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Course outline

About NPTEL
()

How does an
NPTEL online
course work?
()

Week 0 ()

Week 1 ()

Week 2 ()

Week 3 ()

Week 7 : Assignment 7

Your last recorded submission was on 2025-03-09, 18:59 IST Due date: 2025-03-12, 23:59 IST.

1)

1 point

Consider the following lock compatibility matrix where S denotes a shared lock and X denotes an exclusive lock:

	S	X
S	True	False
X	False	False

Which of the following statements about lock compatibility is (are) correct?

- a) A transaction holding an S lock on a data item allows other transactions to acquire an S lock but not an X lock on the same data item.
- b) A transaction holding an S lock on a data item allows other transactions to acquire an X lock on the same data item.
- c) A transaction holding an X lock on a data item allows other transactions to acquire another X lock on the same data item.
- d) A transaction holding an X lock on a data item prevents other transactions from acquiring an S lock on the same data item.

- ☒ a
☐ b
☐ c
☒ d

2)

1 point



Week 4 ()**Week 5 ()****Week 6 ()****Week 7 ()**

○ Lecture 31:
Transactions/1
: Serializability
(unit?
unit=76&lesson
=77)

○ Lecture 32:
Transactions/2
: Serializability
(unit?
unit=76&lesson
=78)

○ Lecture 33:
Transactions/3
: Recoverability
(unit?
unit=76&lesson
=79)

○ Lecture 34:
Concurrency
Control/1 (unit?
unit=76&lesson
=80)

○ Lecture 35:
Concurrency
Control/2 (unit?
unit=76&lesson
=81)

○ Week 7 Lecture
Material (unit?
unit=76&lesson
=82)

● **Quiz: Week 7 :
Assignment 7
(assessment?
name=216)**

○ Feedback Form
(unit?)

Consider the following schedule S involving five transactions T_1, T_2, T_3, T_4 , and T_5 :

T_1	T_2	T_3	T_4	T_5
	W(X)			
R(X)				
W(Y)				
		W(X)		
	R(Z)			
			W(Y)	
				R(X)
				W(Z)

$R(X)$ denotes read operation on data item X by transaction T_i .

$W(X)$ denotes write operation on data item X by transaction T_i .

Choose the correct option for the above transaction schedule.

- a) The schedule is neither conflict serializable nor view serializable.
- b) The schedule is both conflict serializable and view serializable.
- c) The schedule is only view serializable.
- d) The schedule is only conflict serializable.

- ☐ a
☐ b
☒ c
☐ d

3)

1 point

Consider the following schedule S involving five transactions T_1, T_2, T_3, T_4 and T_5 :

T_1	T_2	T_3	T_4	T_5
R(Z)				
R(X)				
		R(Y)		
	W(X)			
		W(X)		
			W(Z)	
				W(Z)

$R(X)$ denotes read operation on data item X by transaction T_i .

$W(X)$ denotes write operation on data item X by transaction T_i .

Identify the incorrect option(s) regarding the order of execution of all transactions in the above schedule S .

- a) $T_1 \rightarrow T_4 \rightarrow T_5 \rightarrow T_2 \rightarrow T_3$
- b) $T_1 \rightarrow T_2 \rightarrow T_3 \rightarrow T_4 \rightarrow T_5$
- c) $T_1 \rightarrow T_2 \rightarrow T_4 \rightarrow T_5 \rightarrow T_3$
- d) $T_1 \rightarrow T_4 \rightarrow T_3 \rightarrow T_5 \rightarrow T_2$

unit=76&lesson=205)

Week 8 ()

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- ☐ a
☐ b
☒ c
☐ d

4)

1 point

Consider the following schedule S involving five transactions T_1, T_2, T_3, T_4 and T_5 :

T_1	T_2	T_3	T_4	T_5
R(Z)				
	R(X)			
	W(X)			
		R(X)		
			R(Z)	
		W(X)		
			W(Z)	
W(Y)				
				W(Z)
	W(Y)			
				W(Y)

$R(X)$ denotes read operation on data item X by transaction T_i .

$W(X)$ denotes write operation on data item X by transaction T_i .

Identify the possible number of conflict serializable schedules of the above schedule S .

- a) 1
b) 2
c) 3
d) 5

- ☐ a
☐ b
☒ c
☐ d

5)

1 point



Consider the following schedule S of transactions T_1 and T_2 .

The read operation on data item A is denoted by $\text{read}(A)$ and the write operation on data item A is denoted by $\text{write}(A)$.

T_1	T_2
$\text{read}(A)$	
$A:=A-500$	
	$\text{read}(C)$
$\text{write}(A)$	
$\text{read}(B)$	
	$\text{temp}:=C*0.5$
	$C:=C-\text{temp}$
$B:=B+500$	
	$\text{write}(C)$
$\text{write}(B)$	
	$\text{read}(B)$
	$B:=B+\text{temp}$
	$\text{write}(B)$

Which of the following is TRUE about the schedule S ?

- a) S is serializable both as T_1, T_2 and T_2, T_1 .
- b) S is not serializable neither as T_1, T_2 nor T_2, T_1 .
- c) S is serializable only as T_1, T_2 .
- d) S is serializable only as T_2, T_1 .

- ☐ a
☐ b
☒ c
☐ d

6)

1 point

Consider the following schedule S .

T_1	T_2	T_3
		$R(Y)$
	$W(Y)$	
$R(Y)$		
		$W(Y)$
$W(Y)$		

$R(Y)$ denotes read operation on data item Y by Transaction T_i .

$W(Y)$ denotes write operation on data item Y by Transaction T_i .

Identify the possible number of view serializable schedule of the above schedule S .

- a) 1
- b) 2
- c) 4
- d) 6



- ☐ a
☐ b
☒ c
☐ d

7)

1 point

Consider two transactions given below where lock-X(A) denotes T_i has obtained an Exclusive-mode lock on item A and lock-S(A) denotes T_i has obtained a Shared-mode lock on item A.

T_1	T_2
lock-X(A)	lock-X(A)
read(A)	read(A)
lock-X(B)	A := A-100
read(B)	write(A)
B := B+100	lock-S(B)
write(B)	read(B)
lock-S(C)	lock-S(C)
read(C)	read(C)
unlock(C)	unlock(B)
commit	unlock(C)
unlock(A)	commit
unlock(B)	unlock(A)

Which of the following statement is (are) true?

- a) T_2 follows the rigorous two-phase locking protocol, but T_1 follows the strict two-phase locking protocol only.
 b) T_1 follows the rigorous two-phase locking protocol, but T_2 follows the strict two-phase locking protocol only.
 c) Both T_1 and T_2 follow the strict two-phase locking protocol.
 d) Both T_1 and T_2 follow the rigorous two-phase locking protocol.

- ☒ a
☐ b
☐ c
☐ d

8)

1 point



Consider the following schedule S.

T_1	T_2
R(X)	
W(X)	
R(Y)	
W(Y)	
COMMIT	
	R(X)
	W(X)
	R(Y)
	W(Y)
	COMMIT

R(X) denotes read operation on data item X by Transaction T_i .
W(X) denotes write operation on data item X by Transaction T_i .
Choose the correct options for the above schedule.

- a) The schedule is only recoverable schedule.
- b) The schedule is only cascadeless schedule.
- c) The schedule is recoverable schedule and cascadeless schedule both.
- d) The schedule is neither recoverable nor cascadeless schedule.

- ☐ a
- ☐ b
- ☒ c
- ☐ d

9)

1 point

Consider the following schedule S.

T1	T2	T3
R(X)		
W(X)		
	R(X)	
	W(X)	
	R(Y)	
	W(Y)	
		R(Y)
		W(Y)
	abort	

R(X) denotes a read operation on data item X by transaction T_i .

W(X) denotes a write operation on data item X by transaction T_i .

Transaction T3 commits before T2 aborts.

Identify the correct statement(s) based on the above schedule S.

- a) If T2 fails (aborts), only T1 will be rolled back, while T3 will remain unaffected.
- b) If T2 fails (aborts), only T3 will be rolled back, while T1 will remain unaffected.
- c) If T2 fails (aborts), no other transaction will be rolled back.
- d) If T2 fails (aborted), both transactions T1, and T3 must also be rolled back.

- ☐ a
☒ b
☐ c
☐ d

10)

1 point

Suppose in a database, there are three transactions T_1 , T_2 , and T_3 with timestamps 20, 21, and 22 respectively. T_2 is holding some data items which T_1 and T_3 are requesting to acquire. Which of the following statement(s) is (are) correct in respect of Wait-Die Deadlock Prevention Scheme?

- a) Transaction T_1 will rollback.
- b) Transaction T_3 will wait for T_2 to release the data item.
- c) Transaction T_1 will wait for T_2 to release the data item and Transaction T_3 will rollback.
- d) Both Transactions T_1 and T_3 will rollback.

- ☐ a
☐ b
☒ c
☐ d

You may submit any number of times before the due date. The final submission will be considered for grading.

Submit Answers



