

Nginx & uswgi

Ask stackoverflow community





You don't.

That's the simple answer, anyway -- you don't *need* it. uWSGI is itself a capable server.However, other servers like nginx have been around longer and are more secure, as well as having additional features not supported by uWSGI -- for example, improved handling of static resources (via any combination of Expires or E-Tag headers, gzip compression, pre-compressed gzip, etc.) that can significantly reduce server and network load; additionally, a server like nginx in front of your Django application can implement caching of your dynamic content as well, further helping to reduce server load, and even helping to facilitate the use of a CDN (which normally don't do well with dynamic content). You could even go further and have nginx on a completely separate server, reverse proxying requests for dynamic content to a load balanced cluster of application servers while handling the static content itself.



DO I NEED NGINX with USWGI?

For example, my blog (while it is WordPress, it does have nginx in front of it) is tuned to cache posts for 24 hours, and to cache index pages for 5 minutes; while I don't see enough traffic for that to really matter most of the time, it helps my tiny little VPS weather the occasional surge that might otherwise knock it down -- such as the big surge of traffic when one of my articles got picked up by a Twitterer with many thousands of followers, many of whom re-tweeted it to their thousands of followers.

If I had been running a "bare" uWSGI server (and assuming it had been a Django site, rather than WordPress), it might have stood up to it just fine -- or it might have crashed and burned, costing me in missed visitors. Having nginx in front of it to handle that load can really help.



DO I NEED NGINX with USWGI?

All that being said, if you're just running a little site that won't see a lot of traffic, there's no real need for nginx or anything else -- just use uWSGI on its own if that's what you want to do. On the other hand, if you'll see a lot of traffic... well, you *still* might want uWSGI, but you should at least consider something in front of it to help with the load. Actually, you should really be load-testing different configurations with your finished site to determine what does work best for you under your expected load, and use whatever that ends up being.



Do I need NGINX with Flask?

You definitely need something like a production WSGI server such as Gunicorn, because the development server of Flask is meant for ease of development without much configuration for fine-tuning and optimization. Eg. Gunicorn has a <u>variety of configurations</u> depending on the use case you are trying to solve. But the development flask server does not have these capabilities. In addition, these development servers show their limitations as soon as you try to scale and handle more requests.



Do I need NGINX with Flask ?

With respect to needing a reverse proxy server such as Nginx is concerned it depends on your use case. If you are deploying your application behind the latest load balancer in AWS such as an <u>application load balancer</u>(NOT classic load balancer), that itself will suffice for most use cases. No need to take effort into setting up NGINX if you have that option.

The purpose of a reverse proxy is to handle slow clients, meaning clients which take time to send the request. These reverse load balancers buffer the requests till the entire request is got from the clients and send them async to Gunicorn. This improves the performance of your application considerably.