

# Konwolucyjna sieć neuronowa

December 3, 2021

```
[1]: from keras.datasets import mnist
      (train_X, train_Y), (test_X, test_Y) = mnist.load_data()
```

```
[2]: print('Training data shape : ', train_X.shape, train_Y.shape)
      print('Testing data shape : ', test_X.shape, test_Y.shape)
```

```
Training data shape : (60000, 28, 28) (60000,)
Testing data shape : (10000, 28, 28) (10000,)
```

```
[3]: import numpy as np

      classes = np.unique(train_Y)
      nClasses = len(classes)
      print('Total number of outputs : ', nClasses)
      print('Output classes : ', classes)
```

```
Total number of outputs : 10
Output classes : [0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9]
```

```
[4]: train_X
      train_Y
      train_X = train_X.reshape(-1, 28, 28, 1)
      test_X = test_X.reshape(-1, 28, 28, 1)
      train_X.shape, test_X.shape
```

```
[4]: ((60000, 28, 28, 1), (10000, 28, 28, 1))
```

```
[5]: from keras.utils import normalize
      train_X = train_X.astype('float32')
      test_X = test_X.astype('float32')
      train_X = normalize(train_X, axis=1)
      test_X = normalize(test_X, axis=1)
```

```
[6]: from keras.utils import to_categorical

      train_Y_argmax = to_categorical(train_Y)
      test_Y_argmax = to_categorical(test_Y)
```

```
print('Original label:', train_Y[0])
print('After conversion to argmax:', train_Y_argmax[0])
```

Original label: 5

After conversion to argmax: [0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 1. 0. 0. 0. 0.]

```
[7]: from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
train_X,valid_X,train_label,valid_label = train_test_split(train_X,
    ↪train_Y_argmax, test_size=0.2, random_state=13)
train_X.shape,valid_X.shape,train_label.shape,valid_label.shape
```

```
[7]: ((48000, 28, 28, 1), (12000, 28, 28, 1), (48000, 10), (12000, 10))
```

```
[8]: from keras.models import Sequential,Input,Model
from keras.layers import Dense, Dropout, Flatten
from keras.layers import Conv2D, MaxPooling2D, AveragePooling2D
from keras.layers.normalization import BatchNormalization
from keras.layers.advanced_activations import LeakyReLU
batch_size = 200
epochs = 10
learn_rate = 0.01
k_size = 3
feature_map = 32
pooling_size = 10
```

```
[9]: model = Sequential()
model.add(Conv2D(feature_map, kernel_size=(k_size,
    ↪k_size),activation='relu',input_shape=(28,28,1),padding='same'))
model.add(MaxPooling2D((pooling_size, pooling_size),padding='same'))
model.add(Flatten())
model.add(Dense(128, activation='relu'))
model.add(Dropout(0.25))
model.add(Dense(10, activation='softmax'))
```

```
[10]: from keras import losses
from keras import optimizers

model.compile(loss=losses.categorical_crossentropy,
              optimizer=optimizers.Adam(learning_rate=learn_rate),
              metrics=['accuracy'])

train = model.fit(train_X, train_label, batch_size = batch_size, epochs=epochs,
    ↪validation_data = (valid_X, valid_label))
```

Epoch 1/10

240/240 [=====] - 7s 29ms/step - loss: 0.6113 -  
accuracy: 0.8039 - val\_loss: 0.2876 - val\_accuracy: 0.9128

```

Epoch 2/10
240/240 [=====] - 6s 27ms/step - loss: 0.2968 -
accuracy: 0.9047 - val_loss: 0.2224 - val_accuracy: 0.9290
Epoch 3/10
240/240 [=====] - 7s 28ms/step - loss: 0.2367 -
accuracy: 0.9256 - val_loss: 0.1855 - val_accuracy: 0.9420
Epoch 4/10
240/240 [=====] - 7s 28ms/step - loss: 0.2082 -
accuracy: 0.9337 - val_loss: 0.1787 - val_accuracy: 0.9429
Epoch 5/10
240/240 [=====] - 6s 27ms/step - loss: 0.1860 -
accuracy: 0.9404 - val_loss: 0.1578 - val_accuracy: 0.9504
Epoch 6/10
240/240 [=====] - 7s 28ms/step - loss: 0.1719 -
accuracy: 0.9451 - val_loss: 0.1666 - val_accuracy: 0.9474
Epoch 7/10
240/240 [=====] - 7s 28ms/step - loss: 0.1643 -
accuracy: 0.9480 - val_loss: 0.1531 - val_accuracy: 0.9538
Epoch 8/10
240/240 [=====] - 7s 27ms/step - loss: 0.1537 -
accuracy: 0.9511 - val_loss: 0.1387 - val_accuracy: 0.9574
Epoch 9/10
240/240 [=====] - 7s 29ms/step - loss: 0.1483 -
accuracy: 0.9508 - val_loss: 0.1283 - val_accuracy: 0.9608
Epoch 10/10
240/240 [=====] - 6s 27ms/step - loss: 0.1428 -
accuracy: 0.9551 - val_loss: 0.1408 - val_accuracy: 0.9590

```

```
[11]: test_eval = model.evaluate(test_X, test_Y_argmax)
```

```

313/313 [=====] - 1s 3ms/step - loss: 0.1296 -
accuracy: 0.9571

```

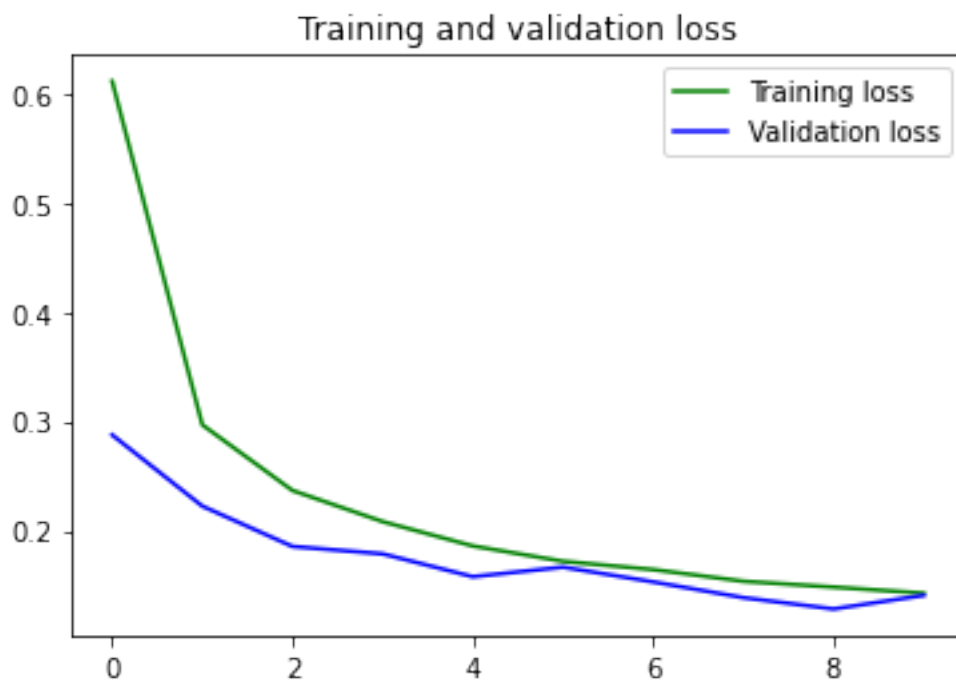
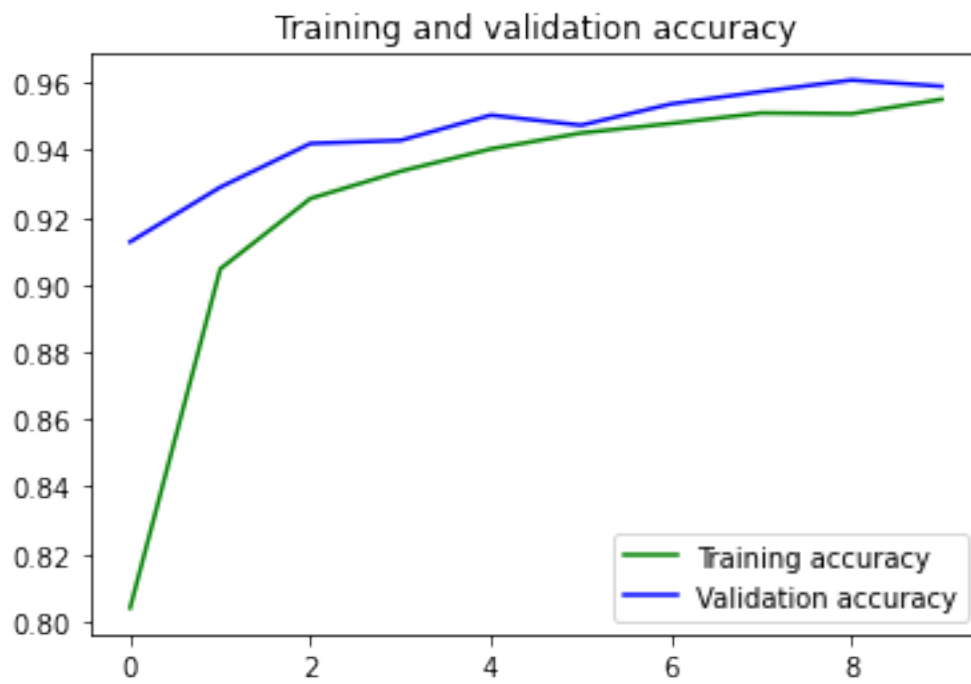
```
[12]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```

accuracy = train.history['accuracy']
val_accuracy = train.history['val_accuracy']
loss = train.history['loss']
val_loss = train.history['val_loss']
epochs = range(len(accuracy))
plt.plot(epochs, accuracy, 'b', color="g", label='Training accuracy')
plt.plot(epochs, val_accuracy, 'b', label='Validation accuracy')
plt.title('Training and validation accuracy')
plt.legend()
plt.figure()
plt.plot(epochs, loss, 'b', color="g", label='Training loss')
plt.plot(epochs, val_loss, 'b', label='Validation loss')
plt.title('Training and validation loss')

```

```
plt.legend()  
plt.show()
```



```
[13]: batch_size = 200
epochs = 10
learn_rate = 0.01

model_mlp = Sequential()
model_mlp.add(Flatten())
model_mlp.add(Dense(128, activation='relu'))
model_mlp.add(Dropout(0.25))
model_mlp.add(Dense(64, activation='relu'))
model_mlp.add(Dropout(0.25))
model_mlp.add(Dense(10, activation='softmax'))
```

```
[14]: model_mlp.compile(loss=losses.categorical_crossentropy,
                        optimizer=optimizers.Adam(learning_rate=learn_rate),
                        metrics=['accuracy'])

train_mlp = model_mlp.fit(train_X, train_label, batch_size = batch_size,
    ↪ epochs=epochs, validation_data = (valid_X, valid_label))
```

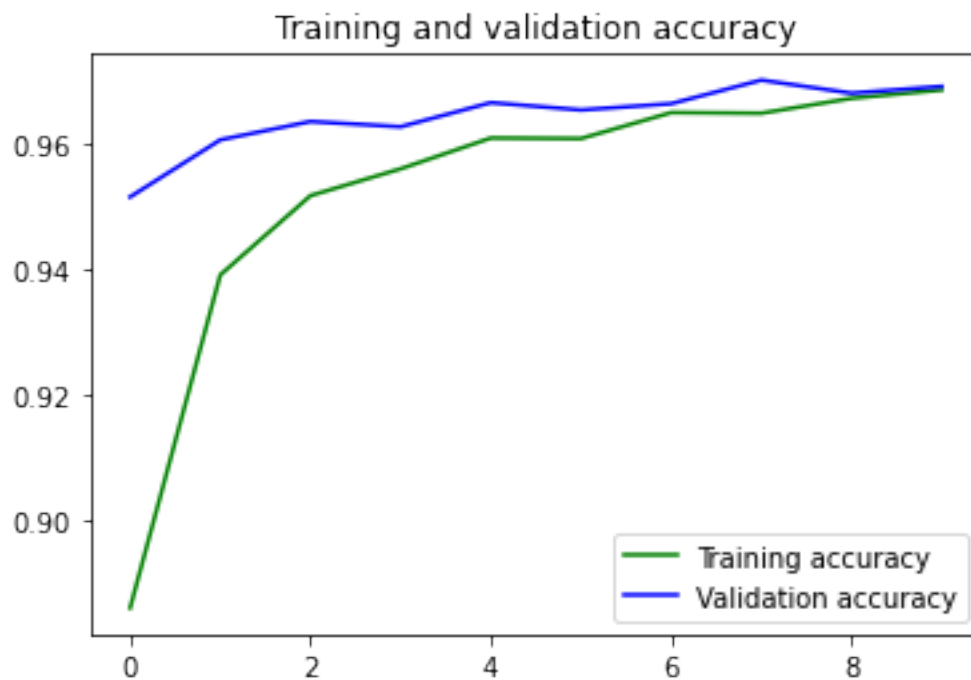
```
Epoch 1/10
240/240 [=====] - 1s 3ms/step - loss: 0.3740 -
accuracy: 0.8861 - val_loss: 0.1639 - val_accuracy: 0.9515
Epoch 2/10
240/240 [=====] - 0s 2ms/step - loss: 0.2043 -
accuracy: 0.9391 - val_loss: 0.1304 - val_accuracy: 0.9606
Epoch 3/10
240/240 [=====] - 0s 2ms/step - loss: 0.1636 -
accuracy: 0.9517 - val_loss: 0.1330 - val_accuracy: 0.9635
Epoch 4/10
240/240 [=====] - 0s 2ms/step - loss: 0.1506 -
accuracy: 0.9560 - val_loss: 0.1307 - val_accuracy: 0.9627
Epoch 5/10
240/240 [=====] - 0s 2ms/step - loss: 0.1310 -
accuracy: 0.9609 - val_loss: 0.1230 - val_accuracy: 0.9665
Epoch 6/10
240/240 [=====] - 0s 2ms/step - loss: 0.1309 -
accuracy: 0.9608 - val_loss: 0.1146 - val_accuracy: 0.9653
Epoch 7/10
240/240 [=====] - 0s 2ms/step - loss: 0.1190 -
accuracy: 0.9649 - val_loss: 0.1214 - val_accuracy: 0.9663
Epoch 8/10
240/240 [=====] - 0s 2ms/step - loss: 0.1184 -
accuracy: 0.9648 - val_loss: 0.1142 - val_accuracy: 0.9701
Epoch 9/10
240/240 [=====] - 1s 2ms/step - loss: 0.1129 -
accuracy: 0.9672 - val_loss: 0.1226 - val_accuracy: 0.9680
Epoch 10/10
```

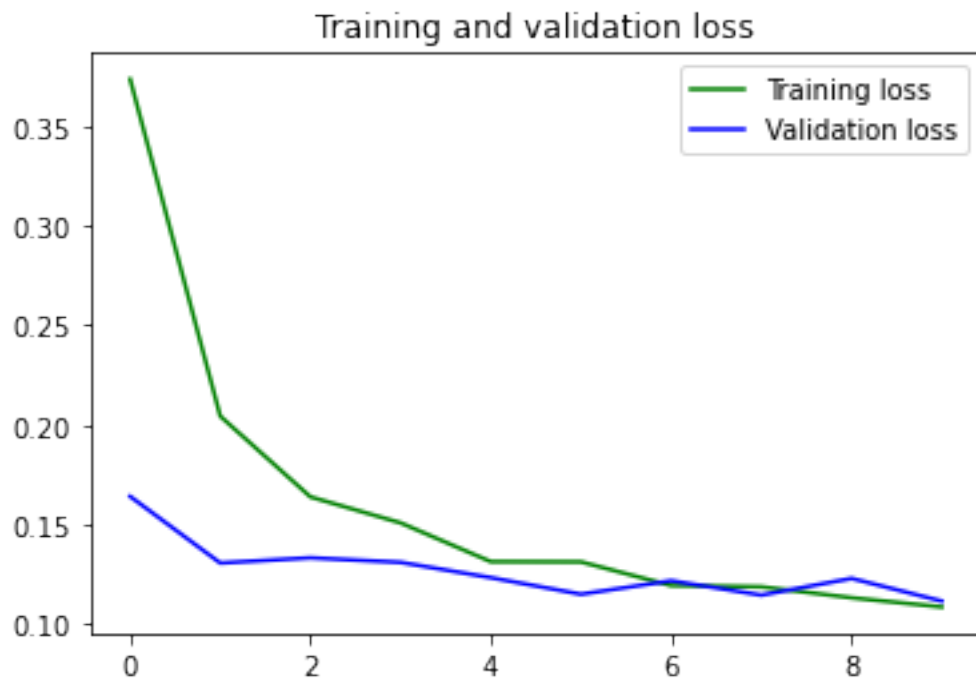
240/240 [=====] - 0s 2ms/step - loss: 0.1082 -  
accuracy: 0.9685 - val\_loss: 0.1112 - val\_accuracy: 0.9691

```
[15]: test_eval = model_mlp.evaluate(test_X, test_Y_argmax)
```

313/313 [=====] - 0s 824us/step - loss: 0.1174 -  
accuracy: 0.9695

```
[16]: accuracy = train_mlp.history['accuracy']  
val_accuracy = train_mlp.history['val_accuracy']  
loss = train_mlp.history['loss']  
val_loss = train_mlp.history['val_loss']  
epochs = range(len(accuracy))  
plt.plot(epochs, accuracy, 'b', color="g", label='Training accuracy')  
plt.plot(epochs, val_accuracy, 'b', label='Validation accuracy')  
plt.title('Training and validation accuracy')  
plt.legend()  
plt.figure()  
plt.plot(epochs, loss, 'b', color="g", label='Training loss')  
plt.plot(epochs, val_loss, 'b', label='Validation loss')  
plt.title('Training and validation loss')  
plt.legend()  
plt.show()
```





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