

University of Asia Pacific

Department of Computer Science & Engineering

Computer Networks Lab
CSE 320

RIP Version 2 Report

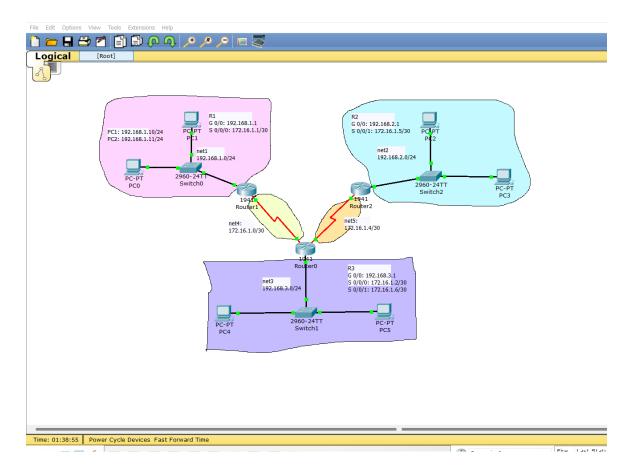
Submitted to:

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RIP V2:

RIP version 2 was developed in 1993. It supports classless Inter-Domain Routing (CIDR) and has the ability to carry subnet information, its metric is also hop count, and max hop count 15 is the same as RIP version 1. It supports authentication and does subnetting and multicasting. Auto summary can be done on every router. In RIPv2 Subnet masks are included in the routing update. RIPv2 multicasts the entire routing table to all adjacent routers at the address 224.0.0.9, as opposed to RIPv1 which uses broadcast (255.255.255.255).

Structure:



Equipments:

- 1941 router
- 2960-24TT switch
- PC-PT end devices
- wire

Steps:

Place routers, switches, end devices.

• Get into router 1(R1) and turn off the switch(S) .Add HWIC-2T module into R1 and turn

on the switch.

• Same thing will happen for router 2 (R2) and router 3 (R3).

• Then connect the router to switch with copper straight-through and use

GigabitEthernet 0/0 to GigabitEthernet 0/1. And switch to end devices using

FastEthernet 0/1 to Fast ethernet 0.

• This way connects all the routers, switches and end devices(R1-S1)(R2-S2)(R3-S3) and

(S1-PC:0,1)(S2-PC:2,3)(S3-PC:4,5).

Highlight all the networks by coloring.

Connect R3 router to R1 router using serial DCE and use serial 0/0/0 to serial 0/0/0

.From router 3 to router 2 use serial 0/0/1 to serial 0/0/1.And highlight the networks.

Used network address for R1 and R3 -172.16.1.0/30 .For R3 and R2 :

172.16.1.4/30.

Now set the ip address of the PC.

PC-0 ip address: 192.168.1.10

Subnet mask: 255.255.255.0

Default gateway: 192.168.1.1

PC-1 ip address: 192.168.1.11

Subnet mask: 255.255.255.0

Default gateway: 192.168.1.1

PC-2 ip address: 192.168.2.10

Subnet mask: 255.255.255.0 Default gateway: 192.168.2.1

PC-3 ip address: 192.168.2.11

Subnet mask: 255.255.255.0

Default gateway: 192.168.2.1

PC-4 ip address: 192.168.3.10

Subnet mask: 255.255.255.0

Default gateway: 192.168.3.1

PC-5 ip address: 192.168.3.11

Subnet mask: 255.255.255.0

Default gateway: 192.168.3.1

• Configure R1 by writing code in CLI:

```
R1>enable
R1#configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/2.
R1(config)#hostname R1
R1(config)#interface gigabitEthernet 0/0
R1(config-if)#ip address 192.168.1.1 255.255.255.0
R1(config-if)#no shutdown
```

- Configure R2 and R3 in the same way with their ip address.
- Now ping each PC's to its default gateway. In the command prompt of PC-0:

Command Prompt

```
Packet Tracer PC Command Line 1.0
PC>ping 192.168.1.1
Pinging 192.168.1.1 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 192.168.1.1: bytes=32 time=3ms TTL=255
Reply from 192.168.1.1: bytes=32 time=0ms TTL=255
Reply from 192.168.1.1: bytes=32 time=0ms TTL=255
Reply from 192.168.1.1: bytes=32 time=lms TTL=255
Ping statistics for 192.168.1.1:

Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:

Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 3ms, Average = 1ms
PC>
```

We are getting the reply. Test all the PCs with their ip.

- Now we will use 172.16.1.0, interface serial 0/0/0 for R1 and 172.16.1.2, serial 0/0/0 is for R3.
- Configure R1 by writing code:

```
R1>enable
R1#configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
R1(config)#interface serial 0/0/0
R1(config-if)#ip address 172.16.1.1 255.255.255.252
R1(config-if)#no shutdown
```

- ConfigureR3 in this way with the ip: 172.16.1.2
- Now verify the pinging from R1 to R3 vice-versa
- Verify for R3:

```
Rl#ping 172.16.1.2

Type escape sequence to abort.
Sending 5, 100-byte ICMP Echos to 172.16.1.2, timeout is 2 seconds:
[!!!!
Success rate is 100 percent (5/5), round-trip min/avg/max = 1/10/27 ms

R3#ping 171.16.1.1

Type escape sequence to abort.
Sending 5, 100-byte ICMP Echos to 171.16.1.1, timeout is 2 seconds:
.....
Success rate is 0 percent (0/5)
```

Success rate is 100%.

- Now we will use 172.16.1.5, interface serial 0/0/1 for R2 and 172.16.1.6, serial 0/0/1 is for R3.
- Configure R2 by writing the code:
- Configure R3 in this way with the ip 172.16.1.6

```
R2*configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
R2(config) #interface serial 0/0/1
R2(config-if) #ip address 172.16.1.5 255.255.255.252
R2(config-if) #no shutdown
```

Verify pinging R2 and R3 vice versa:

```
R2#ping 172.16.1.6

Type escape sequence to abort.

Sending 5, 100-byte ICMP Echos to 172.16.1.6, timeout is 2 seconds:
!!!!

Success rate is 100 percent (5/5), round-trip min/avg/max = 1/6/16 ms

R3#ping 172.16.1.5

Type escape sequence to abort.

Sending 5, 100-byte ICMP Echos to 172.16.1.5, timeout is 2 seconds:
!!!!!

Success rate is 100 percent (5/5), round-trip min/avg/max = 1/11/27 ms
```

Success rate is 100%

Save the configuration on each routers R1,R2 and R3:

```
Rl*enable
Rl#copy running-config startup-config
Destination filename [startup-config]?
Building configuration...
[OK]
```

- Now verify the routing table of each router.
- For R1:

```
Riscopy running-config startup-config
Destination filename (startup-config)?
Building configuration ...
[OK]
Risshow ip rout
Codes: L - local, C - connected, S - static, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
       D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
       N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
       E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter area
        * - candidate default, U - per-user static route, o - ODR
       P - periodic downloaded static route
Gateway of last resort is not set
     172.16.0.0/16 is variably subnetted, 3 subnets, 2 masks
C
        172.16.1.0/30 is directly connected, Serial0/0/0
         172.16.1.1/32 is directly connected, Serial0/0/0
        172.16.1.4/30 [120/1] via 172.16.1.2, 00:00:18, Serial0/0/0
     192.168.1.0/24 is variably subnetted, 2 subnets, 2 masks
        192.168.1.0/24 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0
         192.168.1.1/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0
     192.168.2.0/24 [120/2] via 172.16.1.2, 00:00:18, Serial0/0/0
R 192.168.3.0/24 [120/1] via 172.16.1.2, 00:00:18, Serial0/0/0
```

• For R2:

```
R2#show ip rout
Codes: L - local, C - connected, S - static, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
       D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
       NI - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
       E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP
       i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter area
        * - candidate default, U - per-user static route, o - ODR
       P - periodic downloaded static route
Gateway of last resort is not set
     172.16.0.0/16 is variably subnetted, 3 subnets, 2 masks
        172.16.1.0/30 [120/1] via 172.16.1.6, 00:00:12, Serial0/0/1
        172.16.1.4/30 is directly connected, Serial0/0/1
L
        172.16.1.5/32 is directly connected, Serial0/0/1
     192.168.1.0/24 [120/2] via 172.16.1.6, 00:00:12, Seria10/0/1
R
     192.168.2.0/24 is variably subnetted, 2 subnets, 2 masks
C
        192.168.2.0/24 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0
        192.168.2.1/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0
     192.168.3.0/24 [120/1] via 172.16.1.6, 00:00:12, Serial0/0/1
```

• For R3:

```
R3#show ip rout
Codes: L - local, C - connected, S - static, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
      D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
      N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
      E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP
      i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter area
       * - candidate default, U - per-user static route, o - ODR
      P - periodic downloaded static route
Gateway of last resort is not set
    172.16.0.0/16 is variably subnetted, 4 subnets, 2 masks
        172.16.1.0/30 is directly connected, Serial0/0/0
        172.16.1.2/32 is directly connected, Serial0/0/0
        172.16.1.4/30 is directly connected, Serial0/0/1
       172.16.1.6/32 is directly connected, Serial0/0/1
R
   192.168.1.0/24 [120/1] via 172.16.1.1, 00:00:01, Serial0/0/0
   192.168.2.0/24 [120/1] via 172.16.1.5, 00:00:17, Serial0/0/1
   192.168.3.0/24 is variably subnetted, 2 subnets, 2 masks
C
        192.168.3.0/24 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0
        192.168.3.1/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0
```

• There are 5 neworks and R1,R2,R3 should be aware of 5 networks. Configure a dynamic routing protocol. Configure a reversion to each router. For R1:

```
Risconfigure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CMTL/Z.
Rl (config) $router rip
R1 (config-router) #version 2
Rl(config-router) #do sh rou con
sh rou con
4 Invalid input detected at 'a' marker.
R1(config-router) #do sh ip rou con
    172.16.1.0/30 is directly connected, Serial0/0/0
   192.168.1.0/24 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0
Rl(config-router) #?
                     Enter Address Family command mode
  auto-summary
 default-information Control distribution of default information
                      Define an administrative distance
 distance
 exit
                      Exit from routing protocol configuration mode
 network
                     Enable routing on an IP network
                      Negate a command or set its defaults
 passive-interface Suppress routing updates on an interface
                     Redistribute information from another routing protocol
 redistribute
                      Adjust routing timers
 timers
                     Set routing protocol version
  version
R1(config-router) #nerwork 172.16.0.0
% Invalid input detected at 'a' marker.
R1(config-router) #network 172.16.0.0
R1(config-router) #network 192.168.1.0
R1(config-router) #no auto-summary
```

• For R2:

```
R2#configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
R2 (config) #router rip
R2 (config-router) #version 2
R2 (config-router) #no auto-summary
R2 (config-router) #do sh ip rou con
C 172.16.1.4/30 is directly connected, Serial0/0/1
C 192.168.2.0/24 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0
R2 (config-router) #network 172.16.0.0
R2 (config-router) #network 192.168.2.0
```

• For R3:

```
R3#configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
R3(config) #router rip
R3(config-router) #version 2
R3(config-router) #no auto-summary
R3(config-router) #do sh ip rou con
C 172.16.1.0/30 is directly connected, Serial0/0/0
C 172.16.1.4/30 is directly connected, Serial0/0/1
C 192.168.3.0/24 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0
R3(config-router) #network 172.16.0.0
R3(config-router) #network 192.168.3.0
```

• Configure a passive interface for all 3 routers so that it will stop rip updates from being propagated out of these interfaces at G0/0 on each routers.

• For R1:

```
R1#configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
R1(config)#
R1(config) #router
R1(config) #router ri
R1(config) #router rip
R1(config-router) *pas
R1(config-router) #passive-interface g
R1(config-router) #passive-interface gigabitEthernet 0/0
R1(config-router) #~Z
R1#
SYS-5-CONFIG I: Configured from console by console
R1#cop
Ritcopy r
R1#copy running-config st
R1#copy running-config startup-config
Destination filename [startup-config]?
Building configuration ...
[OK]
```

• For R2:

```
R2#configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNIL/Z.
R2 (config) #
R2 (config) #router
R2 (config) #router ri
R2 (config) #router rip
R2 (config-router) #pas
R2 (config-router) #passive-interface g
R2(config-router) #passive-interface gigabitEthernet 0/0
R2 (config-router) #~Z
R2#
SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by console
R2#cop
R2#copy r
R2#copy running-config st
R2#copy running-config startup-config
Destination filename [startup-config]?
Building configuration ...
[OK]
```

• For R3:

```
R3#configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
R3(config) #router
R3(config) #router ri
R3 (config) #router rip
R3 (config-router) *pas
R3(config-router) #passive-interface g
R3(config-router) #passive-interface gigabitEthernet 0/0
R3(config-router) #~Z
$SYS-5-CONFIG I: Configured from console by console
R3#cp
R3#cop
R3#copy r
R3#copy running-config st
R3#copy running-config startup-config
Destination filename [startup-config]?
Building configuration ...
[OK]
```

- Verify the rip configuration of the net routers:
- R1:

R1#show ip protocols Routing Protocol is "rip" Sending updates every 30 seconds, next due in 4 seconds Invalid after 180 seconds, hold down 180, flushed after 240 Outgoing update filter list for all interfaces is not set Incoming update filter list for all interfaces is not set Redistributing: rip Default version control: send version 2, receive 2 Interface Send Recv Triggered RIP Key-chain Serial0/0/0 Automatic network summarization is not in effect Maximum path: 4 Routing for Networks: 172-16-0-0 192.168.1.0 Passive Interface(s): GigabitEthernet0/0 Routing Information Sources: Last Update Gateway Distance 172.16.1.2 00:00:10 120 Distance: (default is 120)

• R2:

R2#show ip protocols Routing Protocol is "rip" Sending updates every 30 seconds, next due in 10 seconds Invalid after 180 seconds, hold down 180, flushed after 240 Outgoing update filter list for all interfaces is not set Incoming update filter list for all interfaces is not set Redistributing: rip Default version control: send version 2, receive 2 Interface Send Recv Triggered RIP Key-chain 2 Serial0/0/1 Automatic network summarization is not in effect Maximum path: 4 Routing for Networks: 172.16.0.0 192.168.2.0 Passive Interface(s): GigabitEthernet0/0 Routing Information Sources: Gateway Distance Last Update 172.16.1.6 120 00:00:07 Distance: (default is 120)

• R3:

```
R3#show ip protocols
Routing Protocol is "rip"
Sending updates every 30 seconds, next due in 7 seconds
Invalid after 180 seconds, hold down 180, flushed after 240
Outgoing update filter list for all interfaces is not set
Incoming update filter list for all interfaces is not set
Redistributing: rip
Default version control: send version 2, receive 2
 Interface
                      Send Recv Triggered RIP Key-chain
 Serial0/0/1
                      2
                           2
 Serial0/0/0
                      2
                           2
Automatic network summarization is not in effect
Maximum path: 4
Routing for Networks:
          172.16.0.0
          192.168.3.0
Passive Interface(s):
          GigabitEthernet0/0
Routing Information Sources:
          Gateway Distance Last Update
          172.16.1.1
                             120
                                      00:00:14
                             120
                                      00:00:28
Distance: (default is 120)
```

• Verify using running-config:

```
R3#show running-config
Building configuration...
Current configuration : 905 bytes
version 15.1
no service timestamps log datetime msec
no service timestamps debug datetime msec
no service password-encryption
hostname R3
no ip cef
no ipv6 cef
license udi pid CISCO1941/K9 sn FTX1524Z11R
spanning-tree mode pvst
```

```
interface GigabitEthernet0/0
 ip address 192.168.3.1 255.255.255.0
duplex auto
speed auto
interface GigabitEthernet0/1
no ip address
duplex auto
speed auto
shutdown
interface Serial0/0/0
ip address 172.16.1.2 255.255.255.252
clock rate 2000000
interface Serial0/0/1
ip address 172.16.1.6 255.255.255.252
clock rate 2000000
interface Vlanl
no ip address
shutdown
router rip
version 2
passive-interface GigabitEthernet0/0
network 172.16.0.0
network 192.168.3.0
no auto-summary
ip classless
ip flow-export version 9
```

```
!
!
line con 0
!
line aux 0
!
line vty 0 4
login
!
!
end
```

•Now verify the routing table of each routers:

• For R1:

```
R1#show ip route
Codes: L - local, C - connected, S - static, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
       D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
      N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
      E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP
       i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter area
       * - candidate default, U - per-user static route, o - ODR
       P - periodic downloaded static route
Gateway of last resort is not set
     172.16.0.0/16 is variably subnetted, 3 subnets, 2 masks
       172.16.1.0/30 is directly connected, Serial0/0/0
L
        172.16.1.1/32 is directly connected, Serial0/0/0
       172.16.1.4/30 [120/1] via 172.16.1.2, 00:00:08, Serial0/0/0
R
     192.168.1.0/24 is variably subnetted, 2 subnets, 2 masks
       192.168.1.0/24 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0
C
        192.168.1.1/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0
L
R
    192.168.2.0/24 [120/2] via 172.16.1.2, 00:00:08, Serial0/0/0
    192.168.3.0/24 [120/1] via 172.16.1.2, 00:00:08, Serial0/0/0
```

• For R2:

```
R2#show ip route
Codes: L - local, C - connected, S - static, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
       D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
      N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
      E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP
       i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter area
       * - candidate default, U - per-user static route, o - ODR
       P - periodic downloaded static route
Gateway of last resort is not set
    172.16.0.0/16 is variably subnetted, 3 subnets, 2 masks
       172.16.1.0/30 [120/1] via 172.16.1.6, 00:00:13, Serial0/0/1
       172.16.1.4/30 is directly connected, Serial0/0/1
       172.16.1.5/32 is directly connected, Serial0/0/1
    192.168.1.0/24 [120/2] via 172.16.1.6, 00:00:13, Serial0/0/1
R
    192.168.2.0/24 is variably subnetted, 2 subnets, 2 masks
C
       192.168.2.0/24 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0
       192.168.2.1/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0
   192.168.3.0/24 [120/1] via 172.16.1.6, 00:00:13, Serial0/0/1
```

• For R3:

```
R3#show ip route
Codes: L - local, C - connected, S - static, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
       D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
       N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
       E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP
       i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter area
       * - candidate default, U - per-user static route, o - ODR
       P - periodic downloaded static route
Gateway of last resort is not set
     172.16.0.0/16 is variably subnetted, 4 subnets, 2 masks
        172.16.1.0/30 is directly connected, Serial0/0/0
        172.16.1.2/32 is directly connected, Serial0/0/0
        172.16.1.4/30 is directly connected, Serial0/0/1
L
        172.16.1.6/32 is directly connected, Serial0/0/1
     192.168.1.0/24 [120/1] via 172.16.1.1, 00:00:21, Serial0/0/0
R
     192.168.2.0/24 [120/1] via 172.16.1.5, 00:00:19, Serial0/0/1
R
     192.168.3.0/24 is variably subnetted, 2 subnets, 2 masks
C
        192.168.3.0/24 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0
L
        192.168.3.1/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0
```

- Now try to ping different networks.
- From PC-0 to PC-2:

```
C:\>ping 192.168.2.10
Pinging 192.168.2.10 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 192.168.2.10: bytes=32 time=11ms TTL=125
Reply from 192.168.2.10: bytes=32 time=13ms TTL=125
Reply from 192.168.2.10: bytes=32 time=23ms TTL=125
Reply from 192.168.2.10: bytes=32 time=14ms TTL=125
Ping statistics for 192.168.2.10:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
    Minimum = 11ms, Maximum = 23ms, Average = 15ms
```

Another for network 3:

```
C:\>ping 192.168.3.10

Pinging 192.168.3.10 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 192.168.3.10: bytes=32 time=24ms TTL=126
Reply from 192.168.3.10: bytes=32 time=14ms TTL=126
Reply from 192.168.3.10: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126
Reply from 192.168.3.10: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126

Ping statistics for 192.168.3.10:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
    Minimum = 1ms, Maximum = 24ms, Average = 10ms
```

We are getting the reply.

So, we can say that this is a successful RIP V2.