Data Structures Linked-list-based Stack

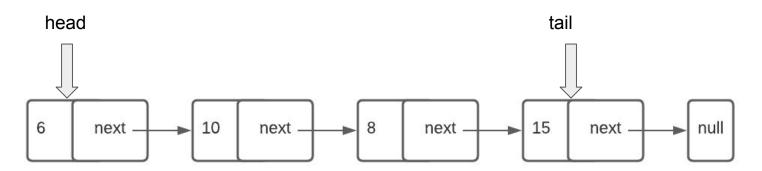
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Using Linked list

- Similar to array, we can push in stack elements 15, 8, 10, 6
 - Using Insert front
 - But now, NO LIMIT to the number of nodes (except machine limit)
- We can use either SLL or DLL
- Can u notice why using head only is enough and intuitive?

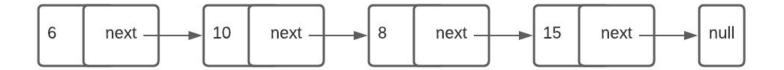


Recall SLL Homework #1

- Using a head only, we can build SLL
- However, nodes have to be reversed
- Here we added in order:
 - 0 15, 8, 10, 6

```
private:
    Node *head { };

public:
    void add_element(int value) {
        Node* item = new Node(value);
        item->next = head;
        head = item;
}
```



SLL Stack

Let's create a stack based on linked-list style: with only single head

```
6⊖class Stack {
 private:
     // Tip: We can make this struct internally
      struct Node {
          int data { };
          Node* next { };
          Node(int data) :
                  data(data) {
      };
     Node *head { }; // Points to Top
```

Push function

The previously add element!

```
void push(int value) {
    // By design: always new node = head
    // Great match with stack!
    Node* item = new Node(value);
    item->next = head;
    head = item;

// Tip: This code works as long as machine has more RAM
    // In industry: You may check if return is null (can't create) or not.
}
```

Remaining

 If you did well with linked-lists, all that should be direct!

```
int pop() {
    assert(!isEmpty());
    int element = head->data;
    Node* temp = head;
    head = head->next;
    delete temp;
    return element;
int peek() {
    assert(!isEmpty());
    int element = head->data;
    return element;
int isEmpty() {
    return !head;
```

Array vs Linked-list

- Compare the time/memory order of both data structures?
- What are the advantages of each type?
- What kind of functionalities extension could be more efficient for one of them?

"Acquire knowledge and impart it to the people."

"Seek knowledge from the Cradle to the Grave."