

# Data Structures

## Tree Node

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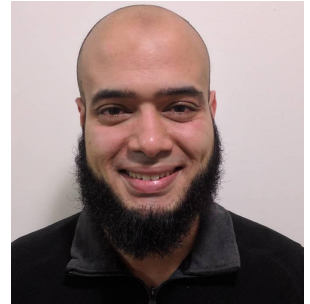
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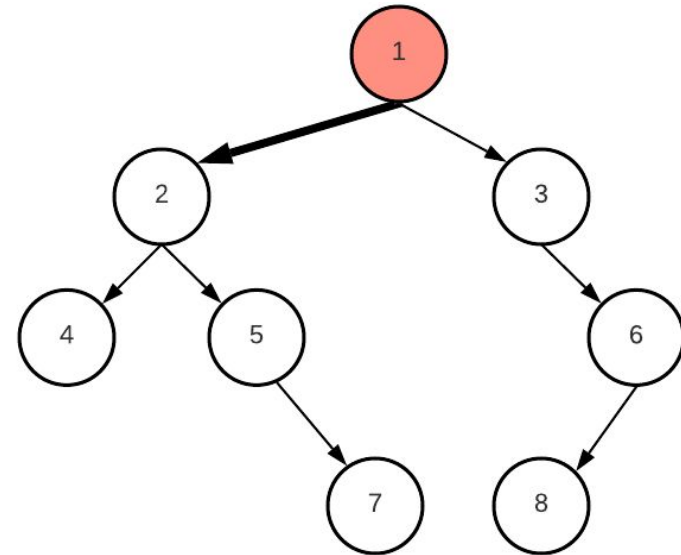
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# Tree Node

- Similar to linkedlist, we need to point to other nodes
  - Specifically 2 nodes: we called them left and right

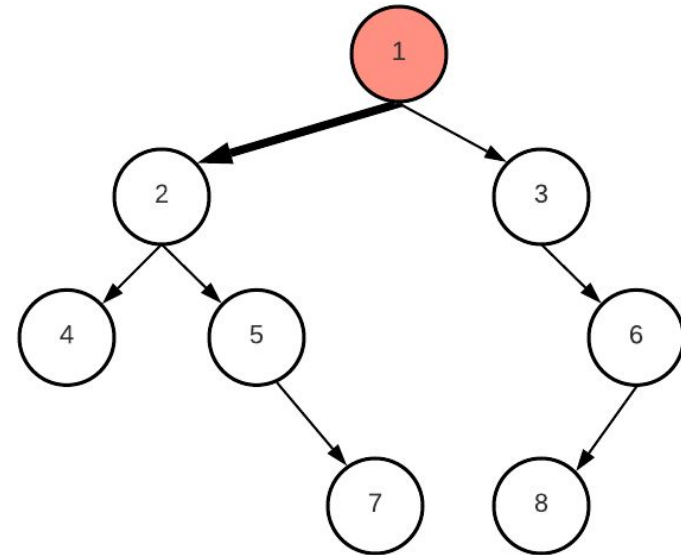
```
struct Node {  
    int data { };  
    Node* left { };  
    Node* right { };  
    Node(int data) :  
        data(data) {  
    }  
};
```



# Nodes Creation

- Let's create the nodes, then link them

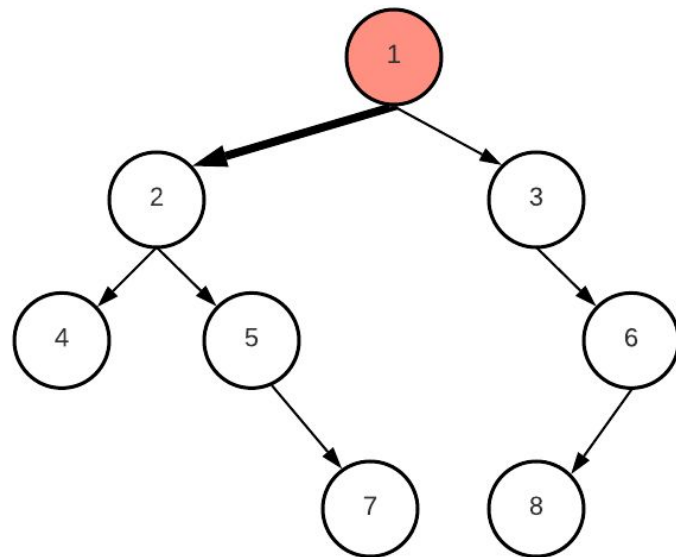
```
Node* root = new Node(1);  
Node* node2 = new Node(2);  
Node* node3 = new Node(3);  
Node* node4 = new Node(4);  
Node* node5 = new Node(5);  
Node* node6 = new Node(6);  
Node* node7 = new Node(7);  
Node* node8 = new Node(8);
```



# Edges Linking!

- Now we can link them. Congrats! We built a binary tree!
- Starting from the root: *how to print 7?*

```
root->left = node2;  
root->right = node3;  
  
node2->left = node4;  
node2->right = node5;  
  
node5->right = node7;  
  
node3->right = node6;  
node6->left = node8;
```



# Printing paths

- Path is chain of nodes, e.g.  $[1 \Rightarrow 2 \Rightarrow 5 \Rightarrow 7]$
- Common mistake, like linkedlist, to use a child node that is null pointer!

```
root->left = node2;  
root->right = node3;  
  
node2->left = node4;  
node2->right = node5;  
  
node5->right = node7;  
  
node3->right = node6;  
node6->left = node8;
```

```
cout << root->left->right->right->data << "\n"; // 7  
cout <<          node2->right->right->data << "\n"; // 7  
cout <<          node5->right->data << "\n"; // 7  
cout <<          node7->data << "\n"; // 7  
  
cout << root->right->right->data << "\n"; // 6  
cout << root->right->right->left->data << "\n"; // 8  
cout << root->right->right->right << "\n"; // 0x00
```

# Systematic printing!

- Printing the linked list was trivial, we keep going till the tail!
- But a tree now has 2 subtrees!
- To print a tree, you need to print its subtrees! Recursion!
- Your turn:
  - Implement: `void print(node* node)`
  - Call it with `print(root)`
  - The function should print the tree content!
- Bonus: How can we represent a binary tree using an array?
  - We will learn later in heap section

*“Acquire knowledge and impart it to the people.”*

*“Seek knowledge from the Cradle to the Grave.”*