



**FACULTY  
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AND PHYSICS**  
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# **High Level Assembler Plugin**

## **Detailed Specification**

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# Introduction

## Related Work



# 1. IBM High Level Assembler

## Language overview

In general, high-level assemblers provide for their assembly languages features that are commonly found in high-level programming languages. Hence, in addition to ordinary machine instructions they also contain control statements similar to *if*, *while*, *for* as well as custom callable macros.

IBM High Level Assembler (HLASM) comforts this definition and adds other features which will be described in this chapter.

### 1.1 Syntax

Because of historical reasons HLASM syntax is fairly complicated. Its line length is limited to 80 characters as it was in times when punch cards were used.

Besides this HLASM uses syntax common to regular assemblers.

#### 1.1.1 Statement

HLASM program is sequence of *statements*. Statement consists of four fields. Those are:

- **Name field** — Serves as place for named constants that are to be used in code. The field is optional but when used it always starts in the first column of a line.
- **Operation field** — Instruction that is executed. The only field that is mandatory. Must not begin in the first column as it would be interpreted as a name field.
- **Operands field** — Field for instruction operands separated by comma located immediately after operation field. According to instruction used it can be any sequence of characters, apostrophe separated string or blank.
- **Remark field** — Serves as inline commentary. Optionally located after operands field or operation field when operands are blank.

This is an example of basic statement using all field.

label	instruction	operands	remarks
.NOMOV	AGO	(&WH).L1,.L2,.L3	SEQUENTIAL BRANCH

### 1.1.2 Continuation

One line in HLASM source code can contain only up to 80 characters. However, sometimes statement is too long to be written in one line. Therefore, special handling is introduced called **continuation**.

Firstly, let us elaborate more on the topic of line column. There are four special columns:

- **Begin column** (default 1)
- **End column** (default 71)
- **Continuation column** (default 72)
- **Continue column** (default 16)

They all serve different purpose. First, *begin column* states start of the statement or where name field should be written. Anything after *end column* does not count as the content of a statement, rather it is used as a place for the line sequence number (see 1.1).

*Continuation column* is used for indication that statement continues on the next line (to indicate we write there arbitrary character other than space). Then the remainder of the statement must start on *continue column* to finally create a well formed statement.

Here is an example of an instruction where its last operand exceeded 72. column of the line.

```
OP1                      REG12,REG07,REG04,REG00,REG01,REG11,Rx
EG02
```

However, there are some instructions that allow so called *extended format* of operands allowing continuation even when line is not fully saturated.

```
AIF  ('&VAR' FIND '~').A,      REMARK1          x
      ('&VAR' EQ 'L').B,      REMARK2          x
      (T'&VAR EQ 'U').C      REMARK3
```

## 1.2 Semantics

### 1.2.1 Conditional assembly

### 1.2.2 Ordinary assembly

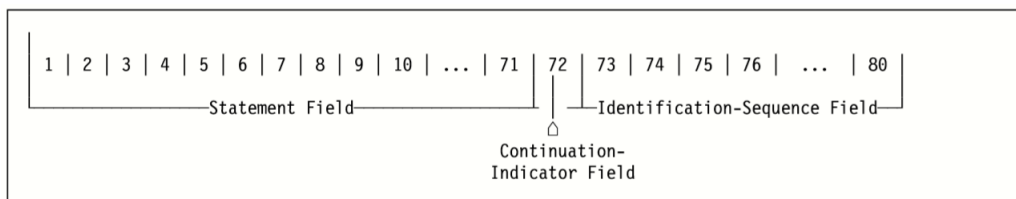


Figure 1.1: Description of line columns.





## 2. Requirements

-co ten nas produkt ma byt vseobecne zhrnutie

...je to extension ... doda support pre ... -cela tato sekcia uz je popisana niekde na CA wiki, mozno dobry zaklad

### 2.1 Language features

-zoznam veci jazyka co podporujeme

### 2.2 LSP features

-working plugin for vs code

- Go to definition for all symbols, macro definitions and copy members.
- Find all references
- Completion for instructions, defined symbols and macros
- Highlighting
- Hover

-non functional requirement - api kniznice??



## 3. Architecture

-JNI? asi by som nespominal

mirko:

a je fajn rozepsat vsechny API a takovy veci co sou po ceste

–velky graf vsetkych komponent –ku kazdemu odstavcek

### 3.1 Parser library

#### 3.1.1 Workspace manager

#### 3.1.2 Analyzer

Lexer

Parser

Processing

Checking

#### 3.1.3 Debugger

### 3.2 Language server

### 3.3 VS code client



## 4. Technologies

mirko: soupis konkrétních technologií a verzí antlr cmake jenkins json lib  
boost asio? docker

vscode theia che produkce zdrojaky poskytnute broadcom google test

–jenkins sa opytat ako s tym ze to nie je nase

jazyky typescript c++ cmake



## 5. Project execution

mirko:

- milestony

- gantt

- prirazeni lidi k projektum

- udelejte si cas na psani dokumentace

je fajn mit contingency plan, co delat kdyz se to dojebe nebo ltery ficury  
jsou jak prioritni

1. mesiac research jazyk 8t research zvolit parser 4t research zvolit ide 4t

2. mesiac implementacia LSP POC VSCode klient POC lexer 6 parser 8t

cmake 1t

3. mesiac do klienta semanticky highlighting assembler checker conditional assembly instructions expressions debugger POC

4. mesiac CA LSP features machine instruction checker 12t macro expansion

5. copy 4t machine expression 4t client-server continuation handling

6. DC ordinary 8t diagnostikz

7. ORDINARY LSP features code coverage 8t

8. benchmark testing 8t

9. dokumentacia



