedBy.hot to deliveredTo.hot;
   connect suppliedBy.cold to deliveredTo.cold;
```

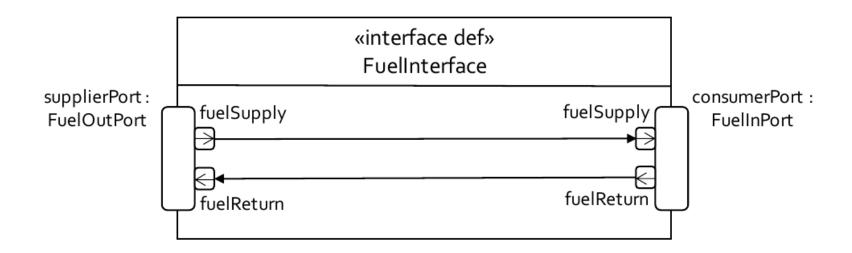
Binding connections vs. Flow connections

• A binding connection **asserts the equivalence** of the connected features (equal values in the same context).

```
part tank : FuelTankAssembly {
    port redefines fuelTankPort {
      out item redefines fuelSupply;
      in item redefines fuelReturn;
}
bind fuelTankPort.fuelSupply = pump.pumpOut;
bind fuelTankPort.fuelReturn = tank.fuelIn;
```

Flow connections in interfaces

```
interface def FuelInterface {
    end supplierPort : FuelOutPort;
    end consumerPort : FuelInPort;
    flow supplierPort.fuelSupply to consumerPort.fuelSupply;
    flow consumerPort.fuelReturn to supplierPort.fuelReturn;
}
```



SysML v2 – Behaviors

Structure

- Decomposition
- Classification
- Interconnection

View & Viewpoint

rendering

Behavior • Action

- Action-based
- State-based
- Sequence-based

Analysis

- **Expressions**
- Constraints
- Analysis

Requirements

- assumed / required constraints
- Stakeholders
- Concerns
- Use cases

Verification

verification cases

SysML v2 – Actions definition

Directed features of an action definition are considered to be action parameters.

```
action def Focus{ in scene : Scene; out image : Image; }
                                                                                     scene
                                                                               «action def»
action def Shoot{ in image : Image; out picture : Picture; }
                                                                               TakePlicture
action def TakePicture {
                                                                                     scene
   in scene : Scene;
                                                                                «action»
   out picture : Picture;
                                                                                  focus
   bind focus.scene = scene;
                                                                                     image
   action focus : Focus { in scene; out image; };
                                                                                     image
                                                                                «action»
   flow focus.image to shoot.image;
                                                                                  shoot
   action shoot : Shoot { in image; out picture; }
                                                                                     picture
   bind shoot.picture = picture;
                                                                                     picture
                                             transfer items between actions via flow connection
```

SysML v2 – succession & succession flow

```
action def Focus{ in scene : Scene; out image : Image; }
                                                                                       scene
                                                                                 «action def»
action def Shoot{ in image : Image; out picture : Picture; }
                                                                                 TakePlicture
action def TakePicture {
                                                                                       scene
   in scene : Scene;
                                                                                  «action»
   out picture : Picture;
                                                                                    focus
   bind focus.scene = scene;
                                                                                       'image
   action focus : Focus { in scene; out image; };
                                                                                       image
   first focus then shoot;
                                                                                  «action»
                                                                                   shoot
   succession flow focus.image to shoot.image;
                                                                                       picture
   action shoot : Shoot { in image; out picture; }
                                                                                       picture
   bind shoot.picture = picture;
                                                    Succession – assert that 2<sup>nd</sup>
                                                    action waits for completion of 1st
```

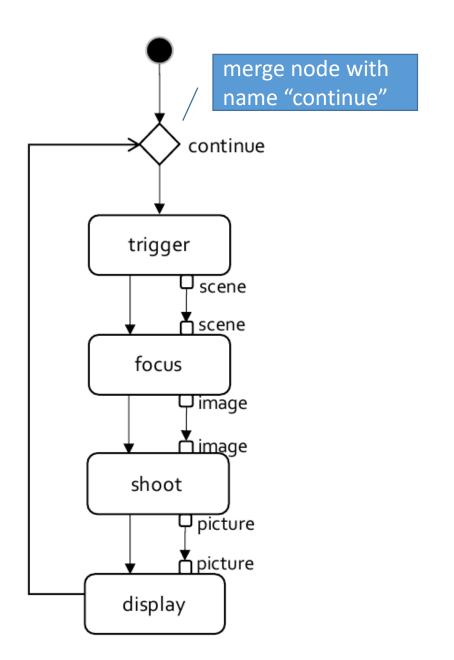
SysML v2 – shorthands/conditional successions

Only prefix action with "then", e.g.
 then action shoot: Shoot

- If <guard expr> then <action>
- Asserts that second action follows first only if a guard condition is true

SysML v2 – merge nodes / loops

```
action takePicture : TakePicture {
  first start;
                              Wait for start to complete
  then merge continue;
  then action trigger { out item scene; }
  flow trigger.scene to focus.scene;
  then action focus : Focus {
      in scene; out image; }
  flow focus.image to shoot.image;
  then action shoot : Shoot {
      in image; out picture; }
  flow shoot.picture to display.picture;
  then action display { in picture; }
  then continue;
```



SysML v2 – merge nodes / loops

UML - SysML v2 action terminology

UML / SysML v1	SysML v2
activity / action (parameter / pin)	action definition / action usage (directed usage)
control flow	succession
object flow	flow connection usage
state machine / state	port definition / port usage (directed usage)
association block / connector	state definition / state usage
transition	transition usage

SysML v2 – Expressions and Constraints

Structure

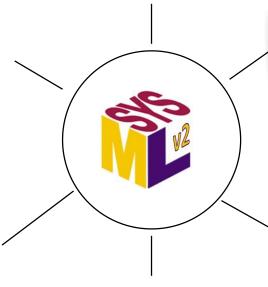
- Decomposition
- Classification
- Interconnection

View & Viewpoint

rendering

Behavior

- Action-based
- State-based
- Sequence-based



Verification

verification cases

Analysis

- Expressions
- Constraints
- Analysis cases

Requirements

- assumed / required constraints
- Stakeholders
- Concerns
- Use cases

SysML v2 – Calculations definitions (expressions)

Reusable, parameterized expression

```
directed features are parameters (as in actions), defaults to "in"
calc def DeriveAcc {
   in tp: PowerValue; in m: MassValue; in v: SpeedValue;
   attribute intermediate = m * v;
   return: AccelerationValue = tp / intermediate;
calc def Velocity {
   in dt : TimeValue; in v0 : SpeedValue; in a : AccelValue;
   return: SpeedValue = v0 + a * dt;
```

Calculation Usage

```
action straightLineDynamics { in delta_t : TimeValue;
  in v_in : SpeedValue; in x_in : LengthValue;
  calc acc : Acceleration {
    return DeriveAcc(wheelPower, mass, v_in);
  }
```

Constraint definition

```
import ISQ::*;
import SI::*;
import ScalarFunctions::*;
constraint def MassConstraint {
   in partMasses : MassValue[0..*];
   in massLimit : MassValue;
   sum(partMasses) <= massLimit
}</pre>
```

SysML v2 tools

- Pilot implementation from Ed Seidewitz <u>https://github.com/Systems-Modeling/SysML-v2-Pilot-Implementation</u> (based on Eclipse + Xtext, performance issues)
- OBEO/CEA, web based tool (to appear) <u>https://mbse-syson.org/</u>