

```
1  #1.1 Implement a recursive function
   to calculate the factorial of a
   given number.
2
3  def fact(n):
4      """This is a recursive function
   to find the factorial of an
   integer"""
5      if n == 0 or n == 1:
6          return 1
7      else:
8          return n * fact(n-1)
9
10 number = 5
11 res = fact(number)
12 print("The factorial of {} is
   {}".format(number,res))
```



main.py



Run

```
#Leap year
```

```
year=int(input("enter year to be  
checked:"))
```

```
if year%4==0:
```

```
    if year%100==0:
```

```
        if year%400==0:
```

```
            print("the year is a leap  
year!")
```

```
        else:
```

```
            print("the year is not a  
leap year!")
```

```
    else:
```

```
        print("the year is a leap  
year!")
```

```
else:
```

```
    print("the year is not a leap  
year!")
```

that represents a cricket player. The Player class should have a method called play() which prints "The player is playing cricket." Derive two classes, Batsman and Bowler, from the Player class. Override the play() method in each derived class to print "The batsman is batting" and "The bowler is bowling", respectively. Write a program to create objects of both the Batsman and Bowler classes and call the play() method for each object.'

```
6
7
8 # Define the base class Player
9 class Player:
10     def play(self):
11         print("The player is
12             playing cricket.")
13 # Define the derived class Batsman
14 class Batsman(Player):
15     def play(self):
16         print("The batsman is
17             batting.")
18 # Define the derived class Bowler
19 class Bowler(Player):
20     def play(self):
21         print("The bowler is
22             bowling.")
23 # Create objects of Batsman and
24 # Bowler classes
25 batsman = Batsman()
26 bowler = Bowler()
27 # Call the play() method for each
28 # object
29 batsman.play()
30 bowler.play()
```

```

    def __init__(self,
account_number,
account_holder_name,
initial_balance=0):

        self.__account_number =
account_number

        self.__account_holder_name =
account_holder_name

        self.__account_balance =
initial_balance

    def deposit(self, amount):

        if amount > 0:

            self.__account_balance
+= amount

            print("Deposited
(amount) units. New balance:
(self.__account_balance)")

        else:

            print("Deposit amount
must be greater than zero.")

    def withdraw(self, amount):

        if 0 < amount <=
self.__account_balance:

            self.__account_balance
-= amount

            print("Withdrawn
(amount) units. New balance:
(self.__account_balance)")

        else:

            print("Withdrawal
amount must be greater than zero
and less than or equal to the
account balance.")

    def display_balance(self):

        print("Account Holder:
(self.__account_holder_name)")

        print("Account Number:
(self.__account_number)")

        print("Account Balance:
(self.__account_balance)")

# Creating the BankAccount object
if __name__ == "__main__":

    account =
BankAccount("1234567890", "John
Doe", 1000)

    account.display_balance()
# Output: Display the BankAccount balance

    account.deposit(500)
# Output: Deposit 500 units

    account.withdraw(200)
# Output: Withdraw 200 units

    account.display_balance()

```





```
1 def linear_search_product(products,
2     target_product):
3
4     indices = []
5
6     for index, product in
7         enumerate(products):
8
9         if product ==
10             target_product:
11
12             indices.append(index)
13
14     return indices
15
16 # Sample list of products
17
18 product_list = ["apple", "banana",
19     "orange", "apple", "grape", "apple"]
20
21
22 # Target product to search for
23
24 target_product = "apple"
25
26
27 # Call the function
28
29 result =
30     linear_search_product(product_list,
31         target_product)
32
33
34 # Print the result
35
36 print(result)
```

```
Chellege 3.2 ✓  
def sort_students(student_list):  
    sorted_students =  
        sorted(student_list, key=lambda  
            student: student.cgpa, reverse=True)  
    return sorted_students  
  
class Student:  
    def __init__(self, name,  
        roll_number, cgpa):  
        self.name = name  
        self.roll_number =  
            roll_number  
        self.cgpa = cgpa  
  
# Test with different input lists  
of students  
students_list = [  
    Student("John", "2021001", 3.9),  
    Student("Jane", "2021002", 3.7),  
    Student("Alice", "2021003",  
        3.8),  
    Student("Bob", "2021004", 3.6)  
]  
  
sorted_students =  
    sort_students(students_list)  
  
# Print the sorted list of students  
for student in sorted_students:  
    print(f"Name: {student.name},  
        Roll Number: {student.roll_number},  
        CGPA: {student.cgpa}")
```

# Fundamentals of Coding & Cloud

92% COMPLETE



Next Lesson

**Fundamentals of Cloud 1**

## Unit 1 - Fundamentals of Python



✓ 61 / 61 complete

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## Unit 2 - Object-Oriented Programming (OOP)



✓ 35 / 35 complete

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## Unit 3 - Data Structures and Manipulation



✓ 48 / 48 complete

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