A Short Description of the Variables of Interest in the insurance dataset

VARIABLE NAME	DEFINITION	THEORETICAL EFFECT
INDEX	Identification Variable (do not use)	None
TARGET_FLAG	Was Car in a crash? 1=YES 0=NO	None
TARGET_AMT	If car was in a crash, what was the cost	None
AGE	Age of Driver	Very young people tend to be risky. Maybe very old people also.
BLUEBOOK	Value of Vehicle	Unknown effect on probability of collision, but probably effect the payout if there is a crash
CAR_AGE	Vehicle Age	Unknown effect on probability of collision, but probably effect the payout if there is a crash
CAR_TYPE	Type of Car	Unknown effect on probability of collision, but probably effect the payout if there is a crash
CAR_USE	Vehicle Use	Commercial vehicles are driven more, so might increase probability of collision
CLM_FREQ	# Claims (Past 5 Years)	The more claims you filed in the past, the more you are likely to file in the future
EDUCATION	Max Education Level	Unknown effect, but in theory more educated people tend to drive more safely
HOMEKIDS	# Children at Home	Unknown effect
HOME_VAL	Home Value	In theory, home owners tend to drive more responsibly
INCOME	Income	In theory, rich people tend to get into fewer crashes
JOB	Job Category	In theory, white collar jobs tend to be safer
KIDSDRIV	# Driving Children	When teenagers drive your car, you are more likely to get into crashes
MSTATUS	Marital Status	In theory, married people drive more safely
MVR_PTS	Motor Vehicle Record Points	If you get lots of traffic tickets, you tend to get into more crashes
OLDCLAIM	Total Claims (Past 5 Years)	If your total payout over the past five years was high, this suggests future payouts will be high
PARENT1	Single Parent	Unknown effect
RED_CAR	A Red Car	Urban legend says that red cars (especially red sports cars) are more risky. Is that true?
REVOKED	License Revoked (Past 7 Years)	If your license was revoked in the past 7 years, you probably are a more risky driver.
SEX	Gender	Urban legend says that women have less crashes then men. Is that true?
TIF	Time in Force	People who have been customers for a long time are usually more safe.
TRAVTIME	Distance to Work	Long drives to work usually suggest greater risk
URBANICITY	Home/Work Area	Unknown
YOJ	Years on Job	People who stay at a job for a long time are usually more safe