

EF Core

ORM

- **Object-relational mapping** (ORM) is a way to align programming code with database structures. ORM uses metadata descriptors to create a layer between the programming language and a relational database.
- تسمح للمطورين بالعمل مع DB باستخدام dot.net object

WHAT ORM?

- ORM stands for Object to Relational Mapping
 1. **Object**: It is class's that we have in our programming language (c#, python etc.)
 2. **Relational**: this is Relational Database Manager System like MS-SQL, MySQL etc.
 3. **Mapping**: This is the part which bridges between objects and tables.
- ORM is a technique that lets you query and manipulate data from a database using an object-oriented paradigm.

WITHOUT ORM

```
book_list = new List();
sql = "SELECT book FROM library WHERE author = 'Bhrugen'";
data = query(sql); // This is just a dummy ...
while (row = data.next())
{
    book = new Book();
    book.setAuthor(row.get('author'));
    book_list.add(book);
}
```

WITH ORM

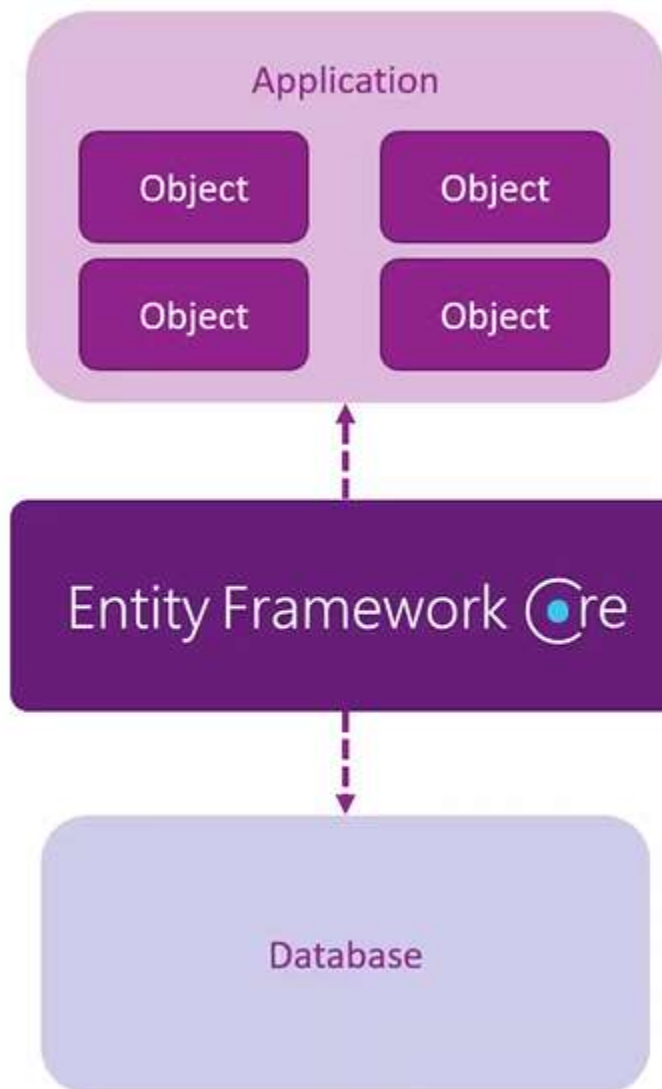
```
book_list = BookTable.query(author = "Bhrugen");
```

ORM

- يعني بدل من استخدام الاجراء المخزن او التعليمات نفسها، يتم التعامل مع قاعدة البيانات كأنها شروط ضمن الدوت نت

ORM

- سابقا تم استخدام ado dot net للتعامل مع قواعد البيانات
- سابقا تم تفضيل استخدام الاجراء المخزن ع DB لتجنب sql injection
- يتم التعامل مع DB بطريقة بسيطة بدون تعمق باستخدام EF
- Ado اسرع بالأداء راي معظم المطورين
- لكن framework التعامل معها أبسط واسهل وتفضل على Ado
- تتعامل مع معظم أنواع قواعد البيانات



طبقة بين التطبيق وقاعدة البيانات.

ADVANTAGES OF ORM



- You get to write in the language you are already using anyway.
- It abstracts away the database system so that switching database is not that difficult
- Many of the queries you write will perform better than if you wrote them yourself.
- Saves you time as compared to writing SQL and Wrappers.
- It can generate database from you models

Entity Framework Core is Cross Platform, Open Source ORM


WHAT IS ENTITY FRAMEWORK CORE?



1. Entity Framework Core is the new version of Entity Framework after EF 6.x.
2. It is open-source, lightweight, extensible and a cross-platform version of Entity Framework data access technology.
3. Entity Framework Core is an ORM. It is an enhancement to ADO.NET that gives developers an automated mechanism for accessing & storing the data in the database.
4. You can write your queries using LINQ as compared to SQL.










ADVANTAGES OF ENTITY FRAMEWORK



- 
- Generate models based from database and vice versa.
 - Saves time from repetitive tasks.
 - More secure.
 - Cross platform.
 - No need to manage mappings manually.
 - No need for stored procedure, but you can still use if needed.

Create a new project

Recent project templates

 Windows Forms App (.NET Framework)	C#
 Empty Project	C++
 Console App (.NET Framework)	C#
 Console App (.NET Core)	C#
 WPF App (.NET Framework)	C#
 ASP.NET Web Application (.NET Framework)	C#
 ASP.NET Core Web Application	C#
 ASP.NET Web Application (.NET Framework)	Visual Basic
 Console App	C++

cons

Language

Platform

Project type



Console App (.NET Core)

A project for creating a command-line application that can run on .NET Core on Windows, Linux and MacOS.

C# Linux macOS Windows Console



Empty Project

Start from scratch with C++ for Windows. Provides no starting files.

C++ Windows Console



Console App

Run code in a Windows terminal. Prints "Hello World" by default.

C++ Windows Console



Windows Desktop Wizard

Create your own Windows app using a wizard.

C++ Windows Desktop Console Library



Shared Items Project

A Shared Items project is used for sharing files between multiple projects.

C++ Windows Android iOS Linux Desktop Console
Library UWP Games Mobile



Console App (.NET Framework)

A project for creating a command-line application

C# Windows Console

Back

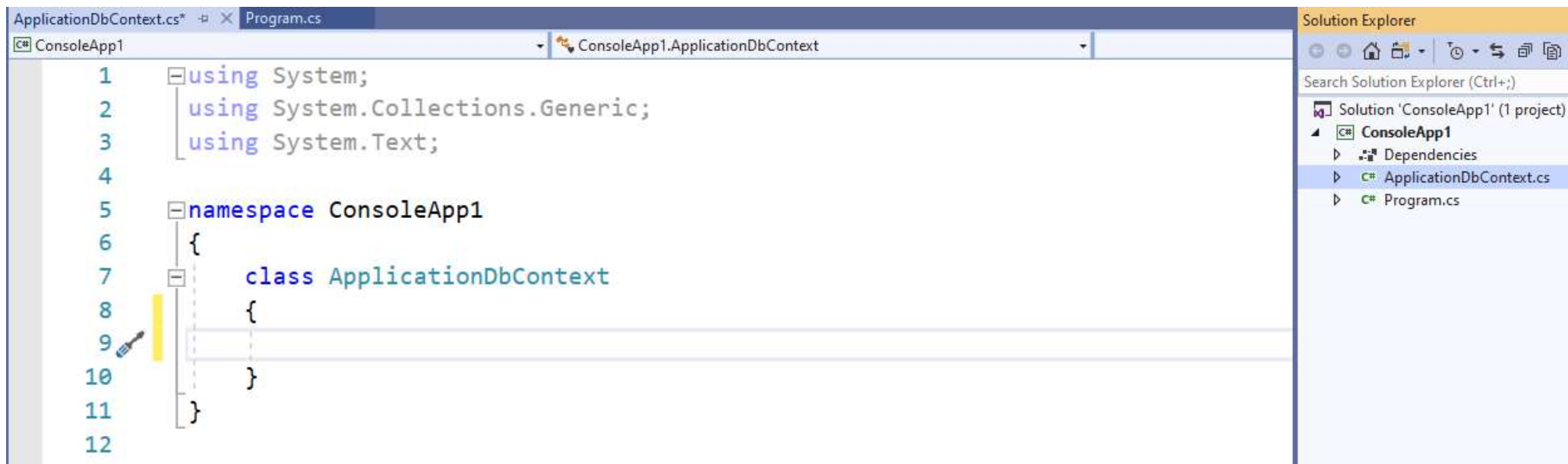
Next

Microsoft.EntityFrameworkCore

Microsoft.EntityFrameworkCore.SqlServer

Microsoft.EntityFrameworkCore.Tools

نقوم بعمل صف يمثل حلقة الوصل بين Application and Database
ApplicationDbContext



The screenshot shows a Visual Studio IDE with two tabs: 'ApplicationDbContext.cs*' and 'Program.cs'. The 'ApplicationDbContext.cs' tab is active, displaying the following C# code:

```
1 using System;
2 using System.Collections.Generic;
3 using System.Text;
4
5 namespace ConsoleApp1
6 {
7     class ApplicationDbContext
8     {
9     }
10 }
11
12
```

The Solution Explorer on the right shows the project structure for 'ConsoleApp1' (1 project). It contains two files: 'ApplicationDbContext.cs' and 'Program.cs'.

ApplicationDbContext.cs*

```
using Microsoft.EntityFrameworkCore;
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Text;

namespace ConsoleApp1
{
    class ApplicationDbContext:DbContext
    {
        protected override void OnConfiguring(DbContextOptionsBuilder optionsBuilder)
        {
            optionsBuilder.UseSqlServer("Data Source=.;Initial Catalog=SCSDBTest;Integrated
Security=True");
        }
    }
}
```

Class Employee

```
Public class Employee
{
    public int Id { get; set; }
    public string Name { get; set; }
}
```

MIGRATIONS IN EF CORE



01

Change/Create Model

You should first create a new model or change any existing model



02

Add Migration

Add a new migration once you make your change to see what will be pushed to database.



03

Apply Migration

Once a migration is added use update-database to push migration.

migration from console package عمل

```
PM> add-migration InitialCreate
```


20240218191013_InitialCreate.cs Employee.cs ApplicationDbContext.cs Program.cs
ConsoleApp1 ConsoleApp1.Migrations.InitialCreate Up(Migrati

```
1      using Microsoft.EntityFrameworkCore.Migrations;
2
3      namespace ConsoleApp1.Migrations
4      {
5          public partial class InitialCreate : Migration
6          {
7              protected override void Up(MigrationBuilder migrationBuilder)
8              {
9
10             }
11
12             protected override void Down(MigrationBuilder migrationBuilder)
13             {
14
15             }
16         }
17     }
```

Remove migration

لجعل الجدول يظهر مباشرة ضمن الـ الاب نكتب

```
using Microsoft.EntityFrameworkCore;
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Text;

namespace ConsoleApp2
{
    class ApplicationDbContext:DbContext
    {
        protected override void OnConfiguring(DbContextOptionsBuilder optionsBuilder)
        {
            optionsBuilder.UseSqlServer("Data Source=.;Initial
Catalog=SCSDBTest;Integrated Security=True");
        }
        public DbSet<Employee> Employees { get; set; }
    }
}
```

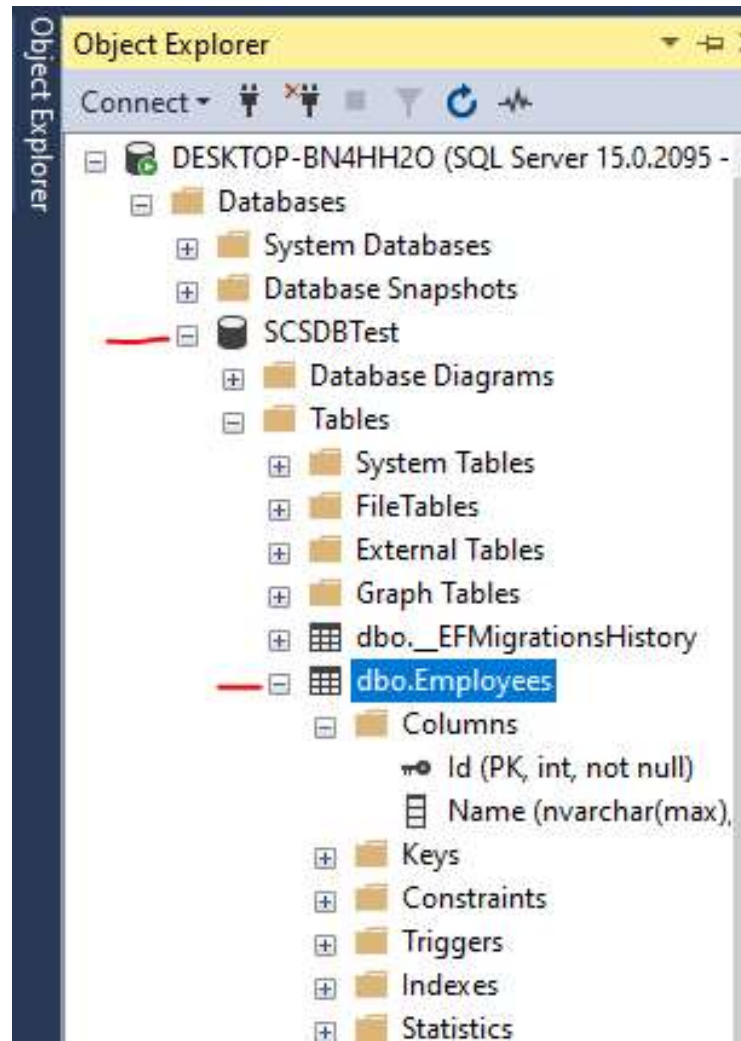
```
PM> add-migration InitialCreate
```

```

using Microsoft.EntityFrameworkCore.Metadata;
using Microsoft.EntityFrameworkCore.Migrations;
namespace ConsoleApp2.Migrations
{
    public partial class InitialCreate : Migration
    {
        protected override void Up(MigrationBuilder migrationBuilder)
        {
            migrationBuilder.CreateTable(
                name: "Employees",
                columns: table => new
                {
                    Id = table.Column<int>(nullable: false)
                        .Annotation("SqlServer:ValueGenerationStrategy", SqlServerValueGenerationStrategy.IdentityColumn),
                    Name = table.Column<string>(nullable: true)
                },
                constraints: table =>
                {
                    table.PrimaryKey("PK_Employees", x => x.Id);
                });
        }
        protected override void Down(MigrationBuilder migrationBuilder)
        {
            migrationBuilder.DropTable( name: "Employees");
        }
    }
}

```

update-database



قاعدة البيانات والجدول فارغ

DESKTOP-BN4HH2O....- dbo.Employees ✕		
	Id	Name
▶*	NULL	NULL

تم انشاء قاعدة البيانات والجدول نقوم بإضافة سجل ضمن الجدول

```
static void Main(string[] args)
{
    var _context = new ApplicationDbContext();
    var employee = new Employee
    {
        Name="Suleiman"
    };
    _context.Employees.Add(employee); // add to the memory
    _context.SaveChanges(); // confirm to db
}
```

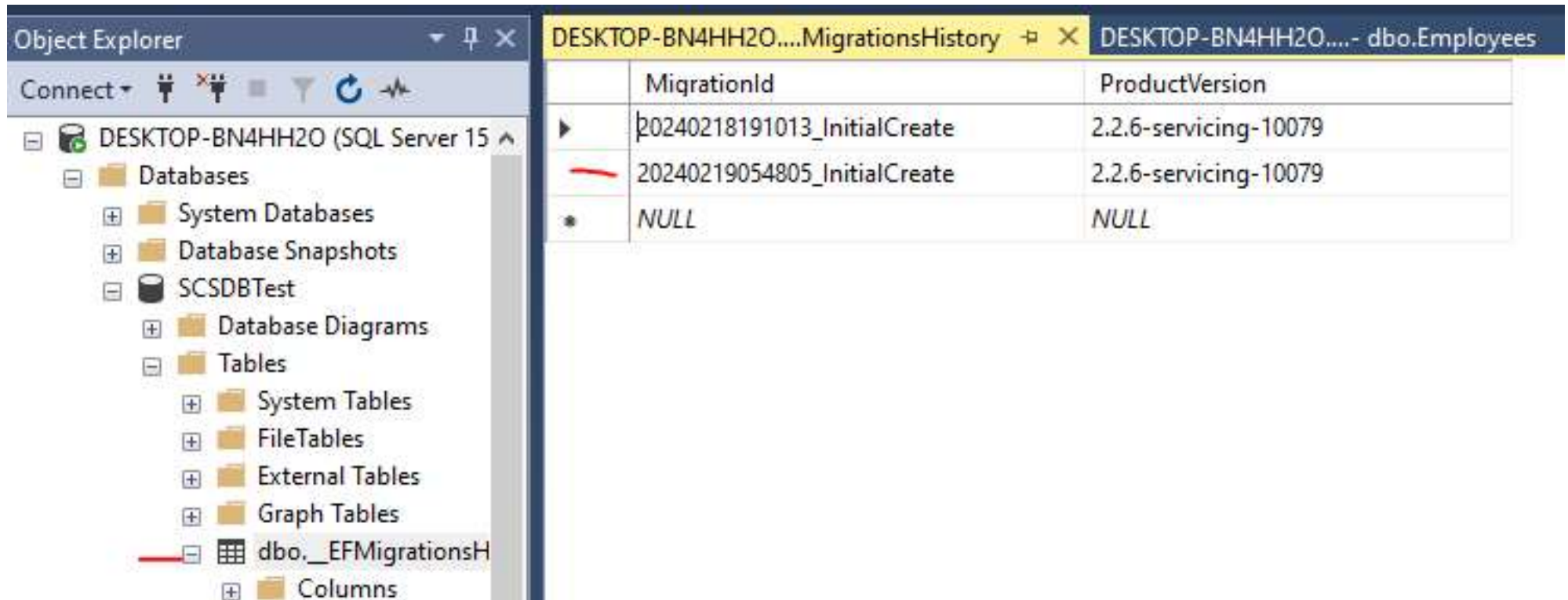

Run F5

DESKTOP-BN4HH2O....- dbo.Employees		
	Id	Name
▶	1	Suleiman
●	NULL	NULL

```
static void Main(string[] args)
{
    var _context = new ApplicationDbContext();
    var employee = new Employee();
    //{
    //    Name="Suleiman"
    //};
    _context.Employees.Add(employee); // add to the memory
    _context.SaveChanges(); // confirm to db
}
```

DESKTOP-BN4HH2O....- dbo.Employees		
	Id	Name
▶	1	Suleiman
	2	Suleiman
	3	NULL
✱	NULL	NULL

جدول أسماء ملفات المايغريشن التي قمنا بعملها في المشروع



The screenshot shows the SQL Server Enterprise Manager interface. On the left, the Object Explorer displays the hierarchy of the 'DESKTOP-BN4HH2O (SQL Server 15)' instance. The 'Databases' folder is expanded, showing 'System Databases', 'Database Snapshots', and 'SCSDBTest'. Under 'SCSDBTest', the 'Tables' folder is expanded, showing 'System Tables', 'FileTables', 'External Tables', 'Graph Tables', and 'dbo._EFMigrationsHistory'. The 'dbo._EFMigrationsHistory' table is selected. On the right, the query result for 'DESKTOP-BN4HH2O....MigrationsHistory' is displayed, showing three rows of data.

	MigrationId	ProductVersion
▶	20240218191013_InitialCreate	2.2.6-servicing-10079
—	20240219054805_InitialCreate	2.2.6-servicing-10079
*	NULL	NULL