LINKED LISTS

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41)

Objective:

Write a C program to create a single linked list with 5 nodes.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
typedef struct Node{
       int data;
       struct Node *next;
}node;
node* createNode(int data){
       node *a = ((node*)malloc(sizeof(node)));
       a->data = data;
       a->next = NULL;
       return a;
node* createList(){
       int a=8,data;
       node *x, *head = NULL;
       while(a--){
       printf("Enter the number\n");
       scanf("%d",&data);
       if(head == NULL){
       head = createNode(data);
       x = head;
       }
       else{
       x->next = createNode(data);
       x = x->next;
       }
       }
```

```
return head;
void display(node *head){
       while(head!=NULL){
       printf("%d->",head->data);
       head = head->next;
       printf("NULL\n");
int main()
{
       node *head=createList();
       display(head);
       return 0;
}
Output:
Enter the number
45
Enter the number
```

67
Enter the number

76

70

Enter the number

98

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Objective:

Write a c program to search an element in a singly linked list.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
typedef struct Node{
```

```
int data;
       struct Node *next;
}node;
node* createNode(int data){
       node *a = ((node*)malloc(sizeof(node)));
       a->data = data;
       a->next = NULL;
       return a;
}
node* createList(){
       int a,data;
       node *x, *head = NULL;
       printf("\n to enter how many elements?");
       scanf("%d", &a);
       while(a--){
       printf("Enter the number\n");
       scanf("%d",&data);
       if(head == NULL){
       head = createNode(data);
       x = head;
       }
       else{
       x->next = createNode(data);
       x = x->next;
       }
       }
       return head;
int search(node *head,int search){
int pos=1;
while(head != NULL){
 if(head->data == search) return pos;
 head = head->next;
 pos++;
return -1;
int main(int argc, char const *argv[])
node *head = createList();
int s;
printf("element to be a searched\n");
```

```
scanf("%d",&s);
printf("found at the %d\n",search(head,s));
return 0;
}
```

Output:

```
to enter how many elements?
45
Enter the number
66
Enter the number
76
Enter the number
54
Enter the number
76
```

43)

Objective:

Write a c program to perform the following takes:

- 1. Insert a node at the beginning of a singly-linked list.
- 2. Insert a node at beginning of a singly linked list.

.....

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdib.h>
#define init() ((struct node*)malloc(sizeof(struct node)))
typedef struct node
{
  int data;
  struct node *next;
  struct node *back;
```

```
}node;
node* createNode(int data){
       node *a = ((node*)malloc(sizeof(node)));
       a->data = data;
       a->next = NULL;
       return a;
node* insertBeg(node *head,int data){
node *newNode = createNode(data);
newNode->next = head;
return newNode;
}
void insertMiddle(node *head,int data){
node *ptr = head;
if(ptr == NULL){
 printf("empty\n");
 return;
}
while(head->next != NULL){
 if(head->next->next != NULL){
 head = head->next->next;
 ptr = ptr->next;
 }
 else{
 break;
 }
node *temp = ptr->next;
ptr->next = createNode(data);
ptr->next->next = temp;
}
node* insertEnd(node *head, int data){
if(head == NULL){
 return createNode(data);
head->next = insertEnd(head->next, data);
return head;
node* deleteBeg(node *head){
node *temp = head;
if(head == NULL){
 printf("Empty\n");
```

```
return NULL;
}
printf("%d deleted\n",temp->data);
free(temp);
return head->next;
}
node* deleteEnd(node *head){
if(head == NULL){
 printf("empty\n");
 return NULL;
if (head->next == NULL){
 printf("%d deleted\n",head->data );
 free(head);
 return NULL;
}
head->next = deleteEnd(head->next);
return head;
void display(node *head){
       while(head!=NULL){
       printf("%d->",head->data);
       head = head->next;
       printf("NULL\n");
}
int main () {
int choice, data;
node *head;
       while(1){
       printf("\n***Main Menu*\n");
       printf("\nChoose one option from the list ...\n");
       printf("\n=======\n");
       printf("\n1.Insert in the begining\n2.Insert at the last\n3.Insert at the middle.\n4.Delete
the num at the begining \n5.Delete num at the end\n6.Display\n7.Exit\n");
       printf("\nEnter your choice?\n");
       scanf("\n%d",&choice);
       switch(choice){
       case 1:{
       printf("Enter the data for inserted\n");
       scanf("%d",&data);
       head = insertBeg(head, data);
```

```
}
       case 2:{
       printf("Enter the data for inserted\n");
       scanf("%d",&data);
       head = insertEnd(head, data);
       break;
       case 3:{
       printf("Enter the data for inserted\n");
       scanf("%d",&data);
       insertMiddle(head, data);
       break;
       }
       case 4:{
       head = deleteBeg(head);
       break;
       }
       case 5:{
       head = deleteEnd(head);
       break;
       }
       case 6:{
        printf("The list:\n");
        display(head);
        break;
       case 7: {exit(0);break;}
      }
return 0;
}
output:
***Main Menu*
Choose one option from the list ...
_____
1.Insert in the begining
```

break;

2.Insert at the last 3.Insert at the middle. 4. Delete the num at the begining 5.Delete num at the end 6.Display 7.Exit Enter your choice? 45 ***Main Menu* Choose one option from the list ... _____ 1.Insert in the begining 2.Insert at the last 3.Insert at the middle. 4. Delete the num at the begining 5.Delete num at the end 6.Display 7.Exit Enter your choice? 4 **Empty** ***Main Menu* Choose one option from the list ... _____ 1.Insert in the begining 2.Insert at the last 3.Insert at the middle. 4. Delete the num at the begining 5.Delete num at the end 6.Display 7.Exit Enter your choice? **Empty** ***Main Menu* Choose one option from the list ... _____ 1.Insert in the begining 2.Insert at the last 3.Insert at the middle. 4. Delete the num at the begining 5.Delete num at the end

6.Display

```
7.Exit
Enter your choice?
The list:
NULL
***Main Menu*
Choose one option from the list ...
_____
1.Insert in the begining
2.Insert at the last
3.Insert at the middle.
4. Delete the num at the begining
5.Delete num at the end
6.Display
7.Exit
Enter your choice?
4
```

Objective:

Write a c program to create a doubly linked list with 5 nodes.

Code:

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```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdib.h>
typedef struct node
{
  int data;
  struct node *next;
  struct node *back;
}node;
node* createNode(int data){
  node *newNode = ((node*)malloc(sizeof(node)));
  newNode->data = data;
  newNode->next = NULL;
  newNode->back = NULL;
  return newNode;
}
node* createList(){
```

```
int n=8,data;
       node *x, *head = NULL,*temp;
       while(n--){
       printf("Enter the number\n");
       scanf("%d",&data);
       if(head == NULL){
       head = createNode(data);
       x = head;
       }
       else{
       temp = createNode(data);
       x->next = temp;
       temp->back= x;
       x = x->next;
       }
       return head;
}
void display(node *head){
while(head != NULL){
 printf("%d ",head->data);
 head = head->next;
}
printf("\n");
int main(){
node *head = createList();
display(head);
return 0;
}
Output:
Enter the number
Enter the number
87
Enter the number
87
Enter the number
78
Enter the number
```

```
46
Enter the number
53
65 87 87 78 46 53
```

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Objective:

Write a C program to implement the stack using linked lists.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
struct node
        int info;
        struct node *ptr;
}*x,*x1,*temp;
int topelement();
void push(int data);
void pop();
void empty();
void display();
void destroy();
void stack_count();
void create();
int count = 0;
void main()
{
        int no, ch, e;
        printf("\n 1 - Pop the element");
        printf("\n 2 - Push the element ");
        printf("\n 3 - Top of element");
        printf("\n 4 - Empty set");
```

```
printf("\n 5 - Exit");
printf("\n 6 - Dipslay");
printf("\n 7 - Stack Counting");
printf("\n 8 - Destroy the stack");
create();
while (1)
printf("\n Enter the choice : ");
scanf("%d", &ch);
switch (ch)
{
case 1:
printf("Enter the data : ");
scanf("%d", &no);
push(no);
break;
case 2:
pop();
break;
case 3:
if (x == NULL)
        printf("No elements in stack");
else
{
        e = topelement();
        printf("\n Top element : %d", e);
}
break;
case 4:
empty();
break;
case 5:
exit(0);
case 6:
display();
break;
case 7:
stack_count();
break;
case 8:
```

```
destroy();
       break;
       default:
       printf(" it is incorrect, Please enter correct choice ");
       break;
       }
       }
}
void create()
{
       x = NULL;
}
void stack_count()
{
       printf("\n No. of elements in stack : %d", count);
}
void push(int data)
{
       if (x == NULL)
       {
       x =(struct node *)malloc(1*sizeof(struct node));
       x->ptr = NULL;
       x->info = data;
       }
       else
       temp =(struct node *)malloc(1*sizeof(struct node));
       temp->ptr = x;
       temp->info = data;
       x = temp;
       }
       count++;
}
void display()
{
       x1 = x;
       if (x1 == NULL)
```

```
printf("Stack is empty");
       return;
       }
       while (x1 != NULL)
       {
       printf("%d ", x1->info);
       x1 = x1->ptr;
       }
}
void pop()
{
       x1 = x;
       if (x1 == NULL)
       printf("\n Error : Trying to pop from empty stack");
       return;
       }
       else
       x1 = x1->ptr;
       printf("\n Popped value : %d", x->info);
       free(x);
       x = x1;
       count--;
}
int topelement()
{
       return(x->info);
}
void empty()
{
       if (x == NULL)
       printf("\n Stack is empty");
       else
       printf("\n Stack is not empty with the %d elements", count);
}
void destroy()
```

```
x1 = x;

while (x1 != NULL)
{
    x1 = x->ptr;
    free(x);
    x = x1;
    x1 = x1->ptr;
}

free(x1);
    x = NULL;

printf("\n All stack elements are to be destroyed");
    count = 0;
}
```

Output:

```
1 - Pop the element
```

2 - Push the element

3 - Top of element

4 - Empty set

5 - Exit

6 - Dipslay

7 - Stack Counting

8 - Destroy the stack

Enter the choice: 4

Stack is empty

Enter the choice: 6

Stack is empty

Enter the choice: 73 No elements in stack

Enter the choice:

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Objective:

Write a C program to implement the queue using a linked list.

Output:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
struct node
        int info;
        struct node *ptr;
}*x,*rear,*temp,*x1;
int frontelement();
void enq(int data);
void deq();
void empty();
void display();
void create();
void queuesize();
int count = 0;
void main()
{
        int no, ch, e;
        printf("\n 1 - Enque");
        printf("\n 2 - Deque");
        printf("\n 3 - Front element");
        printf("\n 4 - Empty");
        printf("\n 5 - Exit");
        printf("\n 6 - Display");
        printf("\n 7 - Queue size");
        create();
        while (1)
        printf("\n Enter the choice : ");
        scanf("%d", &ch);
        switch (ch)
        case 1:
        printf("Enter the data : ");
        scanf("%d", &no);
```

```
enq(no);
       break;
       case 2:
       deq();
       break;
       case 3:
       e = frontelement();
       if (e != 0)
               printf("Front element : %d", e);
       else
               printf("\n No front element in the Queue is empty");
       break;
       case 4:
       empty();
       break;
       case 5:
       exit(0);
       case 6:
       display();
       break;
       case 7:
       queuesize();
       break;
       default:
       printf("incorect choice, Please enter correct choice ");
       break;
       }
       }
}
void create()
       x = rear = NULL;
}
void queuesize()
{
       printf("\n Queue size : %d", count);
}
void enq(int data)
{
       if (rear == NULL)
```

```
{
       rear = (struct node *)malloc(1*sizeof(struct node));
       rear->ptr = NULL;
       rear->info = data;
       x = rear;
       }
       else
       temp=(struct node *)malloc(1*sizeof(struct node));
       rear->ptr = temp;
       temp->info = data;
       temp->ptr = NULL;
       rear = temp;
       count++;
}
void display()
{
       x1 = x;
       if ((x1 == NULL) && (rear == NULL))
       printf("Queue is empty");
       return;
       }
       while (x1 != rear)
       printf("%d ", x1->info);
       x1 = x1->ptr;
       }
       if (x1 == rear)
       printf("%d", x1->info);
}
void deq()
{
       x1 = x;
       if (x1 == NULL)
       printf("\n Error: Trying to display the elements from the empty queue");
       return;
```

```
}
       else
       if (x1->ptr != NULL)
       x1 = x1->ptr;
       printf("\n Dequed value : %d", x->info);
       free(x);
       x = x1;
       }
       else
       printf("\n Dequed value : %d", x->info);
       free(x);
       x = NULL;
       rear = NULL;
       }
       count--;
}
int frontelement()
{
       if ((x != NULL) && (rear != NULL))
       return(x->info);
       else
       return 0;
}
void empty()
{
       if ((x == NULL) && (rear == NULL))
       printf("\n Queue is empty");
       else
       printf("Queue is not empty");
}
Output:
1 - Enque
2 - Deque
3 - Front element
4 - Empty
5 - Exit
```

6 - Display

7 - Queue size

Enter the choice : 5