

Linear and Bilinear Functions

LA3♦1. Find the number of all

- (a) linear maps $f: \mathbb{F}_q^n \rightarrow \mathbb{F}_q^k$.
- (b) linear injective maps $f: \mathbb{F}_q^n \rightarrow \mathbb{F}_q^k$.
- (c) linear functions $f: \mathbb{F}_q^n \rightarrow \mathbb{F}_q$.

LA3♦2. Suppose that a linear map $A: V \rightarrow W$ in the bases (v_1, v_2, v_3) of V and (w_1, w_2) of W has the matrix

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 & 5 \end{pmatrix}.$$

Find the matrix of A in bases $(v_1, v_1 + v_2, v_1 + v_2 + v_3)$ and $(w_1, w_1 + w_2)$.

LA3♦3. Suppose $A, B: V \rightarrow W$ are linear maps and $\dim(\text{Im } A) \leq \dim(\text{Im } B)$. Prove that there exist such linear operators $C: V \rightarrow V$ and $D: W \rightarrow W$ that $A = DBC$ and C (or D) is non-degenerate.

LA3♦4. Suppose f is a nonzero linear function on some vector space V and $U = \ker f$. Prove that $V = U \oplus \langle a \rangle$ for any $a \notin U$.

LA3♦5. Which of the following functions are bilinear and which are symmetric?

- (a) $f(X, Y) = X^T Y$
- (b) $f(A, B) = \text{tr}(AB)$
- (c) $f(A, B) = \text{tr}(AB - BA)$
- (d) $f(A, B) = \text{tr}(A + B)$
- (e) $f(A, B) = \det(AB)$
- (f) $f(A, B) = (AB)_{ij}$