Determining the parameters of healthy ageing using automated neuron-level analysis of the laminar structure of the human brain

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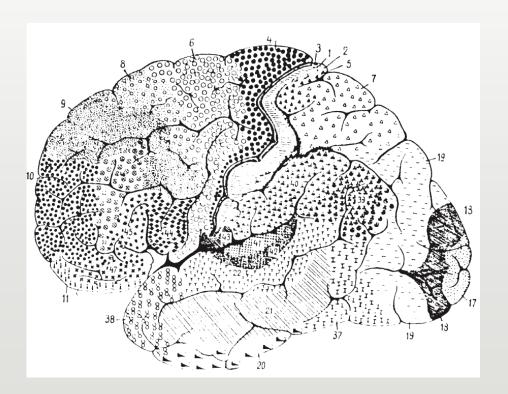






Ageing of the brain

- Characterized by the loss of neuronal elements
- Function defined by structure
- Normal changes or an indication of a disease?
- Subtle histological, cellular and molecular changes
- Dementia: loss of neurons, loss of function
- Many mechanisms not understood
- Can only be detected by quantification



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Andrija Štajduhar

De Strooper, Bart, and Eric Karran. "The cellular phase of Alzheimer's disease." Cell 164.4 (2016): 603-615.











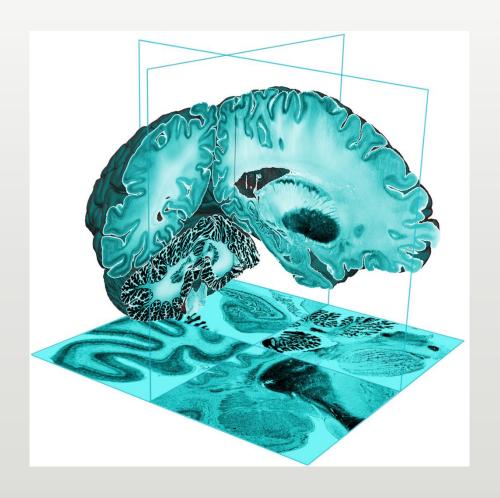




Quantitative characterization

- Precise measurements difficult to make - still in manual domain
- Stereology
 - Subjective
 - Limited capacity
 - ► ~20% error in estimation
- Need for automation and objective characterization of ageing processes
- Ultra-high resolution imaging
- Framework for fast an objective analysis of histological images of human brain

Amunts, K., Lepage, C., Borgeat, L., Mohlberg, H., Dickscheid, T., Rousseau, M. É., ... & Shah, N. J. (2013). BigBrain: an ultrahighresolution 3D human brain model. *Science*, *340*(6139), 1472-1475.



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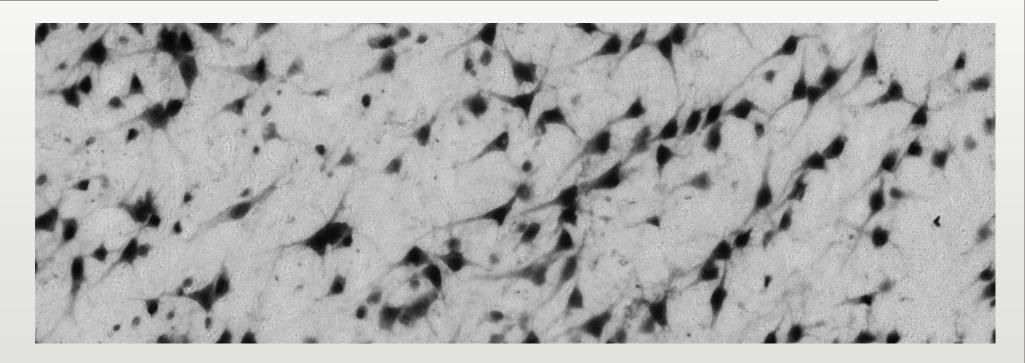








Neuron detection



- NeuN nuclei antibody, higher dye uptake in cell nucleus
- Local minimum of image intensity nucleus
- Remove noise, keep local minima

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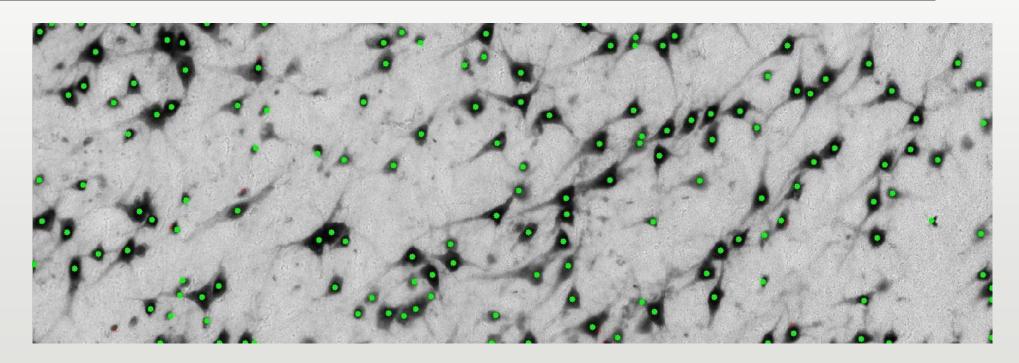








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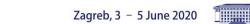












PDE-based image processing

- ► Partial differential equations (PDEs) introduced a new approach in digital image processing with strong theoretical background and development of new filters
- ► Initial (Cauchy) problem on image doimain

$$\begin{cases} u_t = \Delta u & \Omega \times \langle 0, \infty \rangle \\ u = Im & \Omega \times \{t = 0\} \end{cases}$$

Perona-Malik model

$$\begin{cases} u_t = \operatorname{div} (f(|\nabla u|^2) |\nabla u) & \Omega \times \langle 0, \infty \rangle \\ u = Im & \Omega \times \{t = 0\} \end{cases}$$

$$f(|\nabla u|^2) = e^{-\frac{|\nabla u|^2}{\kappa}}$$

Perona, P., Malik, J., "Scale-space and edge detection using anisotropic diffusion", IEEE Transactions on pattern analysis and machine intelligence, Vol. 12, No. 7, 1990, str. 629–639.

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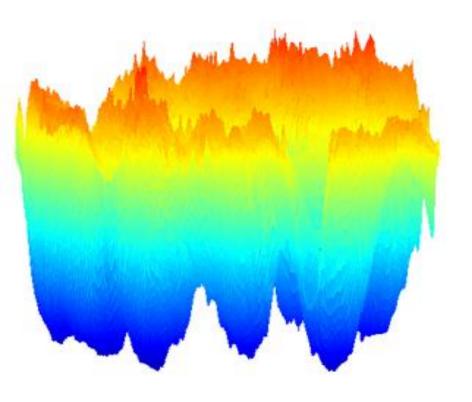


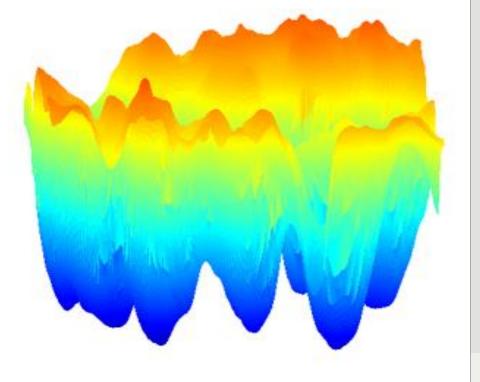


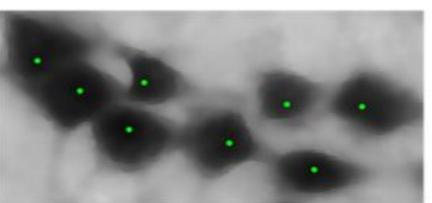


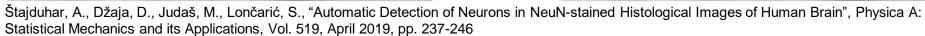






















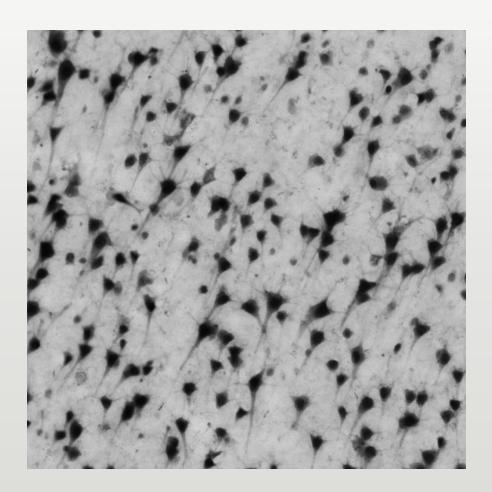


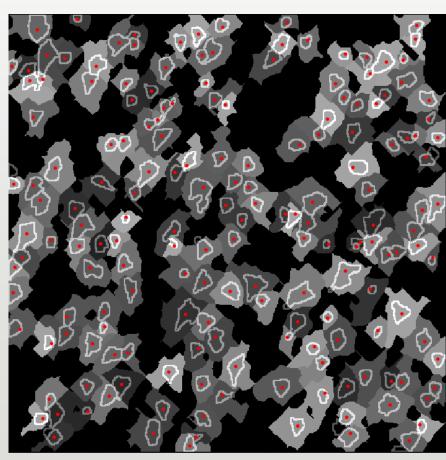


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3D localization and segmentation





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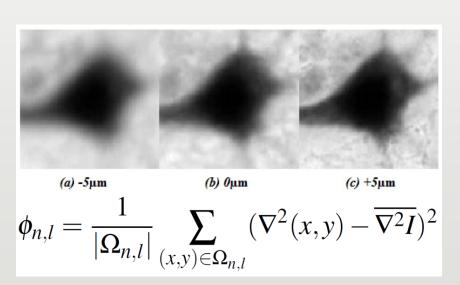


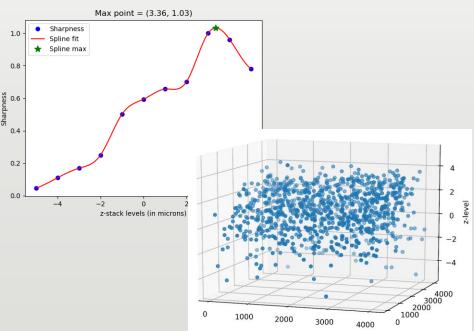




3D localization and segmentation

- Scanning in multiple focal planes, measuring variation of Laplacian
- Spline interpolation for more realistic 3D visualization





Štajduhar, A., Lepage, C., Judaš, M., Lončarić, S., Evans, A. C., "3D Localization of Neurons in Bright-Field Histological Images", ELMAR, September 2018., Zadar, Croatia

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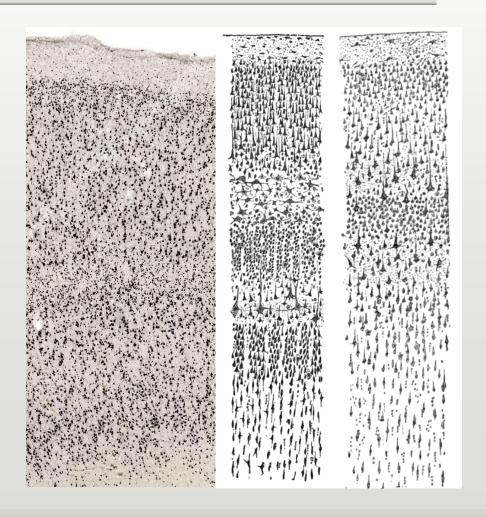






Analysis of laminar structure of the cortex

- Analyze neuron distribution across layers of the cortex
- Include neighborhood
- Develop new neuron descriptors
- Automatically segment cortical layers
- Learn from manual segmentations



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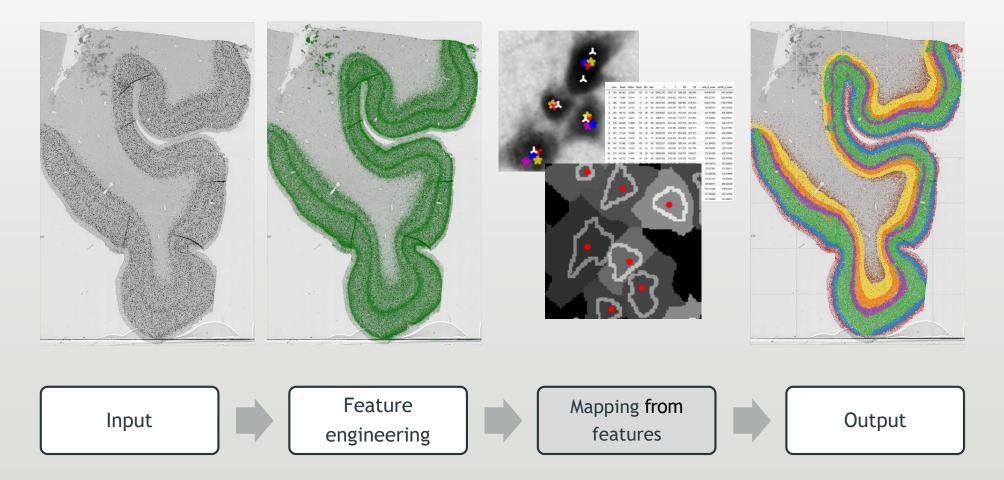








Neuron-level layer segmentation



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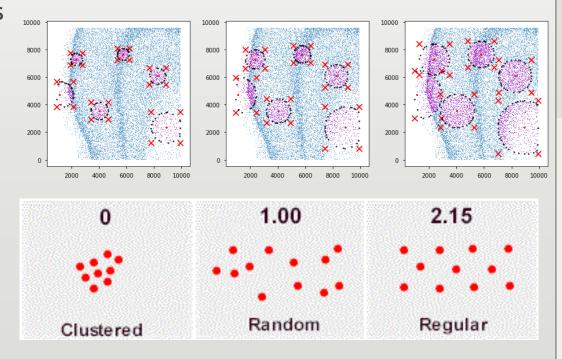




Feature engineering

- Hundreds of features developed for each neuron
- Area, gray value statistics, circularity, perimeter, roundness, solidity, ...
- Measures of neighboring neurons
- Convex hull of neighborhoods
- Nearest neighbor index

$$NNI_{i} = \frac{\frac{1}{n}\sum_{j=1}^{n}d(i,j)}{0.5\sqrt{HullArea(i)/n}}$$



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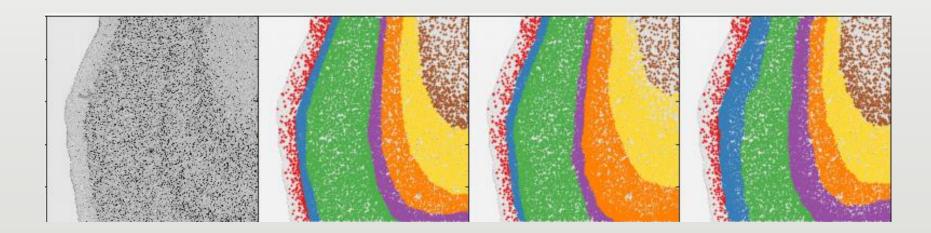






Relating neuron features with cortical layers

- No single feature provides clear segmentation of layers
- Goal: learn mapping from manual segmentations!
- Strong interrater variability underlines the necessity for objective analysis





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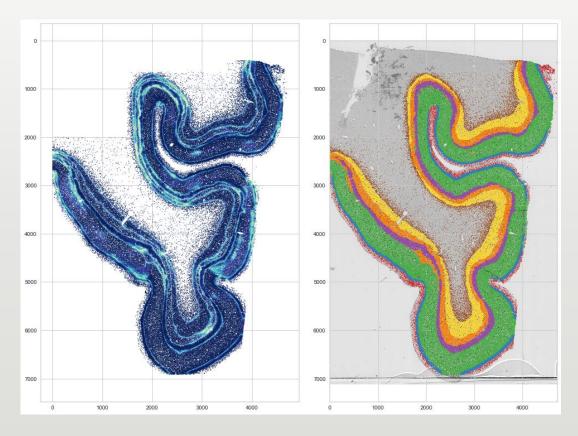






Machine learning models

- Ensembles of tree classifiers
 - ▶ No data preprocessing
 - Good performance without large dataset
 - Small computational cost
 - Simple to understand and interpret
 - Statistical, computational, representational reasons
- **CATBoost Classfier**



Štajduhar, A., Lipić, T., Sedmak, G., Lončarić, S., & Judaš, M. (2019). Computational analysis of laminar structure of the human cortex based on local neuron features. arXiv preprint arXiv:1905.01173.















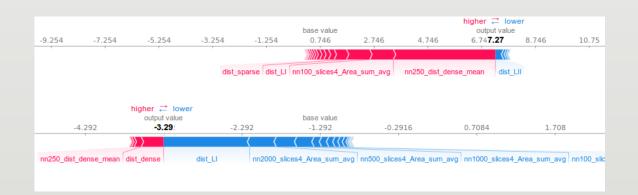


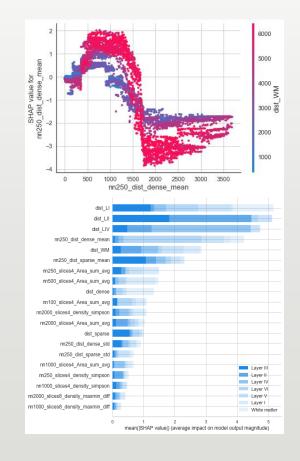
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Analysis of feature attribution

- SHAP analysis
 - Model-agnostic
 - Accurate and interpretable
 - ► Feature interaction effects
 - ► Model- and instance-level analysis





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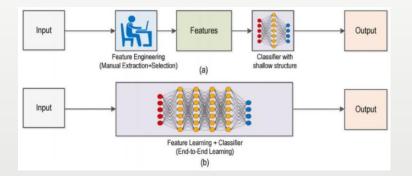


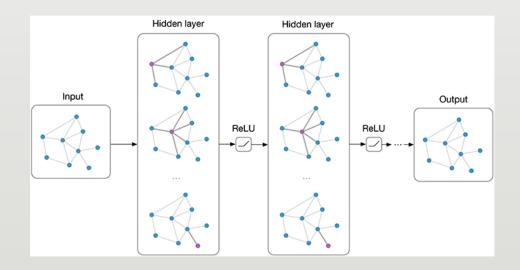




Future work

- ► End-to-end learning
- Graph convolutional neural networks





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Summary

- Framework for automatic detection of neurons yields precise neuron locations and segmentations
- ► First bottom-up methodology based on tissue features provides capacity for automatic segmentation of cortical layers and interpretation of cortical tissue features
- Introduction of computational methods to the field of histology sets path to biasfree, objective and explainable quantitative investigations
- This research helps shed light on following questions:
 - ► How are neurons rearranging with age?
 - ▶ Which changes are specific for normal ageing?
 - ▶ How does loss of neuronal elements affect neuronal populations in different brain areas?
 - ▶ Which changes in cytoarchitecture occur in different aging-related neurodegenerative diseases

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Thank you

Thank you for your attention.

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presentation slides github.com/astajd/BFHA

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