asmattic-docs Documentation

Release 0.0.1

Matt Oldfield

DEVELOPER

| 3 Bash 3.1 Bash Tips 3.2 File/Folder Permissions 3.3 Compression 3.4 Count Output 3.5 Storage 3.6 Network 3.7 Ubuntu (and other distros) 4 Bash Scripting 4.1 Users 5 Raspberry Pi Resources 5.1 For the Raspberry Pi 5.2 Rename hostname 6 Network Setup 6.1 For the Raspberry Pi 7 Node JS 7.1 Node JS 7.2 Node Version Manager 7.3 Node Package Manager (npm) 7.4 Socket 8 Text editors and IDE's 8.1 General editor info 8.2 Sublime text 3 8.3 Atom 8.4 Android Studio 8.5 Vim 9 Atom Editor by Github | 1 | Documentation 1.1 Writing This Documentation 1.2 Some Useful Git Commands 1.3 Updating User Role Capabilities | 3 3 4 |
|--|---|---|----------------------------|
| 3.1 Bash Tips 3.2 File/Folder Permissions 3.3 Compression 3.4 Count Output 3.5 Storage 3.6 Network 3.7 Ubuntu (and other distros) 4 Bash Scripting 4.1 Users 5 Raspberry Pi Resources 5.1 For the Raspberry Pi 5.2 Rename hostname 6 Network Setup 6.1 For the Raspberry Pi 7 Node JS 7.1 Node JS 7.2 Node Version Manager 7.3 Node Package Manager (npm) 7.4 Socket 8 Text editors and IDE's 8.1 General editor info 8.2 Sublime text 3 8.3 Atom 8.4 Android Studio 8.5 Vim 9 Atom Editor by Github | 2 | | 5 |
| 4.1 Users 5 Raspberry Pi Resources 5.1 For the Raspberry Pi 5.2 Rename hostname 6 Network Setup 6.1 For the Raspberry Pi 7 Node JS 7.1 Node JS 7.2 Node Version Manager 7.3 Node Package Manager (npm) 7.4 Socket 8 Text editors and IDE's 8.1 General editor info 8.2 Sublime text 3 8.3 Atom 8.4 Android Studio 8.5 Vim 9 Atom Editor by Github | 3 | 3.1 Bash Tips 3.2 File/Folder Permissions 3.3 Compression 3.4 Count Output 3.5 Storage 3.6 Network | 7 7 8 8 8 9 |
| 5.1 For the Raspberry Pi 5.2 Rename hostname 6 Network Setup 6.1 For the Raspberry Pi 7 Node JS 7.1 Node JS 7.2 Node Version Manager 7.3 Node Package Manager (npm) 7.4 Socket 8 Text editors and IDE's 8.1 General editor info 8.2 Sublime text 3 8.3 Atom 8.4 Android Studio 8.5 Vim 9 Atom Editor by Github | 4 | | 11 12 |
| 6.1 For the Raspberry Pi 7 Node JS 7.1 Node JS 7.2 Node Version Manager 7.3 Node Package Manager (npm) 7.4 Socket 8 Text editors and IDE's 8.1 General editor info 8.2 Sublime text 3 8.3 Atom 8.4 Android Studio 8.5 Vim 9 Atom Editor by Github | 5 | 5.1 For the Raspberry Pi | 13 13 13 |
| 7.1 Node JS 7.2 Node Version Manager 7.3 Node Package Manager (npm) 7.4 Socket 8 Text editors and IDE's 8.1 General editor info 8.2 Sublime text 3 8.3 Atom 8.4 Android Studio 8.5 Vim 9 Atom Editor by Github | 6 | A | 15 15 |
| 8.1 General editor info 8.2 Sublime text 3 8.3 Atom 8.4 Android Studio 8.5 Vim 9 Atom Editor by Github | 7 | 7.1 Node JS | 17 17 17 17 18 |
| | 8 | 8.1 General editor info | 19 19 19 19 19 |
| The largest the la | 9 | | 21 21 |

| 10 | Vim 10.1 Find and replace | 23 25 |
|----|---|-----------------------------|
| 11 | Hardware specs and documentation 11.1 Lenovo ideapad Y700 | 27 27 27 27 27 |
| 12 | Amazon Web Services S3 12.1 Deploying to AWS S3 | 29 29 |
| 13 | Deploy Apps to Heroku13.1 Setup Heroku CLI13.2 Custom Domains | 31 31 31 |
| 14 | Deployment, Hosting and Security 14.1 Siteground | 33 |
| 15 | SEO 15.1 Website Migration | 35 35 |
| 16 | .htaccess 16.1 Password Protect Website Sections | 37 37 |
| 17 | Optimization with .htaccess 17.1 gZIP compression | 39 39 |
| 18 | Flask Microdevelopment Platform 18.1 Installation | 41 |
| 19 | Running Git Commands In Python | 43 |
| 20 | App Architecture | 45 |
| 21 | Common Issues 21.1 Android | 47 47 47 47 |
| 22 | Fuundamentals 22.1 App Components | 49 49 |
| 23 | Android 23.1 Beginner Tutorials | 51 51 53 |
| 24 | UI Components 24.1 Expandable List View | 55 55 |
| 25 | All Things API | 57 |
| 26 | DKE Labs 26.1 Projects | 59 59 |

| 27 | Cabanalytics | 61 |
|----|---|----|
| | 27.1 Resource Links | 61 |
| 28 | Θ | 63 |
| | 28.1 Git Basics | 63 |
| | 28.2 Branches | 63 |
| | 28.3 Git tips and tricks | 65 |
| | 28.4 Bash scripting with git | 65 |
| 29 | ReactJS | 67 |
| | 29.1 HOC Types | 67 |
| | 29.2 Common Mistakes | |
| 30 | Wordpress | 69 |
| | 30.1 Setup | 69 |
| 31 | Web Design | 71 |
| | 31.1 JavaScript Libs | 71 |
| 32 | | 73 |
| | 32.1 Secondary Section | 73 |
| | | |
| 33 | | 75 |
| 33 | Writing Sphinx reStructured Text documentation 33.1 Basic Structure | |

Information about development is also available

- Developer
- Bash
- Pi
- Node JS
- Editors / IDE's
- Hardware
- Hosting, Deployment and Security
- Python
- Android
- APIs

Note: Things between carets <> are meant to be replaced by the user. For example, sudo ifdown <interface> could be sudo ifdown wlan0 depending on the specific system and device interface.

DEVELOPER 1

2 DEVELOPER

ONE

DOCUMENTATION

- - 0.0.1

General development specifications for Asmattic Docs.

Writing This Documentation

This documentation is maintained in this Github repository https://github.com/moldfield/transparenc-docs . It is written in reStructuredText using the Sphinx tool that auto generates documentation in html and presents it in the Read the Docs theme.

The Read the Docs Account automatically updates and rebuilds the documentation upon pushing new commits to the Github repository attached to the account. The documentation is built in responsive html, PDF and Epub formats and is available for download in any of the versions that are created over time in multiple languages.

- · Git Branch Control
- reStructuredText Substitutions

Some Useful Git Commands

The most common commands are

```
$ git add --all
$ git add .
$ git commit -m "Your message"

# Commit to branch
$ git push origin [your-branch]

# Don't do this unless ready to merge
$ git push origin master

# Creating a new branch and switching into it
$ git checkout -b [new-branch]

# Merging and pulling
$ git fetch --all
$ git fetch --hard origin/[your-branch]
```

When you need to combine changes made somewhere else with your current branch.

\$ git pull origin other-branch

Git is basically doing this

\$ git fetch origin other-branch && git merge other-branch

Updating User Role Capabilities

In the $wp_options$ table, edit the wp_user_roles by removing the role in question. Then deactivate and activate the Asmattic Docs plugin.

| CHAP | ΓER |
|------|-----|
|------|-----|

TWO

WELCOME TO THE ASMATTIC DOCS DOCUMENTATION

Purpose

To educate about the use and building of Asmattic Docs.

| asmattic-docs Documentation, Release | 0.0.1 | | | |
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| | Chapter 2 | Wolcomo to the | Asmettic Dece | Daaumantatian |

THREE

BASH

Bash Tips

Close terminal

Ctrl + Shift + w

Some bash commands.

```
# Printing out computer hardware to .html file
$ sudo lshw -html
# Print PCI hardware
$ lspci -nn
# USB hardware
$ lsusb
# Turn off wifi Power management
$ sudo iwconfig <interface name (e.g. wlan0)> power off
# List modules
$ 1smod
# Kill radio signals ( check on this)
$ rfkill
# List channels available for device
$ iwlist chan
# Scan channels
$ iwlist scan
```

File/Folder Permissions

Permissions for files and folders are grouped in three different sections; *user*, *group* and *other*. To set permissions for each, use the chmod or "change mode" command.

```
# add -R to modify recursively
$ sudo chmod u=rwx,g=rx,o=r <myfile>
```

Table 3.1: Chmod digits

| Digit | Permission |
|-------|---------------|
| 4 | read |
| 2 | write |
| 1 | execute |
| 0 | no permission |

Compression

Tar (Tape Archiver)

Table 3.2: Compression Options

| Option | Description |
|---------|---|
| -c | Create archive |
| -z | Gzip archive |
| -A | Display progress (verbose) |
| -f | Specify filename |
| exclude | Specify files, folders or patterns to not extract |
| -x | Extract archive |
| -C | Specify directory to extract to |

```
# zip
$ tar -czvf <archive-to-create.tar.gz> <folder-to-compress> --exclude="*.pdf"
# unzip
$ tar -xzvf <file-to-extract.tar.gz> -C <folder-to-extract-to>
```

Count Output

To count various things in a file or output you can use wc.

Table 3.3: Compression Options

| Option | Thing to count |
|--------|----------------|
| -c | bytes |
| -m | chars |
| -1 | lines |
| -M | words |

```
# count lines of output
$ <command-with-output> | wc -1
```

Storage

To list memory used by various drives and folders

8 Chapter 3. Bash

```
# list storage
$ du -h
```

Clean up filesystem

```
$ sudo apt-get clean
```

Network

nmap cheat sheet

Setting up network ssid and psk can be done in the /etc/wpa_supplicant/wpa_supplicant.conf file.

You can also use sudo ifquery <interface> to find where the interface is getting it's configuration. Here is an example response.

```
wpa-conf: /etc/wpa_supplicant/wpa_supplicant.conf
```

There are a lot of other options like setting priority of networks and naming that can be found on the wiki here.

```
# Mandatory
network={
    ssid="NETWORK_SSID"
    psk="PASSWORD"
}
```

Predictable Network Names

This is the naming system used when you see more complex names for interface devices than wlan0

List PCI interfaces

lspci

Change Mac Address

Bring card down

```
ifconfig <interface> down
```

Change the address to any octet

```
ifconfig <interface> hw ether dd:dd:dd:dd:dd
```

Bring it back up

```
ifconfig <interface> up
```

Restart Network

Using wlan0 as an example.

Turn off

3.6. Network 9

```
sudo ifdown wlan0
```

Turn on

```
sudo ifup wlan0
```

Restart network manager entirely. Setting an interface to monitor mode will require this to get the wifi back up.

```
sudo network-manager restart
```

Ubuntu (and other distros)

Check the version of distro

```
lsb_release -a
```

Install Wireshark

1. Update PPA to latest stable version

```
sudo add-apt-repository ppa:wireshark-dev/stable
```

- 1. Allow superuser to run Wireshark when it asks during installation.
- 2. Integrate new changes

```
sudo apt-get update
```

1. Install

```
sudo apt-get install wireshark
```

1. If you selected no initially and want to change it later, run

```
sudo dpkg-reconfigure wireshark-common
```

10 Chapter 3. Bash

FOUR

BASH SCRIPTING

Use the backtick '' character to output to a variable rather than the console

```
var_one=`cat ls | grep .txt`
```

Installing an array of packages

```
package_list=(
          package1
          packageN
)

# The @ destructures the array members
sudo apt-get -y install ${package_list[@]}
```

Commands that depend on previous commands completing successfully

```
# In terminal
command1 && command2 && command3

# In script
# Backslash lets bash know these lines are one command
command1 \
    && command 2 \
    && command 3
```

Run commands regardless of previous commands success or failure

```
# In terminal
command1; command2; command3

# In script
# Just put each on it's own line
command1
command2
command3
```

```
some_arr=(
    "thing1"
    "thingN"
)

for i in "${some_arr[@]}"
do
```

echo \$i
done

Users

Return user

\$ echo \$(whoami)

FIVE

RASPBERRY PI RESOURCES

For the Raspberry Pi

Some resources.

- Raspberry Pi The main website of Raspberry Pi
- Aircrack Ng Raspberry Pi Install aircrack-ng suite on the raspberry pi.

Rename hostname

All files to edit:

- /etc/hosts
- /etc/hostname
- /etc/init.d/hostname.sh
- /etc/hostapd/hostapd.conf
- /boot/hostnames

Edit /etc/hosts

```
# Change this line
127.0.1.1 raspberrypi

# To this line
127.0.1.1 <newhostname>
```

SIX

NETWORK SETUP

For the Raspberry Pi

About the pi.

Searching for the local IP address
\$ nmap -sn 192.168.1.0/24

SEVEN

NODE JS

Node JS

Some resources.

- Node JS- The main node js website
- Node Version Manager Manages node versions locally and globally

Node Version Manager

```
# List installed node versions
$ nvm ls
```

Node Package Manager (npm)

Update npm

```
$ npm i -g npm
```

Checking for outdated packages, the latest versions and the minimum required versions.

```
$ npm outdated [-g]
```

Updating a specific package.

```
$ npm update [-g] <package>
```

List all installed packages and their dependencies in a tree structure.

```
$ npm ls
```

Removing a package

```
$ npm remove [-g] <package>
```

Socket

Note: Make sure you start the socket on the server and not the app itself with express

• Socket IO docs - Official documentation

```
var io = require('socket.io')(80);
var cfg = require('./config.json');
var tw = require('node-tweet-stream')(cfg);

tw.track('socket.io');

tw.track('javascript');

tw.on('tweet', function(tweet){
        io.emit('tweet', tweet);
});
```

18 Chapter 7. Node JS

EIGHT

TEXT EDITORS AND IDE'S

General editor info

• Editor Config Files - EditorConfig helps developers define and maintain consistent coding styles between different editors and IDEs.

Sublime text 3

stuff about sublime

Atom

Stuff about atom

Android Studio

Stuff about this

Vim

• Use Vim as JavaScript IDE

NINE

ATOM EDITOR BY GITHUB

Packages

Python

• Autocomplete Python - Python completions for packages, variables, methods and functions

HTML

• Atom HTML Preview - A live preview tool for Atom Editor

JavaScript

• language-babel -

C++

• autocomplete-clang - Autocomplete for C/C++/ObjC

Github

- Git Plus Do the git things without the terminal
- Git Control GUI for a lot of git commands
- Git Time Machine GUI for git commit history

Editing

• Highlight Selected - Highlights the current word selected when double clicking.

reStructured Text

• language-restructuredtext -

TEN

VIM

Here is the GitHub repo for monokai syntax highlighting

Here is my GitHub repo for automating this installation

```
# create the necessary dirs
mkdir -p $HOME/.vim/colors
```

Here is the file to place in ~/.vim/colors

```
" Vim color file
" Converted from Textmate theme Monokai using Coloration v0.3.2 (http://github.com/
⇒sickill/coloration)
set background=dark
highlight clear
if exists("syntax_on")
 syntax reset
endif
set t Co=256
let g:colors_name = "monokai"
hi Cursor ctermfg=235 ctermbg=231 cterm=NONE guifg=#272822 guibg=#f8f8f0 gui=NONE
hi Visual ctermfq=NONE ctermbq=59 cterm=NONE quifq=NONE quibq=#49483e qui=NONE
hi CursorLine ctermfg=NONE ctermbg=237 cterm=NONE guifg=NONE guibg=#3c3d37 gui=NONE
hi CursorColumn ctermfg=NONE ctermbg=237 cterm=NONE guifg=NONE guibg=#3c3d37 gui=NONE
hi ColorColumn ctermfg=NONE ctermbg=237 cterm=NONE quifg=NONE quibg=#3c3d37 qui=NONE
hi LineNr ctermfg=102 ctermbg=237 cterm=NONE guifg=#90908a guibg=#3c3d37 gui=NONE
hi VertSplit ctermfq=241 ctermbq=241 cterm=NONE quifq=#64645e quibq=#64645e qui=NONE
hi MatchParen ctermfg=197 ctermbg=NONE cterm=underline quifg=#f92672 quibg=NONE,
→qui=underline
hi StatusLine ctermfg=231 ctermbg=241 cterm=bold guifg=#f8f8f2 guibg=#64645e gui=bold
hi StatusLineNC ctermfq=231 ctermbq=241 cterm=NONE quifq=#f8f8f2 quibq=#64645e,..
→qui=NONE
hi Pmenu ctermfg=NONE ctermbg=NONE cterm=NONE guifg=NONE guibg=NONE gui=NONE
hi PmenuSel ctermfg=NONE ctermbg=59 cterm=NONE guifg=NONE guibg=#49483e gui=NONE
hi IncSearch ctermfg=235 ctermbg=186 cterm=NONE quifg=#272822 quibg=#e6db74 qui=NONE
hi Search ctermfg=NONE ctermbg=NONE cterm=underline guifg=NONE guibg=NONE,
→gui=underline
hi Directory ctermfg=141 ctermbg=NONE cterm=NONE quifg=#ae81ff quibg=NONE qui=NONE
hi Folded ctermfg=242 ctermbg=235 cterm=NONE guifg=#75715e guibg=#272822 gui=NONE
hi SignColumn ctermfg=NONE ctermbg=237 cterm=NONE quifg=NONE quibg=#3c3d37 qui=NONE
hi Normal ctermfg=231 ctermbg=235 cterm=NONE guifg=#f8f8f2 guibg=#272822 gui=NONE
hi Boolean ctermfg=141 ctermbg=NONE cterm=NONE guifg=#ae81ff guibg=NONE gui=NONE
```

```
hi Character ctermfg=141 ctermbg=NONE cterm=NONE quifg=#ae81ff quibg=NONE qui=NONE
hi Comment ctermfg=242 ctermbg=NONE cterm=NONE guifg=#75715e guibg=NONE gui=NONE
hi Conditional ctermfg=197 ctermbg=NONE cterm=NONE guifg=#f92672 guibg=NONE gui=NONE
hi Constant ctermfq=NONE ctermbq=NONE cterm=NONE quifq=NONE quibq=NONE qui=NONE
hi Define ctermfg=197 ctermbg=NONE cterm=NONE guifg=#f92672 guibg=NONE gui=NONE
hi DiffAdd ctermfg=231 ctermbg=64 cterm=bold quifg=#f8f8f2 quibg=#46830c qui=bold
hi DiffDelete ctermfg=88 ctermbg=NONE cterm=NONE guifg=#8b0807 guibg=NONE gui=NONE
hi DiffChange ctermfg=NONE ctermbg=NONE cterm=NONE quifg=#f8f8f2 quibg=#243955,
⊶gui=NONE
hi DiffText ctermfg=231 ctermbg=24 cterm=bold guifg=#f8f8f2 guibg=#204a87 gui=bold
hi ErrorMsg ctermfg=231 ctermbg=197 cterm=NONE guifg=#f8f8f0 guibg=#f92672 gui=NONE
hi WarningMsg ctermfg=231 ctermbg=197 cterm=NONE guifg=#f8f8f0 quibg=#f92672 qui=NONE
hi Float ctermfg=141 ctermbg=NONE cterm=NONE guifg=#ae81ff guibg=NONE gui=NONE
hi Function ctermfg=148 ctermbg=NONE cterm=NONE guifg=#a6e22e guibg=NONE gui=NONE
hi Identifier ctermfg=81 ctermbg=NONE cterm=NONE guifg=#66d9ef guibg=NONE gui=italic
hi Keyword ctermfg=197 ctermbg=NONE cterm=NONE guifg=#f92672 guibg=NONE gui=NONE
hi Label ctermfg=186 ctermbg=NONE cterm=NONE guifg=#e6db74 guibg=NONE gui=NONE
hi NonText ctermfg=59 ctermbg=236 cterm=NONE guifg=#49483e guibg=#31322c gui=NONE
hi Number ctermfg=141 ctermbg=NONE cterm=NONE guifg=#ae81ff guibg=NONE gui=NONE
hi Operator ctermfg=197 ctermbg=NONE cterm=NONE guifg=#f92672 guibg=NONE gui=NONE
hi PreProc ctermfg=197 ctermbg=NONE cterm=NONE guifg=#f92672 guibg=NONE gui=NONE
hi Special ctermfg=231 ctermbg=NONE cterm=NONE guifg=#f8f8f2 guibg=NONE gui=NONE
hi SpecialComment ctermfg=242 ctermbg=NONE cterm=NONE guifg=#75715e guibg=NONE_
→ qui=NONE
hi SpecialKey ctermfg=59 ctermbg=237 cterm=NONE guifg=#49483e guibg=#3c3d37 gui=NONE
hi Statement ctermfg=197 ctermbg=NONE cterm=NONE quifg=#f92672 quibg=NONE qui=NONE
hi StorageClass ctermfg=81 ctermbg=NONE cterm=NONE guifg=#66d9ef guibg=NONE gui=italic
hi String ctermfg=186 ctermbg=NONE cterm=NONE guifg=#e6db74 guibg=NONE gui=NONE
hi Tag ctermfg=197 ctermbg=NONE cterm=NONE guifg=#f92672 guibg=NONE gui=NONE
hi Title ctermfg=231 ctermbg=NONE cterm=bold guifg=#f8f8f2 guibg=NONE gui=bold
hi Todo ctermfg=95 ctermbg=NONE cterm=inverse,bold guifg=#75715e guibg=NONE_
→gui=inverse,bold
hi Type ctermfg=197 ctermbg=NONE cterm=NONE guifg=#f92672 guibg=NONE gui=NONE
hi Underlined ctermfg=NONE ctermbg=NONE cterm=underline guifg=NONE guibg=NONE,
→qui=underline
hi rubyClass ctermfg=197 ctermbg=NONE cterm=NONE quifg=#f92672 quibg=NONE qui=NONE
hi rubyFunction ctermfg=148 ctermbg=NONE cterm=NONE guifg=#a6e22e guibg=NONE gui=NONE
hi rubyInterpolationDelimiter ctermfg=NONE ctermbg=NONE cterm=NONE guifg=NONE_

    →guibg=NONE gui=NONE

hi rubySymbol ctermfg=141 ctermbg=NONE cterm=NONE guifg=#ae81ff guibg=NONE gui=NONE
hi rubyConstant ctermfg=81 ctermbg=NONE cterm=NONE guifg=#66d9ef guibg=NONE gui=italic
hi rubyStringDelimiter ctermfg=186 ctermbg=NONE cterm=NONE guifg=#e6db74 guibg=NONE,
→ qui=NONE
hi rubyBlockParameter ctermfg=208 ctermbg=NONE cterm=NONE guifg=#fd971f guibg=NONE_
-gui=italic
hi rubyInstanceVariable ctermfg=NONE ctermbg=NONE cterm=NONE guifg=NONE guibg=NONE_
hi rubyInclude ctermfq=197 ctermbq=NONE cterm=NONE quifq=#f92672 quibq=NONE qui=NONE
hi rubyGlobalVariable ctermfg=NONE ctermbg=NONE cterm=NONE guifg=NONE guibg=NONE,
→qui=NONE
hi rubyRegexp ctermfg=186 ctermbg=NONE cterm=NONE guifg=#e6db74 guibg=NONE gui=NONE
hi rubyRegexpDelimiter ctermfg=186 ctermbg=NONE cterm=NONE guifg=#e6db74 guibg=NONE_
→ qui=NONE
hi rubyEscape ctermfg=141 ctermbg=NONE cterm=NONE guifg=#ae81ff guibg=NONE gui=NONE
hi rubyControl ctermfq=197 ctermbq=NONE cterm=NONE quifq=#f92672 quibq=NONE qui=NONE
hi rubyClassVariable ctermfg=NONE ctermbg=NONE cterm=NONE guifg=NONE guibg=NONE_
⊶gui=NONE
hi rubyOperator ctermfg=197 ctermbg=NONE cterm=NONE guifg=#f92672 guibg=NONE gui=NONE
```

24 Chapter 10. Vim

```
hi rubyException ctermfq=197 ctermbq=NONE cterm=NONE quifq=#f92672 quibq=NONE qui=NONE
hi rubyPseudoVariable ctermfg=NONE ctermbg=NONE cterm=NONE quifg=NONE quibg=NONE.
-gui=NONE
hi rubyRailsUserClass ctermfg=81 ctermbg=NONE cterm=NONE quifg=#66d9ef quibg=NONE.
-gui=italic
hi rubyRailsARAssociationMethod ctermfg=81 ctermbg=NONE cterm=NONE quifg=#66d9ef...
→ guibg=NONE gui=NONE
hi rubyRailsARMethod ctermfg=81 ctermbg=NONE cterm=NONE guifg=#66d9ef guibg=NONE,
→ qui=NONE
hi rubyRailsRenderMethod ctermfq=81 ctermbq=NONE cterm=NONE guifq=#66d9ef guibq=NONE.
→aui=NONE
hi rubyRailsMethod ctermfg=81 ctermbg=NONE cterm=NONE quifg=#66d9ef quibg=NONE,
→ gui=NONE
hi erubyDelimiter ctermfg=NONE ctermbg=NONE cterm=NONE guifg=NONE guibg=NONE gui=NONE
hi erubyComment ctermfg=95 ctermbg=NONE cterm=NONE quifg=#75715e quibg=NONE qui=NONE
hi erubyRailsMethod ctermfg=81 ctermbg=NONE cterm=NONE guifg=#66d9ef guibg=NONE,
→qui=NONE
hi htmlTag ctermfg=148 ctermbg=NONE cterm=NONE quifg=#a6e22e quibg=NONE qui=NONE
hi htmlEndTag ctermfg=148 ctermbg=NONE cterm=NONE guifg=#a6e22e guibg=NONE gui=NONE
hi htmlTagName ctermfg=NONE ctermbg=NONE cterm=NONE guifg=NONE guibg=NONE gui=NONE
hi htmlArg ctermfg=NONE ctermbg=NONE cterm=NONE guifg=NONE guibg=NONE gui=NONE
hi htmlSpecialChar ctermfg=141 ctermbg=NONE cterm=NONE guifg=#ae81ff guibg=NONE,
→ gui=NONE
hi javaScriptFunction ctermfg=81 ctermbg=NONE cterm=NONE guifg=#66d9ef guibg=NONE_
⊶gui=italic
hi javaScriptRailsFunction ctermfg=81 ctermbg=NONE cterm=NONE guifg=#66d9ef_
→ guibg=NONE gui=NONE
hi javaScriptBraces ctermfg=NONE ctermbg=NONE cterm=NONE quifg=NONE quibg=NONE,
-gui=NONE
hi yamlKey ctermfg=197 ctermbg=NONE cterm=NONE guifg=#f92672 guibg=NONE gui=NONE
hi yamlAnchor ctermfg=NONE ctermbg=NONE cterm=NONE guifg=NONE guibg=NONE gui=NONE
hi yamlAlias ctermfg=NONE ctermbg=NONE cterm=NONE guifg=NONE guibg=NONE gui=NONE
hi yamlDocumentHeader ctermfg=186 ctermbg=NONE cterm=NONE guifg=#e6db74 guibg=NONE_
hi cssURL ctermfq=208 ctermbq=NONE cterm=NONE quifq=#fd971f quibq=NONE qui=italic
hi cssFunctionName ctermfg=81 ctermbg=NONE cterm=NONE quifg=#66d9ef quibg=NONE,
hi cssColor ctermfg=141 ctermbg=NONE cterm=NONE guifg=#ae81ff guibg=NONE gui=NONE
hi cssPseudoClassId ctermfq=148 ctermbq=NONE cterm=NONE quifq=#a6e22e quibq=NONE,
→ qui=NONE
hi cssClassName ctermfg=148 ctermbg=NONE cterm=NONE guifg=#a6e22e guibg=NONE gui=NONE
hi cssValueLength ctermfg=141 ctermbg=NONE cterm=NONE guifg=#ae81ff guibg=NONE.
\hookrightarrow \alpha_{11} i = NONE
hi cssCommonAttr ctermfg=81 ctermbg=NONE cterm=NONE guifg=#66d9ef guibg=NONE gui=NONE
hi cssBraces ctermfg=NONE ctermbg=NONE cterm=NONE guifg=NONE guibg=NONE gui=NONE
```

Find and replace

To find and replace item1 with item2 and have it ask for each item.

```
# Esc key to go to command mode
:%s/item1/item2/gc
```

- %s for find and replace
- g alone wouldn't ask, it would just replace

• gc asks for each case

26 Chapter 10. Vim

ELEVEN

HARDWARE SPECS AND DOCUMENTATION

Lenovo ideapad Y700

Graphics Cards

Search

- GeForce 900M
- GeForce GTX 960M
- Linux 64 bit

Anker USB 3.0 docking station

The Anker docking station uses USB 3.0 and is capable of Gigabit Ethernet with 6 USB ports. The drivers are maintained by Display Link and include Ubuntu.

FIDO Universal 2 Factor Authentication (U2F)

Yubikey is a popular vendor that makes USB authentication hardware keys using the FIDO U2F standard. The newest and most versitile as of this writing is the Yubikey 4 Series as it comes in multiple form factors including USB-A, a penny sized USB-A and USB-C. While the U2F standard is the main reason for these keys, the 4 series also supports the protocols below.

- FIDO U2F
- · Secure Static Passwords
- smart card (PIV)
- Yubico OTP
- · Code Signing
- OpenPGP
- OATH-TOTP
- OATH-HOTP
- Challenge-Response

TWELVE

AMAZON WEB SERVICES S3

Deploying to AWS S3

• AWS S3 deployment - Velocity 360 Youtube video

THIRTEEN

DEPLOY APPS TO HEROKU

Note: Unless otherwise specified this will refer to running a node JS server.

Setup Heroku CLI

First install the Heroku CLI and login in order to attach your local project with the heroku git remote.

Custom Domains

Login to the heroku cli and type in heroku domains: add <example.io>. Then heroku domains to list out the DNS Targets to create CNAME records pointing to.

Note: In **GoDaddy** you can not point the naked domain example.io to the Heroku **DNS Target**. You can only point a subdomain like www.example.io to the **DNS Target** and forward the named domain to the subdomain. This is primarily because *A* records require an IP address and Heroku doesn't have fixed IPs.

FOURTEEN

DEPLOYMENT, HOSTING AND SECURITY

Siteground

Content Delivery Network (CDN)
Setting up Cloud Flare on Siteground

FIFTEEN

SEO

Website Migration

Note: When migrating a website make sure to collect all link references using Screaming Frog.

The

36 Chapter 15. SEO

SIXTEEN

. HTACCESS

Password Protect Website Sections

Password protect specific areas of a site from a single file to a subdomain to a full domain.

```
AuthType Basic
AuthUserFile /.htpasswds/.htpasswd
AuthName "Enter Password"

# To allow any user in the .htpasswd file
Require valid-user

# Only allow a specific user
Require exampleUser
```

The . htpasswd file is just a colon separated list of usernames and passwords with one user per line. The passwords are encrypted with the MD5 hash algorithm.

Note: Make sure to keep the .htpasswd file outside any directories available to the outside world.

SEVENTEEN

OPTIMIZATION WITH . HTACCESS

From a Siteground post on WordPress Optimization here are some simple things that can improve site performance.

gZIP compression

Compress files before sending to the client.

```
## ENABLE GZIP COMPRESSION ##
AddOutputFilterByType DEFLATE text/plain
AddOutputFilterByType DEFLATE text/html
AddOutputFilterByType DEFLATE text/xml
AddOutputFilterByType DEFLATE text/css
AddOutputFilterByType DEFLATE application/xml
AddOutputFilterByType DEFLATE application/xhtml+xml
AddOutputFilterByType DEFLATE application/rss+xml
AddOutputFilterByType DEFLATE application/javascript
AddOutputFilterByType DEFLATE application/javascript
## ENABLE GZIP COMPRESSION ##
```

Browser caching

```
## LEVERAGE BROWSER CACHING ##
<IfModule mod_expires.c>
ExpiresActive On
ExpiresByType image/jpg "access 1 year"
ExpiresByType image/jpeg "access 1 year"
ExpiresByType image/gif "access 1 year"
ExpiresByType image/png "access 1 year"
ExpiresByType text/css "access 1 month"
ExpiresByType application/pdf "access 1 month"
ExpiresByType application/x-javascript "access 1 month"
ExpiresByType application/javascript "access 1 month"
ExpiresByType application/x-shockwave-flash "access 1 month"
ExpiresByType image/x-icon "access 1 year"
ExpiresDefault "access 2 days"
</IfModule>
## LEVERAGE BROWSER CACHING ##
```

EIGHTEEN

FLASK MICRODEVELOPMENT PLATFORM

Flask is a great way to create a simple and extensible server in Python. On a surface level it bears a resemblence to a nodejs express server and is similarly useful for creating a REST API.

Installation

NINETEEN

RUNNING GIT COMMANDS IN PYTHON

Due to the environment specific complexities with running certain git commands in bash scripts, GitPython is supposed to take care of some of that.

\$ sudo -H pip install GitPython

Note:

-H, --set-home Request that the security policy set the HOME environment variable to the home directory specified by the target user's password database entry. Depending on the policy, this may be the default behavior.

| asmattic-docs Documentation, Release 0.0.1 | |
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APP ARCHITECTURE

The best practices way to build production quality Android apps.

TWENTYONE

COMMON ISSUES

Android

Specific to Android.

Naming Conventions

The Android Open Source Project style guidelines have some common patterns that are in many projects and examples so here are a few to watch out for.

Field Naming Conventions

- Non-public, non-static field names start with m.
- Static field names start with s.
- Other fields start with a lower case letter.
- Public static final fields (constants) are ALL_CAPS_WITH_UNDERSCORES.

Java

Specific to Java or Androids supported features of Java.

Android Studio

Specific to Android Studio.

File accidently created as text file

If a file is created and for any reason is not registered as a . java file or .class file, follow these steps.

- Go to file -> settings -> file types.
- Find the type that your file appears to be (check text).
- Select that type and look for the name of your file and delete it from that file type so it can take it's rightful place as a . java file.

TWENTYTWO

FUUNDAMENTALS

App Components

Four types:

- Services
- Activities
- Broadcast Receivers
- Content Providers

TWENTYTHREE

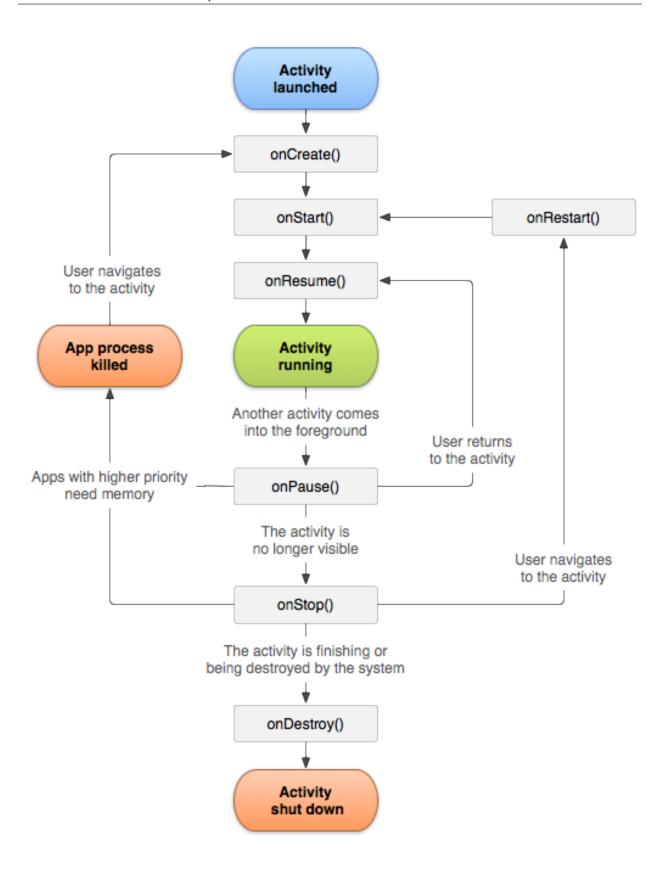
ANDROID

Beginner Tutorials

- Tuts + learn Android SDK from scratch
- Sitepoint TODO App Tutorial
- Udacity Android Class

Activity Lifecycle

Different states of the Activity components lifecycle and methods available or envoked in those stages.



52 Chapter 23. Android

Java Language Features

A non-comprehensive list of features of Java in no particular order with emphasis on elements supported by Android.

Interfaces

From the Oracle Java docs

In the Java programming language, an interface is a reference type, similar to a class, that can contain only constants, method signatures, default methods, static methods, and nested types. Method bodies exist only for default methods and static methods. Interfaces cannot be instantiated—they can only be implemented by classes or extended by other interfaces. Extension is discussed later in this lesson.

Map

HashMap

ArrayList

TWENTYFOUR

UI COMPONENTS

Various common components used in Android user interfaces.

Expandable List View

| СНАРТЕ | ≣R |
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| TWENTYFIV | Έ |

ALL THINGS API

As much information on API's as there is time to add it.

TWENTYSIX

DKE LABS

Projects

• Grim Trigger

TWENTYSEVEN

CABANALYTICS

Resource Links

React Client Side Docs

TWENTYEIGHT

ALL THINGS GIT

Git Basics

Enough to get started with.

```
# Check status of project
$ git status
# Adds all newly added files and directories
$ git add --all
# Adds all individual code changes in existing files and directories
$ git add .
# Commits changes to local .git folder
$ git commit -m "Your message"
# Commits to remote branch (usually master)
$ git push origin <your-branch>
# Don't do this on a non-master branch unless ready to merge
$ git push origin master
# Creating a new branch and switching into it
$ git checkout -b <new-branch>
# Merging and pulling
$ git fetch --all
$ git fetch --hard origin/<your-branch>
```

When you need to combine changes made somewhere else with your current branch.

```
$ git pull origin other-branch
Git is basically doing this
$ git fetch origin other-branch && git merge other-branch
```

Branches

```
# To list local branches
git branch
```

```
# To list remote and local branches
git branch -a
```

Merging Branches

Here is a great Atlassian article on the multiple types of merging branches.

Here is the main article from the GitHub help pages

Note: As a general strategy, it is best to merge the more important branches rather than the other way around so that the merge conflicts can be managed with less of a chance of messing up master or other stable branches.

The --no-ff creates a commit and timestamp of the merge, as well as who did it.

```
# checkout less important branch
$ git checkout <feature branch>

# merge in the more important branch
$ git merge --no-ff <branch>

# if there are conflicts see where they are
# see below on how to deal with the conflicts
$ git status

# Go into the files an
# when ready to merge into stable
$ git checkout <branch to delete>

$ git push

$ git checkout <stable branch>
# delete obsolete branch
$ git branch -d <obsolete branch>
```

If there are conflicts, you will see <><<<<<HEAD or <><<<<>branch> followed by the code in one branch with ======== separating the same code with changes in the other branch with >>>>>>>>>> ther_branch> at the end of the changes to look at. Manually edit how you want to merge them, remove the conflict delimiters and commit the completed merge.

Deleting Branches

```
# delete remote branch
$ git push origin --delete <branch_name>

# delete local branch
$ git branch -d <branch_name>

# more foceful delete
$ git branch -D <branch_name>
```

Resetting Branch to previous commit

```
# Checkout the branch to revert
$ git checkout master

$ git reset --hard <commit>
$ git push --force origin master

# Then to prove it (it won't print any diff)
$ git diff master ..origin/master
```

Git tips and tricks

To display the current branch in the terminal follow the steps in this Howchoo atricle.

```
function parse_git_branch () {
    git branch 2> /dev/null | sed -e '/^[^*]/d' -e 's/* \(.*\)/ (\1)/'
}
YELLOW="\[\033[0;33m\]"
GREEN="\[\033[0;32m\]"
NO_COLOR="\[\033[0m\]"
PS1="$GREEN\u@\h$NO_COLOR:\w$YELLOW\$(parse_git_branch)$NO_COLOR\$"
```

Bash scripting with git

To have the right ssh context in git you have to feed it the correct place to look for the necessary keys.

Filename: git-ssh.sh

```
#!/bin/sh
ssh -i "$GIT_SSH_KEY" "$@"
```

Example using *git-ssh.sh* to use pull and push functions.

```
#!/bin/bash

# For now, I know user home
user_home="/home/pi"
echo "Go to ${user_home} dir"
echo ""
cd $user_home

# sets the ssh keys to reference for git
export GIT_SSH="${user_home}/git-ssh.sh"
export GIT_SSH_KEY="${user_home}/.ssh/id_rsa"
# Remove the current ~/ddrone-pi dir
echo "Remove the current ${user_home}/ddrone-pi dir"
sudo rm -rf "${user_home}/ddrone-pi"

# TODO: Check if dke-labs-grim-trigger already exists
# If it does, update it
dke_git_dir="${user_home}/dke-labs-grim-trigger"
```

```
ddrone_repo="git@github.com:asmattic/dke-labs-grim-trigger.git"
if [ -d "$dke_git_dir" ]
then
   echo "${dke_labs_git_dir} exists"
   # echo "Here are the branches"
   cd $dke_git_dir \
   # && git branch -a
   # echo "Type the one you want and hit [ENTER]"
   # read git_branch_to_pull
   git_branch_to_pull="master"
   echo "You chose ${git_branch_to_pull}, about to pull"
   git checkout ${git_branch_to_pull} \
   && git pull origin ${git_branch_to_pull}
   echo "Get the whole GitHub repo"
   echo "${ddrone_repo}"
   echo ""
   git clone $ddrone_repo
fi
```

TWENTYNINE

REACTJS

HOC Types

Functional Stateless

Class Stateful

Common Mistakes

Calling an arrow function in a *JSX* prop with parentheses is different from calling without. In order to not have the function called every time, call the function without the parentheses.

| CHAPTER |
|---------|
| THIRTY |

WORDPRESS

Setup

THIRTYONE

WEB DESIGN

JavaScript Libs

FluidVids

FluidVids is a js library that makes most common video formats responsive. Make sure to use the code in the GitHub because it's the most up to date.

THIRTYTWO

MAIN SECTION

Secondary Section

Some regular text.

Bullet List

- Bullet 1
- Bullet 2
- Bullet 3

Tertiary Section

Some tertiary text.

THIRTYTHREE

WRITING SPHINX RESTRUCTURED TEXT DOCUMENTATION

Basic Structure

Sources

- reStructured text for writers Blog post about reStructured Text
- reStructured text documentation Official documentation
- reStructured text cheat sheet Cheat sheet written by matplotlib creators
- Sphinx documentation Official documentation
- Read The Docs Sphinx RTD styleguide

| • Useful table of contents info - Learn about glob matching and other include tricks | | |
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