# LEAN SIX SIGMA CASE STUDY - GENTECH

PROPOSAL CREATION PROCESS IMPROVEMENT



# **TEAM - 314**

01

AYUSH SRIVASTAVA

02

MORRIS LU

03

ABHISHEK KUMAR

04

SANJANA RAMESH

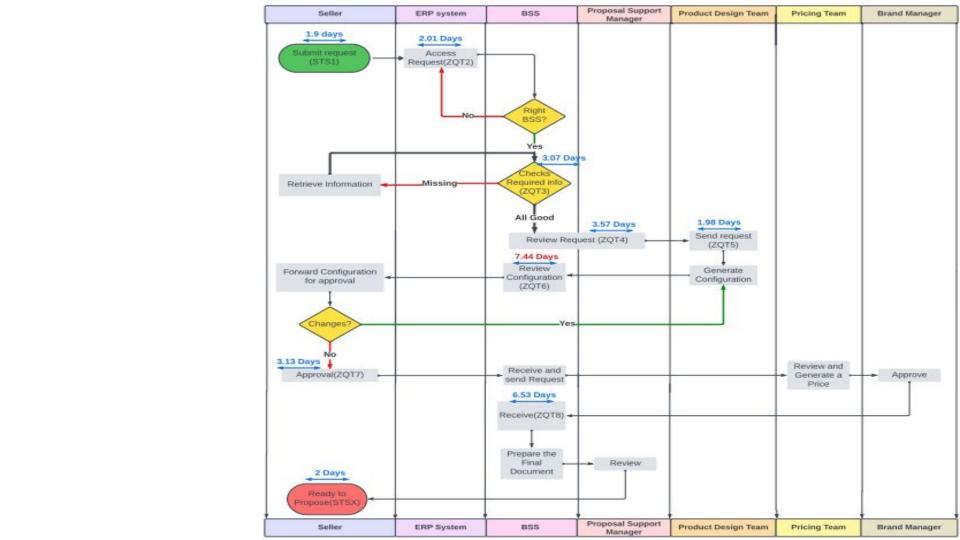


# INTRODUCTION TO GENTECH

- Large multinational company with an annual revenue of \$60 Billion.
- Presence in 100 countries with over 150 thousand employees.
- Sells software, hardware, and integrated business solutions.
- Faced an 18% reduction in revenue over the last two years.

## The Challenge

- Growing competition putting strain on revenue.
- CEO's belief: Strategy and product offerings are top-class, but the supply chain needs improvement.
- Objective: Make the supply chain more cost-effective and agile.
- Goal: Reduce cycle time of operations by 15%.



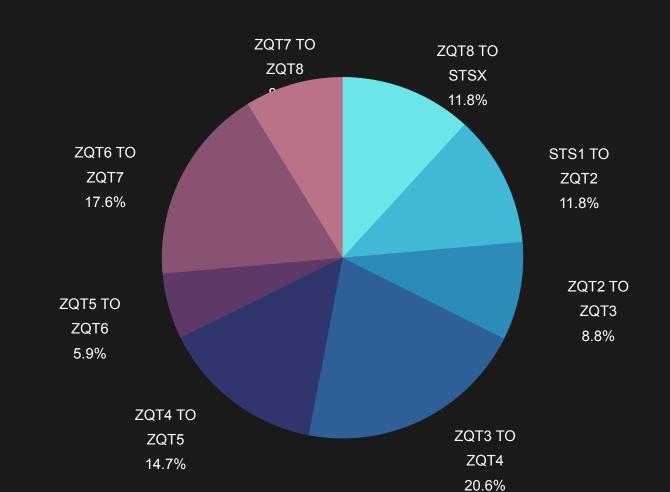
### The Proposal Creation Process

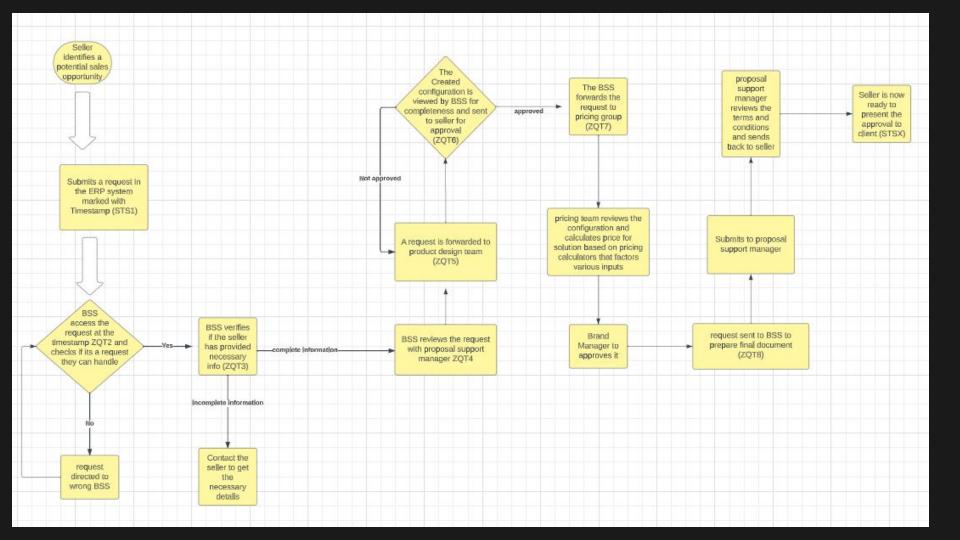
- Sellers identify potential sales opportunities.
- Sellers submit requests in the ERP system.
- Bid Support Specialists (BSS) check and process these requests.
- Delays occur due to incomplete information, rerouting to different BSS agents, and multiple review stages.

### Issues in the Process

- Sellers spending more time on proposals than on generating business opportunities.
- Introduction of a shared service sales support team led to complications.
- Additional hand-offs prolonged the cycle time for creating a proposal.

#### Analysis of the Current Process (HYPOTHETICAL DURATIONS)





### Key Stakeholders

- Sellers
- Bid Support Specialist (BSS)
- Proposal Support Manager
- Product Design Team
- Pricing Team
- Brand Manager

## Proposed Improvements

- Streamline communication between Sellers and BSS.
- Introduce a centralized system for tracking requests.
- Regular training sessions for the BSS team to handle diverse requests.
- Implement feedback loops to continually refine the process

#### **Expected Outcomes**

- Reduction in proposal creation cycle time by at least 15%.
- Improved efficiency leading to higher competitiveness in the market.
- Enhanced collaboration between teams.

# Key Timestamps (Part 1)

- STS1: Start of the process when Sellers identify a potential sales opportunity and submit a request.
- ZQT2: The point where the Bid Support Specialist (BSS) accesses the request and checks its viability.
- ZQT3: The request is routed to the appropriate BSS after ensuring the seller has provided all necessary information.

# Key Timestamps (Part 2)

- ZQT4: BSS reviews the request with the Proposal Support Manager.
- ZQT5: The request is then forwarded to the Product Design team, responsible for generating a configuration.
- ZQT6: The created configuration is reviewed by the BSS for completeness.

# Key Timestamps (Part 3)

- ZQT7: Once the configuration gets approved, the BSS forwards the request to the Pricing group.
- ZQT8: The BSS prepares the final document after pricing approval.
- STSX: The final step where the Seller is ready to present the proposal to the client.

### Time Stamp Distributions

STS1: Start of the process when Sellers identify a potential sales opportunity and submit a request.	ZQT2: The point where the Bid Support Specialist (BSS) accesses the request and checks its viability.	ZQT3: The request is routed to the appropriate BSS after ensuring the seller has provided all necessary information
ZQT4: BSS reviews the request with the Proposal Support Manager	ZQT5: The request is then forwarded to the Product Design team, responsible for generating a configuration.	ZQT6: The created configuration is reviewed by the BSS for completeness.
ZQT7: Once the configuration gets approved, the BSS forwards the request to the Pricing group.	ZQT8: The BSS prepares the final document after pricing approval.	STSX: The final step where the Seller is ready to present the proposal to the client

### Delays and Inefficiencies

- Analyzing the timestamps reveals areas of potential bottlenecks in the proposal creation process.
- Delays between STS1 and ZQT2 indicate possible inefficiencies in the initial request submission and its access by the Bid Support Specialist (BSS).
- Significant time gaps between ZQT3 and ZQT4 might suggest challenges in routing the request to the appropriate BSS and subsequent review stages.
- These delays not only prolong the cycle time but also might lead to reduced proposal quality due to rushed processes in later stages.

### Importance of Efficient Timestamp Tracking

- Each timestamp serves as a milestone in the proposal creation process. Delays in reaching these milestones can compound, leading to significant overall delays.
- Efficiently tracking progress between timestamps provides transparency, allowing teams to identify and address inefficiencies proactively.
- A streamlined progression from one timestamp to the next ensures a consistent and efficient process, reducing cycle times and elevating proposal quality.

### Recommendations for Timestamp Efficiency

- Implement an advanced tracking system that provides real-time updates on the progress between timestamps, alerting teams to potential delays.
- Training sessions for the Sellers and BSS teams to ensure all necessary information is provided upfront, reducing back-and-forth and associated delays.
- Technological integrations, such as Al-driven routing systems, can ensure requests are directed to the most appropriate BSS from the start, reducing rerouting delays.

#### Conclusion & Call to Action

- The proposal creation process, marked by various timestamps, is crucial for Gentech's competitiveness. Refining this process is of paramount importance.
- All stakeholders, from Sellers to the BSS team, play a pivotal role in this process and must actively participate in the proposed improvement initiatives.
- It's time to implement the suggested changes, invest in technological solutions, and commit to regular monitoring and refinement, ensuring Gentech's proposal process remains agile and efficient.