

Wald equation: N = stopping time
 X_i = iid

$$\mathbb{E}(\sum_{k=1}^N X_k) = \mathbb{E}N(\mathbb{E}X)$$

$$\mathbb{E}(X_i) = \mathbb{E}X$$

1. $W/L = 50/50$

1st - 20 → Quit

X = cum wins

1st - L

$$1 = 0.5$$

2nd ↓

$$-1 = 0.5$$

3rd ↓

Quit

$$N = \frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{2}$$

a.

$$X = \sum(W)$$

$$\mathbb{E}N(\mathbb{E}W) = 0$$

$$\mathbb{E}W = 0$$

W - Quit

L . . - Quit

-1 -1 -1

-1 -1 -1

-1 -1 -1

X	-3	-1	1
P	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{8}$

a

2. interarrival of customers @ taxi stand
 • independent
 • $\sim F(\mu_F)$

rand fare $\sim G(\mu_G)$

$W(T)$ = tot fares paid up to time T

$$\lim_{T \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\mathbb{E}(W(T))}{T} = \frac{\text{reward/cycle}}{\text{length/cycle}} = \frac{\mu_G}{\mu_F}$$

3. emergency $\sim P(\lambda = 0.5/\text{hr})$

sleep $\sim 36 \text{ min (0.6 hrs)}$ since last emergency

ex: emergency - 1:00
 - 1:17 $\sim 36 \text{ min}$ 1:53

$$a. \frac{\mu_F}{\mu_F + \mu_G} = \frac{0.5}{0.5 + 0.6} = \frac{0.5}{1.1} = 4.5454$$

$$r_i = (T_i - 0.6)^+$$

$$\frac{E(r_i)}{E(T_i)} = \frac{2e^{-0.3}}{2} = e^{-0.3}$$

$$r = \begin{cases} 0, & T < 0.6 \\ T - 0.6, & T > 0.6 \end{cases} \quad \text{cycle-time het emergency}$$

$$\begin{aligned} E(r) &= E(r|T < 0.6)P(T < 0.6) + E(r|T > 0.6)P(T > 0.6) \\ &= 0 + 2(e^{-0.5(0.6)}) = 2e^{-0.3} \end{aligned}$$

b. $s_i = \text{sleep}$

$\mu_i = \text{awake}$ $E(\mu_i) = ?$

$$\frac{\mu_F}{\mu_F + \mu_G} \Rightarrow \frac{E(s_i)}{E(s_i) + E(\mu_i)} = \frac{2}{2 + E(\mu_i)} e^{-0.3}$$

$$\Rightarrow 1 + \frac{2}{E(\mu_i)} = e^{-0.3}$$

$$\frac{2}{E(\mu_i)} = e^{-0.3} - 1$$

$$E(\mu_i) = \frac{2}{e^{-0.3} - 1}$$

$$\frac{2}{2 + E(\mu_i)} = e^{-0.3} \Rightarrow 2 = e^{-0.3} (2 + E(\mu_i))$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{2}{e^{-0.3}} = 2 + E(\mu_i)$$

$$\Rightarrow E(\mu_i) = \frac{2}{e^{-0.3}} - 2$$

$$E(\mu_i) = E(\mu_i|T < 0.6)P(T < 0.6) + E(\mu_i|T > 0.6)P(T > 0.6)$$

$$= \int_0^{0.6} x \cdot 0.5e^{-0.5x} dx + 0.6P(T > 0.6) + \sim$$

$$= 0.5 \int_0^{0.6} x e^{-0.5x} dx + \sim$$

$$= x(-e^{-0.5x}) \Big|_0^{0.6} + \int_0^{0.6} e^{-0.5x} dx + 2$$

$$= -0.6e^{-0.3} + 2(-e^{-0.5x}) \Big|_0^{0.6} = -0.6e^{-0.3} - 2e^{-0.3} + 2 + 0.6e^{-0.3}$$

$$= 2(1 - e^{-0.3})$$

5a. Machine lifetime $\sim U(0,2)$

In long-run, % of time is machine in use < 1 yr

$$\text{long run } < c = \frac{E(\min(X, c))}{EX} = \frac{\int_0^c (1 - F(x)) dx}{EX}$$

$$= \frac{\int_0^1 (1 - \frac{x}{2}) dx}{1} = x \Big|_0^1 - \frac{x^2}{4} \Big|_0^1 = 1 - \frac{1}{4} = \frac{3}{4}$$