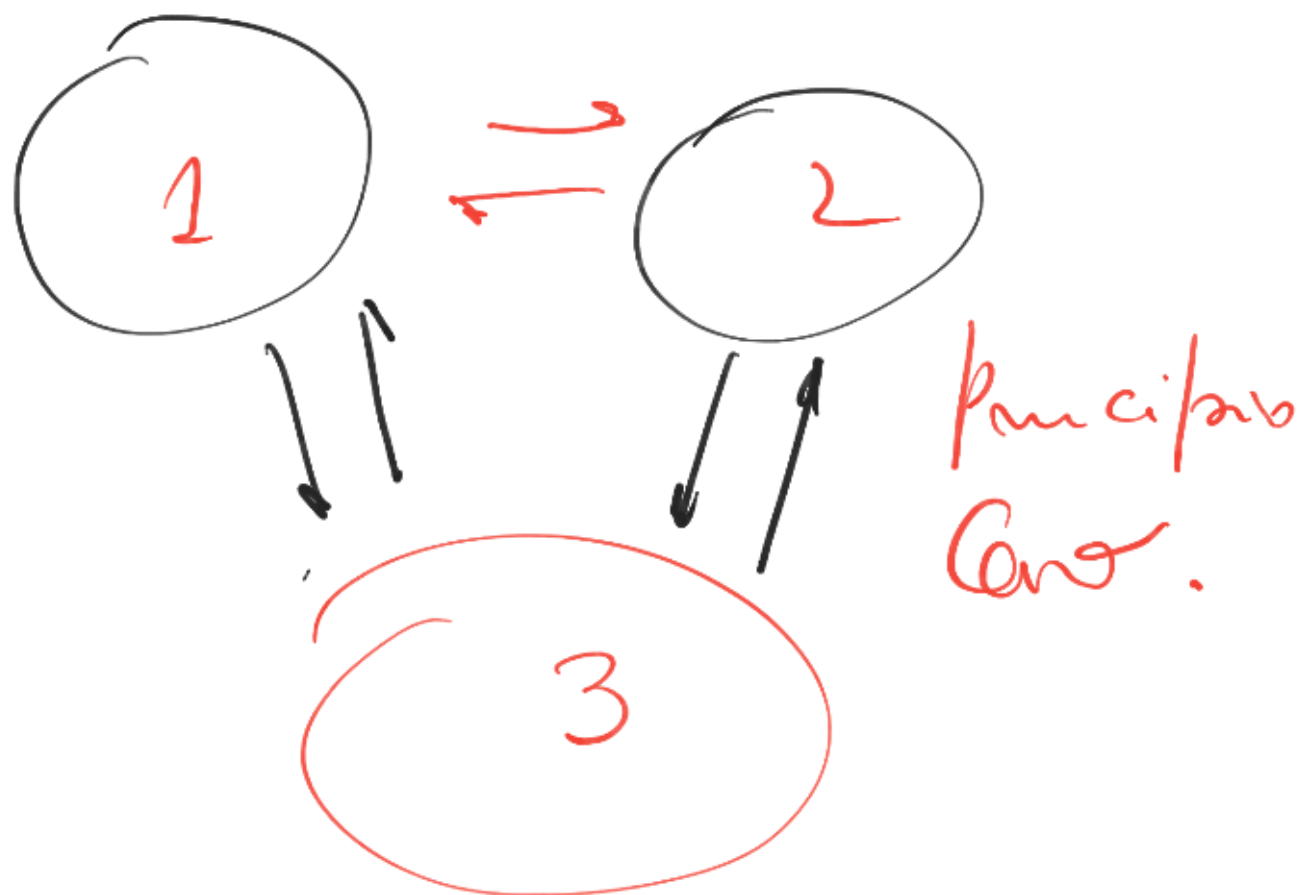


Calor



$$\vec{F} = \frac{d}{dt} \vec{p}$$

$$P = \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{N}{V} \right) \underbrace{\left(\frac{1}{2} m \langle v^2 \rangle \right)}$$

$$m \left(v_1^2 + v_2^2 + v_3^2 + \dots + v_N^2 \right)$$

$$m \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^N v_i^2 \quad \downarrow \quad N$$

$$\underbrace{\left(\frac{1}{2} m \langle v^2 \rangle \right)}$$

$$\langle E_K \rangle$$

$$PV = nRT$$

$$R = \frac{PV}{nT} = N_A k_B$$

$$R = 8,314 \frac{\text{J}}{\text{mol K}}$$

$$R = 0,082 \frac{\text{L atm}}{\text{K mol}}$$

$$T = \frac{1}{k_B} \frac{2}{3} \langle E_k \rangle$$

$$T = \frac{1}{k_B} \frac{2}{3} \frac{1}{2} m \langle v^2 \rangle$$

$$\langle v^2 \rangle = \frac{3T \cancel{k_B} N_A}{\cancel{m} N_A} R$$

$$\langle v^2 \rangle = \frac{3RT}{M}$$

$$v_{RMS} = \sqrt{\langle v^2 \rangle}$$

$$v_{RMS} = \sqrt{\frac{3RT}{M}}$$

$$O_2$$

$$M_{O_2} = 32 \text{ g/mol}$$

$$M_{He} = 4 \text{ g/mol} \quad T = 300 \text{ K}$$

$$v_{RMS}^{He} = 1370 \text{ m/s}$$

$$v_e = 11186 \text{ m/s}$$

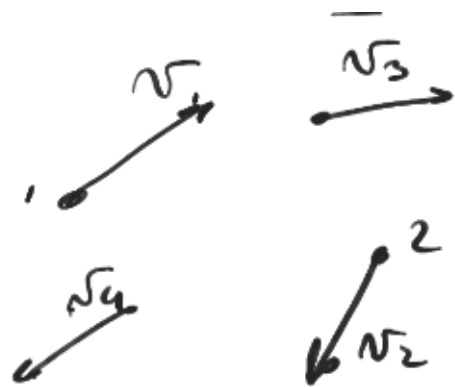
$$m = 1 \mu\text{g} \quad m = 99 \mu\text{g}$$

$$\langle m \rangle = 50 \mu\text{g}$$

$$m = 51 \mu\text{g} \quad m = 49 \mu\text{g}$$

$$\langle m \rangle = 50 \mu\text{g}$$

$$\text{Data: } \{ 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 \}$$



$$|v_1| + |v_2| + |v_3| + |v_4| \neq 0$$

¿Cuál es la dirección de prob.
del $|\vec{v}|$?

$$|\vec{v}| = \sqrt{v_x^2 + v_y^2 + v_z^2}$$



$$f(v) = \frac{4}{\sqrt{\pi}} \left(\frac{m}{2kT} \right)^{3/2} v^2 e^{-\left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{m v^2}{kT} \right)}$$

$n = e^{-E_c/kT}$

$$F(E) = \frac{2}{\sqrt{\pi}} \left(\frac{1}{\kappa} \right)^{3/2} \sqrt{E} e^{-E/\kappa T}$$