movie data eda final

August 4, 2025

```
[13]: # Cell 1: Import Libraries and Set Up Logging
      import logging
      import os
      import time
      import gzip
      import requests
      from dotenv import load_dotenv
      import pandas as pd
      from pyspark.sql import SparkSession
      from pyspark.sql.functions import col, log, when, median, to_date, coalesce, __
       ⇔concat, lit
      from pyspark.sql.types import StructType, StructField, IntegerType, StringType,
       →FloatType, TimestampType
      from pyspark.ml.recommendation import ALS
      from pyspark.ml.evaluation import RegressionEvaluator, RankingEvaluator
      import tensorflow as tf
      from tensorflow.keras.models import Model
      from tensorflow.keras.layers import Input, Embedding, Flatten, Concatenate,
       ⇔Dense, Dropout
      import numpy as np
      from datetime import datetime
[14]: # Configure logging
      logging.basicConfig(
          filename='recommendation_pipeline.log',
          level=logging.INFO,
          format='%(asctime)s - %(levelname)s - %(message)s',
          datefmt='%Y-%m-%d %H:%M:%S'
      console = logging.StreamHandler()
      console.setLevel(logging.INFO)
      console.setFormatter(logging.Formatter(
          '%(asctime)s - %(levelname)s - %(message)s'))
      logging.getLogger().addHandler(console)
      # Load environment variables
      load_dotenv()
```

```
TMDB_API_KEY = os.getenv('TMDB_API_KEY')
TMDB API READ ACCESS TOKEN = os.getenv('TMDB API READ ACCESS TOKEN')
# Set HADOOP_HOME for Windows
os.environ["HADOOP_HOME"] = "C:\\hadoop-3.3.6"
os.environ["hadoop.home.dir"] = "C:\\hadoop-3.3.6"
# Stop any existing Spark sessions
spark = SparkSession.getActiveSession()
if spark:
    spark.stop()
    logging.info("Stopped existing Spark session")
# Initialize Spark session
os.environ["PYSPARK PYTHON"] = os.path.abspath(".venv/Scripts/python.exe")
spark = SparkSession.builder \
     .appName("CostAwareRecommendation") \
    .master("local[*]") \
    .config("spark.driver.memory", "8g") \
    .config("spark.pyspark.python", os.environ["PYSPARK_PYTHON"]) \
    .config("spark.driver.bindAddress", "127.0.0.1") \
    .config("spark.driver.host", "127.0.0.1") \
    .config("spark.driver.port", "25334") \
    .config("spark.ui.showConsoleProgress", "false") \
    .config("spark.driver.extraJavaOptions", "-Xss4m") \
    .config("spark.executor.extraJavaOptions", "-Xss4m") \
     .getOrCreate()
logging.info(f"Created Spark session: {spark.sparkContext.uiWebUrl}")
logging.info(
    "Spark session initialized, logging configured, and TMDb credentials loaded.
  ")
2025-08-04 12:34:25,625 - INFO - Created Spark session: http://127.0.0.1:4040
2025-08-04 12:34:25,625 - INFO - Created Spark session: http://127.0.0.1:4040
2025-08-04 12:34:25,628 - INFO - Spark session initialized, logging configured,
and TMDb credentials loaded.
2025-08-04 12:34:25,628 - INFO - Spark session initialized, logging configured,
and TMDb credentials loaded.
2025-08-04 12:34:25,625 - INFO - Created Spark session: http://127.0.0.1:4040
2025-08-04 12:34:25,628 - INFO - Spark session initialized, logging configured,
and TMDb credentials loaded.
2025-08-04 12:34:25,628 - INFO - Spark session initialized, logging configured,
and TMDb credentials loaded.
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[4]: # Cell 2: Fetch Budget Data from TMDb API
     def fetch_tmdb_budgets(links_df):
         try:
             # Convert links to Pandas for API calls
             links_pd = links_df.select("movieId", "tmdbId").toPandas()
             links_pd = links_pd[links_pd['tmdbId'].notnull()]
             budgets = []
             base_url = "https://api.themoviedb.org/3/movie/"
             headers = {"Authorization": f"Bearer {TMDB_API_READ_ACCESS_TOKEN}"}
             logging.info(
                 f"Fetching budgets for {len(links_pd)} movies from TMDb...")
             for idx, row in links_pd.iterrows():
                 tmdb_id = str(int(row['tmdbId']))
                 url = f"{base_url}{tmdb_id}?api_key={TMDB_API_KEY}"
                 response = requests.get(url, headers=headers)
                 if response.status_code == 200:
                     data = response.json()
                     budgets.append({
                         'movieId': row['movieId'],
                         'tmdbId': tmdb_id,
                         'budget': data.get('budget', 0),
                         'release_date': data.get('release_date', '')
                     })
                 else:
                     logging.warning(
                         f"Failed to fetch budget for tmdbId {tmdb_id}: {response.
      ⇔status_code}")
                 # Respect rate limit (50 requests/sec < 0.03 sec/request)
                 time.sleep(0.03)
                 if (idx + 1) \% 100 == 0:
                     logging.info(f"Processed {idx + 1} movies...")
             # Save budgets as CSV
             budgets_df = pd.DataFrame(budgets)
             budgets_df.to_csv("tmdb_budgets.csv", index=False)
             # Convert to Spark DataFrame
             budgets_spark = spark.createDataFrame(budgets_df)
             logging.info(f"Fetched and saved {len(budgets)} budgets from TMDb.")
             return budgets_spark
         except Exception as e:
             logging.error(f"Failed to fetch TMDb budgets: {str(e)}")
```

raise

```
[5]: def load_data_and_budgets():
         try:
             # Define schemas
             ratings_schema = StructType([
                 StructField("userId", IntegerType(), False),
                 StructField("movieId", IntegerType(), False),
                 StructField("rating", FloatType(), False),
                 StructField("timestamp", IntegerType(), False)
             ])
             movies_schema = StructType([
                 StructField("movieId", IntegerType(), False),
                 StructField("title", StringType(), False),
                 StructField("genres", StringType(), True)
             ])
             links_schema = StructType([
                 StructField("movieId", IntegerType(), False),
                 StructField("imdbId", StringType(), True),
                 StructField("tmdbId", StringType(), True)
             1)
             title_basics_schema = StructType([
                 StructField("tconst", StringType(), False),
                 StructField("titleType", StringType(), True),
                 StructField("primaryTitle", StringType(), True),
                 StructField("originalTitle", StringType(), True),
                 StructField("isAdult", StringType(), True),
                 StructField("startYear", StringType(), True),
                 StructField("endYear", StringType(), True),
                 StructField("runtimeMinutes", StringType(), True),
                 StructField("genres", StringType(), True)
             ])
             # Load MovieLens data
             ratings_df = spark.read.schema(ratings_schema).csv(
                 "ml-25m/ratings.csv", header=True)
             movies df = spark.read.schema(movies schema).csv(
                 "ml-25m/movies.csv", header=True)
             links df = spark.read.schema(links schema).csv(
                 "ml-25m/links.csv", header=True)
             # Load IMDb data
             basics_df = spark.read.schema(title_basics_schema).option(
                 "delimiter", "\t").csv("imdb/title.basics.tsv.gz", header=True)
             # Check if budgets CSV exists
             budgets_path = os.path.abspath("tmdb_budgets.csv")
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if os.path.exists(budgets_path):
                 logging.info("Loading budgets from existing CSV...")
                 budgets_df = spark.read.csv(
                     budgets_path, header=True, inferSchema=True)
             else:
                 # Fetch TMDb budgets
                 budgets_df = fetch_tmdb_budgets(links_df)
                 # Ensure output directory exists
                 os.makedirs(os.path.dirname(budgets_path), exist_ok=True)
                 # Save budgets as CSV
                 budgets_df.write.mode("overwrite").csv(budgets_path)
             # Format imdbId to match tconst (add 'tt' prefix)
             links_df = links_df.withColumn(
                 "imdbId", concat(lit("tt"), col("imdbId")))
             logging.info("Loaded all datasets and budgets.")
             return ratings_df, movies_df, links_df, basics_df, budgets_df
         except Exception as e:
             logging.error(f"Failed to load data and budgets: {str(e)}")
             raise
     # Check if DataFrames are already defined to avoid re-running
     if 'ratings_df' not in globals() or 'movies_df' not in globals() or \
        'links df' not in globals() or 'basics df' not in globals() or \
        'budgets_df' not in globals():
         ratings_df, movies_df, links_df, basics_df, budgets_df =_
      →load_data_and_budgets()
     else:
         logging.info("DataFrames already loaded, skipping load data and budgets.")
    2025-08-04 00:51:16,636 - INFO - Loading budgets from existing CSV...
    2025-08-04 00:51:22,036 - INFO - Loaded all datasets and budgets.
[6]: def preprocess_data(ratings_df, movies_df, links_df, basics_df, budgets_df):
         try:
             # Log start of preprocessing
             logging.info(f"Starting preprocess_data at {time.time()}")
             # Validate input DataFrames
             logging.info("Validating input DataFrames...")
             for df, name in [(ratings_df, "ratings_df"), (movies_df, "movies_df"),
                              (links_df, "links_df"), (basics_df, "basics_df"),
                              (budgets_df, "budgets_df")]:
                 if df is None:
                     raise ValueError(f"{name} is None")
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df_count = df.count()
          logging.info(f"{name} has {df_count} rows")
      # Clean startYear by replacing '\N' with null in basics_df
      basics_df = basics_df.withColumn(
          "startYear",
          when(col("startYear") != "\\N", col("startYear")).otherwise(None)
      )
      # Merge datasets
      movies df = (
          movies_df
          .join(links_df, "movieId", "inner")
          .join(
              basics_df.select(
                   col("tconst"),
                   col("primaryTitle"),
                   col("startYear"),
                   col("genres").alias("basics_genres")
              col("imdbId") == col("tconst"),
              "left"
           .join(budgets df, "movieId", "left")
           .filter(
               (col("startYear").isNotNull() & col("startYear").cast("int").
⇒between(2000, 2025)) |
               (col("release_date").isNotNull() & to_date(
                   col("release_date")).cast("string").like("20[0-2][0-5]%"))
          )
           .select(
              col("movieId"),
              col("primaryTitle").alias("title"),
              coalesce(col("basics_genres"), col("genres")).alias("genres"),
              col("budget").cast("float"),
              to_date(col("release_date")).alias("release_date")
          )
      )
      # Remove sparse ratings
      movie_counts = ratings_df.groupBy(
          "movieId").count().filter(col("count") >= 10)
      ratings_df = ratings_df.join(movie_counts, "movieId")
      # Clean genres for consistent format
      movies_df = movies_df.withColumn(
          "genres",
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when(col("genres").isNotNull(), col(
               "genres")).otherwise(lit("Unknown"))
      )
      # Impute missing budgets
      genre_medians = movies_df.filter(col("budget") > 0).groupBy(
           "genres").agg(median("budget").alias("median_budget"))
      movies_df = movies_df.join(genre_medians, "genres", "left") \
           .withColumn("budget", coalesce(col("budget"), col("median_budget"),
→lit(1))) \
          .drop("median_budget")
      # Normalize budgets
      movies_df = movies_df.withColumn(
          "budget_normalized",
          log(when(col("budget") > 0, col("budget")).otherwise(1))
      )
      # Save preprocessed data
      try:
          # Use absolute paths for Parquet files
          ratings path = os.path.abspath("preprocessed ratings")
          movies_path = os.path.abspath("preprocessed_movies")
          os.makedirs(ratings_path, exist_ok=True)
          os.makedirs(movies_path, exist_ok=True)
          # Validate DataFrames before writing
          logging.info(f"ratings_df schema: {ratings_df.schema}")
          logging.info(f"ratings_df sample: {ratings_df.show(5)}")
          logging.info(f"movies_df schema: {movies_df.schema}")
          logging.info(f"movies_df sample: {movies_df.show(5)}")
          # ratings_df.write.mode("overwrite").parquet(ratings_path)
          # movies df.write.mode("overwrite").parquet(movies path)
      except Exception as e:
          logging.error(f"Failed to save preprocessed data: {str(e)}")
          raise
      logging.info(
          f"Preprocessed {ratings_df.count()} ratings and {movies_df.count()}_u
→movies.")
      return ratings_df, movies_df
  except Exception as e:
      logging.error(f"Failed to preprocess data: {str(e)}")
      raise
```

```
# Call the function
ratings_df, movies_df = preprocess_data(
    ratings_df, movies_df, links_df, basics_df, budgets_df)
2025-08-04 00:51:25,458 - INFO - Starting preprocess_data at 1754286685.4580612
2025-08-04 00:51:25,458 - INFO - Validating input DataFrames...
2025-08-04 00:51:29,203 - INFO - ratings_df has 33832162 rows
2025-08-04 00:51:29,563 - INFO - movies_df has 86537 rows
2025-08-04 00:51:29,776 - INFO - links_df has 86537 rows
2025-08-04 00:51:38,487 - INFO - basics_df has 11771649 rows
2025-08-04 00:51:38,699 - INFO - budgets_df has 85305 rows
2025-08-04 00:51:39,594 - INFO - ratings_df schema:
StructType([StructField('movieId', IntegerType(), True), StructField('userId',
IntegerType(), True), StructField('rating', FloatType(), True),
StructField('timestamp', IntegerType(), True), StructField('count', LongType(),
False)])
2025-08-04 00:52:13,003 - INFO - ratings_df sample: None
2025-08-04 00:52:13,004 - INFO - movies_df schema:
StructType([StructField('genres', StringType(), True), StructField('movieId',
IntegerType(), True), StructField('title', StringType(), True),
StructField('budget', DoubleType(), False), StructField('release_date',
DateType(), True), StructField('budget_normalized', DoubleType(), True)])
+----+
|movieId|userId|rating| timestamp|count|
+----+
     28 | 175 | 5.0 | 939073272 | 3497 |
     28 | 221 | 4.0 | 852284529 | 3497 |
     28 | 224 | 3.0 | 1123310812 | 3497 |
     28 | 298 | 4.0 | 1236927876 | 3497 |
     28 | 347 | 3.0 | 837372429 | 3497 |
+----+
only showing top 5 rows
2025-08-04 00:53:06,361 - INFO - movies_df sample: None
+-----
1
             genres|movieId|
                                        title| budget|release_date|
budget_normalized|
+-----
       Drama, Fantasy | 167420 | Master i Margarita | 0.0 | 1994-06-06 |
1
0.01
|Adventure, Animati...|
                                 Chicken Run
                                               4.5E7
                    3751
2000-06-23 | 17.622173047734595 |
                                      Frida|
                                               1.2E7
|Biography,Drama,R...|
                    5791
2002-08-29 | 16.300417207752275 |
|Action, Adventure, ... | 33493 | Star Wars: Episod ... | 1.13E8 |
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2005-05-17 | 18.542898376676614 |
                                   Waking the Dead | 8500000.0|
    |Drama, Mystery, Rom...|
                         3457|
    2000-03-24|15.955576721460545|
    +-----
    ----+
    only showing top 5 rows
    2025-08-04 00:54:25,178 - INFO - Preprocessed 33677092 ratings and 50888 movies.
[7]: # Split ratings into train (80%) and test (20%)
    train_df, test_df = ratings_df.randomSplit([0.8, 0.2], seed=42)
    train_count = train_df.count()
    test_count = test_df.count()
    print(f"Train set size: {train count} rows")
    print(f"Test set size: {test_count} rows")
    Train set size: 26940320 rows
    Test set size: 6736772 rows
[8]: | # Cell 5: Build Matrix Factorization Model (ALS with Budget Weights)
    def build_als_model(train_df, movies_df):
        try:
            # Merge budget with ratings
            ratings_with_budget = train_df.join(
                movies_df.select("movieId", "budget_normalized"), "movieId")
            # Train ALS model
            als = ALS(
                maxIter=10,
                regParam=0.1,
                userCol="userId",
                itemCol="movieId",
                ratingCol="rating",
                coldStartStrategy="drop",
                nonnegative=True
            )
            model = als.fit(ratings_with_budget)
            # Save model
            model.write().overwrite().save("als_model")
            logging.info("ALS model trained and saved.")
            return model
        except Exception as e:
            logging.error(f"Failed to build ALS model: {str(e)}")
            raise
    als_model = build_als_model(train_df, movies_df)
```

```
[9]: from pyspark.ml.tuning import CrossValidator, ParamGridBuilder
     from pyspark.ml.evaluation import RegressionEvaluator
     import logging
     def build_als_model_with_cv(train_df, movies_df, num_folds=3):
         try:
             # Merge budget with ratings
             ratings with budget = train df.join(
                 movies_df.select("movieId", "budget_normalized"), "movieId")
             # Define ALS model
             als = ALS(
                 userCol="userId",
                 itemCol="movieId",
                 ratingCol="rating",
                 coldStartStrategy="drop",
                 nonnegative=True
             )
             # Define evaluator (RMSE for regression)
             evaluator = RegressionEvaluator(
                 metricName="rmse",
                 labelCol="rating",
                 predictionCol="prediction"
             )
             # Define parameter grid for hyperparameter tuning
             param_grid = ParamGridBuilder() \
                 .addGrid(als.maxIter, [5, 10, 15]) \
                 .addGrid(als.regParam, [0.01, 0.1, 0.5]) \
                 .build()
             # Set up CrossValidator
             crossval = CrossValidator(
                 estimator=als,
                 estimatorParamMaps=param_grid,
                 evaluator=evaluator,
                 numFolds=num folds,
                 collectSubModels=True
             )
             # Train model with cross-validation
             cv_model = crossval.fit(ratings_with_budget)
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# Get the best model
              best model = cv model.bestModel
              # Log best parameters
              logging.info(
                  f"Best maxIter: {best_model._java_obj.parent().getMaxIter()}")
              logging.info(
                  f"Best regParam: {best_model._java_obj.parent().getRegParam()}")
              # Save best model
              best model.write().overwrite().save("als model cv")
              logging.info("Best ALS model trained and saved.")
              return best model
          except Exception as e:
              logging.error(f"Failed to build ALS model with CV: {str(e)}")
              raise
      # Call the function
      als model_cv = build_als_model_with_cv(train_df, movies_df, num_folds=3)
     2025-07-24 19:18:20,133 - INFO - Closing down clientserver connection
     2025-07-24 19:18:20,234 - INFO - Best maxIter: 15
     2025-07-24 19:18:20,281 - INFO - Best regParam: 0.1
     2025-07-24 19:18:22,585 - INFO - Best ALS model trained and saved.
[10]: # Cell 6: Build Neural Collaborative Filtering (NCF) Model
      def build_ncf_model(train_df, movies_df):
          try:
              # Convert to Pandas for TensorFlow
              ratings_pd = train_df.join(movies_df.select(
                  "movieId", "budget_normalized"), "movieId").toPandas()
              # Prepare data
              user_ids = ratings_pd["userId"].unique()
              movie_ids = ratings_pd["movieId"].unique()
              user_map = {id: idx for idx, id in enumerate(user_ids)}
              movie map = {id: idx for idx, id in enumerate(movie ids)}
              ratings_pd["user_idx"] = ratings_pd["userId"].map(user_map)
              ratings_pd["movie_idx"] = ratings_pd["movieId"].map(movie_map)
              max_budget = ratings_pd["budget_normalized"].max()
              # Define NCF model
              user_input = Input(shape=(1,), name="user")
              movie_input = Input(shape=(1,), name="movie")
              budget_input = Input(shape=(1,), name="budget")
```

```
user_embedding = Embedding(len(user_ids), 50)(user_input)
        movie_embedding = Embedding(len(movie_ids), 50)(movie_input)
        budget_dense = Dense(10, activation="relu")(budget_input)
        user_flat = Flatten()(user_embedding)
        movie_flat = Flatten()(movie_embedding)
        concat = Concatenate()([user_flat, movie_flat, budget_dense])
        dense = Dense(128, activation="relu")(concat)
        dense = Dropout(0.2)(dense)
        output = Dense(1, activation="sigmoid")(dense)
        model = Model(inputs=[user_input, movie_input,
                       budget_input], outputs=output)
        model.compile(optimizer="adam", loss="mse")
         # Train model
        model.fit(
             [ratings_pd["user_idx"], ratings_pd["movie_idx"],
                ratings_pd["budget_normalized"] / max_budget],
            ratings_pd["rating"] / 5.0,
            epochs=10,
            batch_size=256,
            validation_split=0.2
        )
        # Save model
        model.save("ncf_model.h5")
        logging.info("NCF model trained and saved.")
        return model, user_map, movie_map
    except Exception as e:
        logging.error(f"Failed to build NCF model: {str(e)}")
        raise
ncf_model, user_map, movie_map = build_ncf_model(train_df, movies_df)
Epoch 1/10
35344/35344
                        1796s
51ms/step - loss: 0.0312 - val_loss: 0.0375
Epoch 2/10
35344/35344
                        1776s
50ms/step - loss: 0.0259 - val_loss: 0.0384
Epoch 3/10
35344/35344
                        1709s
48ms/step - loss: 0.0241 - val_loss: 0.0401
Epoch 4/10
```

1613s

35344/35344

```
46ms/step - loss: 0.0226 - val_loss: 0.0404
     Epoch 5/10
     35344/35344
                              2162s
     61ms/step - loss: 0.0214 - val_loss: 0.0419
     Epoch 6/10
     35344/35344
                              2062s
     58ms/step - loss: 0.0205 - val_loss: 0.0425
     Epoch 7/10
     35344/35344
                              1652s
     47ms/step - loss: 0.0197 - val_loss: 0.0434
     Epoch 8/10
     35344/35344
                              1666s
     47ms/step - loss: 0.0191 - val_loss: 0.0433
     Epoch 9/10
     35344/35344
                              1670s
     47ms/step - loss: 0.0185 - val_loss: 0.0440
     Epoch 10/10
     35344/35344
                              1666s
     47ms/step - loss: 0.0181 - val_loss: 0.0449
     2025-07-25 00:30:50,706 - WARNING - You are saving your model as an HDF5 file
     via `model.save()` or `keras.saving.save_model(model)`. This file format is
     considered legacy. We recommend using instead the native Keras format, e.g.
      `model.save('my_model.keras')` or `keras.saving.save_model(model,
      'my model.keras')`.
     2025\text{-}07\text{-}25 00\text{:}30\text{:}51,189 - INFO - NCF model trained and saved.
[11]: def build_als_baseline_model(train_df, save_path="als_baseline_model"):
          11 11 11
          Train and save a baseline ALS model without budget information.
          Args:
              train_df: Spark DataFrame with userId, movieId, rating columns
              save_path: Path to save the trained model
          Returns:
              Trained ALS model
          11 11 11
          try:
              logging.info("Starting ALS baseline model training...")
              # Select relevant columns
              ratings_baseline = train_df.select("userId", "movieId", "rating")
              logging.info(f"Input data size: {ratings_baseline.count()} ratings")
              # Define ALS model
              als_baseline = ALS(
                  maxIter=10,
                  regParam=0.1,
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userCol="userId",
                  itemCol="movieId",
                  ratingCol="rating",
                  coldStartStrategy="drop",
                  nonnegative=True
              )
              # Train model
              logging.info("Fitting ALS baseline model...")
              als_baseline_model = als_baseline.fit(ratings_baseline)
              # Save model
              if os.path.exists(save_path):
                  logging.warning(
                      f "Model path {save_path} already exists, overwriting...")
              als_baseline_model.write().overwrite().save(save_path)
              logging.info(f"ALS baseline model saved to {save_path}")
              return als_baseline_model
          except Exception as e:
              logging.error(f"Failed to build ALS baseline model: {str(e)}")
              raise
      # Call the function
      als_baseline_model = build_als_baseline_model(train_df)
     2025-07-25 00:30:51,242 - INFO - Starting ALS baseline model training...
     2025-07-25 00:31:30,107 - INFO - Input data size: 26940320 ratings
     2025-07-25 00:31:30,184 - INFO - Fitting ALS baseline model...
     2025-07-25 00:33:35,221 - WARNING - Model path als_baseline_model already
     exists, overwriting...
     2025-07-25 00:33:36,534 - INFO - ALS baseline model saved to als_baseline_model
[12]: def build_ncf_baseline_model(train_df, save_path="ncf_baseline_model.h5"):
          Train and save a baseline NCF model without budget information.
          Args:
              train_df: Spark DataFrame with userId, movieId, rating columns
              save path: Path to save the trained model
          Returns:
              Trained NCF model, user_map, movie_map
          HHHH
          try:
              logging.info("Starting NCF baseline model training...")
```

```
# Convert to Pandas
      ratings_pd = train_df.toPandas()
      logging.info(f"Input data size: {len(ratings_pd)} ratings")
      # Prepare data
      user_ids = ratings_pd["userId"].unique()
      movie_ids = ratings_pd["movieId"].unique()
      user map = {id: idx for idx, id in enumerate(user ids)}
      movie map = {id: idx for idx, id in enumerate(movie ids)}
      ratings_pd["user_idx"] = ratings_pd["userId"].map(user_map)
      ratings_pd["movie_idx"] = ratings_pd["movieId"].map(movie_map)
      logging.info(
          f"Number of unique users: {len(user_ids)}, movies:
→{len(movie_ids)}")
      # Define NCF model
      user_input = Input(shape=(1,), name="user")
      movie input = Input(shape=(1,), name="movie")
      user_embedding = Embedding(len(user_ids), 50)(user_input)
      movie embedding = Embedding(len(movie ids), 50)(movie input)
      user flat = Flatten()(user embedding)
      movie_flat = Flatten()(movie_embedding)
      concat = Concatenate()([user_flat, movie_flat])
      dense = Dense(128, activation="relu")(concat)
      dense = Dropout(0.2)(dense)
      output = Dense(1, activation="sigmoid")(dense)
      model = Model(inputs=[user_input, movie_input], outputs=output)
      model.compile(optimizer="adam", loss="mse")
      logging.info("NCF baseline model architecture defined")
      # Train model
      logging.info("Fitting NCF baseline model...")
      model.fit(
           [ratings_pd["user_idx"], ratings_pd["movie_idx"]],
          ratings_pd["rating"] / 5.0,
          epochs=10,
          batch size=256,
          validation_split=0.2,
          verbose=1
      )
      return model, user_map, movie_map
  except Exception as e:
```

```
logging.error(f"Failed to build NCF baseline model: {str(e)}")
              raise
      # Call the function
      ncf_baseline_model, user_map_baseline, movie_map_baseline =_
       ⇒build_ncf_baseline_model(
          train_df)
     2025-07-25 00:33:36,697 - INFO - Starting NCF baseline model training...
     2025-07-25 00:38:36,269 - INFO - Input data size: 26940320 ratings
     2025-07-25 00:38:38,017 - INFO - Number of unique users: 328892, movies: 32021
     2025-07-25 00:38:38,887 - INFO - NCF baseline model architecture defined
     2025-07-25 00:38:38,887 - INFO - Fitting NCF baseline model...
     Epoch 1/10
     84189/84189
                             5690s
     68ms/step - loss: 0.0317 - val_loss: 0.0400
     Epoch 2/10
     84189/84189
                             5606s
     67ms/step - loss: 0.0268 - val_loss: 0.0431
     Epoch 3/10
     84189/84189
                             5787s
     69ms/step - loss: 0.0249 - val_loss: 0.0437
     Epoch 4/10
     84189/84189
                             5718s
     68ms/step - loss: 0.0235 - val_loss: 0.0472
     Epoch 5/10
     84189/84189
                             5699s
     68ms/step - loss: 0.0225 - val_loss: 0.0462
     Epoch 6/10
     84189/84189
                             6550s
     78ms/step - loss: 0.0217 - val_loss: 0.0468
     Epoch 7/10
     84189/84189
                             6503s
     77ms/step - loss: 0.0211 - val_loss: 0.0484
     Epoch 8/10
     84189/84189
                             5655s
     67ms/step - loss: 0.0206 - val_loss: 0.0486
     Epoch 9/10
     84189/84189
                             5601s
     67ms/step - loss: 0.0201 - val_loss: 0.0493
     Epoch 10/10
     84189/84189
                             5592s
     66ms/step - loss: 0.0198 - val_loss: 0.0493
[14]: # Save model
      if os.path.exists("ncf_baseline_model.h5"):
```

```
logging.warning(
             "Model path ncf_baseline_model.h5 already exists, overwriting...")
     ncf_baseline_model.save("ncf_baseline_model.h5")
     logging.info("NCF baseline model saved to ncf_baseline_model.h5")
    2025-07-25 17:09:00,969 - WARNING - You are saving your model as an HDF5 file
    via `model.save()` or `keras.saving.save_model(model)`. This file format is
    considered legacy. We recommend using instead the native Keras format, e.g.
    `model.save('my_model.keras')` or `keras.saving.save_model(model,
    'my model.keras')`.
    2025-07-25 17:09:01,649 - INFO - NCF baseline model saved to
    ncf_baseline_model.h5
[]: from pyspark.sql import Window
     from pyspark.sql.functions import col, row_number, collect_list, array_sort,_
      ⇔desc, expr
     def evaluate_als_models(als_model, als_model_cv, als_baseline_model, test_df,_
      ⇒k=10, results_file="als_evaluation_results.txt"):
         Evaluate ALS models (budget-aware, CV, and baseline) using RMSE, □
      \negprecision@k, recall@k, and NDCG@k.
         Args:
             als model path: Path to saved budget-aware ALS model
             als model cv path: Path to saved CV ALS model
             als baseline model: Trained baseline ALS model
             test_df: Spark DataFrame with test data
             k: Value for ranking metrics (default: 10)
             results_file: Path to save evaluation results
         11 11 11
         try:
             logging.info("Starting ALS models evaluation...")
             # Initialize evaluators
             rmse_evaluator = RegressionEvaluator(
                 metricName="rmse", labelCol="rating", predictionCol="prediction"
             ranking_evaluator = RankingEvaluator(
                 predictionCol="prediction", labelCol="rating", k=k
             )
             # Compute ranking metrics function
             def compute_ranking_metrics(predictions, k=10):
                 window = Window.partitionBy("userId").orderBy(col("prediction").

desc())
```

```
pred_top_k = predictions.withColumn("rank", row_number().
→over(window)) \
              .where(col("rank") <= k) \</pre>
              .groupBy("userId") \
              .agg(collect_list("movieId").alias("predicted_movies"))
          actual_top_k = predictions.where(col("rating") >= 4.0) \
              .groupBy("userId") \
              .agg(collect_list("movieId").alias("actual_movies"))
          ranking_df = pred_top_k.join(actual_top_k, on="userId",_
⇔how="inner") \
              .select(
                  expr("transform(predicted_movies, x -> cast(x as double))").
→alias("prediction"),
                  expr("transform(actual movies, x -> cast(x as double))").
⇔alias("rating")
              )
          ranking evaluator = RankingEvaluator(predictionCol="prediction", |
⇔labelCol="rating", k=k)
          precision_k = ranking_evaluator.setMetricName("precisionAtK").
⇔evaluate(ranking_df)
          recall k = ranking evaluator.setMetricName("recallAtK").
⇔evaluate(ranking_df)
          ndcg_k = ranking_evaluator.setMetricName("ndcgAtK").
⇔evaluate(ranking_df)
          return precision_k, recall_k, ndcg_k
      # Evaluate ALS (budget-aware)
      logging.info("Evaluating budget-aware ALS model...")
      als predictions = als model.transform(test df)
      als_rmse = rmse_evaluator.evaluate(als_predictions)
      als_precision, als_recall, als_ndcg = compute_ranking_metrics(
          als_predictions)
      logging.info(
          f"ALS RMSE: {als_rmse}, PrecisionO{k}: {als_precision}, RecallO{k}:__
# Evaluate ALS CV
      logging.info("Evaluating ALS CV model...")
      als cv predictions = als model cv.transform(test df)
      als_cv_rmse = rmse_evaluator.evaluate(als_cv_predictions)
      als cv precision, als cv recall, als cv ndcg = compute ranking metrics(
          als_cv_predictions)
      logging.info(
```

```
f"ALS CV RMSE: {als_cv_rmse}, Precision@{k}: {als_cv_precision},__
  →RecallO(k): {als_cv_recall}, NDCGO(k): {als_cv_ndcg}")
        # Evaluate ALS baseline
        logging.info("Evaluating ALS baseline model...")
        als baseline predictions = als baseline model.transform(test df)
        als_baseline_rmse = rmse_evaluator.evaluate(als_baseline_predictions)
        als_baseline_precision, als_baseline_recall, als_baseline_ndcg =__
  →compute_ranking_metrics(
            als_baseline_predictions)
        logging.info(
            f"ALS Baseline RMSE: {als baseline rmse}, Precision@{k}:___

√{als_baseline_ndcg}")

        # Save results
        with open(results_file, "w") as f:
            f.write(
                f"ALS RMSE: {als_rmse}\nPrecision@{k}:__

¬{als_precision}\nRecall(k): {als_recall}\nNDCG(k): {als_ndcg}\n")

            f.write(
                f"ALS CV RMSE: {als cv rmse}\nPrecision@{k}:___
  →{als_cv_precision}\nRecall@{k}: {als_cv_recall}\nNDCG@{k}: {als_cv_ndcg}\n")
            f.write(
                f"ALS Baseline RMSE: {als_baseline_rmse}\nPrecision@{k}:__
  →{als_baseline_precision}\nRecall@{k}: {als_baseline_recall}\nNDCG@{k}:_

{als_baseline_ndcg}\n")

        logging.info(f"ALS evaluation results saved to {results_file}")
    except Exception as e:
        logging.error(f"Failed to evaluate ALS models: {str(e)}")
        raise
# Call the function
evaluate_als_models(
    als model,
    als model cv,
    als baseline model,
    test_df = test_df
2025-07-25 19:15:42,629 - INFO - Starting ALS models evaluation...
2025-07-25 19:15:42,651 - INFO - Evaluating budget-aware ALS model...
2025-07-25 19:20:07,117 - INFO - ALS RMSE: 0.8027380664203994, Precision@10:
0.4434385788632965, Recall@10: 0.8338646700175392, NDCG@10: 0.8836108559971472
2025-07-25 19:20:07,369 - INFO - Evaluating ALS CV model...
```

```
2025-07-25 19:25:01,769 - INFO - ALS CV RMSE: 0.7986708117672686, Precision@10:
    0.4438688359870148, Recall@10: 0.8341365775660732, NDCG@10: 0.8842670488375413
    2025-07-25 19:25:01,860 - INFO - Evaluating ALS baseline model...
    2025-07-25 19:30:23,919 - INFO - ALS Baseline RMSE: 0.818098461609045,
    Precision@10: 0.4994386689880877, Recall@10: 0.7854035140796781, NDCG@10:
    0.8788548384043531
    2025-07-25 19:30:24,026 - INFO - ALS evaluation results saved to
    als evaluation results.txt
[]: import pickle
     # Save
     with open("user map.pkl", "wb") as f:
         pickle.dump(user_map, f)
     with open("movie_map.pkl", "wb") as f:
         pickle.dump(movie_map, f)
     with open("user_map_baseline.pkl", "wb") as f:
         pickle.dump(user_map_baseline, f)
     with open("movie_map_baseline.pkl", "wb") as f:
         pickle.dump(movie_map_baseline, f)
[]: # Save
     train_df.write.mode("overwrite").parquet("train_df.parquet")
     test_df.write.mode("overwrite").parquet("test_df.parquet")
     movies_df.write.mode("overwrite").parquet("movies_df.parquet")
[1]: import pickle
     with open("user_map.pkl", "rb") as f:
         user_map = pickle.load(f)
     with open("movie_map.pkl", "rb") as f:
         movie map = pickle.load(f)
     with open("user_map_baseline.pkl", "rb") as f:
         user_map_baseline = pickle.load(f)
     with open("movie_map_baseline.pkl", "rb") as f:
         movie_map_baseline = pickle.load(f)
     print(f"user_map length: {len(user_map)}")
     print(f"movie map length: {len(movie map)}")
     print(f"user_map_baseline length: {len(user_map_baseline)}")
     print(f"movie_map_baseline length: {len(movie_map_baseline)}")
    user_map length: 221652
    movie_map length: 19108
    user_map_baseline length: 328892
    movie_map_baseline length: 32021
[7]: import logging
     import pandas as pd
```

```
import numpy as np
from tensorflow.keras.models import load_model
from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error
from pyspark.sql.functions import col
from pyspark.ml.evaluation import RankingEvaluator
import os
from pyspark.sql import Window
from pyspark.sql.functions import col, row_number, collect_list, array_sort,__
 ⇔desc, expr
import pickle
ncf_model = load_model("ncf_model.h5", compile =False)
ncf_baseline model = load model("ncf_baseline model.h5", compile=False)
with open("user_map.pkl", "rb") as f:
    user_map = pickle.load(f)
with open("movie_map.pkl", "rb") as f:
    movie_map = pickle.load(f)
with open("user map baseline.pkl", "rb") as f:
    user_map_baseline = pickle.load(f)
with open("movie map baseline.pkl", "rb") as f:
    movie map baseline = pickle.load(f)
test_df = test_df.repartition(50)
def evaluate_ncf_models(ncf_model, ncf_baseline_model, user_map, movie_map,_
 ouser_map_baseline, movie_map_baseline, test_df, movies_df, k=10,
 →results_file="ncf_evaluation_results.txt"):
    Evaluate NCF models (budget-aware and baseline) using RMSE, precision@k,_{\sqcup}
 \neg recall@k, and NDCG@k.
    Arqs:
        ncf_model_path: Path to saved budget-aware NCF model0
        ncf_baseline_model: Trained baseline NCF model
        user_map: Mapping for budget-aware model user IDs
        movie_map: Mapping for budget-aware model movie IDs
        user_map_baseline: Mapping for baseline model user IDs
        movie map baseline: Mapping for baseline model movie IDs
        test_df: Spark DataFrame with test data
        movies df: Spark DataFrame with movie data
        k: Value for ranking metrics (default: 10)
        results file: Path to save evaluation results
    11 11 11
    try:
        logging.info("Starting NCF models evaluation...")
        # Load models
```

```
# Convert test data to Pandas
      test_pd = test_df.join(movies_df.select(
           "movieId", "budget_normalized"), "movieId").toPandas()
      logging.info(f"Test data size: {len(test_pd)} ratings")
      test_pd["user_idx"] = test_pd["userId"].map(user_map)
      test_pd["movie_idx"] = test_pd["movieId"].map(movie_map)
      test_pd["user_idx_baseline"] = test_pd["userId"].map(user_map_baseline)
      test_pd["movie_idx_baseline"] = test_pd["movieId"].map(
          movie map baseline)
       # Filter out rows with missing indices
      test_pd = test_pd.dropna(subset=["user_idx", "movie_idx", "

¬"user_idx_baseline", "movie_idx_baseline"])
       # Convert indices to int for TensorFlow compatibility
      test pd["user idx"] = test pd["user idx"].astype(int)
      test_pd["movie_idx"] = test_pd["movie_idx"].astype(int)
      test pd["user idx baseline"] = test pd["user idx baseline"].astype(int)
      test_pd["movie_idx_baseline"] = test_pd["movie_idx_baseline"].
→astype(int)
      # Evaluate NCF (budget-aware)
      logging.info("Evaluating budget-aware NCF model...")
      ncf_predictions = ncf_model.predict(
           [test pd["user idx"], test pd["movie idx"],
               test_pd["budget_normalized"] / test_pd["budget_normalized"].
\rightarrowmax()],
          batch_size=256,
          verbose=1
      ncf_rmse = np.sqrt(mean_squared_error(
          test_pd["rating"], ncf_predictions.flatten() * 5.0))
      # Evaluate NCF baseline
      logging.info("Evaluating NCF baseline model...")
      ncf baseline predictions = ncf baseline model.predict(
           [test_pd["user_idx_baseline"], test_pd["movie_idx_baseline"]],
          batch size=256,
          verbose=1
      ncf_baseline_rmse = np.sqrt(mean_squared_error(
          test_pd["rating"], ncf_baseline_predictions.flatten() * 5.0))
       # Compute ranking metrics
      def compute ncf_ranking metrics(predictions, test_pd, spark, k=k):
```

```
# Create DataFrame with predictions
          pred_df = pd.DataFrame({
               "userId": test_pd["userId"],
               "movieId": test_pd["movieId"],
               "rating": test_pd["rating"],
               "prediction": predictions.flatten() * 5.0
          })
           spark_pred_df = spark.createDataFrame(pred_df)
           # Get top-k predicted movies per user
          window = Window.partitionBy("userId").orderBy(col("prediction").

desc())

          pred_top_k = spark_pred_df.withColumn("rank", row_number().
→over(window)) \
               .where(col("rank") <= k) \</pre>
               .groupBy("userId") \
               .agg(collect_list("movieId").alias("predicted_movies"))
           # Get actual relevant movies per user (e.g., rating >= 4.0)
           actual_top_k = spark_pred_df.where(col("rating") >= 4.0) \
               .groupBy("userId") \
               .agg(collect_list("movieId").alias("actual_movies"))
           # Join and cast to array<double>
          ranking_df = pred_top_k.join(actual_top_k, on="userId",_
⇔how="inner") \
               .select(
                   expr("transform(predicted_movies, x -> cast(x as double))").
→alias("prediction"),
                   expr("transform(actual_movies, x -> cast(x as double))").
⇔alias("rating")
              )
          ranking_evaluator = RankingEvaluator(predictionCol="prediction", __
⇔labelCol="rating", k=k)
          precision_k = ranking_evaluator.setMetricName("precisionAtK").
⇔evaluate(ranking df)
          recall_k = ranking_evaluator.setMetricName("recallAtK").
→evaluate(ranking_df)
          ndcg_k = ranking_evaluator.setMetricName("ndcgAtK").
⇔evaluate(ranking_df)
          return precision_k, recall_k, ndcg_k
      logging.info("Computing ranking metrics for NCF...")
      ncf_precision, ncf_recall, ncf_ndcg = compute_ncf_ranking_metrics(
          ncf_predictions, test_pd, test_df.sparkSession)
```

```
logging.info(
            f"NCF RMSE: {ncf_rmse}, Precision@{k}: {ncf_precision}, Recall@{k}:_

¬{ncf_recall}, NDCGQ{k}: {ncf_ndcg}")

        logging.info("Computing ranking metrics for NCF baseline...")
        ncf baseline precision, ncf baseline recall, ncf baseline ndcg = 1
 →compute_ncf_ranking_metrics(
            ncf_baseline_predictions, test_pd, test_df.sparkSession)
        logging.info(
            f"NCF Baseline RMSE: {ncf_baseline_rmse}, Precision@{k}:__
 of ncf_baseline_precision}, Recallo{k}: {ncf_baseline_recall}, NDCGO{k}:⊔
 →{ncf_baseline_ndcg}")
        # Save results
        with open(results_file, "w") as f:
            f.write(
                f"NCF RMSE: {ncf_rmse}\nPrecision@{k}:__
 → {ncf_precision}\nRecall@{k}: {ncf_recall}\nNDCG@{k}: {ncf_ndcg}\n")
            f.write(
                f"NCF Baseline RMSE: {ncf baseline rmse}\nPrecision@{k}:___
 of ncf_baseline_precision \nRecall 0{k}: {ncf_baseline_recall} \nNDCG0{k}: ∪
 \hookrightarrow {ncf baseline ndcg}\n")
        logging.info(f"NCF evaluation results saved to {results_file}")
    except Exception as e:
        logging.error(f"Failed to evaluate NCF models: {str(e)}")
        raise
# Call the function
evaluate_ncf_models(
    ncf_model,
    ncf_baseline_model,
    user_map,
    movie_map,
    user_map_baseline,
    movie_map_baseline,
    test_df,
    movies_df
)
```

```
2025-08-02 19:58:51,018 - INFO - Starting NCF models evaluation...
2025-08-02 20:00:20,622 - INFO - Test data size: 2828066 ratings
2025-08-02 20:00:21,650 - INFO - Evaluating budget-aware NCF model...
11024/11024 21s 2ms/step
2025-08-02 20:00:48,235 - INFO - Evaluating NCF baseline model...
```

```
11024/11024
                        32s 3ms/step
    2025-08-02 20:01:28,894 - INFO - Computing ranking metrics for NCF...
    2025-08-02 20:06:38,186 - INFO - NCF RMSE: 0.8467916130875904, Precision@10:
    0.4350195805637138, Recall@10: 0.8241554161915556, NDCG@10: 0.8673054665417687
    2025-08-02 20:06:38,186 - INFO - Computing ranking metrics for NCF baseline...
    2025-08-02 20:09:15,163 - INFO - NCF Baseline RMSE: 0.8458766979382569,
    Precision@10: 0.4363805585613429, Recall@10: 0.8252542085592518, NDCG@10:
    0.8713218084278783
    2025-08-02 20:09:15,165 - INFO - NCF evaluation results saved to
    ncf evaluation results.txt
[9]: test_df.show(5)
    movies_df.show(5)
    +----+
    |movieId|userId|rating| timestamp|count|
    +----+
         28 | 224 | 3.0 | 1123310812 | 3497 |
         28 | 388 | 4.0 | 950162252 | 3497 |
         28 | 663 | 4.0 | 1120519874 | 3497 |
         28 | 1617 | 4.5 | 1505372662 | 3497 |
         28 | 1821 | 4.0 | 943907496 | 3497 |
    +----+
    only showing top 5 rows
    +-----
    ı
                genres|movieId|
                                          title| budget|release_date|
    budget_normalized|
    +-----
           Drama, Fantasy | 167420 | Master i Margarita | 0.0 | 1994-06-06 |
    0.01
    |Adventure, Animati...|
                              Chicken Run 4.5E7
                       3751
    2000-06-23 | 17.622173047734595 |
    |Biography,Drama,R...|
                       5791
                                        Frida
                                                1.2E7
    2002-08-29 | 16.300417207752275 |
    |Action, Adventure, ... | 33493 | Star Wars: Episod ... | 1.13E8 |
    2005-05-17 | 18.542898376676614 |
    |Drama, Mystery, Rom...|
                                Waking the Dead | 8500000.0 |
    2000-03-24 | 15.955576721460545 |
    +-----
    ----+
    only showing top 5 rows
[11]: import logging
     import pandas as pd
     import numpy as np
```

```
from tensorflow.keras.models import load_model
from scipy.stats import ttest_rel
from pyspark.sql.functions import col, when
import os
from pyspark.ml.recommendation import ALSModel
import pickle
ncf_model = load_model("ncf_model.h5", compile=False)
ncf baseline model = load model("ncf baseline model.h5", compile=False)
# Load the ALS models
als model = ALSModel.load("als model")
als_baseline_model = ALSModel.load("als_baseline_model")
als_model_cv = ALSModel.load("als_model_cv")
with open("user_map.pkl", "rb") as f:
   user_map = pickle.load(f)
with open("movie_map.pkl", "rb") as f:
   movie_map = pickle.load(f)
with open("user_map_baseline.pkl", "rb") as f:
   user_map_baseline = pickle.load(f)
with open("movie map baseline.pkl", "rb") as f:
   movie_map_baseline = pickle.load(f)
test df = test df.repartition(50)
def statistical and fairness analysis(
   als_model, als_model_cv, als_baseline_model, ncf_model, ncf_baseline_model,
   user_map, movie_map, user_map_baseline, movie_map_baseline,
   test_df, movies_df, sample_size=1000,__
 ⇔results_file="statistical_fairness_results.txt"
):
   try:
        logging.info("Starting statistical and fairness analysis...")
        als_predictions = als_model.transform(test_df)
        als_cv_predictions = als_model_cv.transform(test_df)
        als_baseline_predictions = als_baseline_model.transform(test_df)
       test_pd = test_df.join(movies_df.select(
            "movieId", "budget_normalized"), "movieId").toPandas()
       test_pd["user_idx"] = test_pd["userId"].map(user_map)
       test_pd["movie_idx"] = test_pd["movieId"].map(movie_map)
       test_pd["user_idx_baseline"] = test_pd["userId"].map(user_map_baseline)
       test_pd["movie_idx_baseline"] = test_pd["movieId"].map(
            movie map baseline)
```

```
# Drop any rows where mapping failed
      test_pd = test_pd.dropna(subset=[
      "user_idx", "movie idx", "user_idx_baseline", "movie idx_baseline"
      # Ensure integer indices for embedding layers
      test_pd["user_idx"] = test_pd["user_idx"].astype(int)
      test_pd["movie_idx"] = test_pd["movie_idx"].astype(int)
      test_pd["user_idx_baseline"] = test_pd["user_idx_baseline"].astype(int)
      test_pd["movie_idx_baseline"] = test_pd["movie_idx_baseline"].
→astype(int)
      ncf_predictions = ncf_model.predict(
           [test_pd["user_idx"], test_pd["movie_idx"],
           test_pd["budget_normalized"] / test_pd["budget_normalized"].max()],
          batch size=256,
          verbose=1
      ncf baseline predictions = ncf baseline model.predict(
           [test_pd["user_idx_baseline"], test_pd["movie_idx_baseline"]],
          batch size=256,
          verbose=1
      )
      logging.info(
          f"Performing paired t-tests with sample size {sample_size}...")
      als_errors = als_predictions.select(
          (col("rating") - col("prediction")).alias("error")).rdd.map(lambda_
als_cv_errors = als_cv_predictions.select(
          (col("rating") - col("prediction")).alias("error")).rdd.map(lambda_

¬x: x.error).collect()
      als_baseline_errors = als_baseline_predictions.select(
          (col("rating") - col("prediction")).alias("error")).rdd.map(lambda_

¬x: x.error).collect()
      ncf_errors = (test_pd["rating"] -
                    ncf_predictions.flatten() * 5.0).tolist()
      ncf baseline errors = (
          test_pd["rating"] - ncf_baseline_predictions.flatten() * 5.0).
→tolist()
      sample_size = min(sample_size, len(als_errors), len(als_cv_errors), len(
          als_baseline_errors), len(ncf_errors), len(ncf_baseline_errors))
      als_errors = als_errors[:sample_size]
      als_cv_errors = als_cv_errors[:sample_size]
      als_baseline_errors = als_baseline_errors[:sample_size]
      ncf_errors = ncf_errors[:sample_size]
```

```
ncf_baseline_errors = ncf_baseline_errors[:sample_size]
      comparisons = [
           ("ALS vs ALS CV", als_errors, als_cv_errors),
           ("ALS vs ALS Baseline", als_errors, als_baseline_errors),
           ("ALS vs NCF", als_errors, ncf_errors),
           ("ALS CV vs ALS Baseline", als_cv_errors, als_baseline_errors),
           ("ALS CV vs NCF", als_cv_errors, ncf_errors),
           ("ALS Baseline vs NCF", als_baseline_errors, ncf_errors),
           ("NCF vs NCF Baseline", ncf_errors, ncf_baseline_errors)
      t_test_results = []
      for name, errors1, errors2 in comparisons:
          t_stat, p_value = ttest_rel(errors1, errors2)
          t_test_results.append((name, t_stat, p_value))
          logging.info(f"{name} t-test: t={t_stat:.4f}, p={p_value:.4f}")
      logging.info(
           "Performing fairness analysis (diversity across budget tiers)...")
      # Filter movies_df to exclude zero or negative budgets
      movies_with_budget_df = movies_df.filter(col("budget") > 0)
      # Compute budget quartiles from valid budgets only
      budget_quartiles = movies_with_budget_df.approxQuantile(
           "budget", [0.25, 0.5, 0.75], 0.05
      logging.info(f"Budget quartiles (budget > 0): {budget quartiles}")
      # Redefine compute_diversity to use filtered movies_with_budget_df
      def compute_diversity(predictions, model_name, k=10):
          diversity = predictions.orderBy(col("prediction").desc()).limit(k).
⇒join(
              movies_with_budget_df, "movieId"
          ).groupBy(
               when(col("budget") <= budget quartiles[0], "Low")</pre>
               .when(col("budget") <= budget_quartiles[1], "Medium")</pre>
               .otherwise("High")
           ).count()
          diversity_result = diversity.collect()
          logging.info(f"{model_name} Diversity by budget tier:

    diversity_result}")

          return diversity_result
      als_diversity = compute_diversity(als_predictions, "ALS")
      als_cv_diversity = compute_diversity(als_cv_predictions, "ALS CV")
      als_baseline_diversity = compute_diversity(
          als_baseline_predictions, "ALS Baseline")
```

```
ncf_pred_df = pd.DataFrame({
            "userId": test pd["userId"],
            "movieId": test_pd["movieId"],
            "rating": test_pd["rating"],
            "prediction": ncf_predictions.flatten() * 5.0
        })
        ncf_spark_pred_df = test_df.sparkSession.createDataFrame(ncf_pred_df)
        ncf_diversity = compute_diversity(ncf_spark_pred_df, "NCF")
        ncf_baseline_pred_df = pd.DataFrame({
            "userId": test pd["userId"],
            "movieId": test_pd["movieId"],
            "rating": test_pd["rating"],
            "prediction": ncf_baseline_predictions.flatten() * 5.0
        })
        ncf_baseline_spark_pred_df = test_df.sparkSession.createDataFrame(
            ncf_baseline_pred_df)
        ncf_baseline_diversity = compute_diversity(
            ncf_baseline_spark_pred_df, "NCF Baseline")
        with open(results_file, "w") as f:
            f.write("Statistical Tests (Paired t-tests):\n")
            for name, t_stat, p_value in t_test_results:
                f.write(f"{name}: t={t stat:.4f}, p={p value:.4f}\n")
            f.write("\nFairness Analysis (Diversity by Budget Tier):\n")
            f.write(f"ALS: {als diversity}\n")
            f.write(f"ALS CV: {als_cv_diversity}\n")
            f.write(f"ALS Baseline: {als_baseline_diversity}\n")
            f.write(f"NCF: {ncf_diversity}\n")
            f.write(f"NCF Baseline: {ncf_baseline_diversity}\n")
        logging.info(
            f"Statistical and fairness analysis results saved to ...

√{results_file}")

    except Exception as e:
        logging.error(
            f"Failed to perform statistical and fairness analysis: {str(e)}")
        raise
# Call the function
statistical_and_fairness_analysis(
    als_model,
    als model cv.
    als_baseline_model,
    ncf model,
```

```
ncf_baseline_model,
    user_map=user_map,
    movie_map=movie_map,
    user_map_baseline=user_map_baseline,
    movie_map_baseline=movie_map_baseline,
    test_df=test_df,
    movies_df=movies_df
)
2025-08-04 01:09:29,131 - INFO - Starting statistical and fairness analysis...
11024/11024
                       36s 3ms/step
11024/11024
                       33s 3ms/step
2025-08-04 01:12:48,114 - INFO - Performing paired t-tests with sample size
2025-08-04 01:18:54,974 - INFO - ALS vs ALS CV t-test: t=27.1396, p=0.0000
2025-08-04 01:18:55,013 - INFO - ALS vs ALS Baseline t-test: t=-0.1304, p=0.8963
2025-08-04 01:18:55,023 - INFO - ALS vs NCF t-test: t=4.9065, p=0.0000
2025-08-04 01:18:55,023 - INFO - ALS CV vs ALS Baseline t-test: t=-0.6582,
p=0.5106
2025-08-04 01:18:55,037 - INFO - ALS CV vs NCF t-test: t=4.4087, p=0.0000
2025-08-04 01:18:55,037 - INFO - ALS Baseline vs NCF t-test: t=5.0701, p=0.0000
2025-08-04 01:18:55,037 - INFO - NCF vs NCF Baseline t-test: t=1.6081, p=0.1081
2025-08-04 01:18:55,037 - INFO - Performing fairness analysis (diversity across
budget tiers)...
2025-08-04 01:20:22,911 - INFO - Budget quartiles (budget > 0): [1300000.0,
5150000.0, 17000000.0]
2025-08-04 01:21:41,218 - INFO - ALS Diversity by budget tier: [Row(CASE WHEN
(budget <= 1300000.0) THEN Low WHEN (budget <= 5150000.0) THEN Medium ELSE High
END='High', count=1), Row(CASE WHEN (budget <= 1300000.0) THEN Low WHEN (budget
<= 5150000.0) THEN Medium ELSE High END='Medium', count=2)]
2025-08-04 01:22:52,729 - INFO - ALS CV Diversity by budget tier: [Row(CASE WHEN
(budget <= 1300000.0) THEN Low WHEN (budget <= 5150000.0) THEN Medium ELSE High
END='High', count=2), Row(CASE WHEN (budget <= 1300000.0) THEN Low WHEN (budget
<= 5150000.0) THEN Medium ELSE High END='Medium', count=1)]
2025-08-04 01:24:19,858 - INFO - ALS Baseline Diversity by budget tier:
[Row(CASE WHEN (budget <= 1300000.0) THEN Low WHEN (budget <= 5150000.0) THEN
Medium ELSE High END='High', count=1)]
2025-08-04 01:26:28,646 - INFO - NCF Diversity by budget tier: [Row(CASE WHEN
(budget <= 1300000.0) THEN Low WHEN (budget <= 5150000.0) THEN Medium ELSE High
END='High', count=9)]
2025-08-04 01:30:30,566 - INFO - NCF Baseline Diversity by budget tier:
[Row(CASE WHEN (budget <= 1300000.0) THEN Low WHEN (budget <= 5150000.0) THEN
Medium ELSE High END='High', count=3), Row(CASE WHEN (budget <= 1300000.0) THEN
Low WHEN (budget <= 5150000.0) THEN Medium ELSE High END='Low', count=2),
Row(CASE WHEN (budget <= 1300000.0) THEN Low WHEN (budget <= 5150000.0) THEN
Medium ELSE High END='Medium', count=1)]
2025-08-04 01:30:30,578 - INFO - Statistical and fairness analysis results saved
```

```
[15]: # Cell 8: Visualize Results
      import re
      import pandas as pd
      import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
      import seaborn as sns
      import numpy as np
      def parse_evaluation_results(file_path, model_name):
          metrics = {}
          with open(file path, 'r') as f:
              content = f.read()
              for metric in ['RMSE', 'Precision@10', 'Recall@10', 'NDCG@10']:
                  match = re.search(rf"{model_name}\s*{metric}:\s*([\d.]+)", content)
                      metrics[metric] = float(match.group(1))
          return metrics
      def parse_statistical_fairness(file_path):
          stats = {}
          fairness = {}
          current_section = None
          with open(file path, 'r') as f:
              for line in f:
                  line = line.strip()
                  if line.startswith("Statistical Tests"):
                      current_section = "stats"
                      continue
                  elif line.startswith("Fairness Analysis"):
                      current_section = "fairness"
                      continue
                  if current_section == "stats" and line.startswith("ALS") or line.

startswith("NCF"):
                      match = re.search(
                          r"(\w+\s*(?:CV|Baseline)?)\s*vs\s*(\w+\s*(?:CV|Baseline)?):
       \Rightarrow \st=([\d.-]+),\s*p=([\d.e-]+)", line)
                      if match:
                          key = f"{match.group(1)} vs {match.group(2)}"
                          stats[key] = {'t': float(match.group(
                              3)), 'p': float(match.group(4))}
                  elif current_section == "fairness" and line.startswith("ALS") or □
       ⇔line.startswith("NCF"):
                      match = re.search(
                          r"(\w+\s*(?:CV|Baseline)?):\s*\[(.*?)\]", line)
```

```
if match:
                   model = match.group(1)
                   rows = re.findall(
                       r"Row\(.*?='(\w+)',\s*count=(\d+)\)", match.group(2))
                   fairness[model] = {tier: int(count)
                                      for tier, count in rows}
   return stats, fairness
def visualize_results():
   try:
        # Parse evaluation results
        als metrics = parse evaluation results(
            "als_evaluation_results.txt", "ALS")
       als_cv_metrics = parse_evaluation_results(
            "als_evaluation_results.txt", "ALS CV")
        als_baseline_metrics = parse_evaluation_results(
            "als_evaluation_results.txt", "ALS Baseline")
       ncf_metrics = parse_evaluation_results(
            "ncf_evaluation_results.txt", "NCF")
       ncf_baseline_metrics = parse_evaluation_results(
            "ncf evaluation results.txt", "NCF Baseline")
        # Parse statistical and fairness results
       stats_results, fairness_results = parse_statistical_fairness(
            "statistical fairness results.txt")
        # Combine metrics into a DataFrame
       metrics_df = pd.DataFrame({
            "Model": ["ALS", "ALS CV", "ALS Baseline", "NCF", "NCF Baseline"],
            "RMSE": [als_metrics.get("RMSE", 0), als_cv_metrics.get("RMSE", 0),__
 →als_baseline_metrics.get("RMSE", 0),
                    ncf_metrics.get("RMSE", 0), ncf_baseline_metrics.

get("RMSE", 0)],
            "Precision@10": [als_metrics.get("Precision@10", 0), als_cv_metrics.
 ⇔get("Precision@10", 0),
                            als_baseline_metrics.get(
                                "Precision@10", 0), ncf metrics.
 ncf_baseline_metrics.get("Precision@10", 0)],
            "Recall@10": [als_metrics.get("Recall@10", 0), als_cv_metrics.

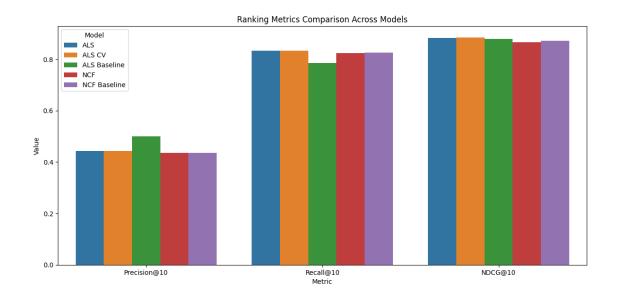
get("Recall@10", 0),
                         als_baseline_metrics.get(
                             "Recall@10", 0), ncf_metrics.get("Recall@10", 0),
                         ncf_baseline_metrics.get("Recall@10", 0)],
            "NDCG010": [als_metrics.get("NDCG010", 0), als_cv_metrics.
```

```
als_baseline_metrics.get(
                           "NDCG@10", 0), ncf metrics.get("NDCG@10", 0),
                       ncf_baseline_metrics.get("NDCG@10", 0)]
      })
      # Plot RMSE comparison
      plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
      sns.barplot(x="Model", y="RMSE", data=metrics_df)
      plt.title("RMSE Comparison: Budget-Aware vs. Baseline Models")
      plt.ylabel("RMSE")
      plt.savefig("rmse_comparison.png")
      plt.close()
      # Plot ranking metrics
      ranking_metrics = metrics_df.melt(id_vars=["Model"],__
⇔value_vars=["Precision@10", "Recall@10", "NDCG@10"],
                                         var name="Metric", value name="Value")
      plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
      sns.barplot(x="Metric", y="Value", hue="Model", data=ranking_metrics)
      plt.title("Ranking Metrics Comparison Across Models")
      plt.savefig("ranking metrics.png")
      plt.close()
      # Plot statistical tests
      stats_df = pd.DataFrame([
          {"Comparison": k, "t-statistic": v["t"], "p-value": v["p"]} for k,
→v in stats_results.items()
      1)
      plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
      bars = sns.barplot(x="Comparison", y="t-statistic", data=stats_df)
      for i, bar in enumerate(bars.patches):
          p_val = stats_df.iloc[i]["p-value"]
          bars.annotate(f"p={p_val:.4f}",
                         (bar.get_x() + bar.get_width() / 2, bar.get_height()),
                         ha="center", va="bottom", fontsize=10)
      plt.title("Statistical Tests (t-statistics with p-values)")
      plt.xticks(rotation=45, ha="right")
      plt.tight_layout()
      plt.savefig("statistical_tests.png")
      plt.close()
      # Plot fairness (budget tier diversity)
      fairness df = []
      for model, tiers in fairness_results.items():
          for tier, count in tiers.items():
               fairness_df.append(
                   {"Model": model, "Budget Tier": tier, "Count": count})
```

2025-08-04 12:37:17,973 - INFO - Visualizations saved: rmse_comparison.png, ranking_metrics.png, statistical_tests.png, diversity_comparison.png 2025-08-04 12:37:17,973 - INFO - Visualizations saved: rmse_comparison.png, ranking_metrics.png, statistical_tests.png, diversity_comparison.png 2025-08-04 12:37:17,973 - INFO - Visualizations saved: rmse_comparison.png, ranking_metrics.png, statistical_tests.png, diversity_comparison.png

```
[16]: import re
      import pandas as pd
      import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
      import seaborn as sns
      def parse_all_ranking_metrics(file_paths):
          """Parse ranking metrics for all models from provided text files."""
          model metrics = {}
          metric names = ["Precision@10", "Recall@10", "NDCG@10"]
          for file path in file paths:
              with open(file_path, "r") as f:
                  lines = f.readlines()
                  current_model = None
                  for line in lines:
                      line = line.strip()
                      model_match = re.match(r"^([\w\s]+)RMSE:", line)
                      if model_match:
                          current_model = model_match.group(1).strip()
                          if current_model not in model_metrics:
                              model_metrics[current_model] = {}
```

```
for metric in metric_names:
                    if f"{metric}:" in line and current_model:
                        val_match = re.search(rf"{metric}:\s*([\d.]+)", line)
                            model_metrics[current_model][metric] = float(
                                val_match.group(1))
   return model_metrics
def plot_ranking_metrics(metrics_dict):
    """Create a barplot from parsed ranking metrics."""
   df = pd.DataFrame([
        {"Model": model, "Metric": metric, "Value": value}
       for model, metrics in metrics_dict.items()
       for metric, value in metrics.items()
   ])
   plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
   sns.barplot(data=df, x="Metric", y="Value", hue="Model")
   plt.title("Ranking Metrics Comparison Across Models")
   plt.ylabel("Value")
   plt.tight_layout()
   plt.savefig("fixed_ranking_metrics.png")
   plt.show()
# Usage
ranking_metrics = parse_all_ranking_metrics([
    "als_evaluation_results.txt",
   "ncf_evaluation_results.txt"
])
plot_ranking_metrics(ranking_metrics)
```



```
[17]: # Cell 8: Clean Up
def cleanup():
    try:
        spark.stop()
        logging.info("Spark session closed.")
    except Exception as e:
        logging.error(f"Cleanup failed: {str(e)}")
        raise
cleanup()
```

2025-08-04 12:47:26,133 - INFO - Spark session closed. 2025-08-04 12:47:26,133 - INFO - Spark session closed. 2025-08-04 12:47:26,133 - INFO - Spark session closed.