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1

AMERICAN Headway

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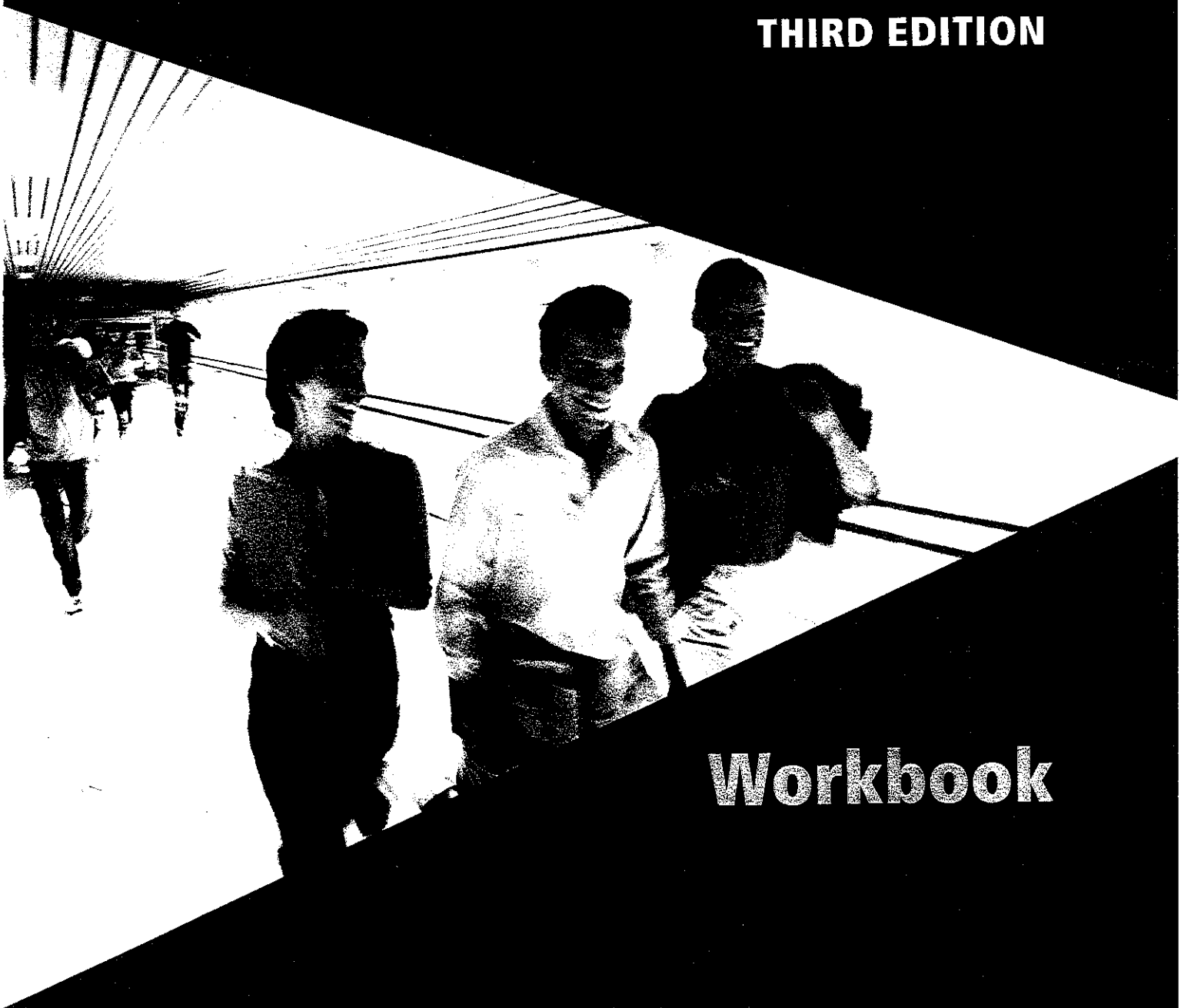
THIRD EDITION



Workbook

Liz and John Soars

OXFORD

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When you see this symbol, go to **iChecker** to listen to the audio.

1 You and me

am/is/are • Countries and nationalities • *my/your/his/her* • Possessive *'s* • Verbs – *have/go/live/like* • The family • Adjectives • Everyday conversations

am/is/are – my/your

1 Nice to meet you!

Complete the conversations.

1 **A** Hello. My name's Tom. What's _____ name?
B Maria.
A Where _____ you from, Maria?
B I _____ from Brazil.
A Oh! Where in Brazil are _____ from?
B From Rio de Janeiro.
A Ah, Rio _____ beautiful! Well, nice to meet you, Maria.
B Thank you. Nice to meet you, too.

2 **A** Hello. What _____ your first name?
B Cathy.
A And what's your _____ _____?
B Jenkins.
A How do you _____ that?
B J – E – N – K – I – N – S.
A And _____ are you from, Cathy?
B I'm from Los Angeles. I _____ American.
A Thank you very much.

2 Countries and nationalities

Write the nationality.

~~American~~	Saudi Arabian	Korean	English
Mexican	Brazilian	Peruvian	

1 He's from the United States. He's American.

2 I'm from England. I'm _____.

3 I'm from Brazil. I'm _____.

he/she – his/her

3 Personal information

1 Use the information about Cathy and Santiago to complete the conversations.

1

A What's *her* first name?
B Cathy.
A _____ her last name?
B Jenkins.
A Where's _____ from?
B She's from the United States.
A How old _____ she?
B She's 25.
A What's _____ phone number?
B 323-555-8643.
A _____ _____ email address?
B cjenkins@mailnet.com
A _____ _____ married?
B No, she _____.

First name
Cathy
Last name
Jenkins
Country
United States
Age
25
Phone number
323-555-8643
Email address
cjenkins@mailnet.com
Married?
No

2

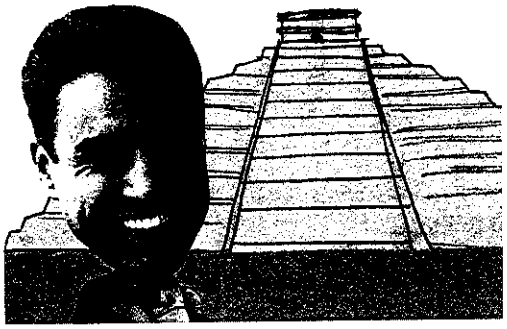
FIRST NAME
Santiago
LAST NAME
García Ramírez
COUNTRY
Mexico
AGE
19
PHONE NUMBER
52 55 000 9816
EMAIL ADDRESS
grsantiago@hwmail.com
MARRIED?
No

A What's *his* first name?
B Santiago.
A _____ his last name?
B García Ramírez.
A Where's _____ from?
B He's _____ Mexico.
A How old is _____?
B He's 19.
A What's _____ phone number?
B 52 55 000 9816.
A _____ _____ email address?
B grsantiago@hwmail.com
A _____ _____ married?
B No, _____ _____.

2 Write the short forms of the underlined words.

1 She is from Korea. *She's*
2 She is not a teacher. _____
3 I am American. _____
4 I am not married. _____
5 He is a student. _____
6 He is not English. _____
7 You are 18. _____
8 You are not 20. _____

4 She's from Korea. She's _____.



5 He's from Mexico. He's _____.

6 I'm from Saudi Arabia.
I'm _____.

7 She's from Peru. She's _____.

Elena's family

4 Possessive 's

1 Complete the sentences about Elena and her family.

Hi! My name's (1) **Elena**, and this is my family. My (2) **father's** name is Robert. He's a teacher. My (3) _____ name is Sofia. She's Argentinian, and she's a nurse. My (4) _____ name is Suzie. She's 21, and she's a college student. My (5) _____ name is Ryan. He's 18, and he's in high school. This is a photo of my cat. My (6) _____ name is Tiger. His favorite food is fish.

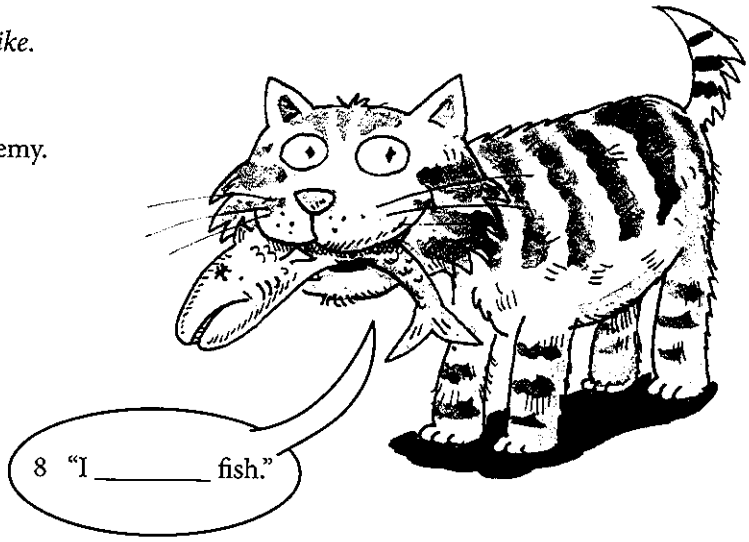
2 Write **is** if 's = *is*. Write **P** if 's = possessive.

1 My name's Elena. **is**
2 My father's name is Robert. **P**
3 He's a teacher. _____
4 My mother's name is Sofia. _____
5 She's Argentinian. _____
6 My sister's a student. _____
7 My brother's name is Ryan. _____
8 Tiger's favorite food is fish. _____

5 Verbs – *have/go/live/like*

Complete the sentences with *have, go, live,* or *like*.

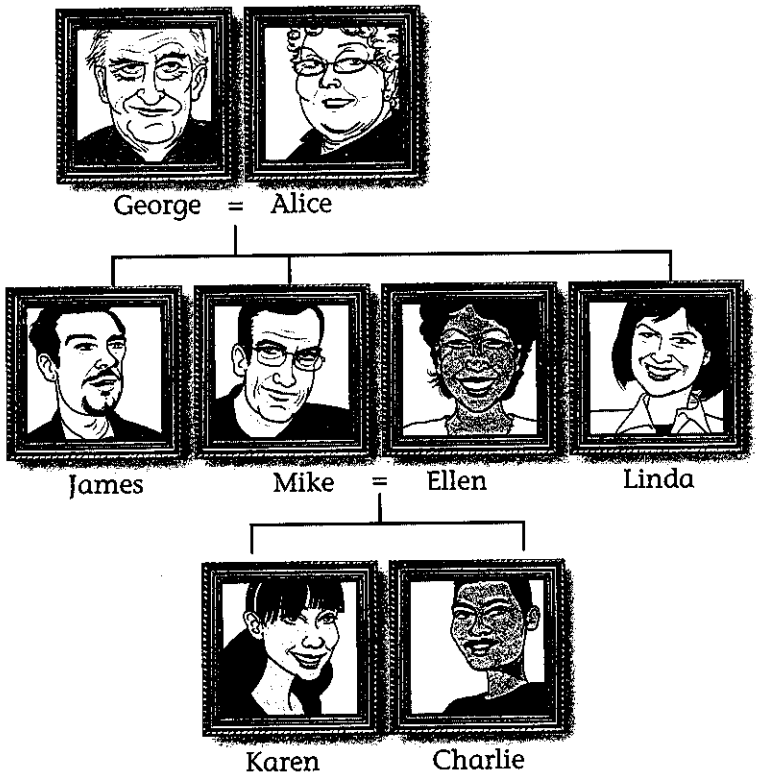
1 I **have** a brother and a sister.
2 I _____ to a school called Lincoln Academy.
3 I _____ in New York.
4 I _____ my sister. She's very kind.
5 We _____ in an apartment downtown.
6 I _____ to the park on weekends.
7 I _____ a cat.



Vocabulary

6 The family

Look at the family. Complete the crossword.



Across

3 James is Mike's ____. (7)
8 Karen is Charlie's ____. (6)
9 Ellen is Mike's ____. (4)
10 Charlie is Mike's ____. (3)
11 Charlie is Linda's ____. (6)
15 Karen and Charlie are Mike's ____. (8)
16 Karen is Ellen's ____. (8)

Down

1 Ellen is Karen's ____. (6)
2 Linda is Charlie's ____. (4)
4 George is Alice's ____. (7)
5 Alice is Charlie's ____. (11)
6 Karen is Linda's ____. (5)
7 George is Karen's ____. (11)
12 Mike and Ellen are ____. (7)
13 Mike is Charlie's ____. (6)
14 James is Karen's ____. (5)

7 Adjectives

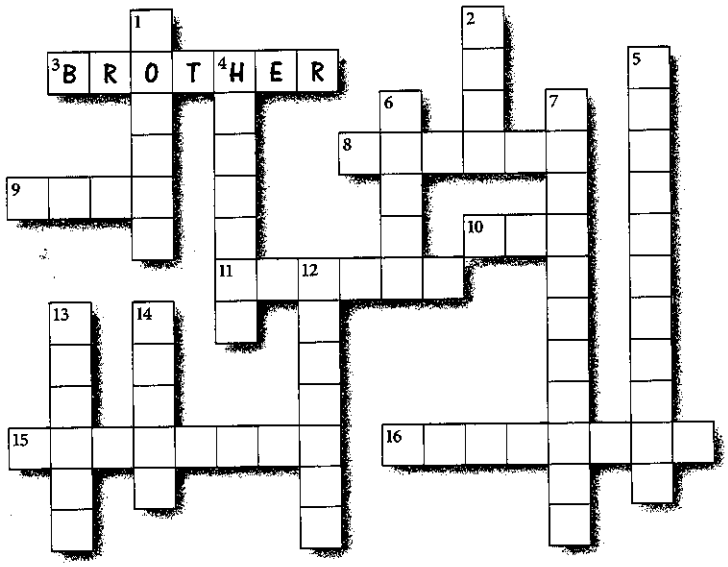
1 Write the opposite adjective.

easy	small	cold	good
nice	~~expensive~~	young	old

1 San Francisco isn't cheap. It's *expensive*.
2 My coffee isn't hot. It's _____.
3 "Are your shoes new?"
"No, they're _____."
4 You aren't a bad student! You're a _____ student!
5 "My Dad's 40. He's old."
"He isn't old! Forty is _____!"
6 This exercise isn't difficult. It's _____.
7 Our apartment isn't big. It's _____.
8 The weather isn't terrible! It's _____.

2 Complete the adjectives.

1 The weather's nice! It's s _ _ _ _.
2 It's difficult to understand you. You speak f _ _ t.
3 My family's very nice. We're very f r _ _ _ d _ y.
4 I like my girlfriend. She's b _ _ _ t _ f _ l.
5 My book is good. It's very i _ t _ r _ _ t _ _ g.
6 Mm! The coffee is really good! It's g _ e _ t.



Reading and listening

8 Our street

1 Read about the Hall family. Complete the sentences.

1 66 members of the Hall family live on the same street.
2 They have fifteen _____.
3 _____ is four weeks old.
4 Joe is a great-grandfather. He's _____ years old.
5 Catherine and George have six _____.
6 Their daughter's name is _____.
7 During the holidays, they all _____ to one house for a party.
8 The neighbors _____ the Hall family very much.

2 Listen to the conversations. Who says the first line?

Joe	Catherine	George
~~Marganne~~	Sandra	Dave

1 Marganne _____ 4 _____
2 _____ 5 _____
3 _____ 6 _____

Our street

One family, 66 people, and 15 houses – all on the same street!

The Hall family is big – very big – and they all live on the same street in Gateshead, England.

They have 15 houses. Their ages are from four weeks old (Ellie) to great-grandfather Joe, 76.

Catherine and her husband, George, have six children, and 15 grandchildren. Other relatives – aunts, uncles, cousins, nephews, and nieces – all live there, too.

"Our family is the most important thing," says daughter Marganne, 42. "We like living on the same street. It's great to have all my family together. During the holidays, or on a birthday, it's crazy on this street," she says. "66 people all go to one house!"

Neighbor, Sandra Ross, 41, says "It's great having a big family on the street. We're all friends." Her husband, Dave, agrees, "We love living on such a friendly street."

COTSWOLD GARDENS

Everyday English

9 Everyday conversations

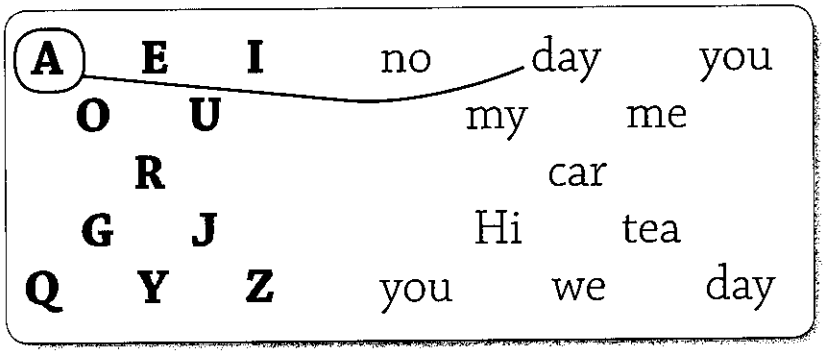
Match a sentence in **A** with a response in **B**.

A	B
1 Good morning, Pete. How are you?	a ☐ Thanks. You too.
2 Bye, mom! I'm going to school.	b ☐ No, I'm OK, thanks. Just looking.
3 Can I have a coffee, please?	c ☐ Fine, thanks. And you?
4 Have a good day!	d ☐ Hello, Ellen. Nice to meet you.
5 Hello. Can I help you?	e ☐ Sleep well! See you in the morning.
6 Tony, this is Ellen.	f ☐ Bye, honey! See you later.
7 Bye! See you on Monday!	g ☐ Of course. Anything to eat?
8 Good night!	h ☐ Yes. Have a good weekend!

Don't forget!

10 The alphabet

1 Match the sound of the letter with the sound of the word.



2 Listen. Complete the names and email addresses.

Names

1 A L I C E

2 M _ _ I _ _ A

3 S _ Z I

4 _ _ S _ _ P

5 _ _ L _ _

6 _ _ Z J _ _ _ _

Email addresses

7 _ n a _ _ @ _ _ _ _ _ _ .com

8 j _ _ _ _ b _ _ _ _ @bz.com

11 Possessive adjectives

Complete the sentences with a possessive adjective.

my	~~your~~	his	her	our	their

1 Hello! What's *your* name?

2 "Pete! This is _____ sister, Alice."
"Hi, Alice. Nice to meet you."

3 Anna is 23. _____ mother is a nurse.

4 Mr. and Mrs. Jones live here. _____ children are very nice.

5 All the students in our class like _____ teacher.

6 Tom is married. _____ wife's name is Josie.

12 Plural nouns

Complete the charts with the plural nouns.

Singular	Plural
class	*classes*
bus	_____
sandwich	_____
glass	_____

Singular	Plural
country	*countries*
city	_____
party	_____
lady	_____

Singular	Plural
boy	*boys*
day	_____

Singular	Plural
man	*men*
woman	_____
child	_____
person	_____

SPOTLIGHT ON TESTING Go to iChecker Online Self-Assessment for test preparation lessons.

2 A good job!

Simple Present (1) • Questions and negatives • Verb + noun • Jobs • What time is it?

Simple Present (1)

1 *he/she/it*

Look at the pictures. Write the sentences in the box with the correct person.

~~She wears a uniform.~~	He works outside.	She studies every day.	She cooks dinner for her family.
~~She works in a hospital.~~	He cooks in an Italian restaurant.	He lives in the country.	He works in an office.
She goes shopping every day.	He earns a lot of money.	She likes her teacher.	He works in a kitchen.

1 Linda's a nurse.

She wears a uniform. _____

She works in a hospital. _____

2 Jack's a manager.

_____

_____

3 Sharon's a homemaker.

_____

_____

4 Tyler's a chef.

_____

_____

5 Sophie's a student.

_____

_____

6 Simon's a farmer.

_____

_____

2 Jobs *-or* and *-er*

Complete the words with *-or* or *-er*.

1 act**or**	4 manag___	7 doct___
2 teach___	5 serv___	8 police offic___
3 profess___	6 taxi driv___	9 lawy___

3 Spelling of verb + *-s*

1 Write the *he/she* form of these verbs.

1 play **plays**	7 go _____
2 study _____	8 do _____
3 work _____	9 watch _____
4 write _____	10 have _____
5 earn _____	11 finish _____
6 teach _____	12 live _____

2 Complete the sentences with a *he/she* form of a verb from part 1.

1 Mark's a soccer player. He **earns** $150,000 a year.
He _____ for LA Galaxy.

2 Alan's a teacher and a poet. He _____ classes during the day, and _____ new poems in the evening.

3 Sally's a student. She _____ to the gym every morning.
In the afternoon, she _____ computer science in college.

4 Tony _____ in a cell phone store.
He _____ work at 5:00 in the afternoon.

5 Yuji _____ a lot of business in America.
He _____ in an apartment in New York.

6 Maggie's married, and she _____ a daughter, Lisa.
Lisa _____ TV every day.

4 Pronunciation of verb + *-s*

1 Write the words from exercise 3, part 1 in the correct column.

/s/	/z/	/ɪz/
works	**plays**	**teaches**

2 Listen and check.

3 Practice saying the verbs. Be careful with the three different pronunciations of *-s* at the end of each word.

Questions and negatives

5 Questions

Complete the questions with a question word in the box.

what	~~where~~	what time	why
who	how	how old	how many

1 "**Where** does he work?"
"In an office."

2 "_____ does she start work?"
"At 9:00."

3 "_____ does she love?"
"Peter."

4 "_____ does he get to work?"
"By bus."

5 "_____ children does she have?"
"Three."

6 "_____ does she work so hard?"
"Because she likes her job."

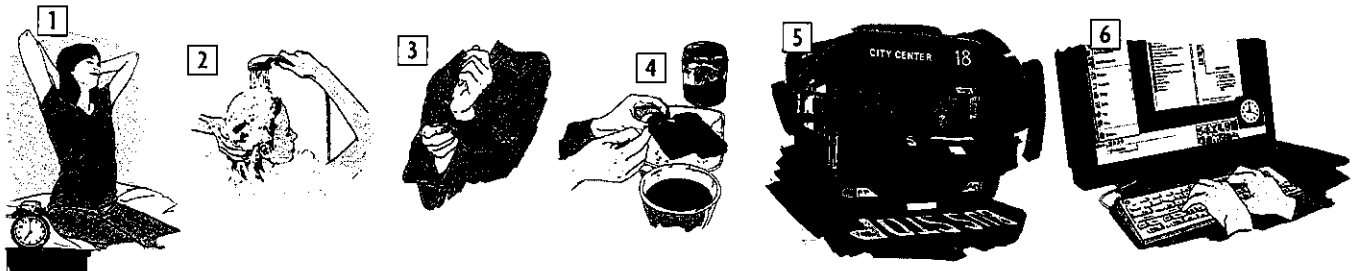
7 "_____ are you?"
"Twenty-five."

8 "_____ does he have for breakfast?"
"Coffee and toast."

6 Daily routines

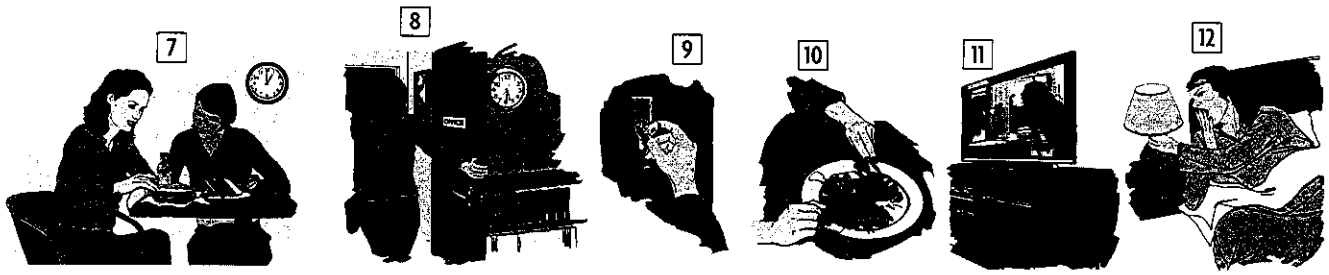
1 Look at the pictures of Annie's day. Complete the text with the correct form of the verbs in the box.

have breakfast	go home	start work	~~get up~~	finish work	have lunch
go to work	take a shower	watch TV	get dressed	have dinner	go to bed



Annie's Day

Annie (1) *gets up* at 7:00 in the morning. Then she (2) _____ and washes her hair. After the shower she (3) _____. Then she goes into the kitchen and (4) _____. She has coffee and toast. Annie (5) _____ by bus. She works in an office. She (6) _____ at 9:00. At 12:00 she (7) _____ in a café with her friend, Amy. She (8) _____ at 5:30 and (9) _____. In the evening, she (10) _____ and (11) _____. She likes dramas. She (12) _____ at 11:00.



2 Look at the answers about Annie's day. Complete the questions using the words in **bold**.

1 **she does get**
"What time *does she get* up?" "At 7:00."

2 **have does she**
"What _____ for breakfast?"
"Coffee and toast."

3 **does work she**
"Where _____?" "In an office."

4 **she start does**
"What time _____ work?" "At 9:00."

5 **she have does**
"Where _____ lunch?" "In a café."

6 **do she does**
"What _____ in the evening?"
"She has dinner and watches TV."

3 Correct the sentences about Annie.

1 Annie has tea for breakfast.
She doesn't have tea for breakfast. She has coffee and toast.

2 She works in a store.
_____

3 She starts work at 10:00.
_____

4 She has lunch with her sister.
_____

5 She watches sports on TV.
_____

6 She goes to bed at 10:30.
_____

Reading and listening

7 The Eurostar train driver

1 Read about train driver, Brian Law. Are the sentences true (T) or false (F)? Correct the false sentences.

1 [F] He works five days a week.
He doesn't work five days a week. He works four days a week.
2 [T] Sometimes he doesn't work on weekends.
3 [ ] Eurostar trains run 365 days a year.
4 [ ] The first train to Paris leaves before 5:00 a.m.
5 [ ] He does several trips every day.
6 [ ] Brian starts work very early every day.
7 [ ] He always goes home in the evening.
8 [ ] Brian speaks French well.
9 [ ] He doesn't earn very much.
10 [ ] He goes to France on vacation.

2 Complete the sentences.

1 Brian usually **works** on Fridays and Saturdays.
2 He **doesn't work** on December 25.
3 Brian _____ work at 4:30.
4 He _____ work at 12:00 noon.
5 The trip to Paris _____ 2 hours 15 minutes.
6 The train _____ at 160 km/h in the tunnel.
7 Brian _____ £45,000 a year.
8 He _____ going out with his wife, Angela.
9 Angela _____ on weekends.
10 He _____ 25 days of vacation a year.

3 Listen and complete the information about Brian's wife, Angela, and their son Toby.

	Angela	Toby
Age	36	_____
Job	chef in a _____ restaurant	works in a _____
Salary	£ _____ a year ($42,000)	£ _____ a day ($50-60)
Free time	_____ with Brian and their dogs	• sleeps • _____ • _____

The Eurostar train driver

Brian Law is a train driver for Eurostar. He drives high-speed trains from London to Paris.

Brian works four days a week. Sometimes he's free on weekends, but usually he works on Fridays and Saturdays. Fridays and Saturdays are very busy days for Eurostar because everybody wants to go on vacation or go home for the weekend. Eurostar trains run every day (but they don't run on December 25).

The first train to Paris leaves London at 5:25 in the morning, so Brian starts work at 4:30. In one day he does two or three trips between London and Paris. He finishes work at 12:00 noon. Sometimes he starts late – at 4:00 p.m. – and works until 11:30 at night. Sometimes he doesn't go home at the end of the day. He stays in Paris.

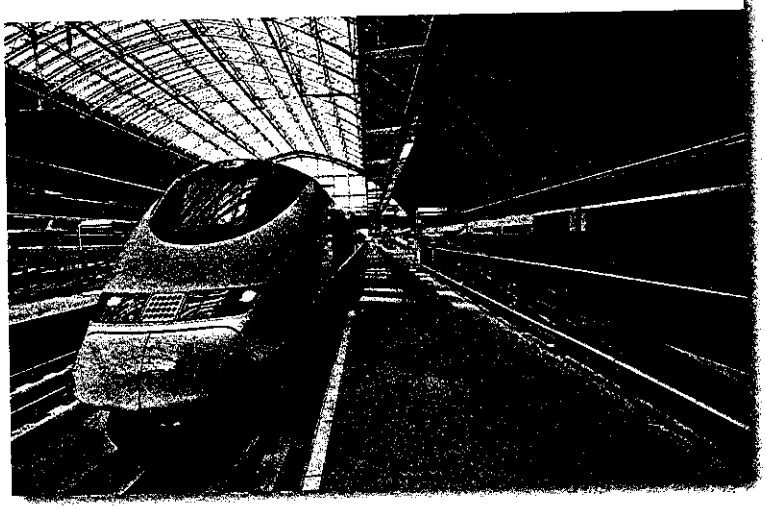
The trip

The trip takes 2 hours 15 minutes, and the train travels at 300 km/h. It doesn't go so fast in the tunnel – it only goes 160 km/h when it travels through the tunnel. It carries 794 passengers.

When the train is in France, Brian speaks to his dispatchers in French. His French is very good. He has a lot of French friends, and his son, Toby, goes to stay with them in Paris.

Brian earns £45,000 ($76,000) a year. In his free time he likes going out with his wife, Angela, and walking their dogs. Angela is a chef, so she works on weekends too. She has Mondays free and goes walking with Brian.

He has 25 days of vacation a year. Where does he go on vacation? "France, of course!" says Brian.



Vocabulary

8 Verb + noun

Write a verb from the box.

earn	watch
~~wash~~	read
go	drive
wear	live
have	play
want	help

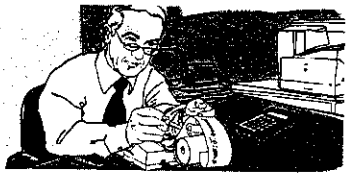
1 wash your hair
2 _____ in a small village
3 _____ a two-week vacation
4 _____ television
5 _____ a uniform
6 _____ pool
7 _____ a car
8 _____ a lot of money
9 _____ a book
10 _____ with the housework
11 _____ to the gym
12 _____ to go to college

9 Jobs

Look at the pictures and write the job. Find the jobs in the wordsearch.

1 nurse

2 _____



3 _____

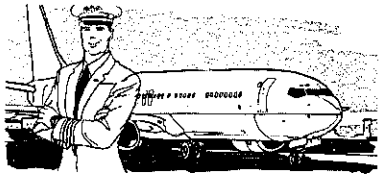
4 _____

H	T	T	B	V	M	D	K	H	A	N	R	K
T	A	X	I	D	R	I	V	E	R	Y	H	A
H	C	I	R	Q	V	P	G	E	C	H	T	C
F	H	P	R	E	X	M	K	R	H	S	H	C
N	N	Q	S	S	F	I	W	V	I	L	L	O
J	C	R	T	X	T	M	D	L	T	A	C	U
R	U	P	N	D	G	Y	A	T	E	W	H	N
N	K	R	I	T	T	N	L	V	C	Y	K	T
B	T	S	X	L	R	T	B	I	T	E	N	A
L	A	F	K	U	O	Y	Z	P	S	R	T	N
H	K	N	O	H	B	T	B	V	F	T	K	T
Q	B	J	Q	H	W	D	E	N	T	I	S	T
R	E	C	E	P	T	I	O	N	I	S	T	N

5 _____

6 _____

7 _____



8 _____

9 _____

10 _____

Everyday English

10 What time is it?

1 Listen. Select the times you hear.

1 10:30 / (10:40)
2 2:15 / 2:50
3 two o'clock / ten o'clock
4 quarter after three / quarter to three
5 eight thirty / ten after eight
6 ten to two / twenty to two
7 six thirty / six twenty
8 twelve thirty / ten after twelve

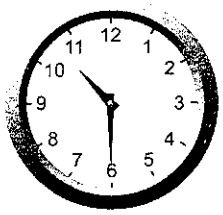
2 Listen. Complete the conversations.

1 **A** Excuse me! What time is it?
B It's _____ twenty after five.

2 **A** Do you have the time, please?
B Yes, it's _____ _____ ten o'clock.

3 **A** What time is it?
B It's _____ two thirty.

3 Write the times in numbers.



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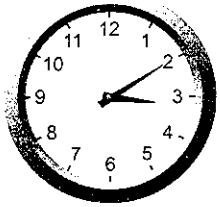

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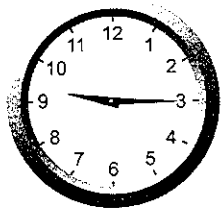

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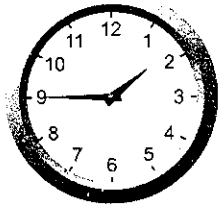

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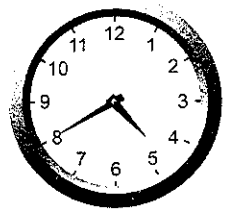
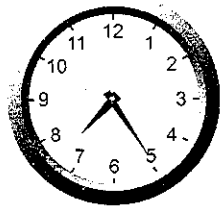


5 _____



6 _____

Don't forget!

11 *is/has/does*

Complete the conversation with *is*, *has*, or *does*.

A My brother (1) 's very smart. He (2) _____ a very important job.
B What (3) _____ he do?
A He (4) _____ a computer programmer.
B Where (5) _____ he work?
A He works in Virginia.
B Who (6) _____ he work for?
A Microsoft.
B (7) _____ he married?
A Yes. His wife (8) _____ Mexican.
B (9) _____ he have any children?
A Yes, he (10) _____ a three-year-old son.

12 *a/an*

Complete the sentences with *a* or *an*.

1 She's an actor.
2 He's _____ businessperson.
3 I'm _____ English teacher.
4 She's _____ engineer.
5 He has _____ daughter named Ruby.
6 I have _____ Japanese car.
7 He's _____ server.
8 He works in _____ Italian restaurant.

does is
is has
has does

a an
an a

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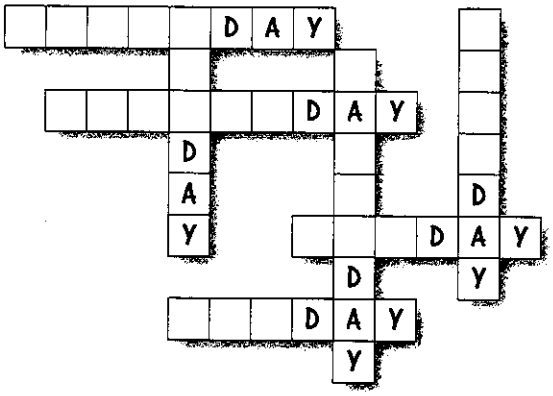
3 Work hard, play hard!

Days of the week • Simple Present (2) • Free-time activities • Social expressions (1) • I'm tired

Vocabulary

1 Days of the week

Complete the crossword. The answers are the days of the week. There are no clues.



Simple Present (2)

2 The Delta Air Lines pilot

1 Read about Jennifer Brown. Complete the text with a verb from the boxes.

2 Look at Jennifer's answers. Complete the questions.

1 "Where ***do*** you ***come*** from?"
"I'm from Brooklyn, New York."

2 "Who _____ you _____ for?"
"I work for Delta Air Lines."

3 "What planes _____ you _____?"
"I fly 767s."

4 "Where _____ you _____ to?"
"I fly to London."

5 "How much _____ you _____?"
"I earn $150,000."

6 "Where _____ you _____ shopping in London?"
"I go to Oxford Street."

7 "What _____ your husband _____?"
"He's an accountant."

8 "How many dolls _____ you _____?"
"More than a hundred."

Flying High

Captain Jennifer Brown is a pilot with twenty-five years experience – and a collector of dolls from around the world!

works	~~comes~~	flies	doesn't have	earns	watch	go

Jennifer Brown is 49, and she (1) ***comes*** from Brooklyn, New York. She (2) _____ for Delta Air Lines. She (3) _____ 767s from New York JFK to London Heathrow three times a week. She (4) _____ $150,000 a year. "London is my favorite city," she says. "It (5) _____ many great restaurants like New York, but I like it. I (6) _____ shopping on Oxford Street, and I (7) _____ shows in the West End."

3 Complete the sentences with *isn't, aren't, 'm not, doesn't*, or *don't*.

1 Jennifer Brown **isn't** a flight attendant. She's a pilot.

2 She _____ work in an office. She works on a plane.

3 "I _____ fly to Australia. I fly to London."

4 "There _____ a lot of great restaurants in London."

5 "My children _____ go to Clarence School. They go to Carroll School."

6 She _____ take the children to school, Bill does.

7 "I _____ at home all the time. I go away a lot."

8 Jennifer _____ collect cars. She collects dolls.

don't take	love	has	have	collects

She's married to Bill, who's an accountant, and they (8) _____ three children. The children go to Carroll School. "I (9) _____ the children to school, Bill does," explains Jennifer, "because I'm away so much."

Jennifer has a hobby. She (10) _____ dolls from all over the world. She (11) _____ more than a hundred. "I (12) _____ going to toy stores when I'm in another country," she says.

3 More verbs in the Simple Present

Complete the sentences with a verb from the box.

love (x 2)	like	want	know	~~have~~
live	prefer	mean	understand	come

1 I **have** two sisters and a brother.

2 "What does this word _____? *Expensive*."
"It means it costs a lot of money."

3 I'm hungry! I _____ a sandwich!

4 Where do you _____ from?

5 When Kenji speaks to me in Japanese, I don't _____.

6 I _____ with my parents in a town called Springfield.

7 "Do you _____ what time it is?"
"Yes. It's ten o'clock."

8 "Do you _____ me?"
"Of course I _____ you! You're my wife!"

9 "Do you like juice or soda?"
"I _____ juice."

10 They _____ good food so they often go to restaurants.

4 How often . . . ?

1 Put the words in the correct order to make sentences.

1 always / shower / morning / take / the / in / I / a

I always take a shower in the morning.

2 sometimes / go / movies / to / I / the

_____

3 often / Mexico / for / We / vacation / go / to

_____

4 never / coffee / morning / drink / I / in / the

_____

5 usually / 9:00 / work / I / start / at

_____

2 Look at the information about Sam.
Complete the sentences using an adverb.

Activity	How often?
drink coffee in the morning	always
go to work by bus	usually
have lunch with a friend	sometimes
work late	never
go jogging	often

1 Sam *always drinks coffee* in the morning.

2 He _____ to work by bus.

3 _____ lunch with a friend.

4 _____ late.

5 _____ jogging.

Vocabulary

5 Free-time activities

1 Match the beginning of the sentence in **A** with its ending in **B**.

A	B
1 We love movies so	a ☐ I read all the time.
2 My passion is books so	b ☐ we often cook for friends.
3 I love jazz and blues so	c [1] we often go to the theater.
4 I like relaxing at home so	d ☐ I watch TV every night.
5 We love food so	e ☐ I listen to a lot of music.

2 Write *play* or *go* for each free-time activity.

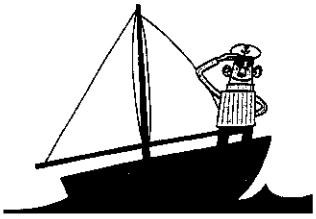
1 *play* golf

2 *go* swimming

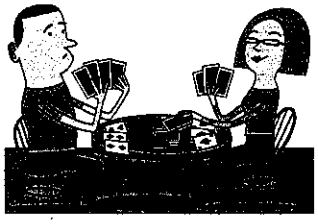
3 _____ running

4 _____ windsurfing

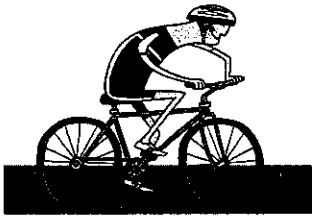
5 _____ computer games



6 _____ sailing

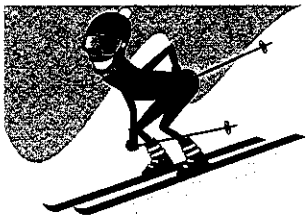


7 _____ cards



8 _____ cycling

9 _____ tennis



10 _____ skiing

Listening

6 My favorite season

1 Write the seasons and the months.

SEASONS spring _____ _____ _____

MONTHS January _____ March _____ _____ June

_____ _____ September October _____ _____

2 Listen to Marisa, Kalaya, and Noah. Write their favorite season.

Marisa from Brazil

Favorite season: _____

Kalaya from Thailand

Favorite season: _____

Noah from Canada

Favorite season: _____

3 Listen again. Find three mistakes in each text and correct them.

Marisa:

She likes summer best because her cousins from ~~America~~ Portugal often come to stay. She likes sunbathing. They all like water sports, such as surfing and waterskiing. Marisa loves Carnival time too because there's a party that lasts three days.

Kalaya:

She says that in Thailand they have two seasons. She likes winter best because it is not too hot – it's warm in the day and cold at night. She loves the Flower Festival in March. She goes there with her parents, and they all sing and dance.

Noah:

Canadians hate their cold winters, but Noah says that winter is his favorite season because he goes skiing and snowboarding. Sometimes he and his brothers still go skiing in May and June. Summer in Canada is warm but not very long.

4 Answer the questions.

1 What are the summer months in Brazil?
2 What does Marisa do with her cousins?
3 What do they do on New Year's Day?
4 Does Kalaya live in the south of Thailand?
5 What are the winter months in Thailand?
6 What are there a lot of in February?
7 What are the really cold months in Canada?
8 What season is the best to go skiing and snowboarding?
9 What are the summer months?

Listen and check.

Reading

7 My perfect weekend

1 Look at the heading of the magazine article.

1 What is Vanessa-Mae's job?
2 What is important for her right now?

2 Read the article carefully. Answer the questions.

1 Where in Europe does she have a home?
2 What does she do there in winter?
3 In what season does she go hiking?
4 Who does she go hiking with?
5 Where is her boyfriend from?
6 Does he like to go skiing?
7 What are her favorite things?

3 Look at Vanessa-Mae's answers. Complete the questions.

1 "What time *do you get up* on Saturday mornings?"
"At 4:00 a.m."

2 "What time _____ hiking on weekends in the summer?"
"At sunset."

3 "How _____ to the snow in winter?"
"By cable car."

4 "What _____ in the evenings?"
"Eat delicious food with my boyfriend."

5 "Where _____ dinner on Sunday evenings?"
"On my terrace."

4 Complete the sentences about Vanessa-Mae with a verb.

1 Vanessa-Mae *plays* the violin.
2 She *doesn't have* children.
3 On weekends, she _____ skiing.
4 She _____ photos of the Matterhorn.
5 She _____ the cable car at 6 a.m.
6 She also _____ on weekends.
7 She _____ dinner. She's a terrible cook.
8 On Sunday evenings, she _____ to start the working week again.

My perfect weekend

Vanessa-Mae — violinist

"I'm a classical violinist but skiing is very important for me right now."

"I have a home in Zermatt, Switzerland. It's a dream of a place. In the winter, I go skiing on Saturdays and Sundays when the mountains are quiet. I don't have children, but I'm a mother to my dog, Max. In the summer, I go hiking up the mountains at sunset with Max, and I take photos of the Matterhorn. Every day the mountain looks different.

My favorite things ...

- Max, my dog
- My boyfriend
- My grandmother
- My violin

When I go skiing, I get up at 4 a.m. every Saturday morning to get the 6 a.m. cable car to the snow. If you leave any later, it gets too busy with other skiers and the snow isn't good for skiing.

I'm a classical violinist, but skiing is very important for me right now because I'm training for the Winter Olympics. I'm skiing for Thailand – my father is Thai. When I do shows as a violinist now, they have to fit in with my ski training, which isn't easy. My dream is to play violin and ski at the Winter Olympics.

My boyfriend goes skiing a lot, too. He's from a ski resort in France, but he also loves Zermatt. Apart from skiing and hiking, I also work on weekends. In the evenings, my boyfriend and I have delicious food. I'm unfortunately a terrible cook, so he usually cooks dinner. On Sunday evenings, if the weather is good, we have dinner on my terrace and watch the mountains. I enjoy my weekends, but by the time I go to bed on Sunday, I want the working week to start again!"

Everyday English

8 Social expressions (1)

Match a sentence in **A** with its response in **B**.

A	B
1 Have a nice day!	a ☐ I have a headache.
2 I'm sorry I'm late.	b [1] Thanks. You too.
3 What's the matter?	c ☐ Thanks! They're new! Only $30!
4 Can I have a coffee, please?	d ☐ That's OK. Come and sit down.
5 What does *hungry* mean?	e ☐ Of course. Anything else?
6 Can you help me?	f ☐ Excuse me? Could you say that again?
7 I like your jeans!	g ☐ It means you want to eat!
8 How was your day?	h ☐ Sure! What's the problem?
9 Do you want a calzone?	i ☐ Very interesting, thanks. How about yours?

9 I'm tired!

Complete the conversations with an adjective in the box.

thirsty	happy	hungry	~~tired~~	busy

1 "I'm tired." "Go to bed, then!"
2 "I'm _____." "Don't do too much!"
3 "I'm _____." "Have a sandwich, then!"
4 "I'm _____." "Have a drink, then!"
5 "I'm _____." "Good! I'm really glad!"

Don't forget!

10 *am/is/are* or *do/does*?

Complete the conversation with *am/is/are* or *do/does*.

A How many brothers and sisters (1) do you have?
B I have one brother and one sister.
A How old (2) _____ your sister?
B 20.
A How old (3) _____ you?
B I (4) _____ 18.
A What (5) _____ your sister do?
B She (6) _____ a student.

11 *a/an* or no article?

Complete the sentences with *a/an* or — (nothing).

1 I take a shower in the morning.
2 I go to — work by — bus.
3 My brother's wife is _____ Brazilian.
4 She works in _____ office.
5 Can I have _____ cup of coffee, please?
6 We go to _____ café for _____ lunch.
7 Where do you go on _____ vacation?
8 She's _____ singer in _____ band.
9 We stay at _____ home on Friday evenings.
10 I go to _____ bed at about 11:00.

12 Prepositions

Complete the sentences with a preposition from the box.

to (x 2)	~~from~~	by	of
on	in (x 4)	with	for (x 2)

1 I come from Japan.
2 I go _____ work _____ bus.
3 I live _____ my parents _____ an apartment.
4 I like going _____ a walk _____ the park.
5 This is a photo _____ me _____ vacation _____ Thailand.
6 My sister is married _____ an American.
7 I have a present _____ you.
8 We go skiing _____ the winter.

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4 Somewhere to live

Rooms and things in the house • *there is/are*
• Prepositions • *some/any/a lot of* • *this/that/these/those*
• Numbers and prices

Vocabulary

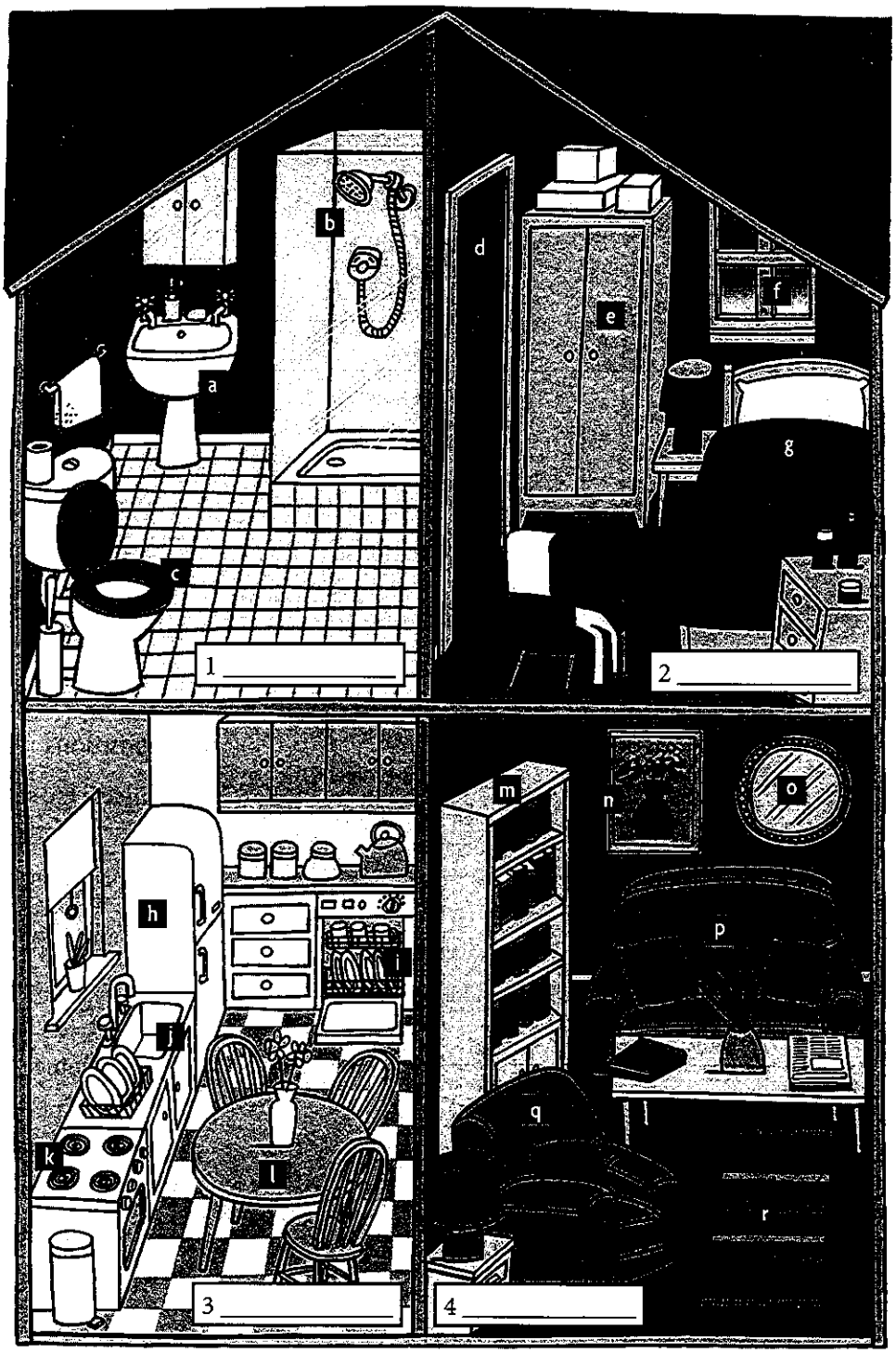
1 Rooms and things in the house

1 Label the rooms in the picture.

living room
kitchen
bedroom
bathroom

2 Write a letter next to the words.

1 __p__ sofa
2 _____ stove
3 _____ mirror
4 _____ table
5 _____ refrigerator
6 _____ bed
7 _____ picture
8 _____ armchair
9 _____ bookshelves
10 _____ shower
11 _____ toilet
12 _____ rug
13 _____ wardrobe
14 _____ dishwasher
15 _____ door
16 _____ window
17 _____ sink (x 2)



there is/are

2 A vacation home

1 Look at the ad for a vacation home. Complete the sentences with *there is/isn't* or *there are*.

1 **There are** _____ three bedrooms in the house.

2 **There isn't** _____ a dining room.

3 _____ a big kitchen.

4 _____ a fireplace in the living room.

5 _____ two bathrooms.

6 _____ a big yard.

7 _____ a TV.

2 Complete the questions and answers.

1 "**Are there** _____ any restaurants in Greenwood Lake?" "Yes, **there are** _____ some great restaurants."

2 "_____ any cafés?" "Yes, _____ many."

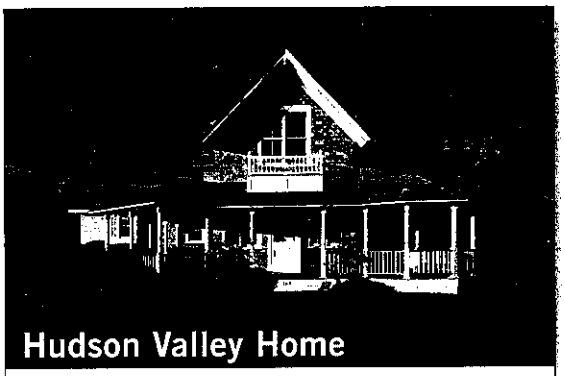
3 "_____ a beach?" "Yes, _____ a nice beach."

4 "_____ any big shopping malls?" 'No, _____."

5 "_____ a drugstore?" "Yes, _____."

6 "_____ any stores?" "Yes, _____ local stores."

7 "_____ a train station?" "No, _____."



Hudson Valley Home

Greenwood Lake

A beautiful old home in the heart of the terrific Hudson Valley.

- three bedrooms
- big kitchen
- living room with fireplace (no TV)
- two full baths
- big yard
- only 3 miles from Greenwood Lake
- great restaurants and cafés
- nice beach
- local stores and drugstore

▸▸ CONTACT

Jackie at **greenwoodlake@hudsonvalleyvacations.net**

Prepositions

3 Where is it?

Look at the picture. Complete the sentences with a preposition from the box.

on (x 2)	in	under	next to
across from	above	near	outside

1 There are a lot of stores **on** Park Street.

2 There's a drugstore _____ the bookstore.

3 The café is _____ the bookstore.

4 There's an apartment for rent _____ the second floor above the drugstore.

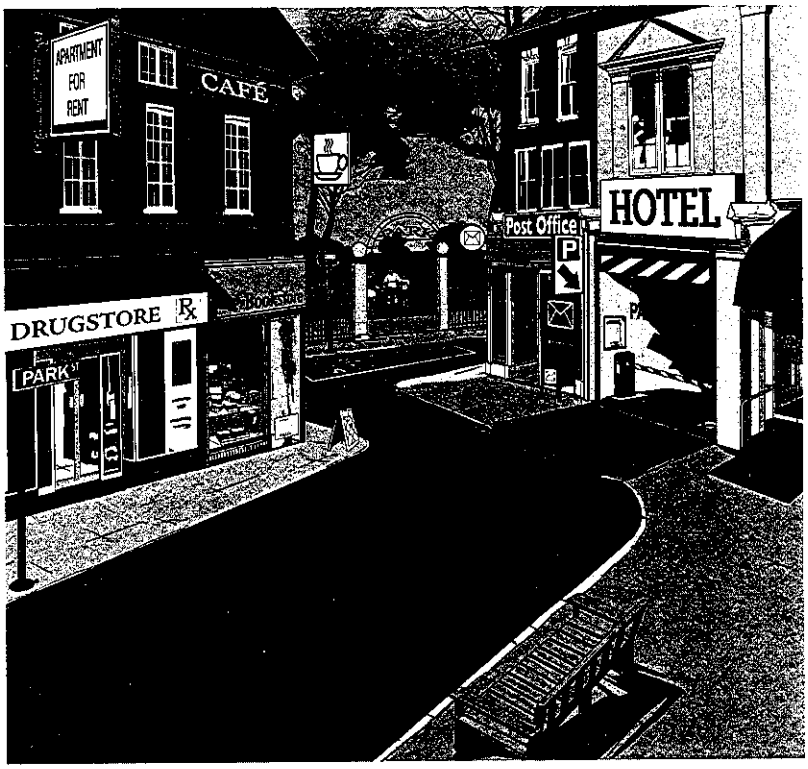
5 The mailbox is _____ the post office.

6 There's a bus stop _____ the park.

7 There are some children _____ the park.

8 There's a bench _____ the drugstore.

9 The parking lot is _____ the hotel.



some/any/a lot of

4 What's in Debbie's kitchen?

Look at the picture of Debbie's kitchen in her new apartment. Complete the sentences with *some, any,* or *a lot of.*

1 "Debbie has **a lot of** flowers."
"Yes, she does, but does she have **any** vases?"

2 "Oh no, there isn't _____ coffee left."
"It's OK, there's _____ water on the counter."

3 "Are there _____ glasses?"
"No, there aren't _____ glasses, but there are _____ mugs on the shelf."

4 "Does she have _____ plates?"
"Yes, she does. There are _____ in the cabinet."

5 "Does she have _____ cookbooks?"
"She has _____ but not many."

6 "Is there _____ fruit?"
"Yes, there's _____ fruit – apples, pears, oranges and bananas."

7 "Are there _____ vegetables?"
"No, there aren't _____ vegetables."

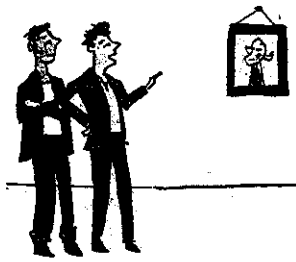
8 "Are there _____ pictures?"
"No, there aren't, but there are _____ nice photos."

this/that/these/those

5 I like that picture

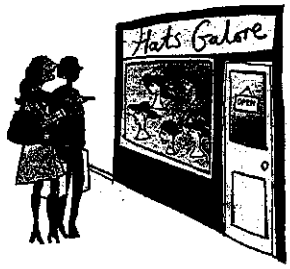
Look at the pictures. Complete the sentences with *this, that, these,* or *those.*

1 **This** is a photo of my kids.

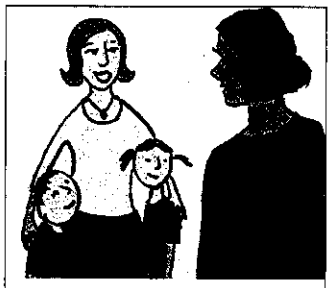


2 I like _____ picture.

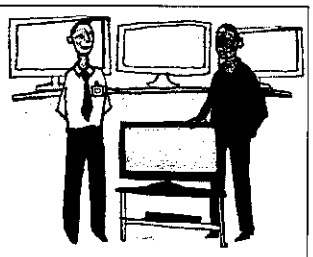
3 _____ cake is delicious.



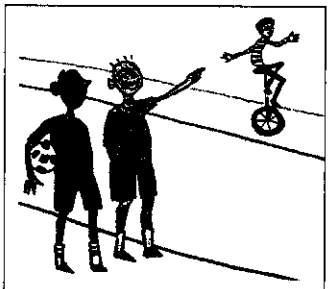
4 I love _____ hats!



5 _____ are my children.



6 How much is _____ television?



7 Look at _____ man!

8 Can I have six of _____ oranges, please?

Reading

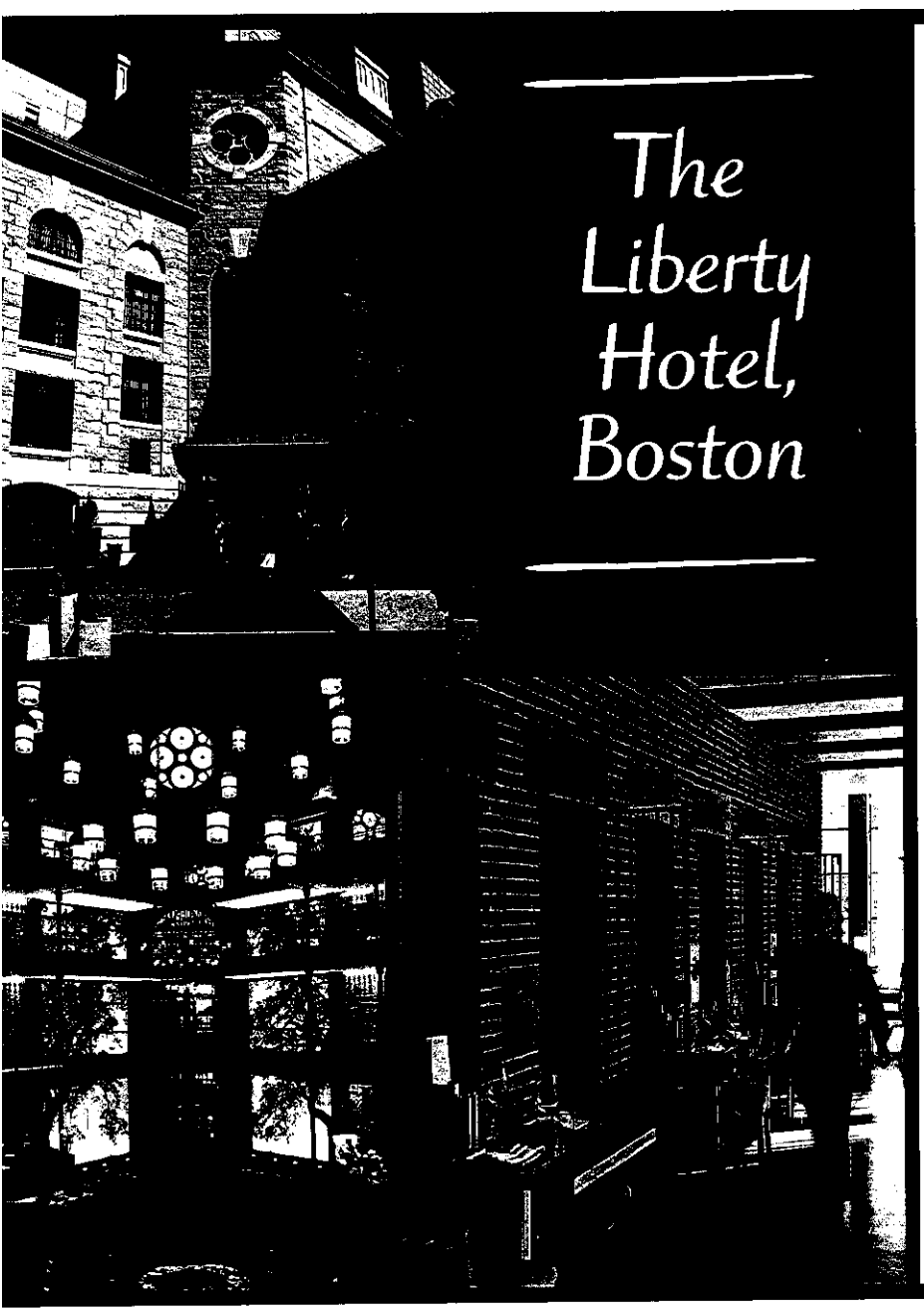
6 The Liberty Hotel, Boston

1 Read about the Liberty Hotel.
Choose the correct answer.

1 The Liberty Hotel is *near* / *in* downtown Boston.
2 The outside of the hotel looks very *old* / *modern*.
3 The lobby has *some* / *no* windows.
4 There *is* / *isn't* a bathtub and there *is* / *isn't* a beautiful glass shower.
5 The Alibi lounge is very *dark* / *light*.
6 The hotel is *near* / *next to* the Charles River.

2 Are the sentences true (T) or false (F)? Correct the false sentences.

1 [F] The hotel is now a prison.
It isn't a prison now. It's a hotel.
2 [T] The style of the hotel is a mix of old and new.
3 [ ] There aren't any keys for the rooms.
4 [ ] The rooms are very modern with Internet access.
5 [ ] The lounge doesn't have any windows.
6 [ ] The restaurant is very expensive.
7 [ ] The hotel has a gym.
8 [ ] There are a lot of things to do near the hotel.



The Liberty Hotel, Boston

If you want a hotel near the historic downtown area of Boston, try the **Liberty Hotel**.

The hotel is an old prison. The outside looks like an old building, but the inside is very modern.

A lot of the hotel still looks like an old prison — the brick walls and cell doors, for example. The lobby looks amazing with huge windows and prison balconies.

Luxurious rooms

There are 300 very luxurious rooms, and don't worry, they give you a key! The rooms are very comfortable and modern. There is a TV, refrigerator, and free Internet access in every room. The bathrooms are beautiful, with a big bathtub, a glass shower, and soft bathrobes.

The fabulous Alibi lounge on the first floor has cell windows and doors. It's also very dark — just like a prison! There are also interesting photos of famous people on the walls.

Good food

On the second floor, there is a very good restaurant called Clink, where the food is excellent and not too expensive. There is also a gym.

The hotel is in the historic Beacon Hill neighborhood and near the famous Charles River. There are also more restaurants and stores nearby, and across the river are Harvard and MIT, two famous universities.

It's the kind of hotel you don't want to leave!

Listening

7 Homes around the world

1 Listen to three people talking about where they live. Write Donna, Kelly, or Nagendra and Anita.

Who … ?

1 … lives in a new and modern home? Kelly
2 … lives in an old house? _____
3 … lives in an apartment? _____
4 … has two daughters? _____
5 … has a cat? _____
6 … has a son who is a teacher? _____
7 … watches TV in the kitchen? _____
8 … loves cooking? _____
9 … travels 20 kms (12 miles) to work? _____

2 Choose the correct answer.

1 **Donna** only uses *six* / *three* of the bedrooms.
2 Her son is a *teacher* / *farmer*.
3 There *is* / *isn't* a school in town.
4 **Kelly**'s house *has* / *doesn't have* a yard.
5 She works in a *store* / *bank* in downtown Perth.
6 She goes to work by *bus* / *train*.
7 **Nagendra and Anita** *live* / *don't live* in the center of Dehli.
8 There *is* / *isn't* a refrigerator in the kitchen.
9 Their daughters sleep in the *living room* / *bedroom*.

Listen and check.

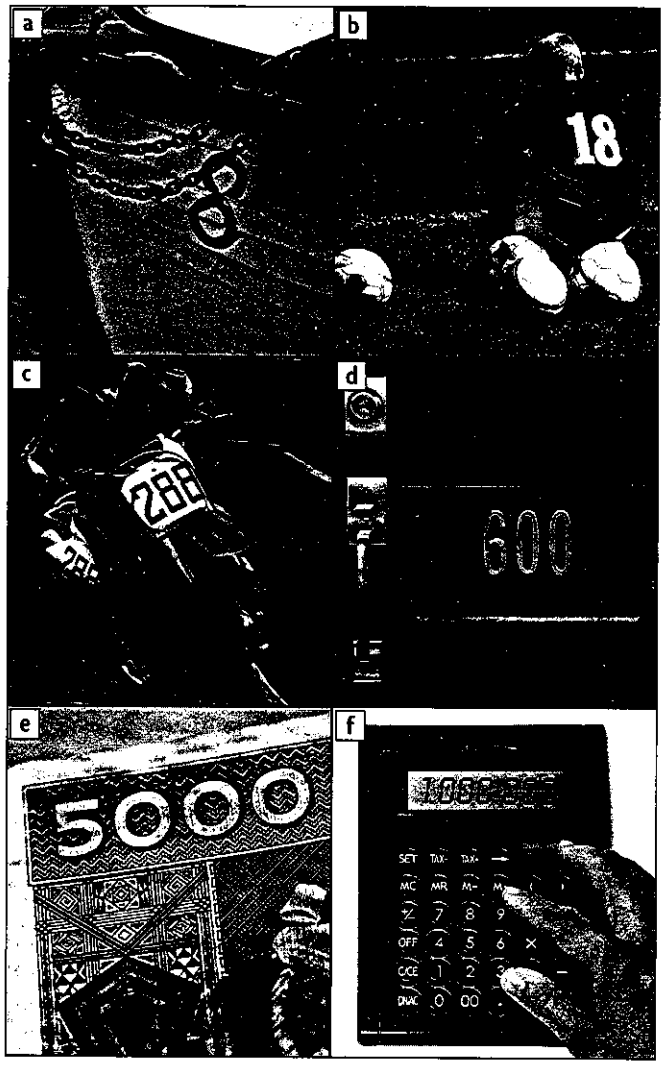
Everyday English

8 Numbers

1 Listen. Choose the numbers you hear.

a	15	50	e	160	260
b	7	70	f	810	820
c	68	86	g	1,000	2,000
d	20	30	h	1,500	15,000

2 Match a picture a–f with a number.



[b] eighteen
[ ] five thousand
[ ] six hundred
[ ] two hundred eighty-eight
[ ] one million
[ ] eight

3 Listen. Write the numbers you hear.

a 308 b _____ c _____ d _____
e _____ f _____ g _____ h _____

9 Prices

1 Listen. Select the prices you hear.

a	$30	$50
b	$10	$12
c	£5.50	£6.50
d	80 cents	18 cents
e	€100	€1,000
f	€58	€86
g	$45	$450
h	$20	$12

2 Write the price of the object.

1 The jeans are fifty-five dollars.
2 _____
3 _____
4 _____
5 _____
6 _____

Don't forget!

10 Vocabulary

Select the word that is different.

1 wallet teakettle handbag
2 sidewalk traffic lights sofa
3 fruit office library
4 laptop printer notebook
5 plate mug lipstick
6 towel lamp soap
7 key shoe coat
8 window door yard
9 cup swimming pool tennis court
10 clothes flowers vegetables

11 *me/him/them*

1 Look at these sentences.

I love it. I like them very much.

it and *them* are object pronouns.

Complete the chart.

Subject pronoun	Object pronoun
I	me
you	
he	
she	her
it	
we	
they	them

2 Complete the conversations with an object pronoun.

1 "Why don't you eat tomatoes?"
"I don't like **them**."
2 "Come and talk to Maria."
"No! I don't like _____."
3 "Look! There's a book on the desk!"
"It's my book! Give it to _____!"
4 "Who's that woman?"
"That's our teacher! She teaches _____ English!"
5 "Bill, do you love me?"
"Of course I love _____!"
6 "What's that man's name?"
"I don't know. I don't know _____."
7 "Look at that coat! Isn't it fabulous!"
"Yes! I love _____!"

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5 Super me!

can/can't • *was/were* • *could/couldn't* • Verbs • Noun + noun • Polite requests

can/can't

1 Pronunciation

Listen. Select what you hear.

1 Superman *can* / *can't* fly.
2 He *can* / *can't* play the piano.
3 I *can* / *can't* play the guitar.
4 My sister *can* / *can't* cook very well.
5 *Can* / *Can't* you speak Portuguese? I don't believe it!
6 Dogs *can* / *can't* swim, but cats *can* / *can't*.
7 Birds *can* / *can't* speak like humans.
8 *Can* / *Can't* you program a computer!

2 What can they do?

Look at the information. Complete the sentences with *can/can't* + verb.

	play the guitar	play the piano	use a computer	program a computer	ride a motorcycle	drive a car
Tony	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗
Brian	✗	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓
Alice	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✓
Cathy	✓	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗

1 Tony can play the guitar, and he can play the piano.
2 Tony _____ a motorcycle, and he _____ a car.
3 Tony _____ a computer, but he _____ a computer.
4 Alice and Brian _____ the piano, but they _____ the guitar.
5 Cathy _____ a motorcycle. She _____ a car, either.
6 Only Brian _____.
7 Everybody _____.
8 Nobody _____.

3 What can you do?

1 Complete the conversations with *can/can't* and a verb in the box.

cook	speak	run	ride	do	drive

1 "Can you speak Spanish?"
"Yes, I can a little. *¡Hola!*"

2 "_____ Peter _____ fast?"
"Yes, _____ _____. He's a 100-meter champion!"

3 "_____ Alice _____ Italian food?"
"Yes, _____ _____. Really well! Her spaghetti is famous!"

4 "_____ you _____ a motorcycle?"
"No, I _____, but I _____ _____ a car."

5 "_____ you _____ this homework?"
"Yes, of course I _____! It isn't difficult! Just boring!"

2 Rewrite the sentences with expressions from the box.

0%	1–30%	30–70%	70–80%	80%+
(not) at all	a little	pretty well	very well	really well

1 She can play chess. (80%)
She can play chess really well.

2 She can't cook. (0%)
_____

3 She can speak English. (40%)
_____

4 He can speak Arabic. (15%)
_____

5 Her baby's only one, but he can walk. (70%)
_____

6 My sister's only five, but she can read. (50%)
_____

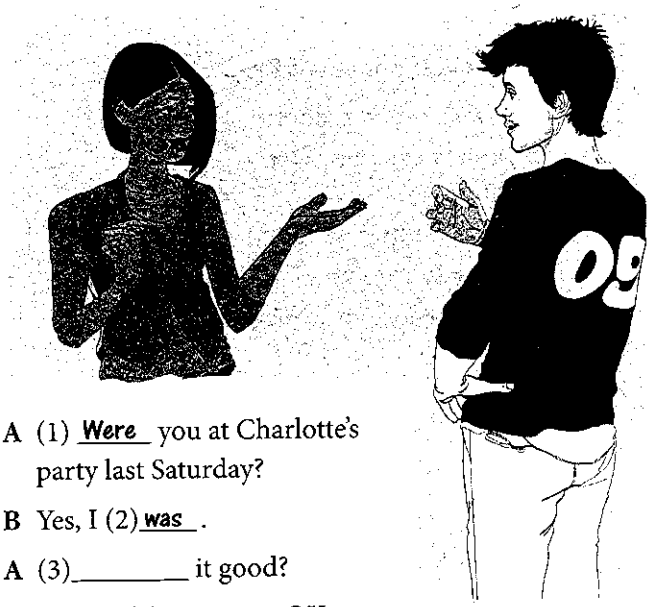
7 My brother can program computers. (90%)
_____

8 I can understand Japanese (15%), but I can't speak it. (0%)
_____

was/were

4 Were you at the party?

Complete the conversation with *was, wasn't, were,* or *weren't.*



A (1) Were you at Charlotte's party last Saturday?
B Yes, I (2) was.
A (3)_____ it good?
B Well, it (4)_____ OK.
A (5)_____ there many people?
B Yes, there (6)_____. Hundreds!
A (7)_____ Sophie there?
B No, she (8)_____. Why (9)_____ you there?
A Well, I couldn't go to Charlotte's party because I (10)_____ at Dave's party. It (11)_____ great!
B Oh! How fun!

could/couldn't

5 When I was young

Complete the sentences with *could* or *couldn't.*

1 I could walk when I was one, but I couldn't talk until I was three.
2 How old were you when you _____ get dressed?
3 My daughter _____ feed herself until she was four.
4 I _____ sleep last night. My neighbor's TV was so loud!
5 I _____ find you yesterday. Where were you?
6 "When I was five I _____ speak English and Thai."
"_____ you read English and Thai as well?"

Listening

6 When I was a child

1 Listen to Kyle and Olivia talking about their childhood. Complete the chart.

	Kyle	Olivia
Where was he/she born?		
Where were his/her parents born?		
What were his/her parents' jobs?		
What couldn't he/she do?		
Was it a happy childhood?		

2 Answer the questions about **Kyle**.

1 Where was his first school?
2 Why wasn't he happy at his first school?
3 Where was his high school?
4 What does Kyle do now?
5 Where do his parents live now?

3 Complete the questions and answers about **Olivia**.

1 "Where *does she live* now?"
"*In* Puebla, Mexico."

2 "How many _____?"
"_____. A son and a _____."

3 "Where _____ Olivia and her brothers born?"
"In East _____, in Tanzania."

4 "_____ her mother American?"
"No, she _____. She's _____."

5 "What _____ her parents' jobs?"
"They were both _____."

6 "_____ her _____ married in Tanzania?"
"Yes, they _____."

7 "_____ her school in the town?"
"No, it _____. It _____ in the bush."

8 "Why _____ the children _____ outside?"
"Because it _____ and there _____."

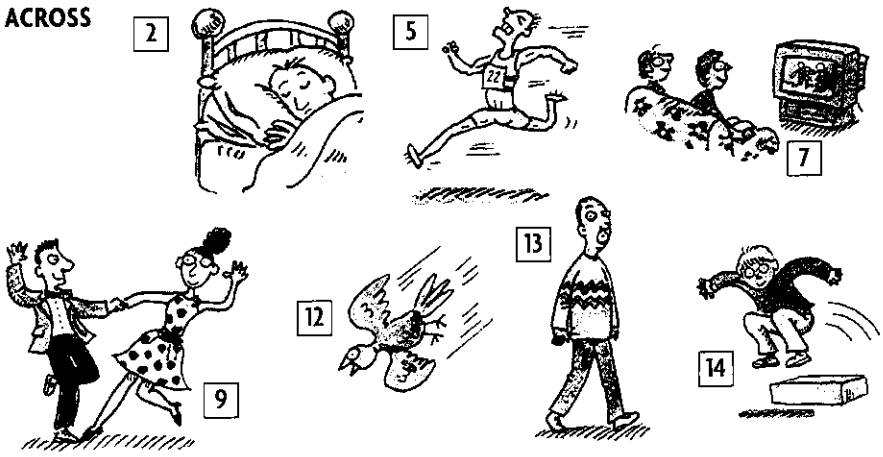
Listen and check.

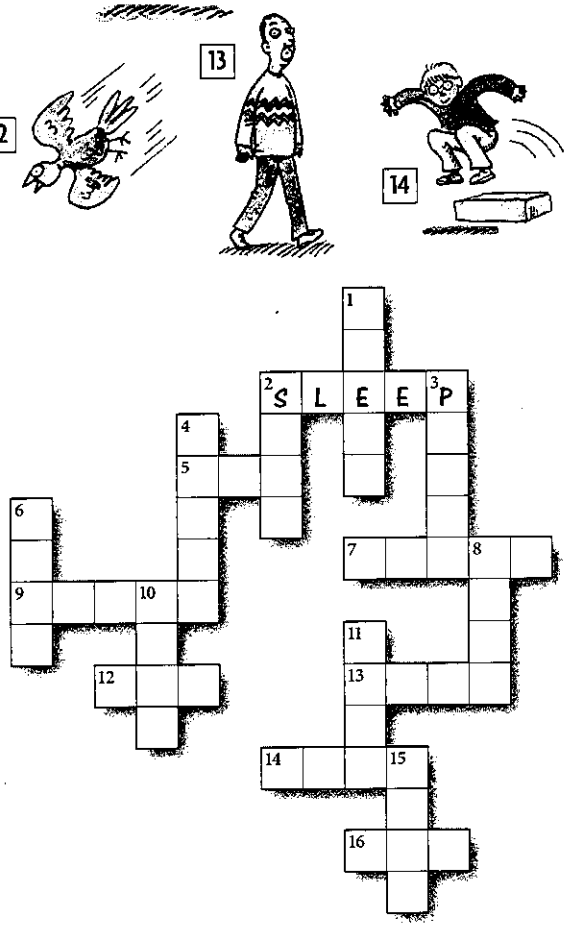
Vocabulary

7 Verbs

Look at the pictures and complete the crossword. All the answers are verbs.

ACROSS





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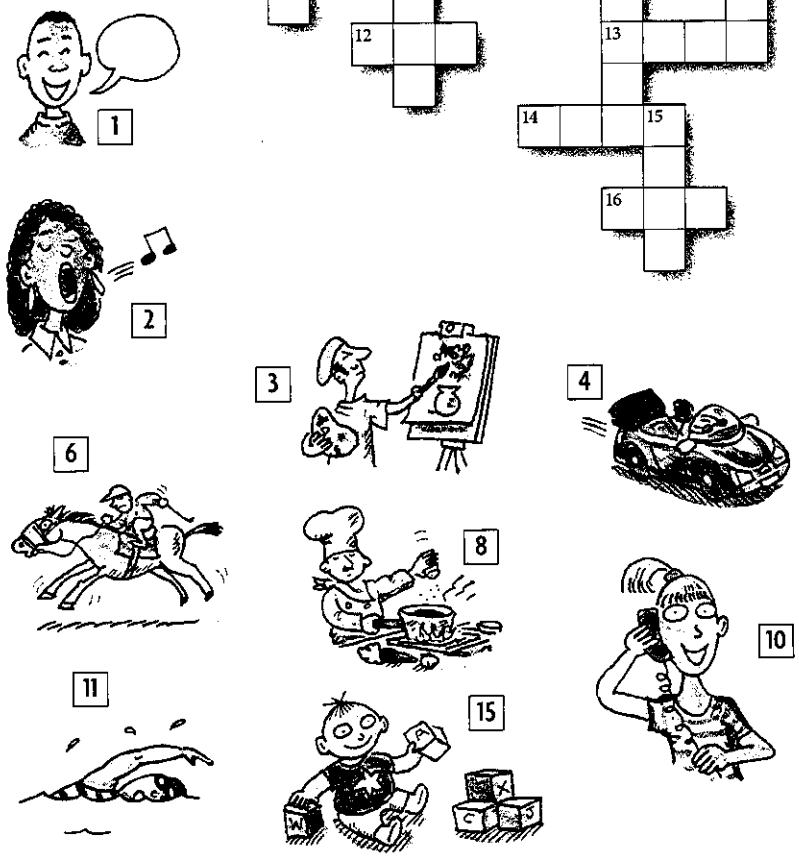


8 Noun + noun

Answer the questions with a noun + noun combination from the Student Book on page 40.

1 Where do trains stop?

train station

2 Where can you buy gas?

_____

3 What do you wear when it's a sunny day?

_____

4 Where do you usually put the TV in a house?

_____

5 Where does a woman carry her wallet, hairbrush, lipstick … ?

_____

6 Where do you wait for a bus?

_____

7 What is something you ride that has two wheels?

_____

8 What are the lights in the street that say "Stop!" and "Go!"?

_____

9 Where can you buy a book?

_____

Reading

9 Galileo Galilei – the father of modern science

1 Read about Galileo. Correct the sentences about him.

1 Galileo was born in Padua.

Galileo was born in Pisa.

2 His father was a scientist.

3 He was a professor at the University of Pisa.

4 He was the father of six children.

5 His theory was that the sun went around the earth.

6 He spent his last years in prison.

7 He was completely deaf when he died.

2 Read the text again. Answer the questions.

1 What nationality was Galileo?
2 He was a physicist and a mathematician. What else was he?
3 When was he born?
4 Where was he a student?
5 What was his job at the University of Padua?
6 What could he see with his telescope?
7 Why were his ideas dangerous?
8 Why was he not sent to prison?

Galileo Galilei – the father of modern science

Galileo Galilei was an Italian physicist, mathematician, astronomer, and philosopher. He was an excellent scientist.

HIS EARLY YEARS

Galileo was born in 1564 in Pisa, Italy. He was the first of six children of Vincenzo Galilei and Giulia Ammannati. His father was a famous musician.

Galileo's early education was in a monastery. From there, in 1581, he went to the University of Pisa, where he was a student of medicine and mathematics. Then from 1592 to 1610 he went to the University of Padua. He wasn't a student at this university – he was a professor of mathematics and astronomy.

Galileo was the father of three children – two daughters and a son.

HIS SCIENTIFIC LIFE

Galileo made excellent telescopes. With them he could see moons going around the planet Jupiter and the planet Venus going around the sun. At the time, there was the belief that the earth was the center of the universe and the sun went around the earth. However, by 1610, Galileo's theory was that the earth was not the center of our universe. Galileo said that the sun was the center and the earth moved around it.

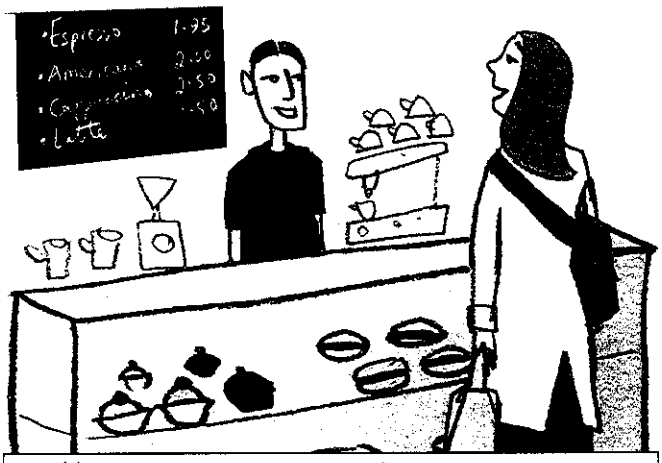
HIS LAST YEARS

Some leaders weren't happy with Galileo's theories. His ideas were dangerous because they were different and new. Finally, in 1634, there was a trial. Galileo was 70 and not in good health so he wasn't sent to prison, but he couldn't leave his house in Florence. It was here that he died in 1642. He was 78 years old and completely blind.

Everyday English

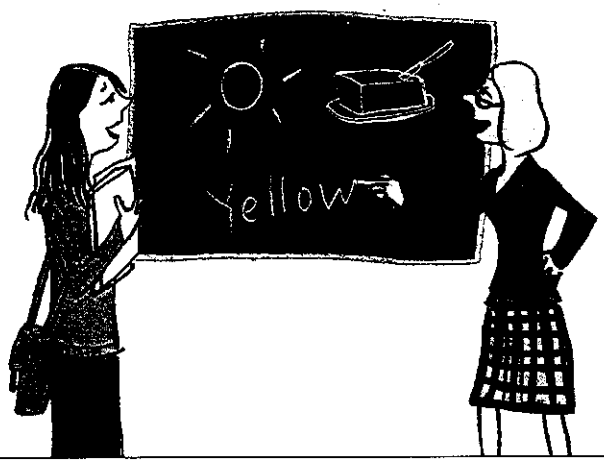
10 Polite requests

Look at the pictures. Complete the conversations with the words and phrases in the box.



1 could you | sure | ~~can I~~

A Hi! Can I help you?
B A coffee, please.
A Espresso? Cappuccino? Latte … ?
B An espresso, please. And _____ give me some hot water as well?
A _____. Have a seat.

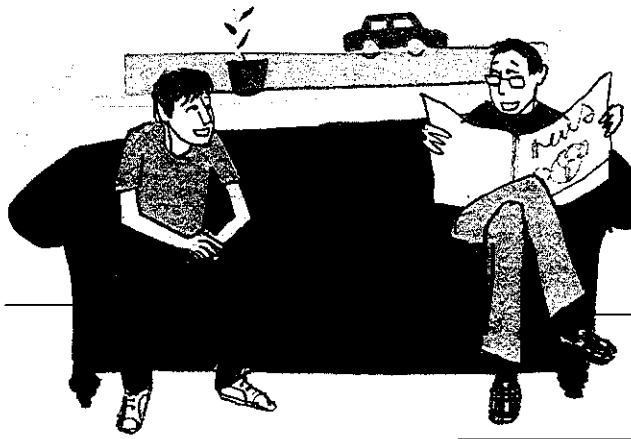


2 could you | of course | could I

A Excuse me. _____ ask you a question?
B _____. What is it?
A _____ tell me what *yellow* means?
B Yellow is a color. The sun's yellow. Butter is yellow.
A Oh, OK! Thanks.

3 the problem | could you | can I

A Kevin! _____ ask you a favor?
B Sure. What is it?
A _____ help me with my computer?
B What's _____?
A I can't get online.
B OK. Let's see what's wrong.



4 could I | can you | can I have

A Dad, _____ borrow the car tonight?
B Uh … all right, but it needs gas.
A OK. Um … Dad, I don't have any money. _____ lend me some?
B Is that lend or give?
A I'll pay you back. I promise. Mom! _____ twenty dollars?

Don't forget!

11 Vocabulary

Complete the chart.

Country	Nationality
Brazil	Brazilian
China	Chinese
the United States	_____
Peru	_____
_____	Saudi Arabian
Japan	_____
_____	Thai
England	_____
Mexico	_____
_____	Spanish

12 *and/but/so/because*

Look at these words that join sentences.

*I like Pete, **and** I like his wife.*
*I like Pete, **but** I don't like his wife.*
*John's sick, **so** he's in bed.*
*He's in bed **because** he doesn't feel very well.*

Complete the sentences with *and, but, so, or because.*

1 I usually love cats, but I really don't like your cat.
2 We have a vacation in the summer, _____ we go skiing in the winter.
3 I work hard _____ I need the money.
4 I work hard, _____ I don't earn a lot of money.
5 Yesterday was a long day at work, _____ I was tired this morning.
6 I like Suzie _____ she's funny and she makes me laugh.
7 Toby's smart and funny, _____ he's good-looking.
8 I can't drive, _____ I don't need a car.

13 Prepositions of place

Write *in, at,* or *on.*

Where are you?

1 In the kitchen.
2 _____ the bus.
3 _____ school.
4 _____ the shower.
5 _____ work.
6 _____ the second floor.
7 _____ the living room.
8 _____ home.
9 _____ the yard.
10 _____ the bus stop.

14 Verb + noun

Match a verb in **A** with a noun in **B**.

A	B
1 ride	a ☐ the guitar
2 paint	b ☐ a bike
3 cook	c ☐ a picture
4 play	d ☐ a meal
5 make	e ☐ a marathon
6 run	f ☐ a mistake

A	B
7 wear	g ☐ Spanish
8 do	h ☐ glasses
9 speak	i ☐ a car
10 fly	j ☐ my homework
11 drive	k ☐ a noise
12 make	l ☐ a plane

and so but but and on at at in on

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6 Life's ups and downs

Simple Past (1) • Describing feelings • What's the date?

Simple Past (1)

1 Regular verbs

1 Read about Destiny's Child. Complete the sentences with one of the verbs in **bold** in the Simple Past.

DESTINY'S CHILD

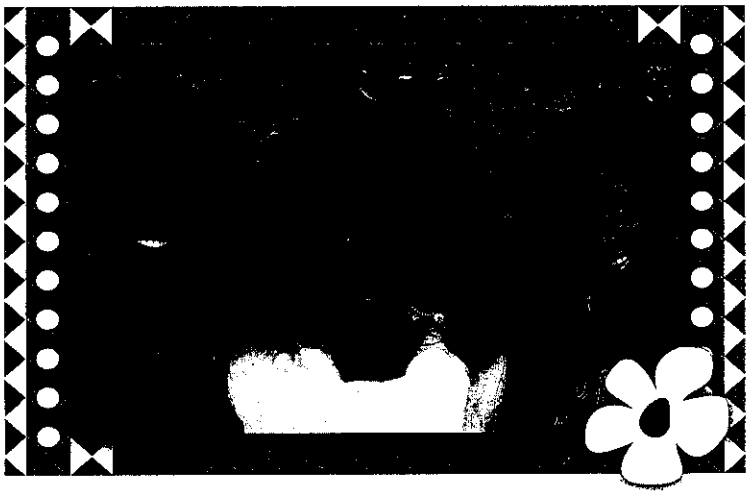
What do you know about the female group, Destiny's Child?

- The women (1) ***lived*** in Houston, a city in Texas.
- In 1990, they (2) _____ singing and dancing together. — **start**
- Beyoncé Knowles' father, Matthew, (3) _____ as their manager. — **work**, ~~**live**~~

- In 1998, Destiny's Child (4) _____ their first album. — **play**
- They (5) _____ R&B and pop music. — **travel**
- They (6) _____ to many cities for concerts. — **record**

- They (7) _____ a lot of money. — **receive**
- They (8) _____ worldwide success. — **earn**
- They (9) _____ many awards. — **enjoy**

- In 2003, Beyoncé (10) _____ her own album. — **stop**
- The group (11) _____ working together in 2006. — **join**
- In 2013, Kelly Rowland and Michelle Williams (12) _____ Beyoncé for her Super Bowl show. — **produce**



2 Look at the answers about Destiny's Child. Complete the questions.

1 "Where ***did the women live*** ?"
"In Houston."

2 "When _____ singing together?"
"In 1990."

3 "When _____ their first album?""
"In 1998."

4 "What kind of music _____ ?"
"R&B and pop."

5 "When _____ Beyoncé _____ her first album?"
"In 2003."

6 "When _____ playing together?"
"In 2006."

7 "When _____ Kelly and Michelle _____ Beyoncé at the Super Bowl show?"
"In 2013."

3 Complete the sentences about Destiny's Child.

1 The women ***didn't live*** in Los Angeles.

2 Matthew _____ as a musician.

3 They _____ their first album in 1990.

4 Destiny's Child _____ country and western music.

5 They _____ working together in 2003.

6 Kelly and Michelle _____ Beyoncé for a show in 2006.

2 Pronunciation of *-ed*

1 Listen to the pronunciation of *-ed* for these regular Simple Past verbs. Write them in the correct column.

~~worked~~	~~lived~~	~~decided~~	received	recorded
watched	talked	joined	wanted	earned
opened	stayed	stopped	finished	walked
liked	enjoyed	traveled	played	started

/t/	/d/	/ɪd/
worked	**lived**	**decided**

2 Listen and repeat this sentence. Make sure you pronounce /t/.

/t/
He worked in an office.

3 Listen and repeat these sentences. Make sure you pronounce /t/, /d/, or /ɪd/.

/d/
1 We lived in a small house.

/t/
2 I watched a good program on TV.

/t/
3 She talked about her childhood.

/d/
4 We played in a band.

/ɪd/
5 She started a new job.

/d/
6 I earned a lot of money.

/t/
7 We stopped at a hotel.

/ɪd/
8 We wanted a pizza.

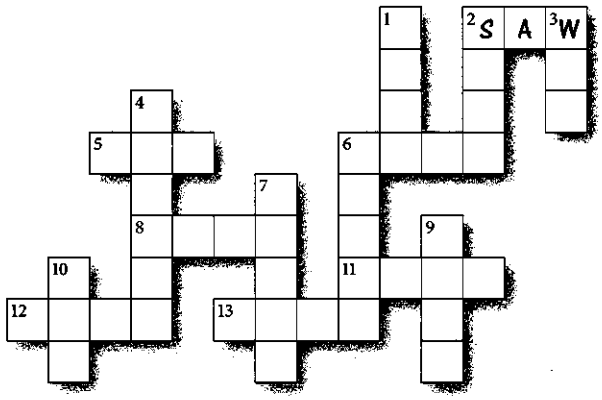
/d/
9 He joined a club at school.

3 Irregular verbs

1 Complete the crossword with the Simple Past form of the irregular verbs.

ACROSS

2 see
5 have
6 go
8 give
11 take
12 leave
13 come



DOWN

1 make
2 send
3 win
4 catch
6 write
7 begin
9 lose
10 meet

2 Complete the sentences with the Simple Past form of an irregular verb.

1 I didn't go to New York, I **went** to Chicago.
2 We didn't meet Tom, we _____ Doug.
3 He didn't leave last week, he _____ yesterday.
4 We didn't see a movie, we _____ a play.
5 I didn't buy a computer, I _____ a camera.
6 He didn't send a letter, he _____ an email.
7 She didn't make spaghetti, she _____ lasagna.
8 We didn't have water, we _____ juice.

3 Read the text. Put the irregular verbs (in parentheses) into the Simple Past.

Chinese girl makes pop song on her cell phone

Some years ago, a smart young singer from China (1) **made** (make) a song using only her cell phone.

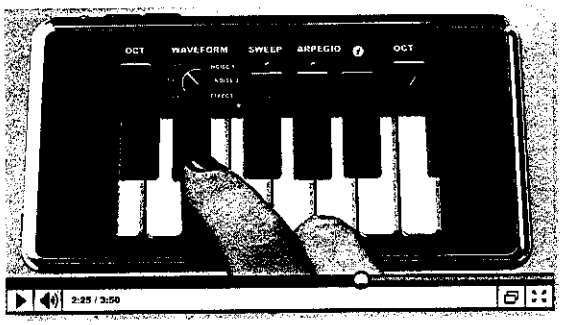
Pixie Tea, a Chinese pop star, (2) _____ (write) the song with phone apps. The song is called "ABCD Said."

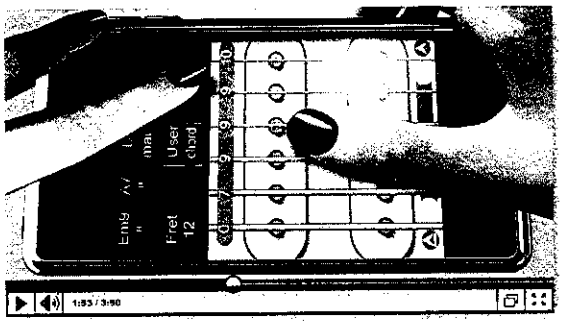
Pixie Tea's real name is Zhang Xuanyan, and she comes from the Chinese city of Xi'an. It (3) _____ (take) her three days to record the song. Then she (4) _____ (put) a video of it on YouTube. More than one million people (5) _____ (see) it online.

"I (6) _____ (have) the idea when I was in school," says PixieTea. "I (7) _____ (begin) with the bass line, and then added drums."

She (8) _____ (send) the song to Apple to see if they wanted to use it in their ads.

"Now I want to write more songs," she says.





4 Time expressions

Choose the correct time expression.

1 I went to the movies *last night* / *last evening*.
2 I had an English lesson *yesterday afternoon* / *last afternoon*.
3 My sister got married *the last year* / *last year*.
4 I worked very hard *last week* / *in last week*.
5 Some friends came around *yesterday evening* / *last evening*.
6 I went to Hawaii *for last September* / *last September*.
7 I lost my wallet *the last Friday* / *last Friday*.
8 I got up late *yesterday morning* / *last morning*.

Reading

5 John Lennon 1940–1980

1 Read about John Lennon. Complete the sentences.

1 John's father left home *when he was five* .
2 His mother died when _____.
3 He started the Beatles with Paul and George in _____.
4 The Beatles played more than _____.
5 The last album they made was _____.
6 The Beatles broke up in _____.
7 John and Yoko lived in an apartment near _____.

2 Look at the answers about John and the Beatles. Complete the questions.

1 "Who *did* John *live* with?"
"He lived with his aunt Mimi."
2 "How _____ his mother _____?"
"She died in a car accident."
3 "Where _____ John _____ to school?"
"Quarry Bank High School in Liverpool."
4 "When _____ the boys _____ the Beatles?"
"They started it in 1960."
5 "When _____ they first _____ to the United States?"
"In 1964."
6 "Why _____ they _____ playing live concerts?"
"Because the audience made too much noise."
7 "Who _____ John _____ in 1969?"
"Yoko Ono."
8 "Where _____ they _____ to?"
"New York."
9 "When _____ John _____ and _____ *Imagine*?"
"In 1971."
10 "Where _____ Mark Chapman _____ John Lennon?"
"Outside his apartment."

John Lennon
1940–1980

John Lennon was one of the Beatles. With Paul McCartney he wrote some of the greatest songs of the 20th century.

John Lennon had an unhappy childhood. His father left home when he was five. His mother couldn't take care of him, so John lived with his aunt Mimi until he was 19. When he was 17, his mother died in a car crash.

He went to Quarry Bank High School in Liverpool, England. He met George Harrison and Paul McCartney, and in 1960 they started a band called the Beatles.

The Beatles recorded their first single "Love Me Do" in 1962. They became famous in 1963, when they played more than 200 concerts. In 1964 they came to the United States for the first time and played on television.

End of concerts

The Beatles stopped playing live concerts in 1966 because the audience made so much noise that nobody could hear the music. But they continued to record songs, and in 1967 they made the album *Sgt. Pepper's Lonely Hearts Club Band*. The last album they recorded together was *Abbey Road*.

John Lennon married the artist, Yoko Ono, in 1969, and the Beatles broke up in 1970. John and Yoko moved to New York. John wrote and sang his most famous song "Imagine" in 1971. In 1980 he recorded a new album, *Double Fantasy*.

He was killed a month later. A man named Mark Chapman, shot him outside his New York apartment near Central Park. Two days before his murder John Lennon told an interviewer, "I feel safe in New York. I can go anywhere. It's my home."

The Beatles

Listening

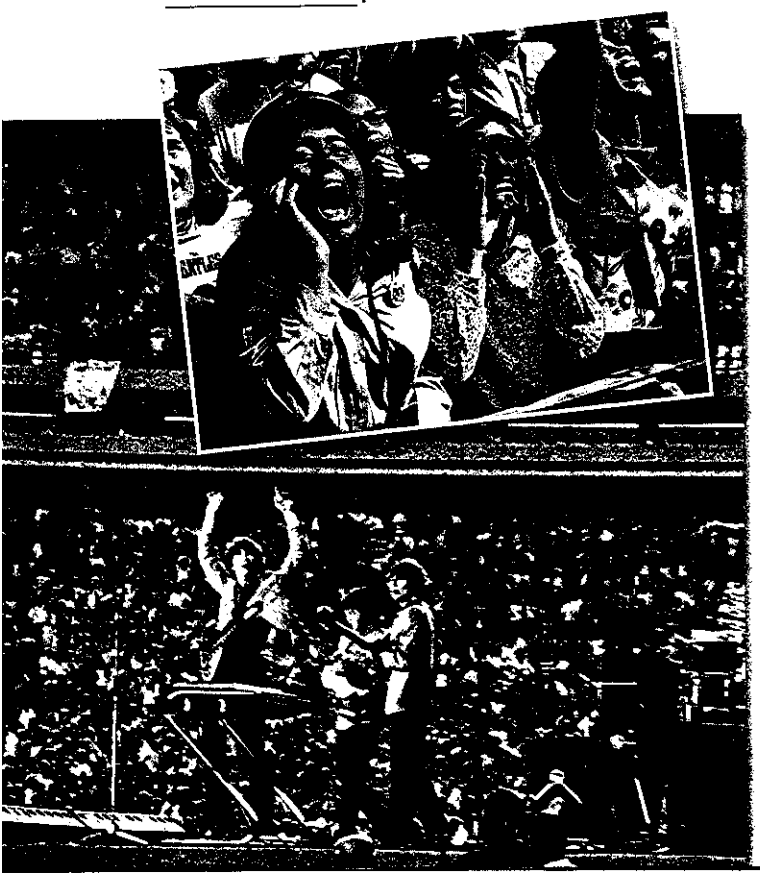
6 I went to a Beatles concert!

1 Joe and his grandfather, Robert, come from New York. Listen to Joe and his grandfather talking about when Robert went to a Beatles concert. Answer the questions.

1 Where and when was the Beatles concert?
2 Did Robert enjoy it?
3 How many people were in the audience?
4 How many police officers were there?
5 What did the fans do when the Beatles appeared?
6 What was the problem?
7 How long did they play? How many songs did they play?
8 How much was Robert's ticket?
9 What was the first Beatles record Robert bought?

2 Listen again. Complete the sentences.

1 Robert thought the concert was exciting but also frightening.
2 The audience were very _____ and _____.
3 When the Beatles appeared the crowd went _____.
4 Robert had one of the _____ seats.
5 Joe thinks that the ticket was very _____.



Vocabulary

7 Describing feelings

1 Match the feeling in **A** with its reason in **B**.

A	B
1 The concert was boring,	a ☐ because it was his birthday.
2 I was very tired,	b ☐ "Because you're late again!"
3 The little boy was excited	c ☐ so I left before the end.
4 I'm interested in modern art	d ☐ so I went to bed.
5 "Why are you annoyed with me?"	e ☐ There's so much to do.
6 I'm worried because it's 10 p.m.	f ☐ so I loved the exhibition.
7 I was so bored during class.	g ☐ and the children aren't home yet.
8 Tokyo is a very exciting city.	h ☐ I met a lot of nice people.
9 The party was very interesting.	i ☐ I hate math.

2 Complete the sentences using each adjective once.

interesting interested

1 I like *The LA Times* because it's an interesting newspaper.
2 I don't want to watch soccer. I'm not interested.

bored boring

3 You look _____. Don't you like opera?
4 I hate politicians! They're so _____!

excited exciting

5 Hurray! We're on vacation! I'm so _____!
6 It's very _____ when you go abroad for the first time.

annoyed annoying

7 She eats with her mouth open. It's very _____.
8 I get very_____ when people don't say "Please" or "Thank you."

worried worrying

9 The news is very _____. It's all about war.
10 I'm _____ about the tests next week.

Everyday English

8 What's the date?

1 Match the numbers and the words.

2nd	fifth
25th	tenth
10th	first
1st	third
19th	ninth
30th	second
3rd	twenty-fifth
9th	twelfth
5th	nineteenth
12th	thirtieth

2 Listen. Write the dates you hear.

1 April 2 _____ 4 _____

2 _____ 5 _____

3 _____ 6 _____

3 Write the dates in a different way.

1 January first the first of January

2 March tenth _____

3 May fifteenth _____

4 June second _____

5 the fourteenth of July _____

6 the third of August _____

7 the eighth of September _____

8 the fifth of November _____

4 Listen. Write the years you hear.

1 1980 _____ 5 _____

2 _____ 6 _____

3 _____ 7 _____

4 _____ 8 _____

Don't forget!

9 *do/does/did/was/were/had*

Complete the conversation with *do, does, did, didn't, was, were,* or *had.*

A Where (1) were you for high school?

B I (2) _____ at a school in Boston.

A (3) _____ you like it?

B Not really. I (4) _____ enjoy it very much.

A (5) _____ it a good school?

B Well, it (6) _____ a very good reputation, but I (7) _____ like the teachers.

A Why not? (8) _____ they terrible?

B Not all of them but some of them.

A (9) _____ you enjoy your last year?

B Yes, I (10) _____ a good time in my senior year. It was a little better.

A What school (11) _____ your children go to?

B I only have one child – a daughter. She goes to a local public school.

A (12) _____ she like it?

B Yes, she's very happy there. Thank goodness!

10 *the* or no article

Complete the sentences with *the* or — (nothing).

1 What's the name of this hotel?

2 I go to — work by — bus.

3 Can you tell me _____ time?

4 I live _____ downtown.

5 What time do you have _____ lunch?

6 I went to _____ movies last night.

7 This is _____ best restaurant in _____ world!

8 I have a house in _____ country.

9 I saw James _____ last month.

10 Can you play _____ guitar?

11 Football's on _____ television tonight.

12 Their apartment is on _____ first floor.

did was were does didn't do had

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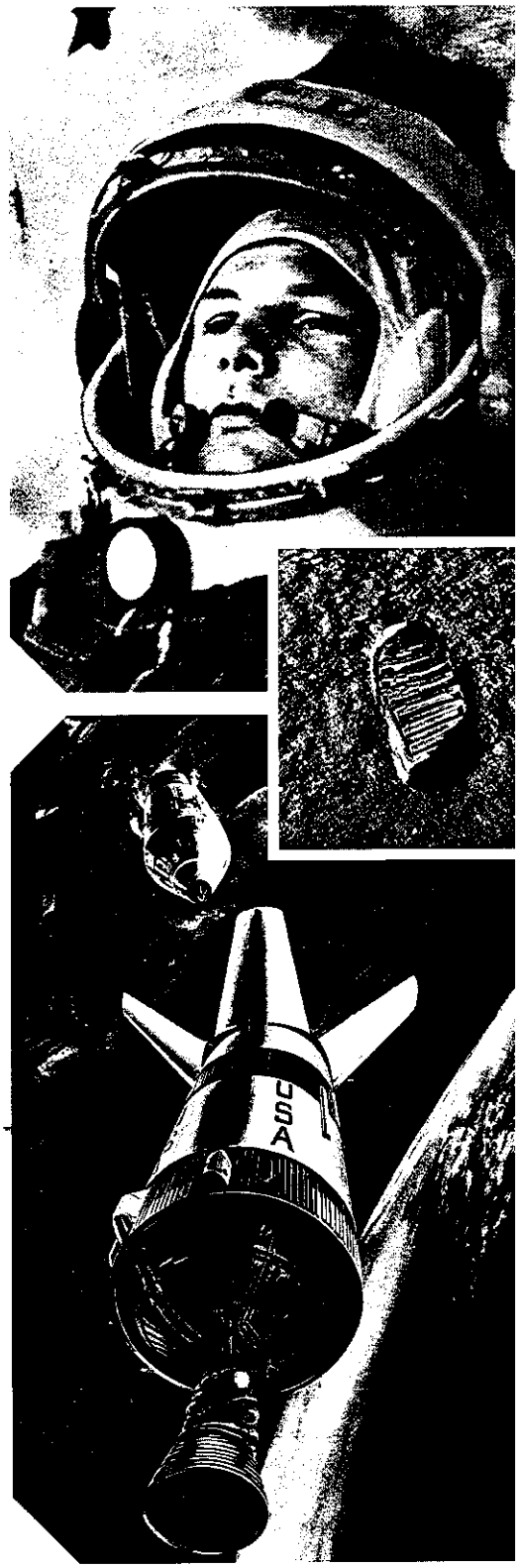
7 Dates to remember

Simple Past (2) • Time expressions • Adverbs
• Special occasions



Simple Past (2)

1 Regular and irregular verbs

1 Read the text. Put the verbs in parentheses into the Simple Past.

THE SPACE RACE

In the 1960s there was a race between the United States and the Soviet Union to be the first country into space.

It (1) ___cost___ (cost) a lot of money. The United States (2) _____ (spend) about $100 billion. Both countries (3) _____ (use) German scientists to develop their rockets.

The Space Race (4) _____ (begin) in 1957 when the Soviet Union launched the first satellite, Sputnik. They (5) _____ (send) a dog into space on Sputnik 2. Then, in 1961, Yuri Gagarin (6) _____ (become) the first person in space. He (7) _____ (go) around the earth once. It (8) _____ (take) 108 minutes.

In 1961 President Kennedy (9) _____ (say) that before the end of 1969 Americans would land a person on the moon.

In 1966 a Russian spacecraft landed on the moon, but there were no cosmonauts (Russian astronauts) on board.

In 1968 the American spacecraft Apollo 8 orbited the moon. Then, in 1969, Apollo 11 (10) _____ (land) on the moon, and astronauts Armstrong and Aldrin (11) _____ (walk) on its surface.

The Space Race (12) _____ (end) in 1975 when the Russian Soyuz 19 (13) _____ (meet) and (14) _____ (join) America's Apollo 18 in space.

So the Russians (15) _____ (win) the race to put the first person in space, but the Americans put the first person on the moon.

2 Look at the answers about the Space Race. Complete the questions.

1 "How much ___did___ the United States ___spend___?" "About $100 billion."
2 "When _____ the Space Race _____?" "In 1957."
3 "What _____ the Soviet Union _____ into space on Sputnik 2?" "A dog."
4 "When _____ Yuri Gagarin _____ the first person in space?" "In 1961."
5 "How many times _____ he _____ around the earth?" "Once."
6 "How long _____ it _____?" "108 minutes."
7 "When _____ Apollo 11 _____ on the moon?" "In 1969."
8 "When _____ the Space Race _____?" "In 1975."

2 Negatives

1 Read the first sentence about the Soviet cosmonaut, Yuri Gagarin, the first person in space. Write a second sentence using the prompt.

1 Gagarin was born in the village of Klushino.
(He / not grow up in a town)
He didn't grow up in a town.

2 His parents were very poor.
(They / not have much money)
_____

3 They worked on a collective farm.
(They / not own any land)
_____

4 Gagarin was smart at school.
(But sometimes he / not work very hard)
_____

5 He was only 5 foot 2 inches.
(He / not grow very tall)
_____

6 He orbited the earth in April 1961.
(He / not land on the moon)
_____

7 After 1961 he continued flying planes.
(But he / not go into space again)
_____

8 He died in a plane crash in 1968.
(Investigators / not know why his plane/crash)
_____

2 Complete the sentences with a verb in the negative.

1 I went shopping, but everything was too expensive.
I didn't buy _____ anything.

2 My wife and I had a quiet weekend at home.
_____ anywhere.

3 Unfortunately, I only got 35% in the test.
_____ pass.

4 Ryan went to a party, but it wasn't very good.
_____ stay.

5 I saw Jenny in town, but I was very busy.
_____ have time to talk to her.

6 My parents' vacation was awful. It rained every day.
_____ enjoy it.

3 Questions

1 Match a question word in **A** with an answer in **B**.

A	B
1 When?	a ☐ A sandwich.
2 Why?	b [1] On Sunday.
3 Who?	c ☐ My uncle Ron.
4 What?	d ☐ In Rio de Janeiro.
5 Where?	e ☐ 16.
6 How old?	f ☐ Because I wanted to.

A	B
7 How?	g ☐ 30.
8 What time?	h ☐ A Toyota.
9 What kind?	i ☐ 9:30 a.m.
10 How many?	j ☐ 3 hours.
11 How much?	k ☐ $45.
12 How long?	l ☐ By plane.

2 Put the words in the correct order to make questions. Then write true answers.

1 school / did / when / start / you / ?
When did you start school?
When I was six. In 1991.

2 morning / you / time / get / up / what / this / did / ?
_____
_____

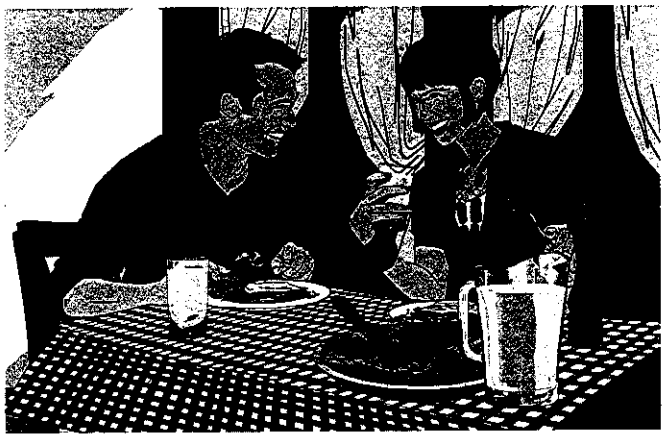
3 dinner / night / have / what / you / last / for / did / ?
_____
_____

4 did / train / last / you / by / when / travel / ?
_____
_____

5 do / what / Sunday / you / last / did / ?
_____
_____

6 vacation / did / summer / on / go / where / last / you / ?
_____
_____

3 Complete the questions in the conversations.



1 **A** We went out for a meal last night.
B Oh! (1) ***Where did you*** go?
A Luigi's. It's an Italian restaurant in town.
B (2) _____ enjoy it?
A Yes, we did. We had a great meal.
B What (3) _____?
A I had lasagna and a salad.
B (4) _____ expensive?
A No, not really, $30. That's not a lot, is it?

2 **A** We went to Alison's wedding last week.
B Where (1) _____?
A It was in Chicago.
B (2) _____ were there?
A A lot! There were about 150 people!
B What (3) _____?
A She wore a beautiful white dress.
She looked great!
B (4) _____ have a good time?
A It was great! I danced until 3:00 in the morning!

Time expressions

4 *in / at / on*

Complete the time expressions with *in*, *at* or *on*.

1 ***on*** Saturday
2 _____ the summer
3 _____ the twenty-first century
4 _____ eight o'clock
5 _____ March 12
6 _____ June
7 _____ Monday morning
8 _____ 2010
9 _____ my birthday
10 _____ the 1980s
11 _____ the weekend
12 _____ the afternoon

5 *ago*

Look at the time then and the time now. How long ago was it?

Time then	Time now	How long ago?
5 p.m.	6 p.m.	1 ***an hour ago***
10:10	10:15	2 _____
8:20.25 seconds	8:20.27 seconds	3 _____
Monday	Thursday	4 _____
May 1	May 14	5 _____
January	June	6 _____
September	December	7 _____
2002	2012	8 _____

Reading

6 A history of early cinema

1 Read the first part of the text "1895–1910." Complete the questions with *did*, *was*, or *were*. Then complete the answers.

1 "When **did** the first moving picture shows start?"
"At the end of the **19th century**."

2 "Where and when _____ the first movie theater open?"
"In _____, in _____."

3 "How many 'Nickelodeons' _____ there in the US by 1907?"
"About _____."

4 "How long _____ the movie shows last?"
"About _____."

5 "What _____ different for the actors after 1910?"
"Their _____ started to appear on screen."

2 Read the second part of the text "1910–1927." Complete the questions with *what*, *where*, *when*, *who*, *why*, or *how many*. Then complete the answers.

1 "**Where** were the first American movies made?"
"In **New York**."

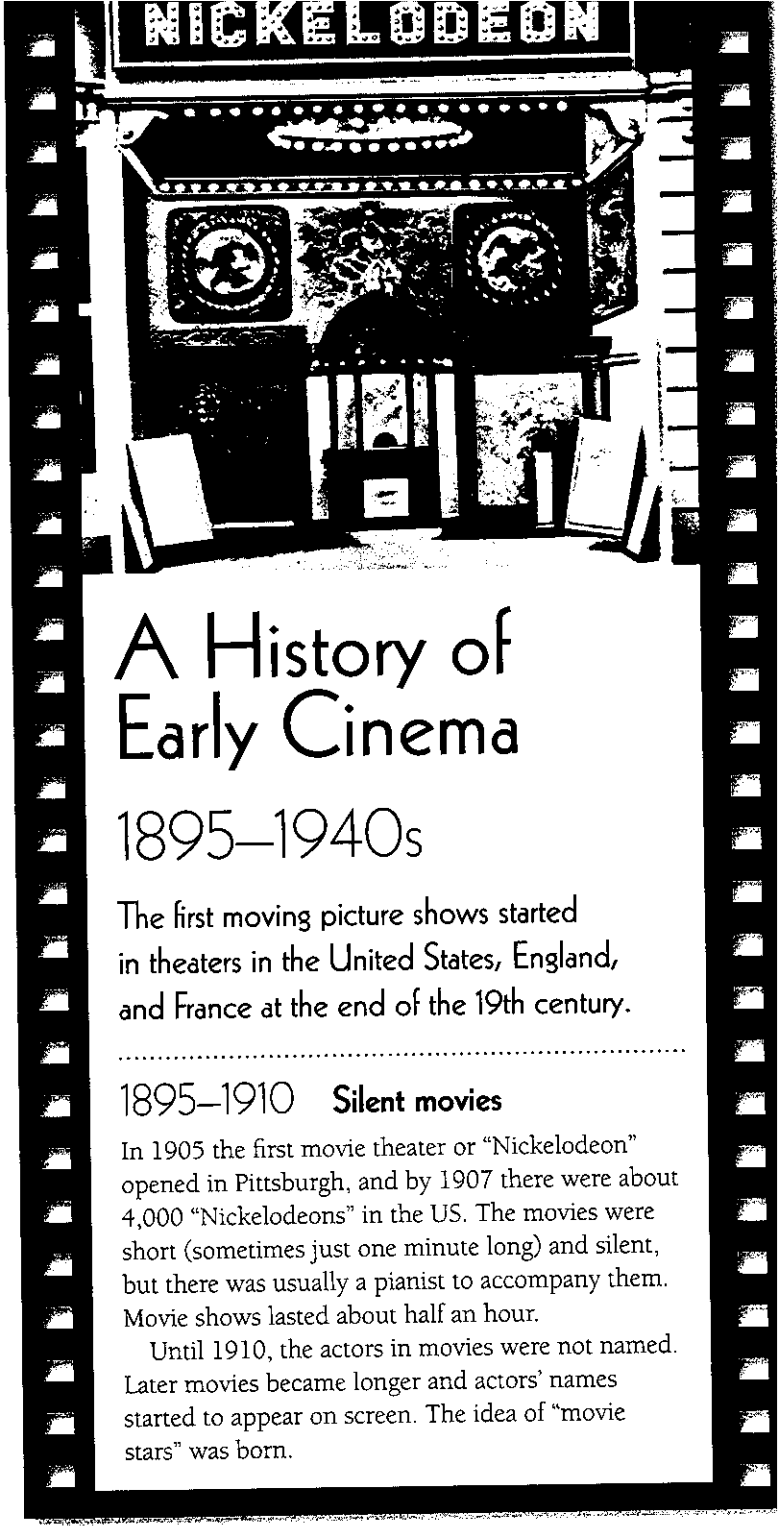
2 "_____ did the movie companies move to California?"
"Because of _____."

3 "_____ kind of movies became popular?"
"_____."

4 "_____ did Hollywood become the 'movie factory' for the world?"
"By _____."

5 "_____ movies did the studios make every year?"
"800. 82% of _____."

6 "_____ were two famous silent movie stars?"
"Buster Keaton and _____."



3 Read the third part of the text "1927–1940s". Correct the false information in these sentences.

1 Hollywood made its first movie with sound in 1918.
No, it didn't. It made its first movie with sound in 1927.

2 *The Jazz Singer* was made in 1929.

3 The time of the silent movies was called "The Golden Age of Hollywood."

4 The Golden Age lasted until 1929.

1910–1927 "HOLLYWOOD" is born!

In the early years American movies were made in or near New York, but in 1910 many movie companies moved to California because of the sunshine and the scenery. Westerns – movies about cowboys – became very popular, and California was the perfect place to film.

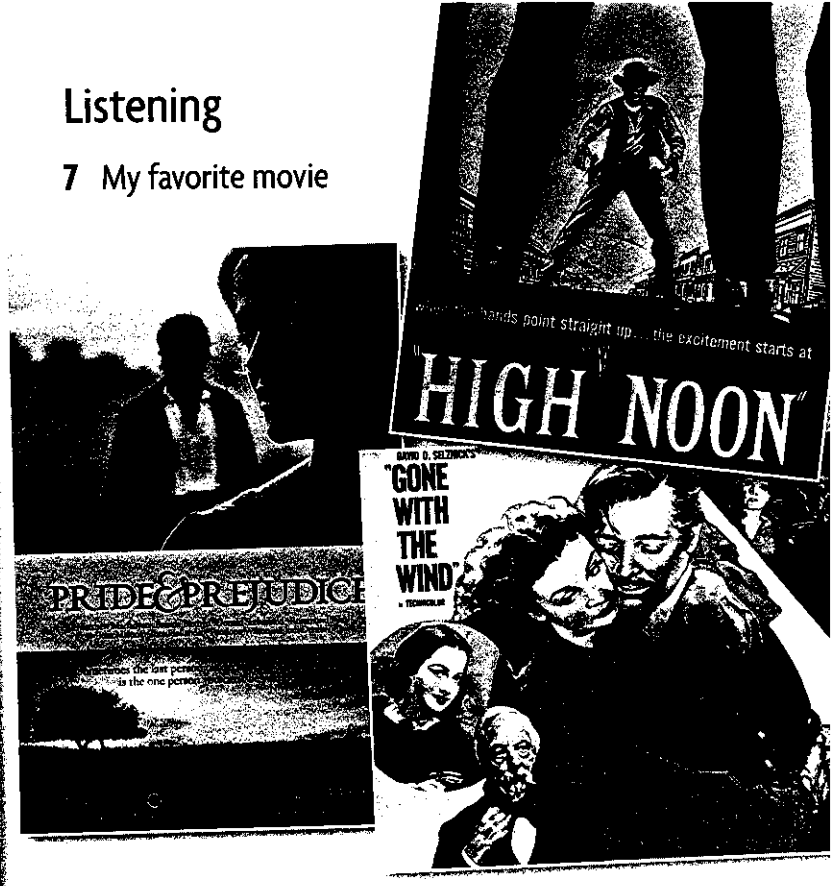
By 1914 American movies were very popular, and Hollywood became a "movie factory." In the 1920s studios made about 800 movies a year, 82% of the world's movies. Hollywood's silent movie stars, such as Charlie Chaplin and Buster Keaton, became famous throughout the world.

1927–1940s The coming of SOUND!

Hollywood made its first movie with sound in 1927. It was called *The Jazz Singer*. By the end of 1929 nearly all movies were "talkies." Now began what is often called "The Golden Age of Hollywood," with its rich, famous, glamorous movie stars such as Clark Gable, Greta Garbo, Humphrey Bogart, and Katharine Hepburn.

Listening

7 My favorite movie



1 Listen. Match each person with their favorite movie and its star.

	FILM	STARS
1 Derek	*Gone with the Wind* (1939)	Audrey Hepburn
2 Mandy	*High Noon* (1952)	Keira Knightley
3 Frank	*Breakfast at Tiffany's* (1961)	Clark Gable
4 Nora	*Jaws* (1975)	Robert Shaw
5 Sam	*Star Wars VI: Return of the Jedi* (1983)	Carrie Fisher
6 Emily	*Pride and Prejudice* (2005)	Gary Cooper

2 Listen again. Write the name of a person next to a reason why they like the movie.

1 the love story _____
2 the city _____
3 the music Derek
4 the interesting story _____
5 the clothes _____
6 the ending _____

Vocabulary

8 Adverbs

1 Complete the sentences using the adjective once and the adverb once.

careful carefully

1 Be careful ! This cup is very hot.

2 Please listen carefully to what I'm saying.

beautiful beautifully

3 She has a great voice. She sings _____.

4 Your dress is really _____! I love it!

bad badly

5 We lost the game because we played really _____.

6 I don't like cooking because I'm a _____ cook.

real really

7 Can I open the window? It's _____ hot in here.

8 Mmm! Spaghetti! This is _____ Italian food!

quiet quietly

9 Be _____! I can't hear the TV.

10 Shh! Speak _____! The baby's asleep.

slow slowly

11 I'm a very _____ reader. It takes me months to finish a book.

12 Cook the chicken _____ for three hours.

2 Complete the sentences with an irregular adverb from the box.

hard	fast	well	~~early~~	late

1 The plane leaves at 6:00 a.m., so we need to get up early .

2 I'm scared! You drive too _____! Slow down!

3 I did really _____ on my test! I got 90%.

4 My father worked _____ all his life.

5 The TV program ends really _____. About midnight.

Everyday English

9 Special occasions

Listen. Complete the conversations.

1 **A** That's it! It's January first _____!
Happy _____ _____!

B _____ New _____ everyone!

C Happy New Year!

A _____ to the old year! Here's to the _____!

2 **A** It was my birthday yesterday.

B I know. Did you get my _____?

A Yes, thank you. It was very funny.

B Did you have a _____?

A Yes, 20 friends _____ and they brought me a lot of _____.

B Great! I have _____ _____ for you too. _____ you are. Happy _____ for yesterday.

A Oh, wow! Thanks!

3 **A** Anna! Congratulations!
B Thank you very much.
A When's the _____ _____?
B We don't know for sure. Possibly _____ April.
A Can I see your engagement _____?
B Of course. Do you _____ _____?
A Oh. It's beautiful. I can't wait for my _____. Don't forget to say _____ to Paul from me.

4 **A** Hurray! It's Friday! Thank _____!
B Have a good _____!
A _____ too!
B _____ _____ on Monday!

Don't forget!

10 Word order

Put the words in the correct order in these sentences.

1 I go every day to work.
I go to work every day.

2 She speaks very well English.
_____

3 We played all afternoon tennis.
_____

4 I make always the same mistakes.
_____

5 I wrote this morning some emails.
_____

6 I liked very much the movie.
_____

7 Do you know well Tokyo?
_____

8 I went last week to the theater.
_____

9 I go often out with my friends on weekends.
_____

10 Do you go ever to concerts?
_____

11 Prepositions

Complete the sentences with a preposition from the box.

at	in (x 2)	to (x 2)	about (x 2)
around	for (x 2)	on	of

1 Can I speak *to* you *about* my homework?
2 We went out _____ a meal last night.
3 I listen _____ the radio _____ the morning.
4 Are you interested _____ modern art?
5 I'm not very good _____ math.
6 What kind _____ music do you like?
7 I asked _____ a coffee, not a tea.
8 I'm worried _____ my test.
9 Is soccer _____ TV tonight?
10 I want to travel _____ the world.

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8 Eat in or out?

Count and noncount nouns • *I like*... and *I'd like*...
• *some* and *any* • *much* and *many* • Food • Daily needs
• Shopping on Main Street

Count and noncount nouns

1 Can we count it?

Are these usually count or noncount nouns? Write **C** or **N**.

1	N cheese	9	_____ fruit
2	_____ apple	10	_____ pasta
3	_____ food	11	_____ banana
4	_____ cookie	12	_____ tea
5	_____ bread	13	_____ egg
6	_____ milk	14	_____ water
7	_____ French fry	15	_____ strawberry
8	_____ tomato	16	_____ butter

2 *a*, *an*, or *some*?

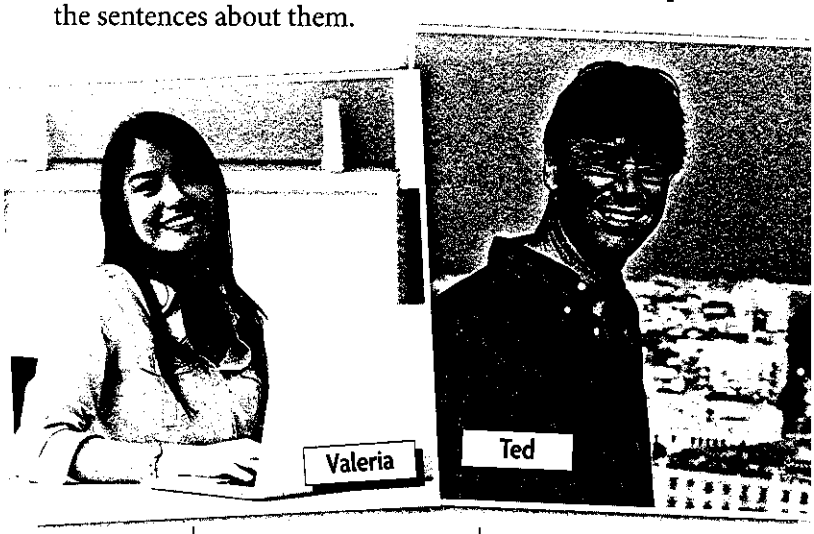
Complete the sentences with *a*, *an*, or *some*.

1 There's *some* food on the table. Come and get it!
2 I usually have _____ apple for breakfast.
3 Can you buy _____ bread at the store?
4 We have _____ cup of coffee and _____ cookies at 11:00.
5 There's _____ cheese in the refrigerator and ___ tomato.
6 Do you want _____ drink? Tea? Coffee?
7 Give me _____ water! Quick!
8 I have _____ fruit every day.
9 Do you want _____ orange or _____ banana?
10 You need _____ eggs to make _____ omelet.

I like... and *I'd like*...

3 What do they like doing?

Look at the information about Valeria and Ted. Complete the sentences about them.



	Valeria, 36, a journalist	Ted, 40, a teacher
Weekend interests	going to the movies going to restaurants	going to the movies and the theater cooking dinner for friends
Vacations	relaxing somewhere hot	exploring old cities
Vacation activities	swimming and sunbathing reading books	going on long walks reading books

1 Valeria *likes going* to the movies, and so does Ted.
2 Ted likes _____ theater.
3 Valeria likes _____ to restaurants, but Ted likes _____ for friends.
4 Valeria likes _____ somewhere hot, but Ted _____ old cities.
5 Valeria likes _____ and _____, but Ted _____ on long walks.
6 They both like _____ books.

4 *I'd like* + noun/infinitive

1 Match a sentence in **A** with a request in **B**.

A	B
1 I'm hungry.	a ☐ I'd like a vacation.
2 I'm thirsty.	b [1] I'd like something to eat.
3 I have too much work.	c ☐ I'd like an ice cream.
4 I'm hot.	d ☐ I'd like a drink.

A	B
5 I'm tired.	e ☐ I'd like to be a millionaire.
6 It's my birthday.	f ☐ I'd like to go to bed.
7 I don't have any money.	g ☐ I'd like to have a party.
8 I'm bored.	h ☐ I'd like to go to the movies.

2 Complete the questions using *would like*.

1 I'm hungry.
What **would you like to eat** _____?

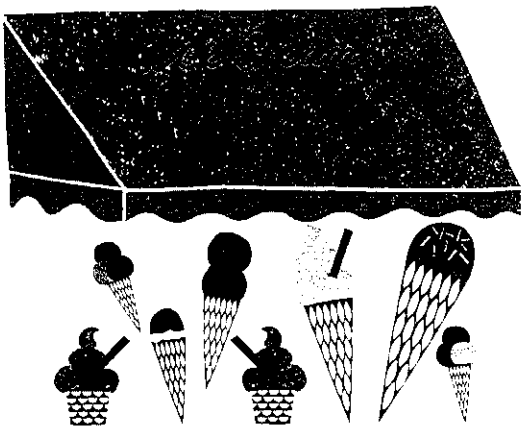
2 I'm thirsty.
What _____?

3 I need a vacation.
Where _____?

4 I want to have a party.
Who _____ to invite?

5 Can we go to the movies?
What _____ to see?

6 I want an ice cream.
What flavor _____?



5 *like* or *would like*?

1 Choose the correct answer, **A** or **B**.

1 What do you like doing on weekends?
☑ **A** I like going out with my friends.
☐ **B** I'd like to go out with my friends.

2 It's your birthday! What do you want to do?
☐ **A** I'd like to go out with my friends.
☐ **B** I like going out with my friends.

3 What's your favorite color?
☐ **A** I'd like blue.
☐ **B** I like blue.

4 Which shirt do you want? The blue one or the white one?
☐ **A** I'd like the blue one.
☐ **B** I like blue.

5 Are you having a party at your house next Saturday?
☐ **A** Yes, we are. Do you like to come?
☐ **B** Yes, we are. Would you like to come?

6 We have a new cat. She's black and white.
☐ **A** Do you like her?
☐ **B** Would you like her?

2 Complete the sentences using *like* or *would like*.

1 Jane has hundreds of cookbooks.
She likes cooking.

2 It's Helen's birthday next week.
_____ to go to a restaurant.

3 My car is 20 years old!
_____ a new one!

4 There's a good movie on TV tonight.
_____ you _____ to watch it?

5 We go to Vancouver every winter.
_____ skiing.

6 Sarah thinks her house is very small.
_____ a bigger one.

Listening

6 In a restaurant

1 Look at the picture of Mike and Jenny in a restaurant. Put the words in these sentences from their conversation with the server into the correct order.

1 table two have Can we a for please
Can we have a table for two, please ?

2 to drink you What would like
_____?

3 ready order you Are to?
_____?

4 steak I'd the like please
_____.

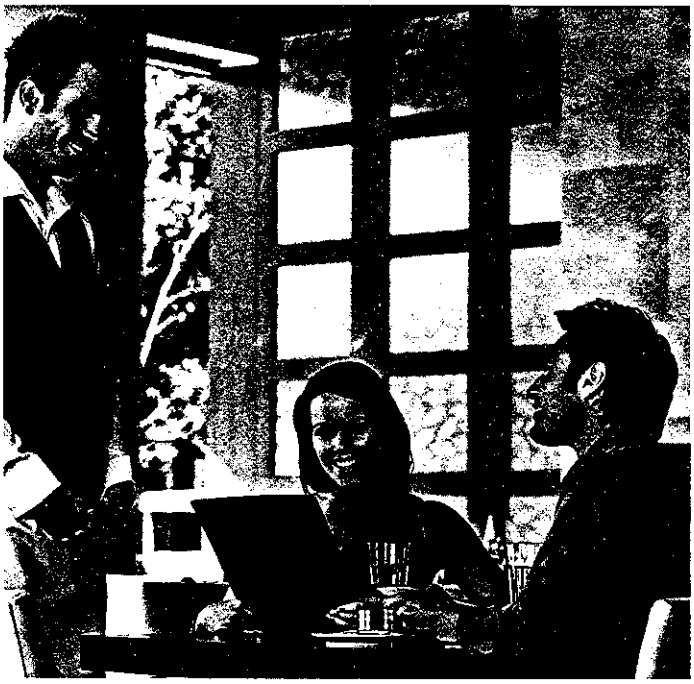
5 it cooked would you How like?
_____?

6 want water tap Do or you bottled?
_____?

7 check Could the have we please?
_____?

8 included Is service
_____?

Listen and check.



2 Listen again. Answer the questions.

Part One

1 Did Mike and Jenny make a reservation?
2 Is there a table free?

Part Two

3 What do Mike and Jenny have to drink?
4 What is the soup of the day?
5 What does Jenny choose as a starter?
6 What does she want as a main course?
7 How does Mike want his steak cooked?
8 What does he want with it?
9 Do they want tap or bottled water?

Part Three

10 Do they want a dessert?
11 Is service included in the check?

Part Four

12 Did they enjoy the meal?

STARTERS
Soup of the day
Shrimp cocktail
Vegetable tart

MAIN COURSES
Skirt steak
Chicken in a white sauce
Baked salmon
Mushroom risotto
•
Vegetables or salad
New potatoes or French fries

DESSERTS
Fresh fruit salad
Apple crisp
Strawberries and ice cream

some and *any*

7 I don't have any money

1 Complete the sentences with *some* or *any*.

1 I don't have ***any*** money on me. But I have ***some*** money in the bank.
2 Are there _____ letters for me this morning?
3 I never have _____ breakfast.
4 You have _____ nice pictures!
5 Don't buy _____ bread. We have a lot.
6 Do you have _____ brothers and sisters?
7 There aren't _____ stores in my small town.
8 I'd like _____ cheese. Is there _____ in the refrigerator?
9 There was _____ rain last night.
10 She doesn't have _____ children.

2 Complete the sentences with *some* or *any* and a word from the box.

gas	~~music~~	food	ice	stamps	friends	French fries	eggs

1 Would you like to listen to ***some music***? I bought a new CD.
2 There isn't _____ _____ in the refrigerator. Sorry.
3 I need to put _____ _____ in the car. It's nearly empty.
4 Do you have _____ _____? I have some letters to mail.
5 Do we have _____ _____? I could make an omelet.
6 Can I have _____ _____ with my steak?
7 I met _____ _____ from school last night.
8 I'd like _____ _____ in my water, please.

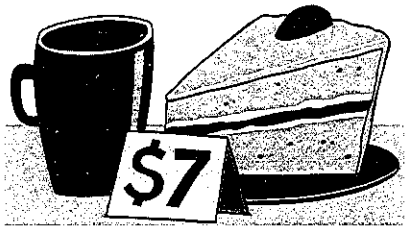
much and *many*

8 How many students are there?

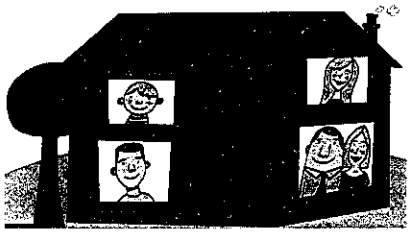
Complete the questions with *How much* or *How many*.

1 "***How many*** students are there in your class?"
"Twenty."

2 "_____ homework do you get?"
"Too much!"

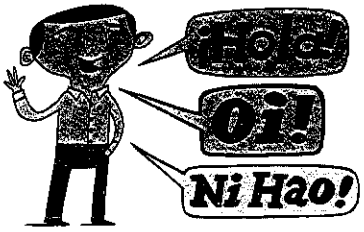


3 "_____ is a cup of coffee and a piece of cake?"
"Seven dollars."



4 "_____ people live in your house?"
"Five. Me, my brother and sister, and my parents."

5 "_____ coffee do you drink a day?"
"Two or three cups."



6 "_____ languages can you speak?"
"Three."

Reading

9 The chef who can't eat his own food

1 Read about the chef with a fear of food. Choose the correct answer.

1 Andrew Forster works in *a restaurant in Italy* / *an Italian restaurant in England.*
2 He cooks all kinds of *food* / *cookies.*
3 He only likes eating *cookies* / *nothing.*
4 Every day he usually eats *fruit and vegetables* / *cookies.*
5 If he thinks about other food, he feels *sick* / *excited.*
6 He'd love to *cook a lot of food* / *taste what he cooks.*
7 He'd like to eat *everything* / *more cookies.*
8 One man on the TV program can't eat with his girlfriend because she doesn't eat *vegetables* / *meat.*

2 Complete the sentences.

1 Andrew loves *cooking*, but he can't eat his own food.
2 He doesn't _____ eating other food, only cookies.
3 He _____ everything like other people.
4 He _____ to taste what he cooks.

Chef can't eat his own food

A chef with a fear of food eats only cookies

ANDREW FORSTER is a chef in an Italian restaurant in England.

He makes delicious food – fish dishes, sauces, pasta, and desserts – but he can't eat any of it. He has a fear of food. "When I was 18 months old I stopped eating," says Andrew, the 27-year-old chef at the Sale Pepe Restaurant. "Doctors told my mother to give me nothing to see what I would eat, but I only ate cookies."

He eats two packs of cookies a day and sometimes some toast, some chips, and some cereal for breakfast. "If I just think of eating other food, I feel anxious, then I feel sick."

Andrew trained for years to be a chef. "I know exactly what foods go well together. When I'm in my kitchen and I make something, I think 'Mmm! This smells delicious!' I'd love to taste what I cook, but I can't," he says. "Other chefs tell me if it needs more salt or more sugar."

This fear makes life difficult for Andrew and his girlfriend, Caroline Lister. "We can't go out for meals with friends," she says. "And we can't go to friends' weddings either. Andrew would like to eat everything like other people, but it's not possible."

Andrew appeared on a TV program called *Freaky Eaters*. He is now getting help from a psychologist and a food expert to help him try different foods.

Also on the program was a man who only likes eating meat. Unfortunately, his girlfriend is a vegetarian so they can't eat together. Other people include a man who doesn't like eating hot food, a woman who only likes eating French fries, and a boy who lives on jelly sandwiches.

Vocabulary

10 Food

1 Write the words in the box in the correct column.

~~chicken~~	~~milk~~	~~potato~~	~~apple~~	beef
banana	cheese	onion	pea	orange
broccoli	ice cream	tomato	turkey	strawberry
carrot	raspberry	butter	yogurt	sausage

Vegetables	Meat	Fruit	Dairy products
potato	*chicken*	*apple*	*milk*

2 Listen to the word stress of the words in the box. Write them in the correct column.

~~chicken~~	yogurt	potato	orange	broccoli
tomato	strawberry	raspberry	banana	sausage

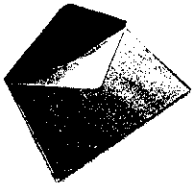
●•	●••	•●•
chicken		

11 Daily needs

Look at the pictures and write the word. Find the words in the wordsearch.

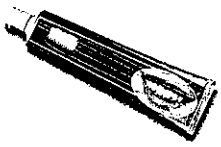
1 *adaptor*

2 _____

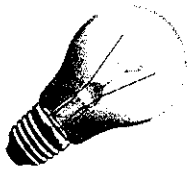


3 _____

4 _____

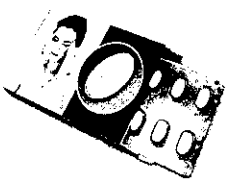


5 _____

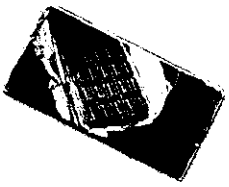


6 _____

7 _____



8 _____



9 _____

X	Z	R	B	A	S	P	I	R	I	N	B	Q
H	F	L	O	W	E	R	S	S	P	L	N	C
R	N	B	Q	K	J	K	L	T	U	X	E	H
R	Y	V	A	L	C	C	T	B	L	T	K	O
M	T	J	M	N	T	B	T	Q	S	G	R	C
E	A	C	B	N	D	H	L	A	L	S	M	O
N	P	D	R	B	G	A	P	Y	Y	H	X	L
V	P	L	A	I	K	H	I	R	Q	A	P	A
E	E	M	L	P	T	F	E	D	X	M	Z	T
L	N	N	M	O	T	T	M	Y	W	P	F	E
O	C	X	O	H	T	O	R	B	K	O	Q	X
P	I	T	K	A	V	G	R	R	P	O	K	T
E	L	D	B	R	M	A	G	A	Z	I	N	E

10 _____

11 _____

12 _____

Everyday English

12 Shopping on Main Street

Complete the conversations with the words in the box.

1

mean	much	~~kind~~	understand

A I'd like some flowers, please.

B What *kind* of flowers do you want?

A Sorry. What do you _____?

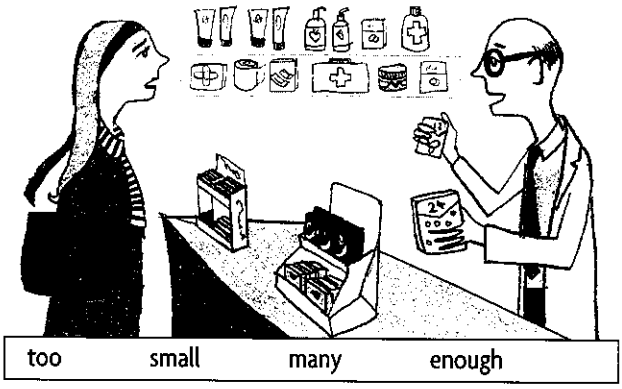
B Who are you going to give them to? Your wife? Someone at work?

A Oh! Now I _____. I want them for my wife.

B OK. How about some beautiful roses?

A Great! How _____ are they?

2



too	small	many	enough

A Can I have some aspirin, please?

B Do you want a _____ box or a large one?

A How _____ are there in the large box?

B Twenty-four.

A No, that's _____ many.

B There are twelve in the small one.

A Twelve is _____, thanks. I'll have that one.

Don't forget!

13 Articles – *a/an, some* or nothing?

1 Complete the sentences with *a, an, some*, or — (nothing).

1 I like — vegetables.
2 I'd like *some* vegetables, please.
3 I like _____ bananas.
4 I'd like _____ banana, please.
5 _____ coffee is my favorite drink.
6 Would you like _____ coffee?
7 I love _____ ice cream.
8 Can I have _____ ice cream, please?

2 Write sentences using the groups of words in the chart.

Potatoes Cheese Fruit Eggs Sushi	is are come from comes from	chickens. vegetables. Japan. made from milk. full of vitamins.

1 Potatoes *are vegetables.*
2 Cheese _____
3 Fruit _____
4 Eggs _____
5 Sushi _____

14 Adverbs

Complete the sentences with an adverb from the box.

too	~~enough~~	again	~~only~~	together
later	nearly	especially	pretty	

1 You're *only* 14. You aren't old *enough* to get married.
2 Bye! See you _____!
3 I love all ice cream, but _____ vanilla ice cream.
4 "How was your meal?"
"It was _____ good, but it wasn't very good."
5 Your homework was full of mistakes. Please do it _____.
6 I'm always with my husband. We do everything _____.
7 "How old are you?"
"Twelve, _____ thirteen. It's my birthday next week."
8 $200 for a pair of jeans! That's _____ expensive!

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9 City living

Comparative adjectives • Comparatives and superlatives • City and small town • Directions

Comparative adjectives

1 What's the comparative?

1 Write the comparative adjectives.

Adjective	Comparative
old	older
tall	_____
hot	_____
nice	_____
polite	_____
easy	_____
pretty	_____
exciting	_____
beautiful	_____
important	_____

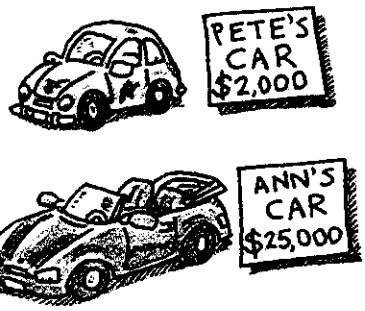
2 Write the opposites of the comparative adjectives.

Comparative	Opposite
smaller	bigger
cheaper	_____
safer	_____
faster	_____
cleaner	_____
quieter	_____
more interesting	_____
more difficult	_____
more modern	_____
better	_____

2 Comparing things

Write sentences to compare the pictures using the comparative form of the adjectives.

~~small~~ cheap new comfortable

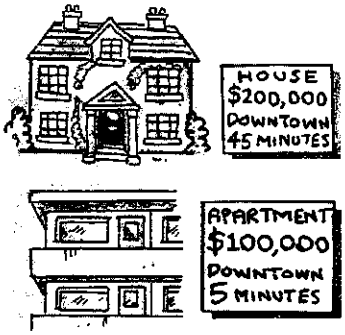


1 Pete's car is smaller than Ann's car.

2 _____.

3 Ann's car _____.

4 _____.



big expensive near modern

5 The house is _____ than the apartment.

6 _____.

7 The apartment _____downtown.

8 _____.

3 It was warmer yesterday

1 Complete the sentences with the comparative form of the adjective in **bold**.

1 It isn't very **warm** today. It was warmer yesterday.

2 He isn't very **smart**. His sister is much _____.

3 Cats are **friendly**, but dogs are a lot _____.

4 Your homework is **good**, but I think you can do _____.

5 The news is **bad**, but it could be _____.

2 Complete the sentences with a comparative adjective.

1 This apartment is too old for me. I want somewhere more modern.

2 This TV program is boring. Is there something _____ on another channel?

3 This sweater is too small. I need a _____ one.

4 My coffee is very weak. Can I have a _____ one?

5 This lesson is so difficult. Yesterday it was much _____.

	Lisa	Kelly
Age	27	29
Height	5 ft 7 in	5 ft 5 in
Married	no	yes
Personality	loud, friendly	quiet, friendly
House/Apartment?	apartment	house
What kind?	small	big
Car	yes, old	yes, new
Good/Bad driver?	good	bad
Job	yes	yes
Work hours a day	10	8
Interesting job?	OK	very
Hobby	skiing	skiing
Good/Bad skier?	bad	good

4 Comparing two people

Read the information about two sisters, Lisa and Kelly. Complete the sentences.

1 Kelly is *older than* Lisa.

2 _____ younger _____.

3 _____ taller _____.

4 _____ married, but _____.

5 They both are _____ but Lisa is _____ than Kelly.

6 Lisa _____ an apartment. Kelly _____ a house.

7 Lisa's apartment is _____ Kelly's house.

8 _____ has a new car, but _____ doesn't.

9 Lisa is a _____ driver _____ Kelly.

10 They both have _____

11 Lisa _____ longer hours _____ Kelly.

12 Kelly _____ a much more interesting _____ Lisa.

13 Lisa and Kelly both like _____.

14 Lisa is a _____ skier _____ Kelly.

Comparatives and superlatives

5 Comparative and superlative adjectives

Write the comparative and superlative forms of the adjectives.

Adjective	Comparative	Superlative
cheap	cheaper	the cheapest
expensive	more expensive	the most expensive
young		
happy		
beautiful		
big		
busy		
intelligent		
bad		
far		
new		
dangerous		

6 Word order

Put the words in the correct order to make sentences or questions.

1 family / the / am / my / in / I / oldest

I am the oldest in my family.

2 sister / me / my / than / younger / is

_____

3 class / who / oldest / the / the / in / is / ?

_____

4 passenger / plane / is / the Airbus A380 / world / biggest / the / in / the

_____

5 book / interesting / than / my / your / more / is / book

_____

6 bought / expensive / store / the / in / TV / most / Peter / the

_____

7 cheapest / buy / you / store / in / the / the / did / shirt / ?

_____

8 difficult / Chinese / English / is / than / more / much

_____

9 weather / better / today / than / much / is / yesterday / the

_____

7 Questions and answers

Complete the questions with the superlative form of the adjective. Try to answer them.

1 What is the longest (long) river in the world?

The Nile.

2 What is _____ (high) mountain in the world?

_____

3 What is _____ (big) city in your country?

_____

4 What is _____ (popular) sport in your country?

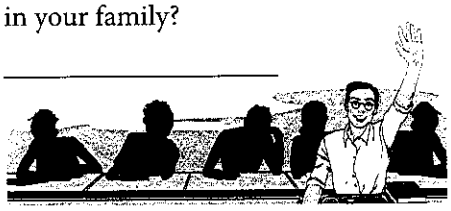
_____

5 Where is _____ (old) university in your country?

_____

6 Who is _____ (young) person in your family?

_____



7 Who is _____ (intelligent) student in your class?

_____

Reading

8 The tallest building in the world

1 Read about Burj Khalifa. Complete the questions with the correct question words.

1 "**Where** is Burj Khalifa?"
"In Dubai."

2 "_____ did it open?"
"In January 2010."

3 "_____ high is it?"
"2,716 feet."

4 "_____ _____ floors are there?"
"160."

5 "_____ _____ did it cost to build?"
"US $1.5 billion."

6 "_____ _____ does it take to clean all the windows?"
"Four months."

2 Complete the sentences.

1 It is _____ building in the world.
2 It has _____ elevator in the world.
3 It has _____ swimming pool in the world.

3 Answer the questions.

1 How long did it take to build the tower?
2 What is on the 76th floor?
3 Is Tapei 101 taller than Burj Khalifa? How high is it?
4 Who is Bill Baker?
5 What was the most difficult problem?
6 How much does the top of the building move in the wind?
7 How many people live and work there?
8 Is it hotter at the top or at the bottom?

HIGHER THAN THE CLOUDS

It reaches into the sky for over half a mile. Burj Khalifa is, for the time being, the world's tallest building.

THE WORLD'S tallest building opened in January 2010. It is Burj Khalifa in the Gulf emirate of Dubai, and it is 2,716 feet high. It took six years to build.

The tower has 160 floors and more than three million square feet of space for offices and apartments. It has the fastest elevator (40 m/h) and the highest swimming pool (on the 76th floor).

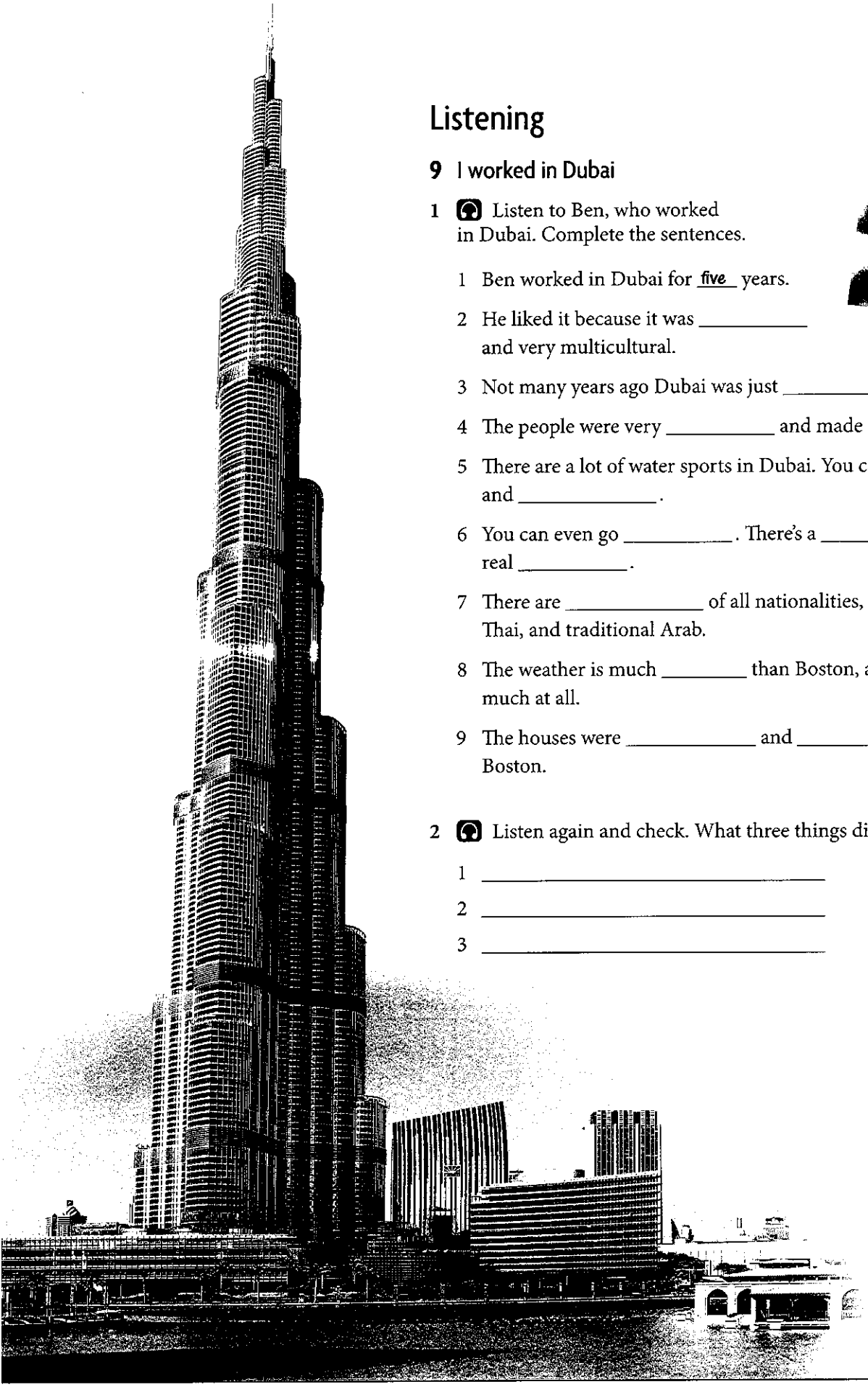
Burj Khalifa is taller than Taipei 101 in Taiwan, which was the world's tallest building at 1,667 feet. The Burj Khalifa tower can be seen almost 60 miles away.

"We weren't sure how high we could go," said Bill Baker, the building's structural engineer. "It's a learning experience."

Mohamed Ali Alabbar, the developer of Burj Khalifa, said that there were a lot of problems with the design. "The most difficult parts weren't because of the height but because of the winds," he told journalists. The top of the building moves about five feet in high winds.

HERE ARE SOME OF THE BUILDING'S STATISTICS

- **57** elevators
- Cost **US $1.5** billion
- **1,044** luxury apartments
- **12,000** people live and work there
- It is **10°F** cooler at the top than at the bottom
- It takes **36** men four months to clean the windows



Listening

9 I worked in Dubai

1 Listen to Ben, who worked in Dubai. Complete the sentences.

1 Ben worked in Dubai for *five* years.

2 He liked it because it was _____ and very multicultural.

3 Not many years ago Dubai was just _____.

4 The people were very _____ and made Ben feel very _____.

5 There are a lot of water sports in Dubai. You can go _____ and _____.

6 You can even go _____. There's a _____ center with real _____.

7 There are _____ of all nationalities, such as Indian, Chinese, Thai, and traditional Arab.

8 The weather is much _____ than Boston, and it doesn't _____ much at all.

9 The houses were _____ and _____ than in Boston.

2 Listen again and check. What three things did Ben miss from home?

1 _____

2 _____

3 _____

Vocabulary

10 City and small town

Find these things in the picture. Write a number.

3 square	____ statue
____ bridge	____ farmer's market
____ traffic circle	____ traffic lights
____ woods	____ train station
____ crosswalk	____ apartment building
____ parking lot	____ gas station
____ shopping mall	____ hill

Everyday English

11 Directions

Look at the map. Find YOU ARE HERE.
Listen to the directions. Where do you finish?

Don't forget!

12 Prepositions

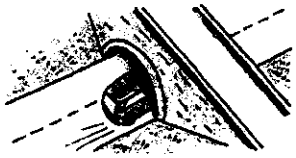
1 Complete the sentences with a preposition from the box.

in	on	at	outside

1 The school is on the left.
2 Turn right _____ the traffic lights.
3 There's a statue _____ the main square.
4 There are three people _____ the bus stop.
5 The bus stop is _____ the drugstore.
6 The river is _____ the bottom of the hill.
7 The woods are _____ the top of the hill.
8 The Millbank Hotel is _____ the right.
9 _____ the end of the street turn left.
10 The mayor's office is _____ city hall.

2 Look at the pictures. Write a preposition from the box.

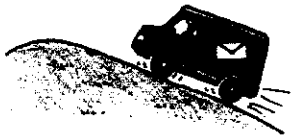
over	along	past	around	up	down	through	~~under~~



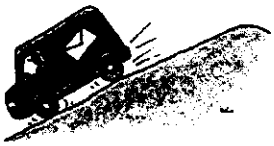
1 under the bridge

2 _____ the river

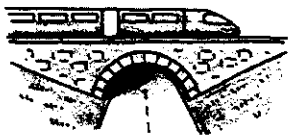
3 _____ the woods



4 _____ the hill

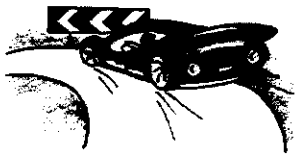


5 _____ the hill



6 _____ the bridge

7 _____ the gas station



8 _____ the bend

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10 Where on earth are you?

Prepositions • Present Continuous
• *something/nothing* • Clothes • Social expressions (2)

Prepositions

1 *in/at/on*

Write *in*, *at* or *on*.

Where's Evan?

1 In a meeting.
2 _____ the train.
3 _____ vacation.
4 _____ Sophie's house.
5 _____ bed.
6 _____ work.
7 _____ the office.
8 _____ college.
9 _____ his way home.
10 _____ the airport.

in

at

on

Present Continuous

2 Spelling

Look at the spelling of verb + *-ing*.

eat eating write writing swim swimming

Write the *-ing* forms of the verbs.

1 dance	_____	4 do	_____	7 buy	_____
2 go	_____	5 drive	_____	8 wear	_____
3 drink	_____	6 read	_____	9 run	_____

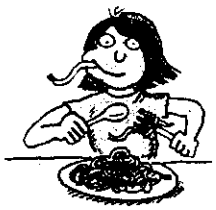
3 Why are you doing that?

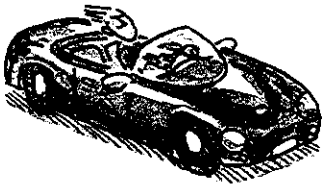
Match the beginning of the sentence in **A** with its ending in **B**.

A	B
1 I'm working hard	a ☐ because she's hungry.
2 Mary's washing her hair	b ☐ because we're going on vacation.
3 The baby's crying	c ☐ because I need the money.
4 Joe's studying	d ☐ because friends are coming for dinner.
5 You're making a lot of mistakes	e ☐ because she's going out tonight.
6 Jack and Sally are cooking	f ☐ because he has a test soon.
7 We're packing	g ☐ because you aren't paying attention.

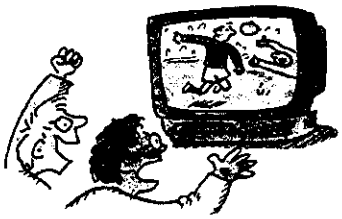
4 What's she doing?

1 Look at the pictures. Complete the sentences about what the people are doing.





1 She *'s eating* spaghetti. 2 He _____ a sports car.



3 They _____ soccer. 4 He _____ the newspaper.

5 She _____ her hair. 6 They _____ coffee.

2 Complete the questions about the people in part 1.

1 "*What's she eating* _____?" "Spaghetti."
2 "_____?" "A sports car."
3 "_____?" "Soccer."
4 "_____?" "The newspaper."
5 "_____?" "Her hair."
6 "_____?" "Coffee."

3 Complete the negative sentences about the people in part 1.

1 *She isn't eating* _____ ice cream.
2 _____ a truck.
3 _____ cartoons.
4 _____ a book.
5 _____ her clothes.
6 _____ orange juice.

5 Simple Present or Present Continuous

1 Complete the pairs of sentences using the verb once in the Simple Present and once in the Present Continuous.

work

1 She *works* in Columbia Hospital.
2 *She's working* hard because she has tests next week.

speak

3 Listen to Sonia! What language _____ she _____?
4 How many languages _____ she _____?

read

5 I _____ a very good book right now.
6 I _____ in bed every night.

think

7 What _____ you _____ of her latest book?
8 You look worried. What _____ you _____ about?

not eat

9 Vegetarians _____ meat.
10 I _____ dinner with my wife this evening.

2 Look at the pictures and answer the questions.

1 What does Phil do?
He's a pilot.

2 Does he fly passenger planes?
Yes, he does.

3 Is he flying now?
No, he isn't.

4 What's he doing?
He's going for a walk.

5 What does Jessie do?
_____.

6 Does she teach math?
Yes, _____.

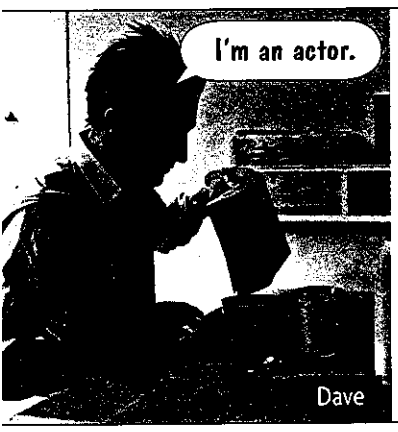
7 Is she teaching now?
No, _____.

8 What's she doing?
_____.

9 What does Suzie do?
_____.

10 Does she deliver letters?
Yes, _____.

11 Is she delivering letters now?
Yes, _____.



12 What does Dave do?
_____.

13 Does he act in movies?
Yes, _____.

14 Is he acting now?
No, _____.

15 What's he doing?
_____.

3 Choose the correct verb form.

1 "Would you like some tea?"
"No, thanks. *I don't like* / *I'm not liking* tea."

2 "Do you like Doug?"
"*I'm thinking* / *I think* he's a really nice guy."

3 "Why don't you come out tonight?"
"Sorry, *I'm working.* / *I work.*"

4 "¿Hablas Español?"
"Sorry, *I don't understand* / *I'm not understanding.*"

5 "Can I speak to Joanne?"
"I'm afraid *she takes* / *she's taking* a shower right now."

6 *be* or *do*?

Complete the sentences with *am/is/are* or *do/does/don't/doesn't*.

1 "Why is he always late?"
"Because he doesn't have a watch."

2 "Where _____ you going?"
"I _____ going to the bank."

3 "What time _____ she have lunch?"
"At 1:00, usually."

4 "I _____ looking for a pair of shoes."
"What size _____ you wear?"

5 "Why _____ John eat meat?"
"Because he _____ a vegetarian."

6 "Bonjour!"
"Sorry! I _____ speak French."

7 "What _____ you doing tonight?"
"We _____ going to the movies."

8 "Why _____ Kevin studying Chinese?"
"Because he _____ going to China on vacation."

Reading

7 Tweeting

Read the text about the social networking service, Twitter. Are the sentences true (T) or false (F)? Correct the false sentences.

1 [T] A Twitter message is called a tweet.

2 [F] You can write more than 140 characters in a Twitter message.

You can write a maximum of 140 characters.

3 [ ] It's a free service.

4 [ ] Researchers collected 100 million messages over a year.

5 [ ] Most tweets are in Japanese.

6 [ ] Some users post up to 3,000 tweets a day.

7 [ ] The most common sentence is "I'm smiling."

8 [ ] People who tweet are called tweeters.

9 [ ] One main reason to use Twitter is to talk about everyday events.

10 [ ] Politics is a popular subject for discussion.

Twitter is an Internet service for social networking and microblogging, where you can answer the question, "What are you doing?" with very short text messages to your friends, or "followers." These messages are called "tweets." Tweets have a maximum of 140 characters. It costs nothing to use and is popular worldwide with over 200 million users.

How do people use Twitter?

Researchers collected four million Twitter messages (tweets) over seven days. They looked at 200,000 tweets from all over the world. They discovered:

- 60% of the tweets were in English
- 9% were in Japanese, the second most popular language
- 5% of all tweets came from the top 100 users
- these 100 users posted 200–3,000 tweets a day!

What do people say when they tweet?

So what are people talking about on Twitter? Is it really just a lot of boring talk about "What I'm doing at the moment," or are people also talking about more important things? Is there any serious discussion?

First the research company counted the most common sentences, and they discovered that the most popular were "I'm working" and "I'm sleepy." A smiley face ☺ was also very popular. This suggested that most tweeters are tired but happy workaholics! The researchers also found that there is not one main reason why people use Twitter, but there are three main types of conversation.

1 Talking about everyday events: "I'm getting coffee," "I'm checking my emails," "We're having a barbecue," "I'm studying for a test tomorrow."

2 Topics that last a few minutes or a few hours. For example, people discussing a video that they saw on YouTube or a television program. This often happens during the program. People exchange views while they are watching.

3 Topics that are often more serious, and that people debate for a longer period of time – days, weeks sometimes months. For example, politics (especially at election time) or disasters (natural or man-made), or any major news story.

Listening

8 Why do people use Twitter?

1 Listen to four people talking about why they use Twitter. Write their job.

2 Match a reason for using Twitter to a person.

1 Because I'm a vegetarian, and I can talk to other people with the same interest.

2 Because I can discuss the news as it happens.

3 Sometimes I tweet people who are in the same line of business as me, and it's exciting.

4 It was great to meet other tweeters at the conference and put faces to names.

a ☐ Jason

b [1] Mary

c ☐ Ken

d ☐ Donna

3 Listen again. Answer the questions.

1 What does Jason tweet about while it is happening?
2 Why does he think Twitter is important?
3 Which idea of Paul McCartney's does Mary like?
4 Who is angry about the idea?
5 What did Ken advertise on Twitter?
6 Why was it good to talk on Twitter before the conference?
7 Does Donna tweet formally or informally on Twitter?
8 What is she learning about?

something/nothing

9 Somebody's waiting for you

Complete the sentences using each word once.

somebody **anybody**

1 There's *somebody* waiting for you at the reception.
2 Does _____ know what time the train leaves?

anywhere **nothing**

3 "What did you get for your birthday?" "_____."
4 All the hotels are full. I can't find a room _____.

nobody **everything**

5 All the lights are off. There's _____ at home.
6 Burglars came into my house last night. They took _____.

everybody **nowhere**

7 This is a great party! _____'s having a good time!
8 There aren't any seats. There's _____ to sit.

anything **everywhere**

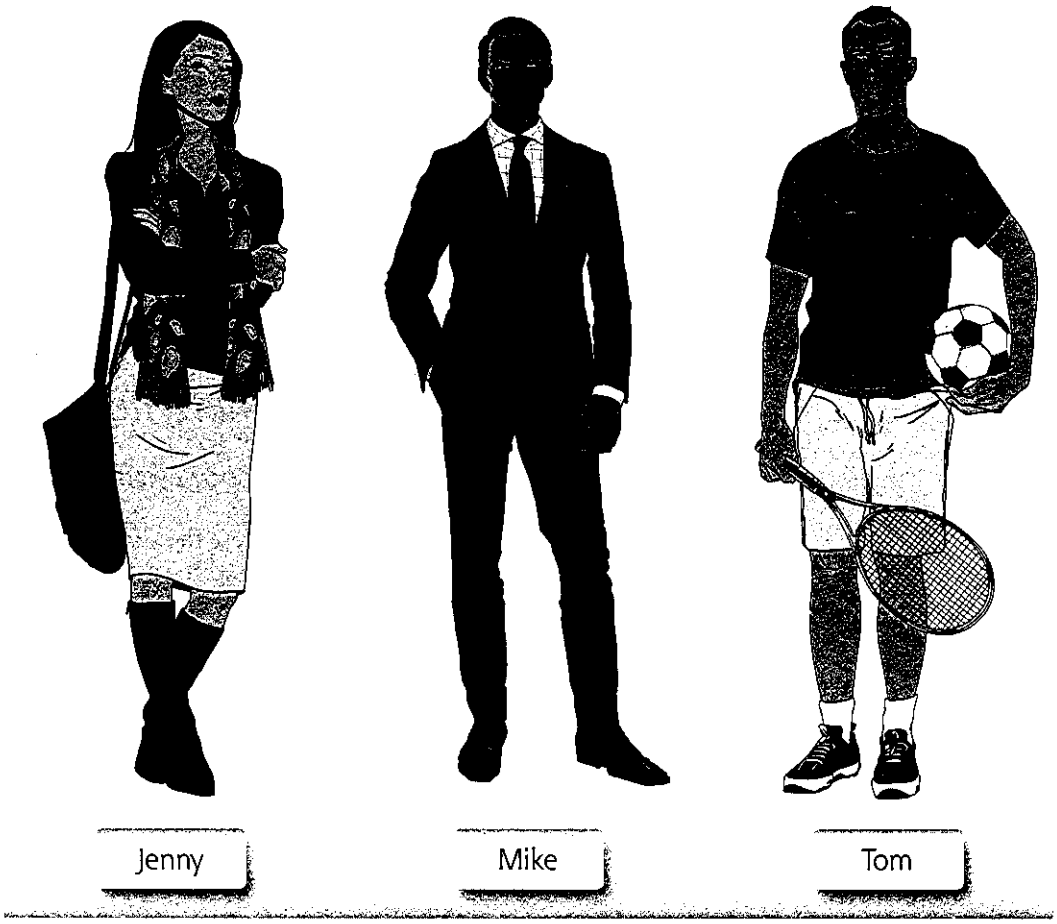
9 Shh! Be quiet! Don't say _____.
10 I looked _____, but I couldn't find my phone.

Vocabulary

10 Clothes

Write the name of the person who's wearing the item of clothing.

1 a suit **Mike**
2 sneakers _____
3 a skirt _____
4 a scarf _____
5 shorts _____
6 a shirt _____
7 a tie _____
8 boots _____
9 black shoes _____
10 white socks _____
11 a top _____
12 a T-shirt _____



Everyday English

11 Social expressions (2)

Match a sentence in **A** with its response in **B**.

A	B
1 Can I help you?	a ☐ Don't worry. It doesn't matter.
2 Dave and I are getting married!	b ☐ I'm just looking, thanks.
3 Can I speak to Jenny, please?	c ☐ Oh, that's too bad! Another time.
4 I forgot your birthday! Sorry!	d ☐ What does that mean?
5 I can't go out tonight. Sorry.	e ☐ Congratulations! That's great news!
6 The printer isn't working.	f ☐ Thanks! It was great seeing you!
7 Have a good trip!	g ☐ I'm afraid she's studying right now.
8 We're going out to a restaurant.	h ☐ It's because there isn't any paper in it.
9 It's "Dress-Down Friday" tomorrow.	i ☐ I hope you enjoy your meal!

Don't forget!

12 Verb forms

Complete the sentences with the correct verb form.

ski **~~skiing~~** **to ski**

1 I go skiing every year.

2 Unfortunately, my girlfriend can't _____.

3 She's learning _____ right now.

listen **listening** **to listen**

4 Shh! I want _____ to the news!

5 I don't _____ to music. I watch TV.

6 I love _____ to music in my car.

learn **learning** **to learn**

7 I like _____ English! It's fun.

8 It isn't easy _____ vocabulary.

9 I can _____ five new words a day.

go **going** **to go**

10 I'm _____ shopping. Do you want to come?

11 I'd love _____ with you.

12 Great! Let's _____ now!

13 *-ing* form as noun

Complete the sentences with the *-ing* form of a verb from the box.

ski	~~smoke~~	live (x 2)	say	run	learn

1 Smoking is bad for your health.

2 _____ a foreign language isn't easy.

3 My favorite winter sport is _____.

4 _____ can damage your knees.

5 I prefer _____ in the city to _____ in a small town.

6 I hate _____ goodbye.

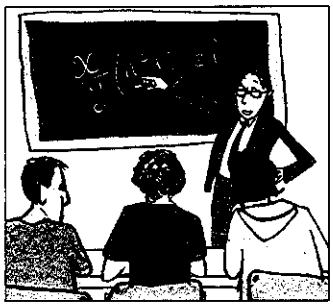
14 *have* + noun

What are they doing? Write a sentence using *have* + a noun from the box.

a drink	~~a meeting~~	a party	lunch
a sale	a picnic	a lesson	an argument

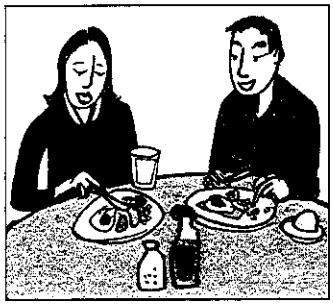
1 They're having a meeting.

2 _____



3 _____

4 _____



5 _____

6 _____

7 _____

8 _____

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11 Going far

going to – future intentions and predictions
• Infinitive of purpose • The weather • What should we do?

going to – future intentions

1 What are they going to be?

Write a sentence about the people's intentions using the words in the box.

politician	~~chef~~	accountant	journalist
nanny	athletes	explorers	in a band

1 Simon loves cooking.
He's going to be a chef.

2 Alice is very good with numbers.
_____

3 Sally is great with children.
_____

4 Janet and Mel can run really fast.
_____

5 Mike wants to change the world.
_____

6 Both my sons love maps and having adventures.
_____

7 Danielle loves writing.
_____

8 Matt is a good guitarist, and Sue has a good voice.
_____

2 Questions and negatives

1 Write questions using the prompts in parentheses.

1 I'm going to a wedding next week. (What / you / wear?)
What are you going to wear?

2 Some friends are coming to dinner. (What / you / cook?)
_____

3 We're going to the movies tonight. (What / you / see?)
_____

4 Joe and Val got engaged. (When / they / get married?)
_____

5 It's my birthday next week. (you / have / party?)
_____

6 They're going to Boston, but not by train. (they / fly?)
_____

2 Answer the questions in part 1 with a negative sentence and an affirmative sentence, using the prompt.

1 not a skirt / a dress
I'm not going to wear a skirt. I'm going to wear a dress.

2 not meat / fish
_____

3 not an action movie / a comedy
_____

4 not this year / next year
_____

5 not a party / go to a restaurant
_____

6 not fly / drive
_____

3 Going on vacation

1 Jane and Rick are going to Shanghai for a vacation. Look at the chart. Complete the questions and answers about their vacation plans.

1 "How *are they going to travel there* ?"
"They *'re going* by plane."

2 "Where _____?"
"They _____."

3 "How long _____?"
"They _____."

4 "What _____?"
"They _____,
and they _____."

2 Sofia is going to Cozumel next summer. Look at the chart. Complete the conversation.

A Where are you going on vacation next summer, Sofia?
B (1) I*'m going* to Cozumel. It's a beautiful island.
A How (2) _____ to travel there?
B I'm going by car and boat.
A Where (3) _____ to stay?
B I (4) _____ to stay at a resort.
A How long (5) _____ to stay?
B For a week.
A And what (6) _____ to do?
B I (7) _____ relax, and
I (8) _____ swim and read.

	Jane and Rick	**Sofia**
How/travel?	plane	car and boat
Where/stay?	Star Hotel	at a resort
How long/stay?	ten days	a week
What/do?	see the architecture, visit the Shanghai Museum	relax, swim and read

3 Complete the negative sentences.

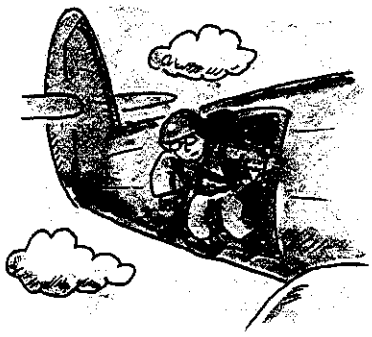
1 Jane and Rick *aren't going to* Russia. They're going to China.
2 They _____ travel by boat. They're going to fly.
3 They _____ with a family. They're going to stay in a hotel.
4 Sofia _____ to the Greek Islands. She's going to Cozumel.
5 She _____ to fly. She's going by car and boat.
6 She _____ visit the ruins. She's going to relax.

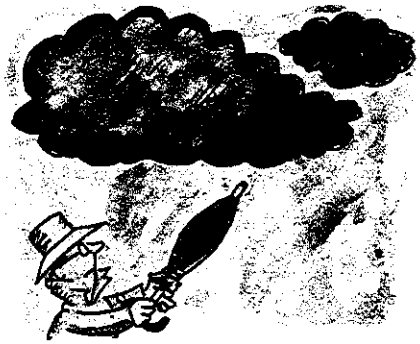
going to – predictions

4 What's going to happen?

1 Look at the pictures. Write a sentence about what's going to happen using a verb or phrase in the box.

rain	~~jump~~	play tennis	see a movie	lose the race	fall





1 *He's going to jump.* _____ 2 _____ 3 _____

4 _____ 5 _____ 6 _____

2 Complete the sentences with *going to* and a verb or phrase in the box.

~~be late~~	win	be a nice day	miss	be a difficult week	happen

1 "What time is it?"
"It's 8:00! Get out of bed! We'*re going to be late* !"

2 "What's the basketball score?"
"Spurs 98, Heat 89. And there's only another three minutes to play. Spurs _____."

3 "Why are you studying on a Sunday?"
"I have tests on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday. It _____."

4 "Did you see the weather forecast?"
"Yes. It _____. Let's go for a picnic."

5 "The traffic is really bad, and it's 20 miles to the airport."
"Oh, no! We _____ our flight!"

6 "Are you reading a book right now?"
"Yes. It's a thriller. It's great. I have no idea what _____ in the end."

Infinitive of purpose

5 Sue's busy day

1 Read about Sue's busy day. Complete the sentences about her day using an infinitive of purpose.

1 She got up early *to clean her apartment*.
2 She went to a clothing store _____.
3 She went to the bookstore _____.
4 She went to a café _____.
5 She called her mother _____.
6 She went online _____.
7 She went upstairs _____.

2 Complete the sentences with *to* and an action in the box.

open the door	~~watch the news~~	make an appointment
pay my bills	learn English	ask for a job

1 I turned on the TV *to watch the news*.
2 I called the dentist _____.
3 José came to the US _____.
4 I went to a store _____.
5 You need this key _____.
6 I need more money _____.

3 Correct the mistakes in these sentences.

1 I go to school for to learn English.
I go to school to learn English.

2 I need a dictionary for help me with words.
_____

3 I went to town for meeting my friends.
_____

4 I go jogging every day for to keep fit.
_____

5 I'm saving my money because buy a new car.
_____

Sue's busy day

Yesterday Sue was very busy getting ready to go on vacation. First she got up early and cleaned her apartment. Then she went to a clothing store and bought some T-shirts. Next she went to a bookstore because she wanted to get some books to read on the beach. At 3:00 she went to a café and met a friend for a coffee. After that she went home and called her mother and had a talk. Next she went online and confirmed her flight. Then she went upstairs and had an early night.

Reading

6 Rocking around the USA

1 Read the text about two friends who are planning a trip to the US. Answer the questions.

1 Where are the friends from?
2 What is their common interest?
3 Which cities are they going to visit?

2 Complete the sentences with the correct number.

1 Noburu and Roku started going to concerts when they were 16.
2 They are now _____ years old.
3 About _____ people attended the Jazz Fest week last year.
4 It's going to take the friends _____ minutes to walk to the festival.
5 Over _____ people visit Graceland every year.
6 You can watch Elvis movies _____ hours a day, if you want.
7 They're only going to stay _____ days in Nashville.
8 Rock 'n' roll got its name in Cleveland in _____.

3 Read the text again. Are the sentences true (T) or false (F)? Correct the false sentences.

1 [T] They went to school together.
2 [F] They became best friends at a concert when they were 16.
They became best friends at school when they discovered they were both crazy about American music.
3 [ ] They're going to travel from the north to the south of the US.
4 [ ] The friends are excited because there are a lot of jazz clubs near their hotel.
5 [ ] The New Orleans Jazz Fest takes place in the French Quarter.
6 [ ] Elvis Presley's house gets more visitors than the White House.
7 [ ] The friends are going to visit the White House.
8 [ ] Roku likes rock 'n' roll more than country music.
9 [ ] They're going to fly back home from New York.

Noburu Suzuki and Roku Ito come from Tokyo. They became best friends at school when they discovered they were both crazy about American music.

When they were 16 they started going to concerts all over Japan. It was their dream to one day visit the US – the home of the music they love.

The friends are now 22, and they're planning a trip to the US. They're going to travel from one home of jazz to another – from Louisiana in the south to New York in the north. They're beginning their trip in New Orleans, where it's Jazz Fest week. Last year about 400,000 people attended the festival. Noburu and Roku are going to stay in the French Quarter of the city. "It's so exciting," says Roku. "We're staying near Bourbon Street. It's famous for its jazz clubs and nightlife, and it's only a 30-minute-walk from the festival."

* * * * *

From New Orleans they're going to drive north to Memphis, Tennessee, the home of Elvis Presley.

They're going to visit Elvis's house, Graceland, which has over 600,000 visitors a year – only the White House gets more visitors. "I can't believe we're going to see Elvis's house," says Noburu. "We're staying in a hotel, and there's a 24-hour Elvis movie channel in every room! Isn't that fantastic!"

* * * * *

After Memphis they're driving further north to Nashville. There they're going to listen to live country music, but they're only staying there two days. "Roku doesn't like country and western music very much, so we're moving on to Cleveland, Ohio." says Noburu. "Did you know that Cleveland is where rock 'n' roll got its name? A DJ there named it on his radio show in 1951. Amazing!"

They are finishing their trip in New York because that is where so many musicians love playing. They are hoping to visit a lot of jazz clubs in Harlem and Greenwich Village. "We can't wait. It's the trip of a lifetime!"

Listening

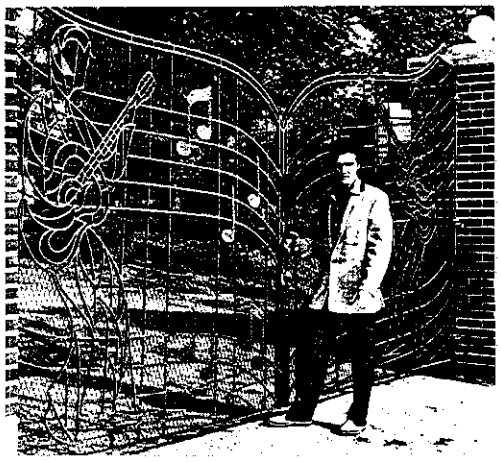
7 A visit to Graceland

1 Listen to Noburu talking to his American friend, Sally, about his visit to Elvis Presley's house, Graceland. Answer the questions.

1 Are Noburu and Roku going to stay in downtown Memphis?
2 What is the name of their hotel?
3 Where is Elvis's piano?
4 Can they go everywhere in the house?
5 Did Elvis have many cars?
6 Why does Sally say "How sad"?
7 What are they going to do in the evening?
8 Where are they going to eat?
9 What are they going to eat?

2 Listen again. Put the events in the tour of Graceland in the correct order (1–7).

- [ ] listen to the history of the building
- [1] have their photo taken
- [ ] see his cars and planes
- [ ] go to Elvis's basement
- [ ] see Elvis's gold records and clothes
- [ ] see his piano
- [ ] see his grave

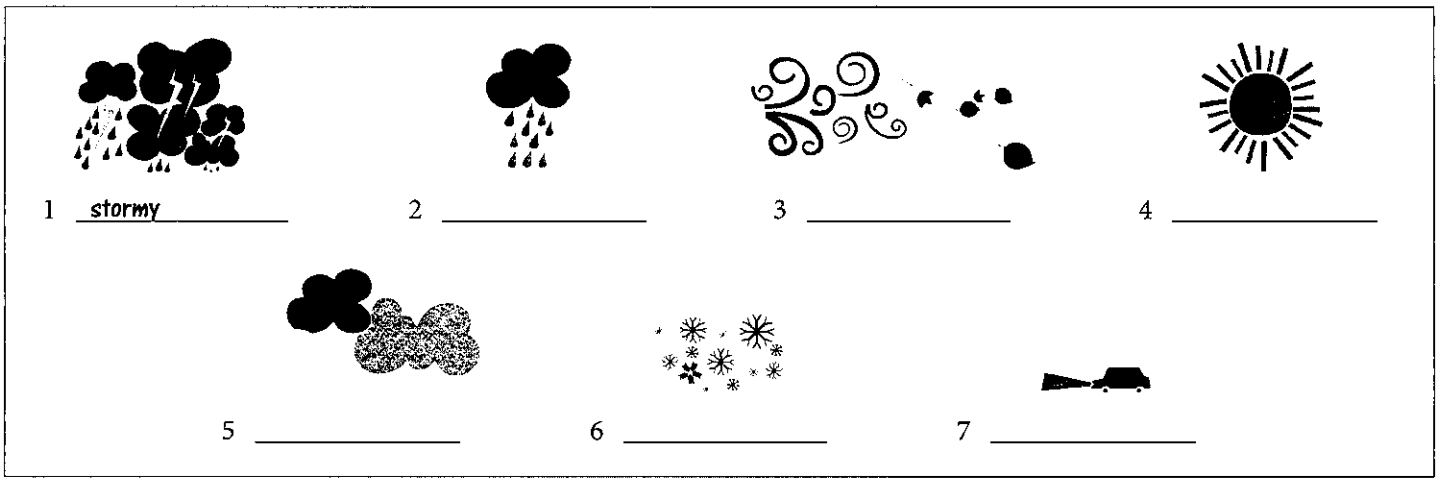


Vocabulary

8 The weather

1 Write an adjective from the box.

sunny	rainy	windy	snowy	cloudy	foggy	~~stormy~~

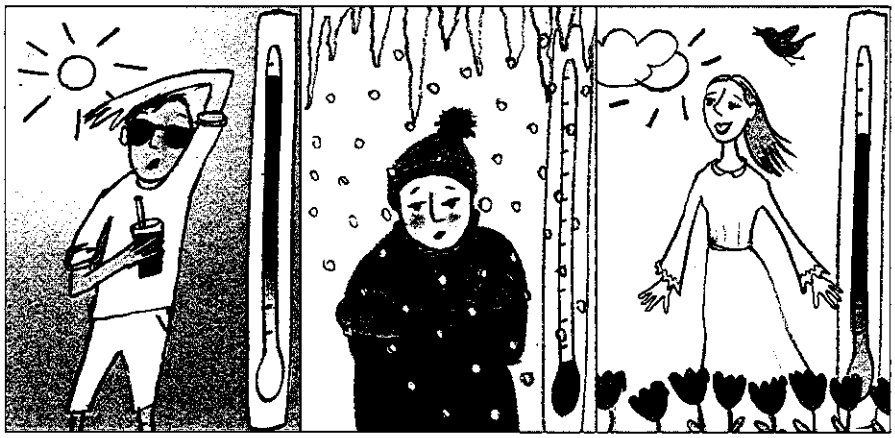


1 stormy _____ 2 _____ 3 _____ 4 _____

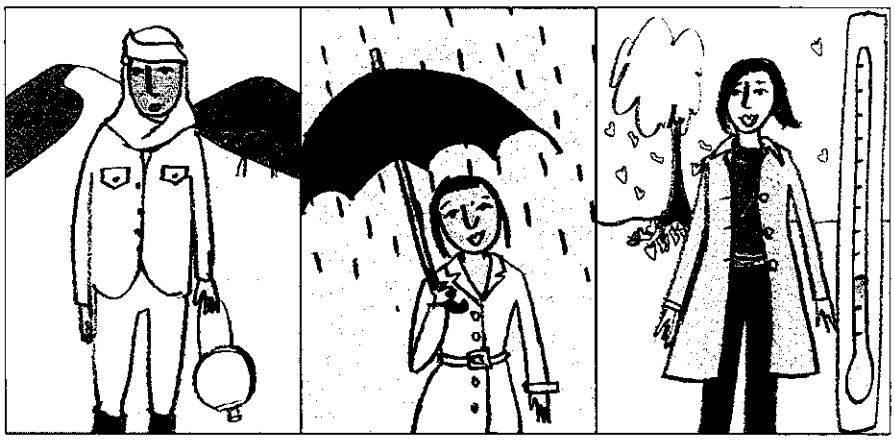
5 _____ 6 _____ 7 _____

2 Write an adjective from the box next to a picture.

~~hot~~	warm	cold	cool	wet	dry



1 hot _____ 2 _____ 3 _____



4 _____ 5 _____ 6 _____

3 Listen and complete the conversations.

1 **A** What's the weather like today?
B It's warm and sunny.

2 **A** What's the weather like where you are?
B It _____.

3 **A** What was the weather like yesterday?
B It _____.

4 **A** What's the weather forecast for tomorrow?
B It's going to be _____.

cold cloudy hot
wet cool warm foggy
dry windy rainy sunny
snowy stormy

Everyday English

9 What should we do?

1 Lara and Tim are on vacation. Listen and choose what they decide to do today.

- [✓] go into town
- [ ] go sightseeing
- [ ] go to the swimming pool
- [ ] have lunch in the old town
- [ ] go sailing
- [ ] go to the beach
- [ ] go shopping
- [ ] go swimming

2 Listen again. Complete Lara and Tim's sentences.

1 What *should we* do today?
2 Why _____ to the beach?
3 I _____ to go swimming.
4 _____ something different today!
5 Well, we _____ into town.
6 Why _____ a bus after breakfast?
7 I _____ at some stores.
8 And then in the afternoon _____ to the beach!
9 _____ and have some breakfast!

Don't forget!

10 *I/my/mine*

1 Complete the chart with the words in the box.

his (x2)	our	~~my~~	their	my	~~yours~~
hers	~~mine~~	your	her	theirs	ours

Subject	Possessive adjective	Possessive pronoun
I	my	mine
you		yours
he		
she		
we		
they		

2 Rewrite the sentences with a possessive pronoun.

1 It's my bike. *It's mine*.
2 That's your coffee. That's _____.
3 It's Tom's car. It's _____.
4 This is Anna's phone. It's _____.
5 It's our dog. It's _____.
6 It's Sue and Pete's house. It's _____.

11 Prepositions

Complete the sentences with a preposition from the box.

than	from	like	in	of (x 2)
at	for (x 2)	about	with	

1 I'm looking *for* Peter. Do you know where he is?
2 Brazil is much bigger _____ Mexico.
3 Our hotel is 150 feet _____ the ocean.
4 What's the longest river _____ the world?
5 What do we have _____ dinner? I'm starving!
6 Look _____ this photo _____ me on vacation!
7 I'm _____ my sister. We're both blond and pretty tall.
8 Thanks for your help. It was very kind _____ you.
9 I have a problem _____ my neighbors.
10 "I saw a great movie."
"What was it _____?"

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12 Never ever!

Present Perfect • *ever, never, yet,* and *just* • *get* and *take* • Transportation and travel

Present Perfect

1 Verb forms

Complete the charts with the Simple Past and Past Participle.

Base form	Simple Past	Past Participle
be	was/were	been
travel	_____	_____
have	had	had
live	_____	_____
see	_____	_____

Base form	Simple Past	Past Participle
make	_____	_____
meet	_____	_____
take	_____	_____
buy	_____	_____
do	_____	_____

2 Present Perfect and Simple Past

1 Read about Edgar Mirovic. Choose the correct form of the verb in *italics.*

2 Complete the questions and answers about Edgar Mirovic and his father.

1 "Has Edgar won many tournaments?"
"Yes, he has."

2 "When did he start playing tennis?"
"When _____ three years old."

3 "Did he come to the US ten years ago?"
"_____. He came two years ago."

4 "_____ traveled a lot?"
"Yes, they have."

5 "Have they been to Australia?"
"_____."

6 "When _____ to Australia?"
"Last month."

7 "Did Edgar win?"
"_____."

8 "_____ ever _____ at Wimbledon?"
"_____."

EDGAR MIROVIC TENNIS PLAYER

Edgar Mirovic is a tennis player. He is only 16 years old, but he (1) *already won / has already won* many tournaments in his life. He (2) *started / has started* playing tennis with his father when he was three years old. Two years ago he (3) *came / has come* to the US to a famous tennis school in California.

Edgar and his father (4) *traveled / have traveled* to many countries. Last month they (5) *went / have been* to a tournament in Australia. Edgar (6) *played / has played* well, but he (7) *didn't win / hasn't won.* He (8) *didn't play / hasn't played* at Wimbledon yet, but he hopes to play there next year.

3 Complete the story. Put the verb in parentheses into the Present Perfect or Simple Past.

Poor Doctor Greenbaum

Two men met and started talking. One of them was very unhappy.

"Life is terrible," he said. "Everything in the world is ugly and has no meaning."

"I don't agree," said the other man. "Life is wonderful! The world is beautiful! Think of Japan with all its art and culture! (1) **Have** you ever **been** (be) to Japan?"

"Yes," replied the sad man. "I (2) _____ (go) there last year. I (3) _____ (not like) it."

"What about the beauty of the world? (4) _____ you ever _____ (see) the Northern Lights and the midnight sun?"

"Yes," said the unhappy man. "I (5) _____ (go) to Norway with my wife, and we (6) _____ (see) the Northern Lights and the midnight sun. I (7) _____ (not enjoy) it. I'm not interested in tricks of light."

"But the natural world is so amazing!" said the optimist. "(8) _____ you ever _____ (see) lions in the wild in Africa?"

"Yes, I have," came the miserable reply. "I (9) _____ (go) on safari last year in East Africa and I (10) _____ (climb) Mount Kilimanjaro. The view wasn't worth the climb."

"Oh, wow," said the happy man. "I think you're very sick. You need to see the best psychiatrist in the world. His name is Doctor Greenbaum. He's the only man who can help you."

"I AM Doctor Greenbaum," replied the man sadly.

3 *ever* and *never*

1 Read the answers about Anna, from the UK. Then write the questions, using the prompts.

1 ever / go to Seoul?
Have you ever been to Seoul?
"Yes, I have. Many times."

2 ever / travel on the high-speed train?
Have you ever traveled on the high-speed train?
"No, I haven't."

3 ever / go to New York?
_____
"Of course! My husband is American!"

4 ever / meet the president?
_____
"No, of course I haven't!"

5 ever / see a play on Broadway?
_____
"Yes, I have. I love going to the theater."

6 ever / have a New York pizza?
_____
"No, I haven't. Is it good?"

7 ever / live in the US?
_____
"Yes. When I was a student, I lived in San Francisco for six months."

2 Complete the sentences using the Present Perfect.

1 **Anna's been** to Seoul.
2 **She's** never **traveled** on the high-speed train.
3 _____ to New York.
4 _____ never _____ the president.
5 _____ on Broadway.
6 _____ never _____ a New York pizza.
7 _____ in the US.

4 Time expressions

1 Complete the sentences using the Simple Past and the time expression in parentheses.

1 I've seen that movie. (yesterday)

I saw it yesterday.

2 I've met Julia Roberts. (two years ago)

I _____ her in a restaurant _____.

3 I've read Sherlock Holmes detective stories. (last year)

I _____ them _____.

4 I've lived in Mexico City. (when I was 16)

I _____ there _____.

5 I've had dinner. (at 7:30)

I _____ it _____.

6 I've bought a new pair of jeans. (last Monday)

I _____ them _____.

7 I've been to China. (in 2010)

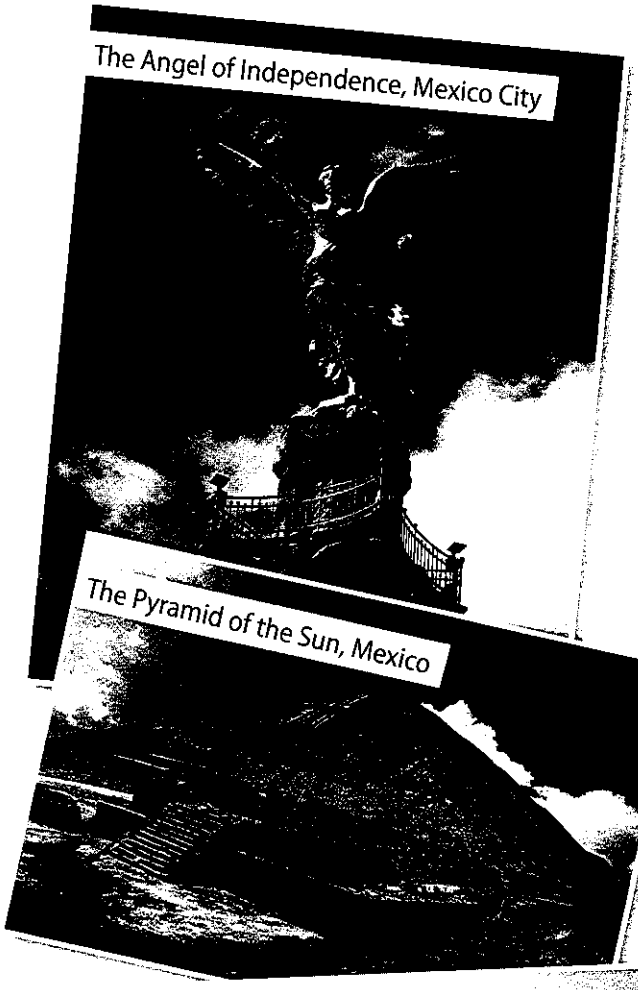
I _____ there _____.

8 I've done my homework. (before I got home)

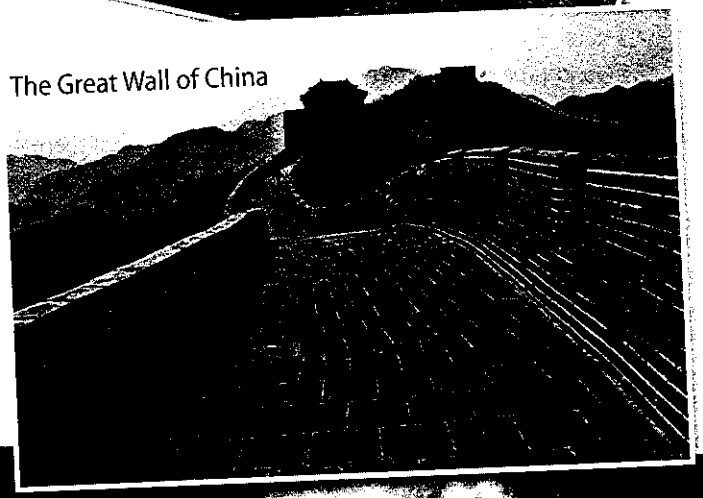
I _____ it _____.

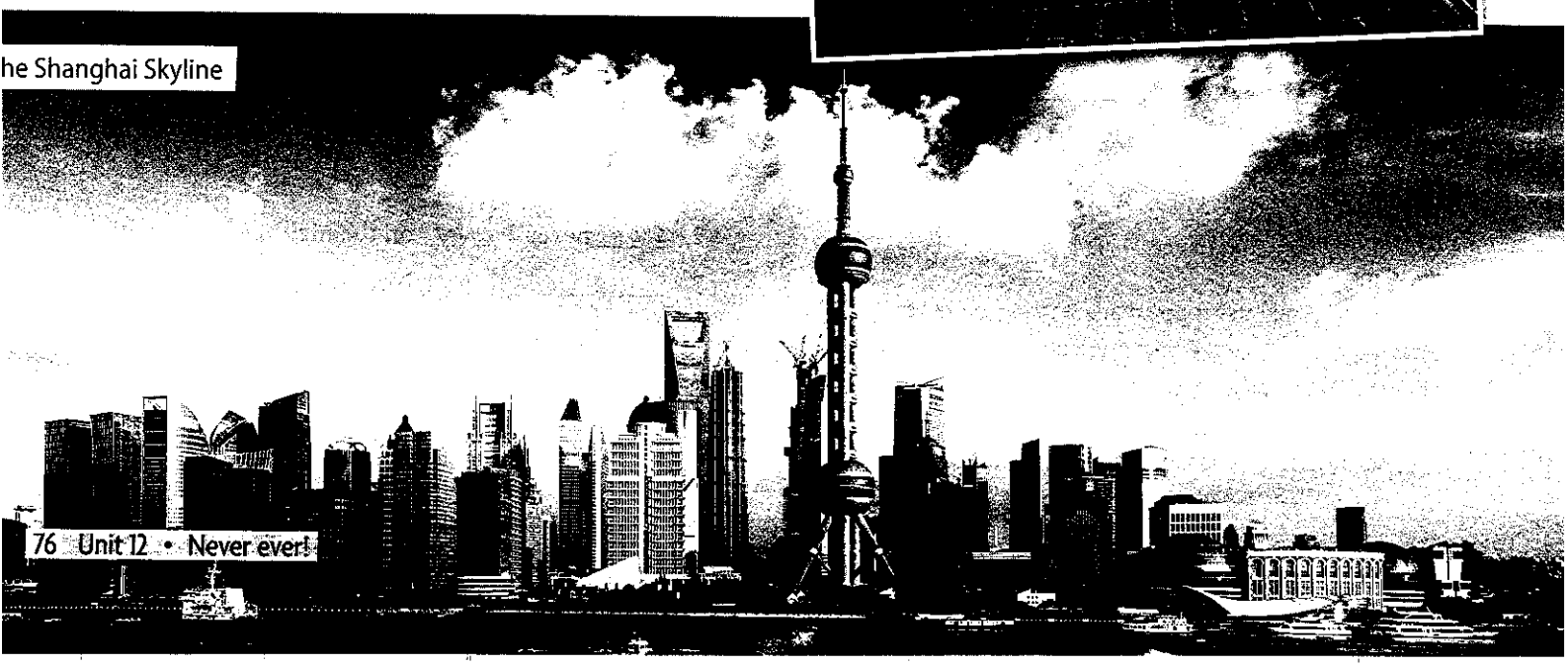
2 Look at part 1. Write the time expressions that we use with the Simple Past.

Time expressions with the Simple Past		
yesterday	_____	_____
two years ago	_____	_____
_____	_____	


The Angel of Independence, Mexico City

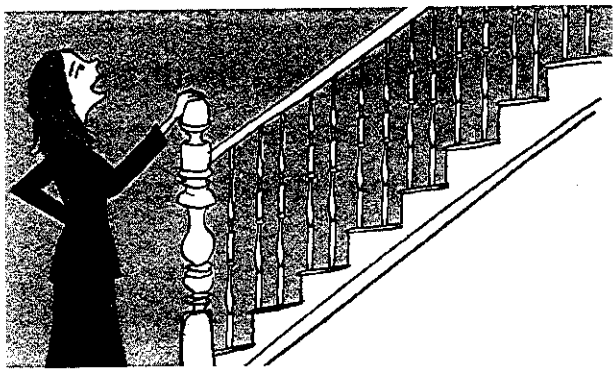
The Pyramid of the Sun, Mexico


The Great Wall of China


he Shanghai Skyline

5 *yet* + question

Frankie is always late in the morning. Write his mother's questions using the phrases.



1 **get out of bed**

Mom Frankie! Have you gotten out of bed yet ?
Frankie Yes, mom!

2 **get dressed**

Mom _____?
Frankie Uh … No, mom.

3 **brush your teeth**

Mom _____?
Frankie No, mom.

4 **make your bed**

Mom _____?
Frankie Yes, mom!

5 **have breakfast**

Mom _____?
Frankie Uh . . . No, mom.

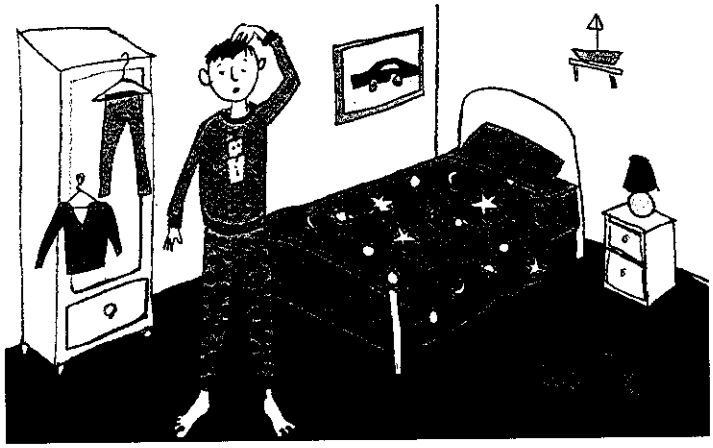
6 **take a shower**

Mom _____?
Frankie No, mom.

7 **pack your school bag**

Mom _____?
Frankie No, mom.
Mom Well, hurry up! You're going to be very late for school!

6 *yet* + negative



Complete the sentences about what Frankie hasn't done yet.

1 He hasn't gotten _____ dressed yet .
2 _____ teeth _____.
3 _____ breakfast _____.
4 _____ shower _____.
5 _____ school bag _____.

7 *just*

Match a sentence in **A** with its response in **B**.

A	B
1 Are Pat and Peter here yet?	a ☐ Thanks. I just got it done.
2 Why are you so tired?	b ☐ 1 Yes. They just arrived.
3 Have you finished that book yet?	c ☐ Sorry. I just gave $20 to Joe.
4 Can I speak to Zoe?	d ☐ Thanks, but I just bought a new one.
5 Do you want my old laptop?	e ☐ Because I only just finished work.
6 Am I too late for dinner?	f ☐ No. Come and sit down! We just started.
7 Can you lend me any money?	g ☐ No, I only just started reading it.
8 Your hair's very nice!	h ☐ I'm afraid she just went out.

Reading

8 Simon Murray – three lives in one!

1 Read about Simon Murray. Answer the questions.

1 How many careers has Simon had? What were they?
2 Why did he join the French Foreign Legion?
3 How old was he when he left the Foreign Legion?
4 Where did his business career begin?
5 Why is his wife famous?
6 What did Simon do at 63?
7 What does he say is his greatest achievement?
8 What are his children trying to do?

2 Complete the sentences. Put the verb in parentheses into the correct tense.

1 Simon and his wife lived (live) in Asia for 40 years.
2 They _____ (not live) in Asia now.
3 Simon _____ (have) many interesting jobs in his life.
4 In 1978 Simon _____ (write) a book about the Foreign Legion.
5 He _____ (begin) his business career in Hong Kong.
6 He and Jennifer _____ (be) married for 43 years.
7 Their children _____ (try) to stop them from having more adventures.
8 They _____ (not want) to stop.

SIMON MURRAY —

Author, businessman, adventurer – Simon Murray has been all of these in his life. Now in his seventies, he is looking for more adventures.

THE AUTHOR

Simon was born in 1940, in England. In the 1950s as a teenager, like many teenagers, he suffered a broken heart. Unlike most teenagers, he dropped out of school and went to join the French Foreign Legion – a special unit of the French Army that allows foreigners to join. He rose to the rank of Chief Corporal, before leaving in 1965 to go and live in Hong Kong.

In 1978 Murray published a memoir of his years in the French Foreign Legion, called *Legionnaire: An Englishman in the French Foreign Legion*. In 2002 the memoir was made into a movie called *Simon: An English Legionnaire*.

THE BUSINESSMAN

It was in Hong Kong that Simon began his career in business. He worked for or ran some of the world's most successful companies in Southeast Asia, including Jardine Matheson in the 1970s, Deutsche Bank in the 1990s, and the Vodafone Group PLC.

THE ADVENTURER

In 2004, when he was in his sixties, Simon looked for a new challenge. His wife, Jennifer, was the first woman to fly a helicopter solo around the world, and so her suggestion for a challenge came as no surprise. At the age of 63, Simon became the oldest man to walk to the South Pole.

Simon lived in Asia for 40 years. Now he and Jennifer live back in England. They have been married for 43 years. Simon says that his marriage has been his longest and greatest achievement. These days their three children are trying to stop their parents from having more adventures, but the couple simply say, "We're not listening!"

THREE LIVES IN ONE!

Listening

9 An interview with Simon Murray

Listen to Simon giving an interview about his life. Choose the correct answer.

1 The day always began at

(a) two o'clock.
b three o'clock.
c four o'clock.

2 When he was in the Legion he spent a lot of time

a riding camels.
b making phone calls.
c walking.

3 When he joined the Legion he was ___ years old.

a 16
b 18
c 19

4 When Simon was in the Legion there were ___ legionnaires.

a 5,000
b 8,000
c 25,000

5 Today the Legion has ___ nationalities.

a 52
b 156
c 500

6 Simon liked the movie of his book because it was

a an amazing success.
b about him.
c made in Hollywood.

7 Simon thinks that his life has been

a exciting.
b extraordinary.
c difficult.

8 The interview is mainly about

a his business interests.
b his time in the Legion.
c the South Pole.

Vocabulary

10 *get*

1 Complete the sentences with a word in the box.

married	~~better~~	wet	dressed	bored	ready

1 My mother was pretty sick, but she's getting better now.
2 I'm still in my pajamas. I haven't gotten _____ yet.
3 Sam and I are engaged. We're getting _____ next spring.
4 I hate listening to conversations about politics. I get _____.
5 On my way home yesterday, it rained and I got very _____.
6 "It's time to go!"
"I'm still getting _____. Give me five minutes!"

2 Complete the sentences with *get* in the correct form.

1 Last night I left work at 7:00 and got home at 8:00.
2 How long does it take to _____ to the airport?
3 My plane leaves at 11:00 and _____ to Paris at 2:30.
4 Have a great vacation! Give me a call when you _____ back.
5 How many presents did you _____ for your birthday?

3 What does *get* mean in these sentences?
Write *receive, buy, find, fetch,* or *catch.*

1 Where did you get those jeans?
get buy
2 What did you get for your birthday?
get _____
3 I have no money, but I can't get a job!
get _____
4 Kelly's sick! Quick! Get a doctor!
get _____
5 "Did you walk here?"
"No, I got the bus."
get _____

11 *take*

Complete the sentences with a word in the box.

easy	~~place~~	test	time	off	photo	break

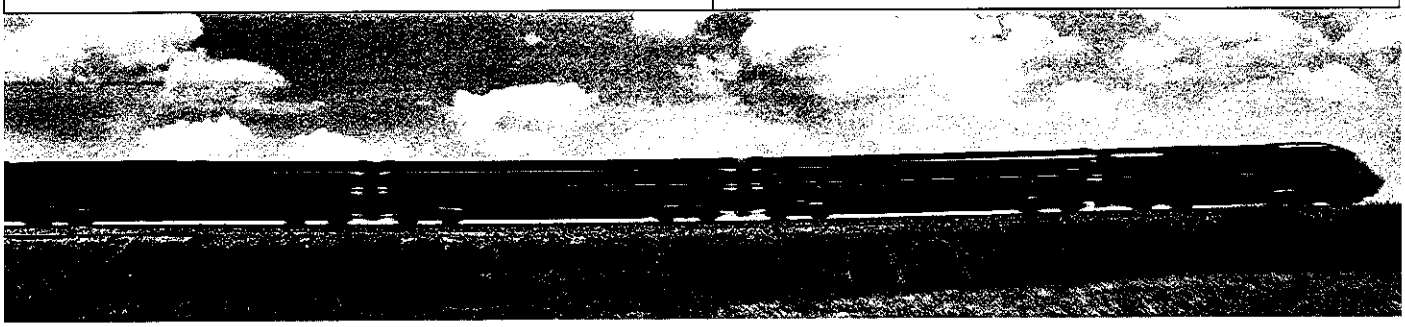
1 The wedding took place in an old church.
2 I feel tired and thirsty. Let's take a _____.
3 "It's very hot in here."
"Take _____ your sweater."
4 We took an English _____ yesterday. I got 60%.
5 I took this _____ of my kids on vacation last year. Aren't they cute?
6 It takes a long _____ to build a business – years and years.
7 When I'm on vacation, I like to relax and take it _____.

Everyday English

12 Transportation and travel

Match a sentence in **A** with its response in **B**.

A	B
1 Where does our plane leave from?	a ☐ That's us. We're in row 17.
2 Can you tell me when to get off for the National Gallery?	b [1] They said Gate 17. Come on!
3 How many bags are you checking in?	c ☐ Are you coming back today?
4 Passengers in rows 11–20 please board now.	d ☐ No, you need the 36.
5 Does the number 29 go to the History Museum?	e ☐ Track 7. You need to go through the tunnel.
6 A round-trip ticket to Osaka, please.	f ☐ Yes. You can use it to go anywhere.
7 Can I get a one day pass?	g ☐ Just this one.
8 Which track does it leave from?	h ☐ Yes. It's four stops from here.



Don't forget!

13 *The* or no article with places

Write *the* or — (nothing) before the places.

1 *the* United States
2 — Mexico
3 _____ South America
4 _____ United Kingdom
5 _____ Saudi Arabia
6 _____ European Union
7 _____ National Gallery
8 _____ Imperial Palace
9 _____ Mississippi River
10 _____ Asia
11 _____ Alps
12 _____ Mediterranean

14 Phrasal verbs

Complete the sentences with a phrasal verb from the box.

turn on	~~get up~~	try on	turn off
take off	take care of	look for	come on

1 What time do you *get up* in the morning?
2 Can you _____ the baby for a second?
3 Could you _____ the TV? I want to watch the news.
4 Your clothes are wet. _____ them _____!
5 It's time to go! _____!
6 I'd like to _____ this sweater, please.
7 I can't find my keys anywhere. Can you help me _____ them?
8 It's time for bed. Can you _____ the lights?

SPOTLIGHT ON TESTING Go to iChecker Online Self-Assessment for test preparation lessons.

Audio Scripts

UNIT 1

Exercise 8, part 2

1 A It's great to have my mom, Catherine, on the same street.
  B I'm sure it's great!
2 A Look at my beautiful little great-granddaughter!
  B Waaaaaaah!
3 A My wife and I have six children.
  B Wow!
4 A And all our six children live close to us.
  B Wonderful!
5 A When the Halls have a birthday they invite the neighbors, so we go to the party.
  B That sounds fun!
6 A Everyone on our street is very friendly. The Hall family is very nice.
  B That's really good.

UNIT 2

Exercise 7, part 3

A Tell me about Angela.
B Well, Angela Law is 36 years old, and she's married to Brian.
A Does she have any children?
B Oh, yes! She has a son, Toby.
A How old is he?
B He's uh ... 16, I think. Yes, he's 16.
A And what does he do?
B Well, he's a college student.
A Oh, OK. Does he have a job?
B Yeah. He has a part-time job. He works in a store. I think he earns about £30–35 a day.
A What about Angela? What does she do?
B Angela works as a chef in a French restaurant.
A Really? Wow!
B Yes, she earns a good salary.
A How much?
B She earns about £25,000 a year. The people she works with are really nice.
A And what does Angela do in her free time?
B I think she walks her dogs with her husband, Brian.
A What about Toby? What does he do?
B He's a teenager! He sleeps, goes to bed late, and listens to loud music.
A Of course. Silly question.

UNIT 3

Exercise 6, parts 2–4

Marisa

I like summer best. Summer here in Brazil is from December to February. It's very hot – sometimes 40 degrees. I like summer because my cousins from Portugal often come to stay, and we go to the beach a lot. They like sunbathing, but I don't. We all like water sports, and we go surfing and waterskiing. New Year's Day is a very special day for us. We call it "Ano Novo," and we always have a big party and barbecue on the beach. Then in February or March it's Carnival. That's a five-day party and no work. I love Carnival. It's a fantastic time.

Kalaya

I live in the north of Thailand. We have three seasons – a very hot season, a rainy season, and a season that is not so hot – it's cool. This is our winter. It's from November to February, and it's my favorite season because it's not too hot or too wet. It's pretty warm in the daytime, and it's cold at night. And in February we have lots of beautiful tropical flowers – all colors: red, orange, and pink. So every year we have a fantastic Flower Festival in February. My sisters and I go to the festival, and we sing and dance. I love it!

Noah

Our American neighbors always say, "You know when someone is from Canada because they think 40 degrees is just a little cold." We Canadians love our cold winters! The really cold months here are December to February, but it's often cold in spring and fall too. And spring, not winter, is my favorite season because it's the best time to go skiing and snowboarding. Sometimes my friends and I ski until the end of May and even June – isn't that amazing? Our summer is short but warm: June to late August or September. It's OK, but I prefer spring.

UNIT 4

Exercise 7, parts 1 and 2

Donna from Texas, US

I live with my son and my grandson. We live in a small town called Lockhart, near Austin in Texas. The house is very old and very big. We only live in part of it. There are six bedrooms, but we only use three of them. Most of the time we live in the kitchen – it's a big kitchen. We eat and watch TV in there. We don't use the living room very much – that's big too. My son, Billy, is a teacher. My grandson Tyler is only 9. He goes to school in town.

Kelly from Perth, Australia

I'm very excited because I have my own house for the first time. It's very new and modern. I have three bedrooms, a big living room and kitchen, and a small yard. I love it. I love cooking in my kitchen for my friends. It's in a part of Perth called Greenwood, not too far from downtown. I work in a bank right in downtown Perth, and I go to work by train. I live alone. Well, that's not quite true. I live with my cat, Ozzy. He's my best friend.

Nagendra and Anita from Delhi, India

We live in a small apartment with our daughters, Alisha, she's 13, and Shristi, she's 15. The apartment isn't in the center of Delhi. It's west of Delhi – 20 kms from my work and the children's school. It's old and simple. We have one bedroom, one living room, and a tiny kitchen. The television's in one corner of the living room, and the refrigerator is in the other corner. Our kitchen is too small for a refrigerator. We sit on the floor to watch TV and eat our evening meal. The girls sleep here too. My wife and I sleep in the bedroom.

UNIT 5

Exercise 6, parts 1 and 3

Kyle

I was born in Brooklyn, New York. Both my parents were born in New York, too. My dad was a taxi driver, and my mom cleaned houses. My first school was next to our house. That was good but, uh ... I think I was pretty smart. I could read and write when I was just five or six, but I wasn't good at sports. I couldn't play soccer like the other boys. I couldn't really kick a ball at all. I wasn't popular at school, so my childhood wasn't very happy. My next school was a really good one in downtown New York City, Stuyvesant High School, and after that Columbia University. Now I'm a journalist, and I love my work. My mom and dad still live on the same street. I often visit them, but when I see my old school I can still feel how unhappy I was there.

Olivia

I'm married. I have two children – a son and a daughter. I live in a town called Puebla, just south of Mexico City, but I wasn't born in Mexico. I was born in East Africa, in Tanzania. My mom and dad were teachers there at the time. My mom's English, but she was born in Tanzania because my grandfather worked there. My dad is American. He's from California, but after college he wanted to travel to Africa. My mom and dad were married there, and my brothers and I were born there. We were there until I was ten, and my brothers were eight and five. We were at the same school together. It wasn't in the town – it was in the bush – and it was a lot of fun. There were only two classes – one for the young children who were five and six, and the other was for six to eleven-year-old children. We couldn't play outside. It was too hot, and there were snakes. School finished at 1 o'clock every day, and our house was near the ocean, so we could all go swimming every afternoon. My childhood was very happy – all sunshine and swimming.

UNIT 6

Exercise 6, parts 1 and 2

J = Joe R = Robert

J Grandpa, did you ever go to a pop concert?
R Did I ever go to a pop concert? I went to *the* pop concert!
J What do you mean?
R I, Robert, your grandfather, was at the Beatles concert in August 1965 at Shea Stadium in New York City.
J So, that was a good one?
R That was the best concert ever!
J OK, OK, tell me about it.
R Well, it was kinda exciting and frightening too.
J Why frightening?
R There were so many fans there – over 55,000. And the noise! It was so noisy. Everyone was so excited. They screamed and shouted. There were over 2,000 police officers there. And when the Beatles finally appeared, the crowd went wild, uh … they went crazy. They climbed over each other to get closer. It was amazing.
J What songs did they play?
R Well, the problem was that the screaming was so loud you couldn't hear the music. We couldn't hear the songs very well at all. They only played for 30 minutes. I think they played 12 songs, but I only heard a little of "Can't buy me love" and "Help!" Oh, and "Twist and Shout."
J I know those songs.
R Of course you do. You still hear them today. All the time.
J So how much did you pay not to hear the Beatles?
R Five dollars and seventy-five cents. I had one of the best seats.
J Only five dollars and seventy-five cents! That's really cheap! Grandpa, you still have all your Beatles records, don't you?
R Yup! I bought every one. I can't throw them away, but, of course, now I have the CDs too. You know, I remember buying my very first. It was "I wanna hold your hand" … Oh, those were the days.

UNIT 7

Exercise 7, parts 1 and 2

1 Derek

My very favorite movie is *Jaws*. I saw it years ago, and I was so frightened I couldn't watch. I closed my eyes. I liked it because I like sharks, I really do, and I enjoy frightening movies. Also I loved the *Jaws* music – duh duh duh duh – I feel frightened hearing it now. I'm not sure who starred in the movie. I think it was Robert Shaw.

2 Mandy

I like a lot of movies, but I think *Pride and Prejudice* is one of my favorites. I loved the actor Keira Knightley in it. She was excellent. And I really loved the beautiful clothes they wore. You see, I know the book very well, and I loved it when I saw it on TV. I thought the movie would be terrible, but I liked it even more than on TV. It's just so romantic.

3 Frank

I love Westerns. I think it's because I played cowboys all the time when I was a boy. My favorite cowboy movie is *High Noon* with the fantastic Gary Cooper. I like it so much because it's a classic Western, and I really love the ending.

4 Nora

Oooh, *Gone with the Wind*. That's a great movie. It's long, but the story's so interesting all the way through. I love it because I love Clark Gable. Vivien Leigh is beautiful too, but Clark is amazing. I saw it for the tenth time last year.

5 Sam

We have all three original *Star Wars* movies on DVD. I like them all, but my favorite is *Star Wars VI: Return of the Jedi*. The best thing about it is the battles and the love story between Han Solo and Princess Leia. I don't know all the stars in it, but I know Carrie Fisher was Princess Leia. She was great.

6 Emily

My mom's favorite movie is *Breakfast at Tiffany's*. I didn't know it before, but I watched it with her on DVD last weekend, and now it's my favorite movie too. I think I like it because it's in New York. We had a vacation there last year, and I thought it was an amazing city. Also, I think Audrey Hepburn is so beautiful, and I love the ending in the rain – so romantic.

UNIT 8

Exercise 6, parts 1 and 2

S = Server M = Mike J = Jenny

Part One

S Good evening.
M Hello. Can we have a table for two, please?
S Did you make a reservation?
M No, we didn't.
S Well … yes, we have a table. Over here, please.
J Thank you very much.
M Jenny, would you like to sit there?
J Yes, that's fine.

Part Two

S What would you like to drink?
J I'd like a soda, please.
S And you?
M I'll have the same, please.
S So two sodas. Are you ready to order?
M Yes, I think so. Jenny, what would you like?
J What's the soup of the day?
S It's tomato soup.
J OK. Then can I have the vegetable tart, please?
S And your main course?
J I'd like the salmon, with a salad.
S Very good. And you, sir?
M I'd like the shrimp cocktail to start.
S And for your main course?
M I'd like the steak, please.
S How would you like it cooked? Rare, medium, or well-done?
M Medium. With some French fries, please.
S Certainly. And do you want tap or bottled water?
J Bottled, please, for me.
M And me too, please.

Part Three

S How was your meal?
J Very good, thank you. My salmon was delicious.
S Would you like to see the dessert menu?
M No, thanks. Could we have the check, please?
S Of course.
M Is service included?
S No, it isn't.

Part Four

M It was a great meal. Thank you very much.
S Thank you. Goodbye!
J Bye! See you again soon!

UNIT 9

Exercise 9, parts 1 and 2

I = Interviewer B = Ben

I Ben, you lived and worked in Dubai for five years. Tell me something about the place. Did you like it?
B Yes, I did. It was a very exciting place to work and very multicultural. There are people from all over the world who live and work together very happily. It's a great place in many ways.
I Why is it so great?
B Well, not many years ago it was just a small fishing village, and now, just a few years later, there are huge modern buildings everywhere. There are so many shopping malls, sports stadiums, offices, hotels … It's incredible.
I How did you find the people?
B Very friendly. Everyone was there to do business, and we were guests in the country, and they made us feel very welcome.
I So people there work very hard. What about entertainment? Was there a lot to do in your free time?
B There are a lot of things to do. All the water sports – swimming, windsurfing – and sports centers, where you can play tennis and squash. You can even go skiing there!
I Yes, I understand that there's a ski center with real snow!
B That's right! It can be 100° Fahrenheit outside, but you can ski on snow! There are a lot of things to do in the evening – dancing, listening to music …
I What about restaurants? I suppose there are a lot.
B There's every kind of restaurant you can imagine – from high end international ones in the big hotels to Indian, Chinese, Thai, traditional Arab … everything.
I Did you find the weather OK? I mean, it's really hot.
B Yeah, it's a lot hotter than Boston! In the summer months of June to August it's really hot, but for eight months a year the climate is perfect, and it doesn't really rain at all.
I You were there with your family. Did they enjoy it?
B Very much. My two children were born there. We had a much better standard of living than in Boston. Houses were cheaper and much bigger. My kids loved having a swimming pool!
I I'm sure they did! What did you miss while you were there?
B Well, three things really. The biggest thing we missed was family and seeing family and friends on weekends. Another thing was the seasons. In Boston we have four seasons – different seasons. Winter is different from spring, summer is different from fall – but in Dubai it's always hot or very hot. And the third thing is the walks in the country around Boston – the green fields and woods are so beautiful. Sand and desert just isn't the same as the country around Boston!

Exercise 11

Walk along Bridge Street, past the woods, and over the bridge. Turn left at the apartment building. Go past the gas station, and turn right. Go along the road, and turn left at the traffic lights. Go past the shopping mall and the parking lot, go up the hill, and it's on the right.

UNIT 10

Exercise 8, parts 1 and 3

1 Jason

I'm a journalist, and I like Twitter because it's the fastest way to spread news and information. It's immediate! I love hearing people responding so immediately to world events. We can discuss the news in real time, while it is happening, before it is on TV or in the newspapers. I think Twitter's important because often when a story begins there it becomes the most important news story of the day.

2 Mary

I'm a librarian, and I like Twitter because I can tweet about topics that interest me, and I can find other people with similar interests. For example, I'm a vegetarian, and I heard the Beatle, Paul McCartney, is a vegetarian like me. I heard him talking about his idea for "Meat-free Monday." He wants everybody to stop eating meat just on Mondays, which I think is a great idea. There were so many tweets about it. Most thought it was a good idea – more healthy for people and the planet – but then there were farmers who were really angry about it. Anyway, it was a really good discussion.

3 Ken

I'm a history teacher, and recently we had a conference for history teachers, and I advertised it on Twitter. I'm sure that's why so many teachers came. But before the conference I "met" and discussed things on Twitter with a lot of them. I knew their names but not what they looked like, "Oh, so you're Jane, uh, or Ted or John! Really nice to meet you finally!" It was great to meet other tweeters at the conference and put faces to names. We already knew each other's problems and could continue the discussion face to face. I think it helped a lot, and we still keep in touch by email, and also on Twitter, of course.

4 Donna

I'm a marketing director, and Twitter gives me the chance to talk to people from all over the world, both formally and informally. Sometimes I tweet people who are in the same line of business as me, and it's exciting because I'm learning about different countries and cultures. It's great! I'm making friends with strangers, and the conversations are both serious and not-so-serious. I like to think that one day I'll meet some of the people I talk to. Maybe some will become my friends.

UNIT 11

Exercise 7, parts 1 and 2

S = Sally N = Noburu

S So … you're going to visit Graceland! You're so lucky!
N Yes, I know. We're very excited.
S Where are you going to stay? In downtown Memphis?
N No, we're going to stay in a hotel near Graceland!
S Wow! Really?
N Yes, it's called Heartbreak Hotel.
S Of course! Like the song! And what happens on the Graceland tour? What do you do first?
N Well, first we're going to have our photo taken in front of the famous Music Gates, and then we go into the house.
S Uh-huh. Then what?
N A guide is going to tell us the history of the house while we're in the entrance hall, and then we're going to see Elvis's living room and his music room.
S And what's in the music room?
N There's a television and a piano. We're going to see the piano that Elvis played himself!
S Amazing! And can you go everywhere? Upstairs and downstairs? Are you going to see his bedroom?
N No. Upstairs is private, but we are going to see his basement after the music room, where there are three televisions! He liked to watch three TVs all at the same time.
S Really! That's strange!
N Next we go to a room where we're going to see all his gold records and a lot of the clothes he wore when he was performing. Then there's another museum, where we're going to see his collection of cars.
S Wow! How many did he have?
N Oh, a lot. He loved cars. And there are also two of his planes!
S His planes! This museum is enormous!
N Yes, it is. And finally, we're going to see his grave, where he's buried.
S Oh! How sad!
N Yes, it is. Then in the evening we're going to watch a video of one of his concerts, and we're going to eat in the Rockabilly's Diner and have his favorite meal, which was a cheeseburger and fries, and a peanut butter and banana sandwich.
S Well, that sounds like quite a day! You're going to have a good time.
N Yes, you're right. We really are going to enjoy it.

Exercise 9, parts 1 and 2

L = Lara T = Tim

L Tim, it's a beautiful sunny day again. What should we do today?
T Why don't we go to the beach again? I'd like to go swimming.
L But we went to the beach yesterday and the swimming pool the day before. Let's do something different today!
T What are you thinking of?
L Well, we could go into town. Why don't we catch a bus after breakfast? We can have a look at downtown, and I'd like to look at some stores.
T Oh, no! Not shopping!
L I just want to buy some postcards and some souvenirs, that's all. It won't take long. I promise.
T Well, OK. Then, after that, we can go to the old part of town and find a restaurant for lunch. What do you think?
L That sounds great!
T And then in the afternoon we can go to the beach! And I can go swimming!
L Perfect! Let's go and have some breakfast!

UNIT 12

Exercise 9

I = Interviewer S = Simon

I Simon, you've had a very successful life.
S Yes, I've been very lucky.
I Now, I know you were in the French Foreign Legion from 1960 to 1965. How did someone born in England end up joining the French Foreign Legion?
S Well, there was a girl I liked, and she liked me, but not enough, and I was really upset. Then I read about the French Foreign Legion, and a week later I signed up for it.
I Clearly, you are someone who likes a challenge. What was your day-to-day life like as a legionnaire?
S I think we have this romantic idea that it's all riding camels across the desert, but it was nothing like that. The training was very difficult. I was the only Englishman. There were no telephones. I didn't make a phone call for over four years. The day always began at 2 o'clock in the morning, and often we began the day marching for about 15 miles, sometimes 25 miles. Every night you slept somewhere different. Sometimes we were walking six days in the mountains.
I You were very young at the time, weren't you?
S Yes, I was only 19 years old, but it's amazing what you can do when you have no choice.
I Did you make any friends?
S Not really. There were so many of us. In my day there were 25,000 legionnaires with 52 nationalities. Today the Legion is 8,000 with 156 nationalities. They have 197,000 applications every year. They interview 5,000, and they take only 500. It's pretty difficult to join.
I You wrote a book about your time in the legion, which was made into a movie called *Simon: An English Legionnaire*. Did the movie get it right? How close was it to how you remember it?
S I think the book got it right. I think the movie was a little "Hollywood" at the end. But it's OK … I liked it because it's about me!
I Since leaving the Legion you've had amazing success as a businessman. You've worked for some of the world's most successful companies, such as Deutsche Bank in its Asia Pacific Division, and now you are a director of Vodafone PLC. And you've walked to the South Pole. These are extraordinary achievements.
S Are they extraordinary? I think my life's been different but not extraordinary. I don't think everybody does things my way, but I've enjoyed it. It's been very exciting.

Irregular Verbs

Base form	Simple Past	Past participle	Base form	Simple Past	Past participle
be	was/were	been	hold	held	held
become	became	become	hurt	hurt	hurt
begin	began	begun	know	knew	known
bite	bit	bitten	leave	left	left
break	broke	broken	lie	lay	lain
bring	brought	brought	lose	lost	lost
buy	bought	bought	make	made	made
can	could	been able	meet	met	met
catch	caught	caught	pay	paid	paid
choose	chose	chosen	put	put	put
come	came	come	read /rid/	read /rɛd/	read /rɛd/
cost	cost	cost	ride	rode	ridden
cut	cut	cut	ring	rang	rung
do	did	done	run	ran	run
drink	drank	drunk	say	said	said
drive	drove	driven	see	saw	seen
eat	ate	eaten	sell	sold	sold
fall	fell	fallen	send	sent	sent
feed	fed	fed	sing	sang	sung
feel	felt	felt	sit	sat	sat
fight	fought	fought	sleep	slept	slept
find	found	found	speak	spoke	spoken
fly	flew	flown	spend	spent	spent
forget	forgot	forgotten	swim	swam	swum
forgive	forgave	forgiven	take	took	taken
get	got	gotten	teach	taught	taught
give	gave	given	tell	told	told
go	went	been/gone	think	thought	thought
grow	grew	grown	understand	understood	understood
have	had	had	wear	wore	worn
hear	heard	heard	win	won	won
hide	hid	hidden	write	wrote	written
hit	hit	hit			

Phonetic Symbols

Consonants											
1	/p/	as in	**pen** /pen/	9	/s/	as in	**son** /sʌn/	17	/w/	as in	**want** /wɒnt/
2	/b/	as in	**big** /bɪg/	10	/z/	as in	**zoo** /zu/	18	/θ/	as in	**thanks** /θæŋks/
3	/t/	as in	**tea** /ti/	11	/l/	as in	**live** /lɪv/	19	/ð/	as in	**the** /ðə/
4	/d/	as in	**do** /du/	12	/m/	as in	**my** /maɪ/	20	/ʃ/	as in	**she** /ʃi/
5	/k/	as in	**cat** /kæt/	13	/n/	as in	**nine** /naɪn/	21	/ʒ/	as in	**television** /ˈtɛləvɪʒn/
6	/g/	as in	**go** /goʊ/	14	/h/	as in	**happy** /ˈhæpi/	22	/tʃ/	as in	**child** /tʃaɪld/
7	/f/	as in	**five** /faɪv/	15	/r/	as in	**red** /rɛd/	23	/dʒ/	as in	**Japan** /dʒəˈpæn/
8	/v/	as in	**very** /ˈvɛri/	16	/y/	as in	**yes** /yɛs/	24	/ŋ/	as in	**English** /ˈɪŋglɪʃ/

Vowels											
25	/i/	as in	**see** /si/	32	/u/	as in	**you** /yu/	39	/oʊ/	as in	**go** /goʊ/
26	/ɪ/	as in	**his** /hɪz/	33	/ʌ/	as in	**sun** /sʌn/	40	/ər/	as in	**bird** /bərd/
27	/ɛ/	as in	**ten** /tɛn/	34	/ə/	as in	**about** /əˈbaʊt/	41	/ɪr/	as in	**near** /nɪr/
28	/æ/	as in	**stamp** /stæmp/	35	/eɪ/	as in	**name** /neɪm/	42	/ɛr/	as in	**hair** /hɛr/
29	/ɑ/	as in	**father** /ˈfɑðə/	36	/aɪ/	as in	**my** /maɪ/	43	/ɑr/	as in	**car** /kɑr/
30	/ɔ/	as in	**saw** /sɔ/	37	/ɔɪ/	as in	**boy** /bɔɪ/	44	/ɔr/	as in	**more** /mɔr/
31	/ʊ/	as in	**book** /bʊk/	38	/aʊ/	as in	**how** /haʊ/	45	/ʊr/	as in	**tour** /tʊr/

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