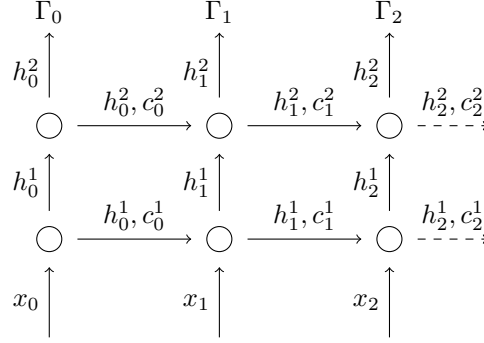


LSTM

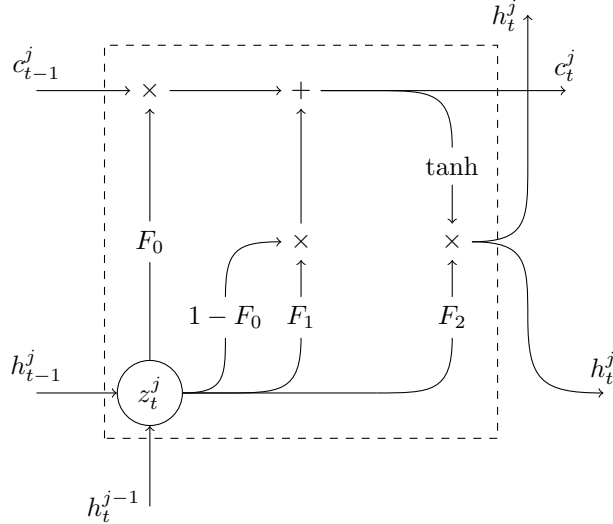
A long short-term network, LSTM, is a series of (the same) recurrent neural network, RNN, with an additional memory variable. The network may be depicted as



The x 's are the inputs and we will also denote them by $h_t^0 = x_t$.

Cell

Each layer in the each of the T 'th network is also called a cell. Since each cell not only transform and propagates input, but also the memory variable, c_t^j , the inner workings of each cell is slightly more complicated then that off a RNN. It may be depicted as



$$z_t^j = W^j(h_{t-1}^j, h_t^{j-1}) + b^j$$

$$c_t^j = c_{t-1}^j F_1(z_t^j) + (1 - F_1(z_t^j)) F_2(z_t^j)$$

$$h_t^j = F_4(c_t^j) F_3(z_t^j)$$

Γ_r er cost-funktionen i det r 'te netværk.

$$\delta_{t,r}^j = \frac{d\Gamma_r}{dz_t^j} = \frac{d\Gamma_r}{dz_t^{j+1}} \frac{dz_t^{j+1}}{dz_t^j} + \frac{d\Gamma_r}{dz_{t+1}^j} \frac{dz_{t+1}^j}{dz_t^j} + \frac{d\Gamma_r}{dc_t^j} \frac{dc_t^j}{dz_t^j}$$

$$\tau_{t,r}^j = \frac{d\Gamma_r}{dc_t^j} = \frac{d\Gamma_r}{dc_{t+1}^j} \frac{dc_{t+1}^j}{dc_t^j} + \frac{d\Gamma_r}{dz_t^{j+1}} \frac{dz_t^{j+1}}{dc_t^j} + \frac{d\Gamma_r}{dz_{t+1}^j} \frac{dz_{t+1}^j}{dc_t^j}$$

$$\frac{dc_{t+1}^j}{dc_t^j} = F_1(z_{t+1}^j)$$

$$\frac{dz_t^{j+1}}{dc_t^j} = W^{j+1}(0, F_4'(c_t^j)F_3(z_t^j))$$

$$\frac{dz_{t+1}^j}{dc_t^j} = W^{j+1}(F_4'(c_t^j)F_3(z_t^j))$$

$$\frac{dc_t^j}{dz_t^j} = F_2'(z_t^j)(1 - F_1(z_t^j)) + F_1'(z_t^j)(c_{t-1}^j - F_2(z_t^j))$$

$$dz_t^{j+1} = W^{j+1}(h_{t-1}^{j+1}, h_t^j) = W^{j+1}(F_4(c_{t-1}^{j+1})F_3(z_{t-1}^{j+1}), F_4(c_t^j)F_3(z_t^j))$$

So since

$$c_t^j = c_t^j(z_t^j) = c_{t-1}^j F_1(z_t^j) + (1 - F_1(z_t^j))F_2(z_t^j)$$

thus

$$\frac{dz_t^{j+1}}{dz_t^j} = W^{j+1}(0, (c_t^j)'(z_t^j)F_4'(c_t^j)F_3(z_t^j) + F_4(c_t^j)F_3'(z_t^j))$$

where

$$(c_t^j)'(z_t^j) = c_{t-1}^j F_1'(z_t^j) + (1 - F_1(z_t^j))F_2'(z_t^j) - F_1'(z_t^j)F_2(z_t^j)$$

Likewise

$$\frac{dz_{t+1}^j}{dz_t^j} = W^j((c_t^j)'(z_t^j)F_4'(c_t^j)F_3(z_t^j) + F_3'(z_t^j)F_4(c_t^j), 0)$$