

Welcome to the Tidyverse



HELLO
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O'REILLY®



Hands-On Programming with R

WRITE YOUR OWN FUNCTIONS AND SIMULATIONS

Garrett Grolemund
Foreword by Hadley Wickham

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R for Data Science

VISUALIZE, MODEL, TRANSFORM, TIDY, AND IMPORT DATA

Hadley Wickham &
Garrett Grolemund

The R Series

R Markdown

The Definitive Guide



Yihui Xie
J. J. Allaire
Garrett Grolemund

CRC Press
Taylor & Francis Group
A CHAPMAN & HALL BOOK

Pop Quiz

What does **IMRAD** stand for? Poll your neighbors.

Introduction

What hypothesis was tested and why?

Methods

How was the study done?

Results

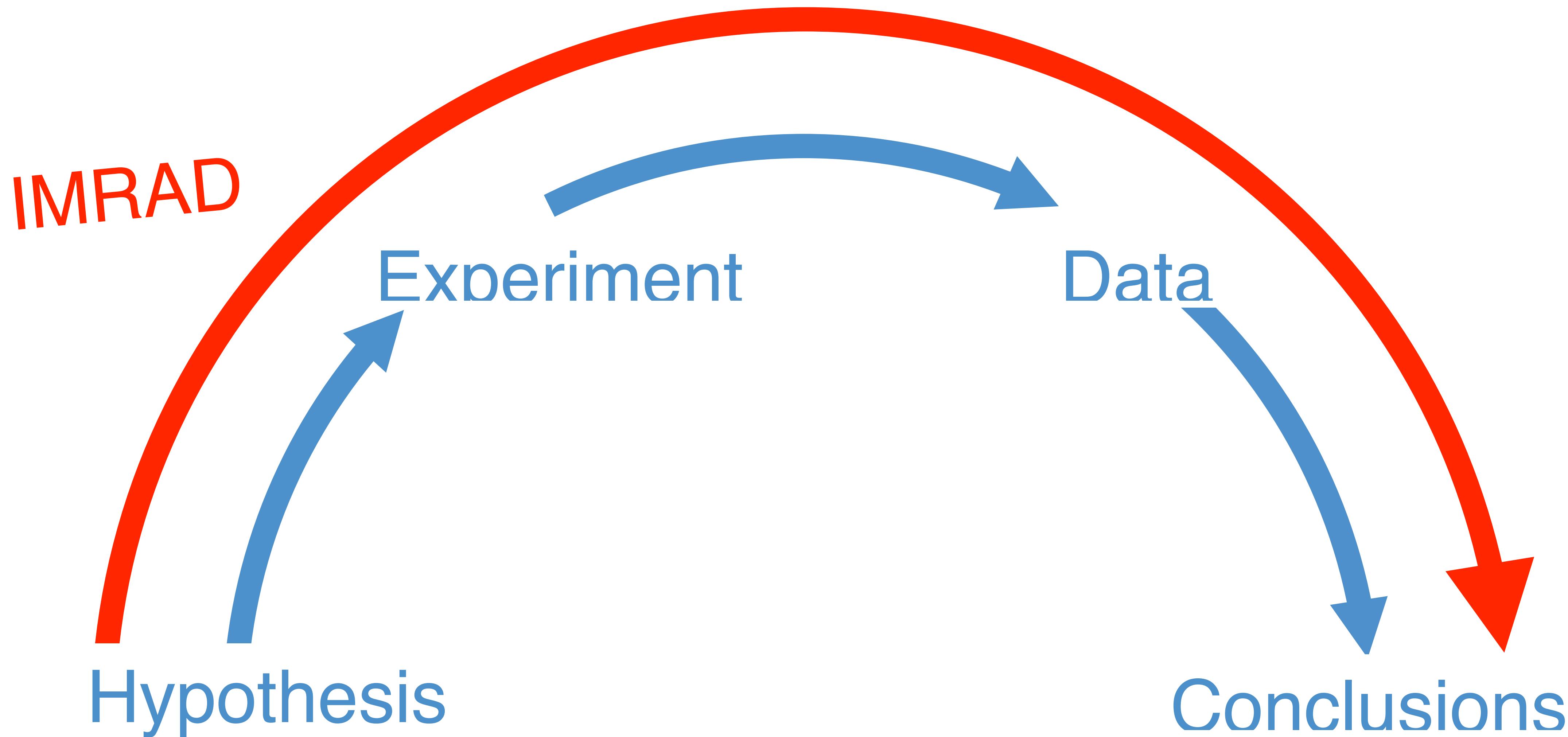
What answer was discovered?

And Discussion

What does the answer imply?



(Experimental) Science

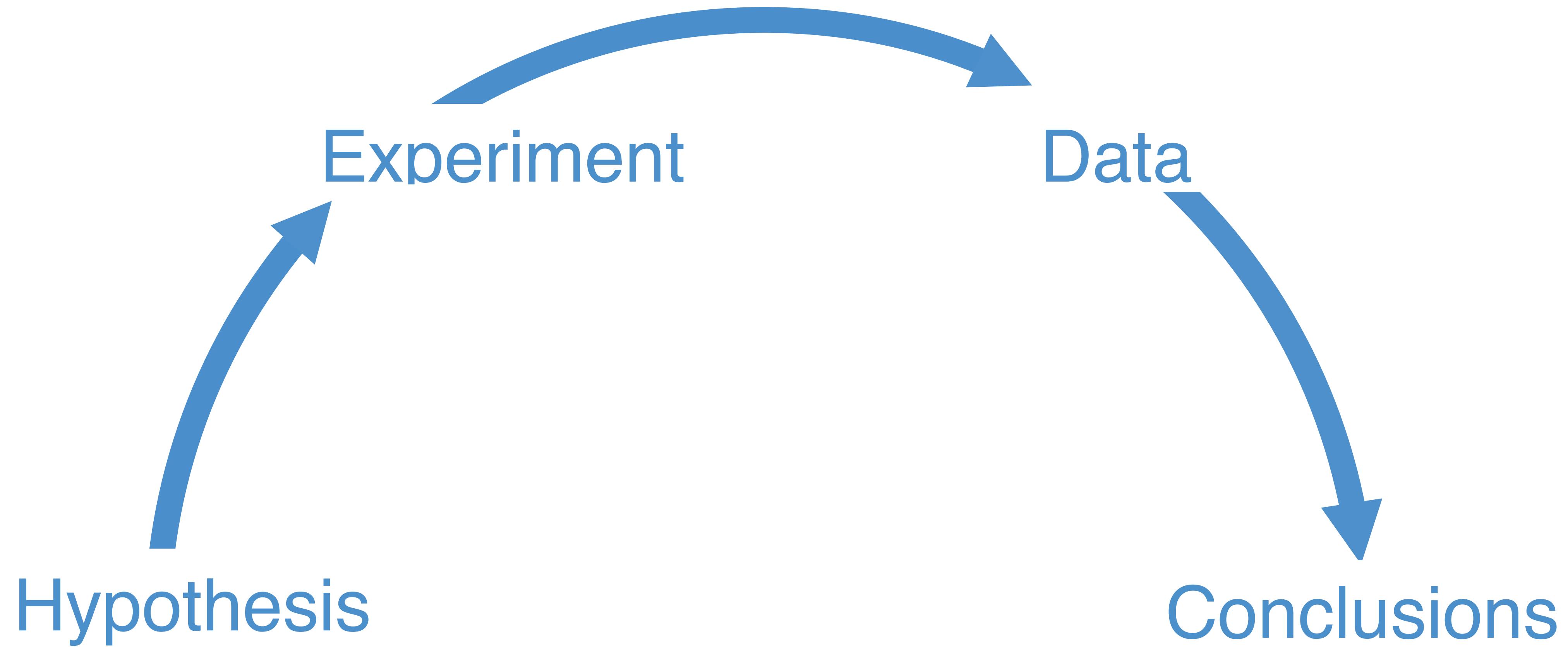


Pop Quiz

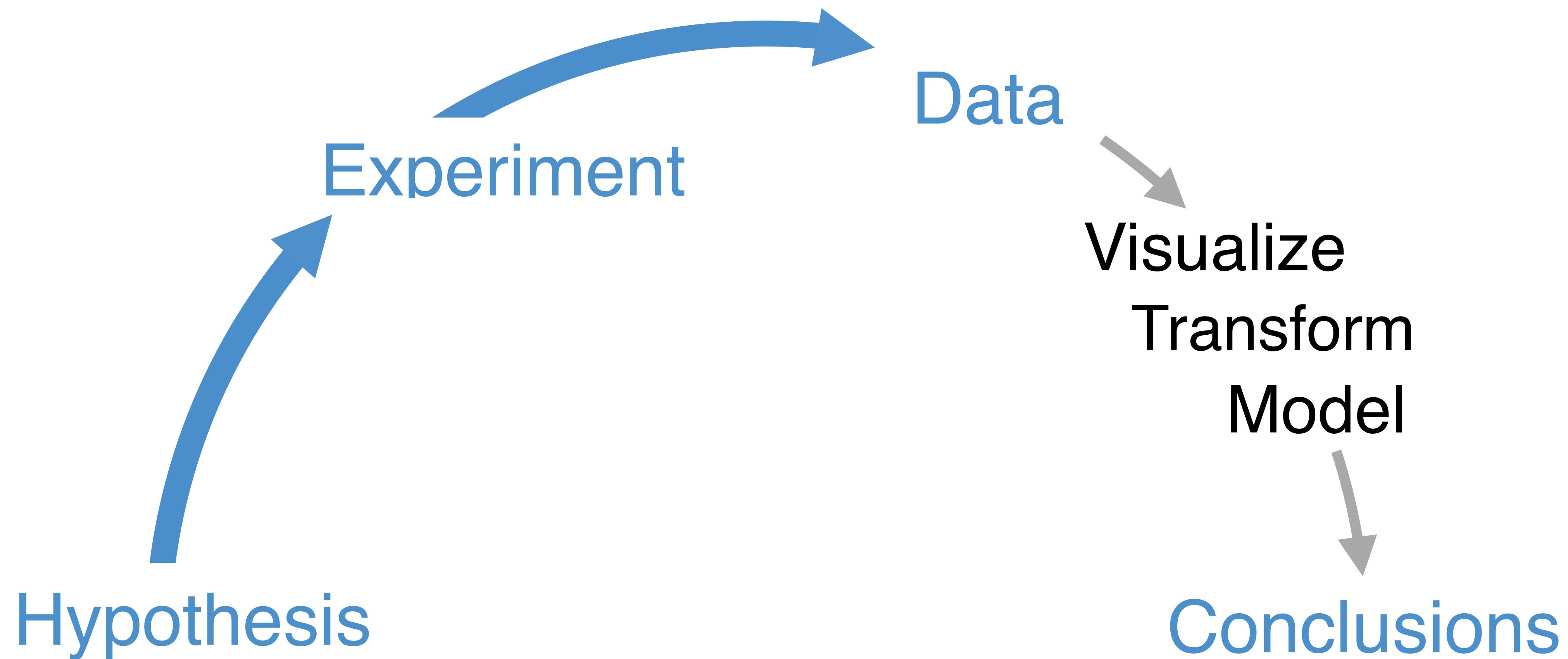
What is **data science**? Poll your neighbors.



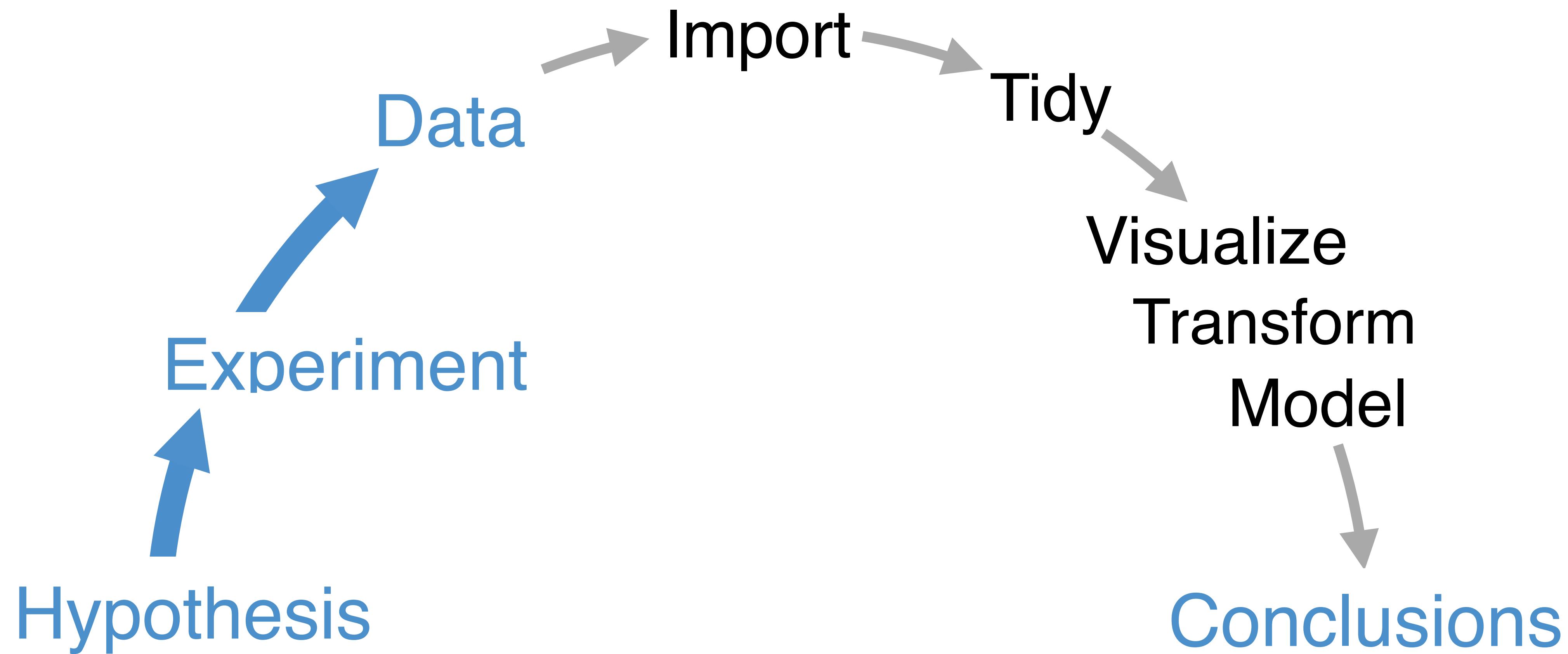
Data Science



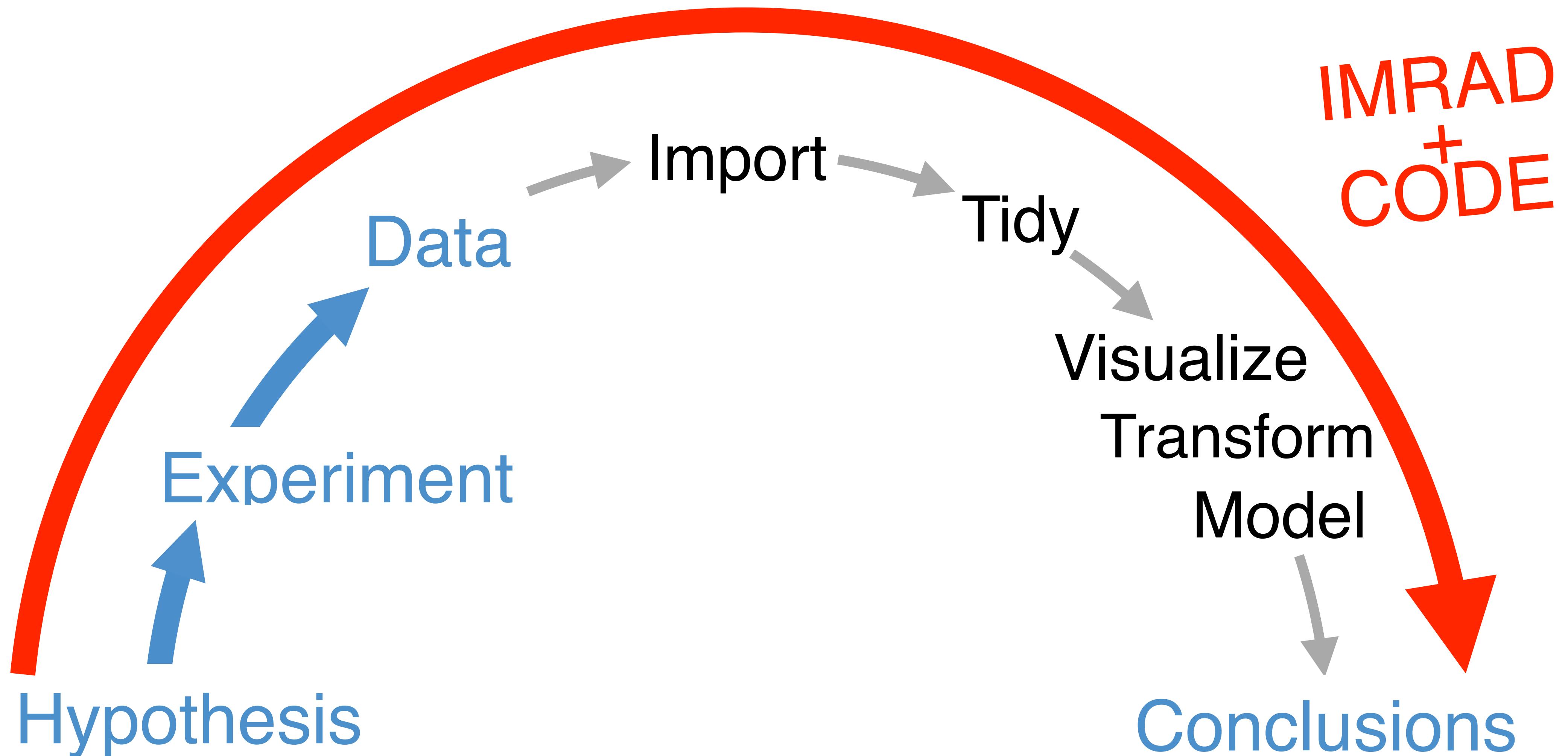
Data Science



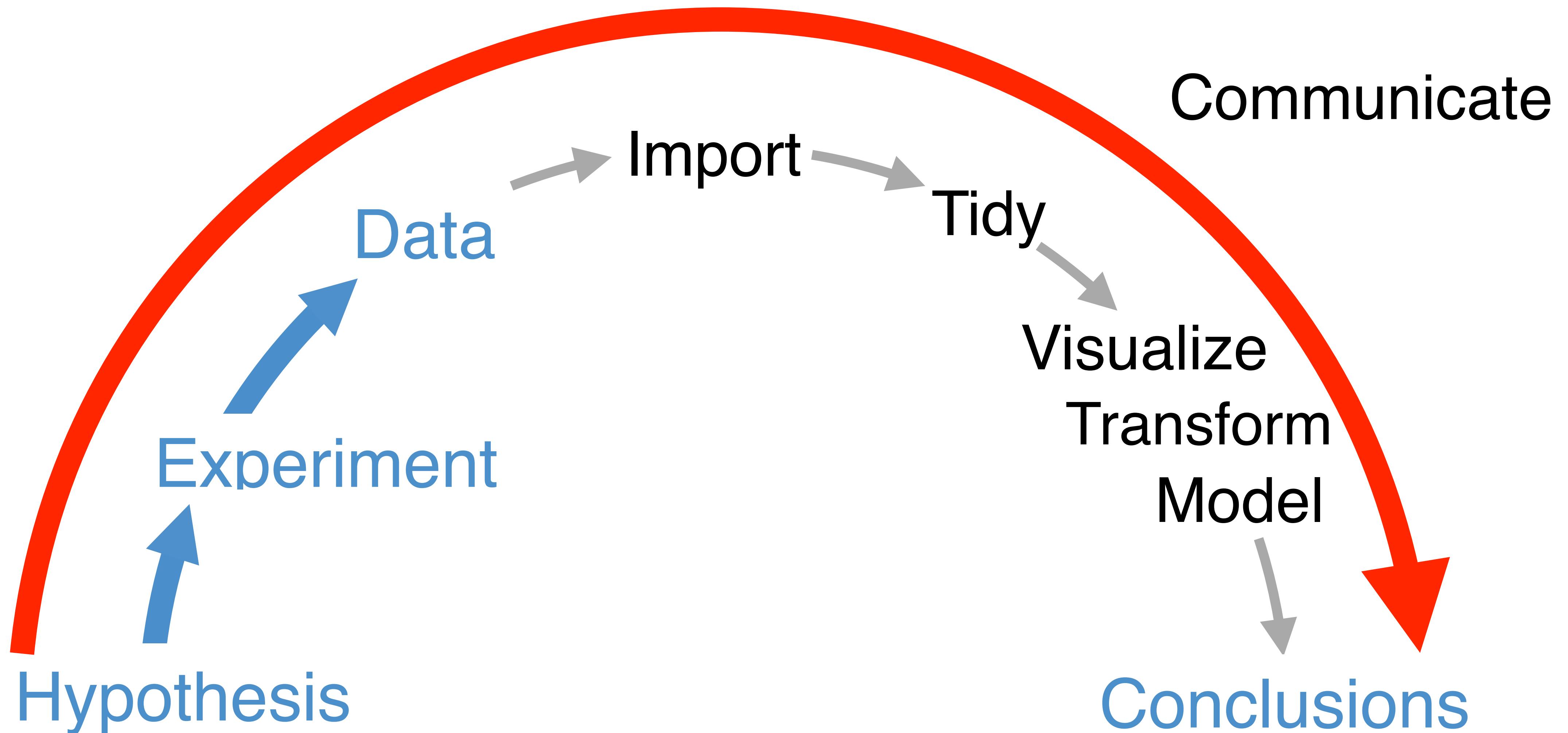
Data Science



Data Science



Data Science



Data Science

Import

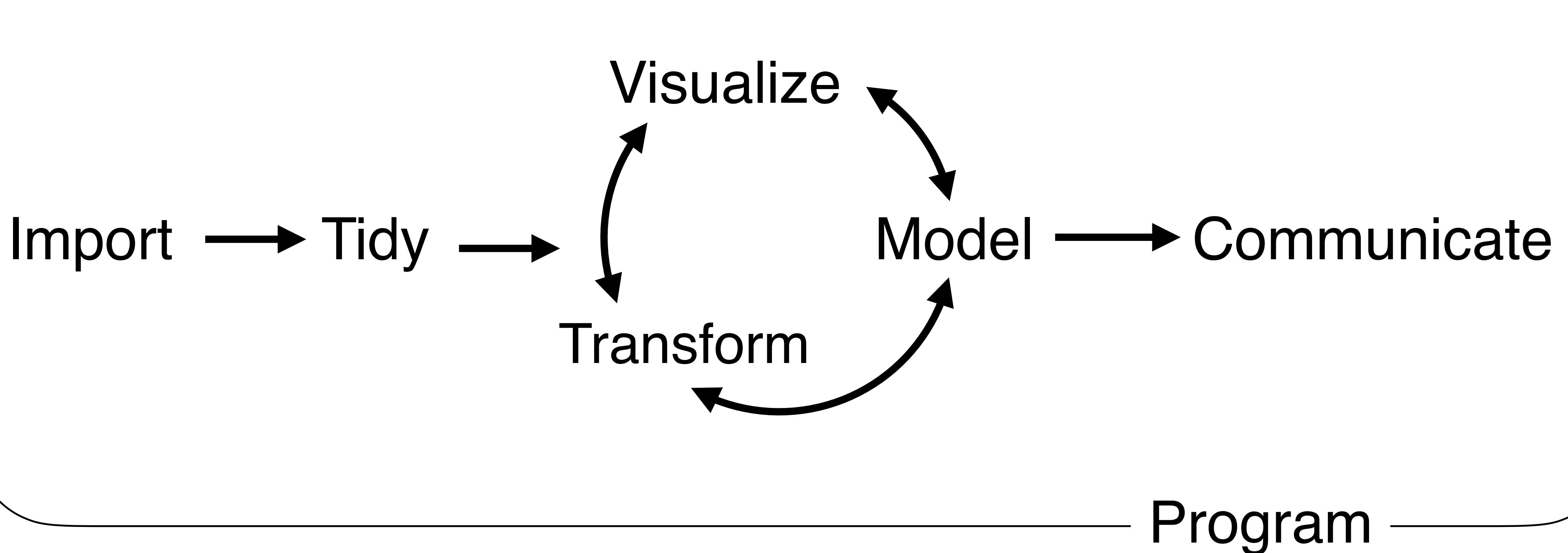
Tidy

Communicate

Visualize

Transform
Model

(Applied) Data Science







A language





A language



Writing software

Outline

Introduction

Visualize Data

Transform Data

Model Data

Communicate Data

Tidy Data

Join Data

Manipulate Data Types

Manipulate Lists

Your Turn

Go here for the class material

<https://astamm.github.io/data-science-with-r/>



R the language

Values: 1, "Florida", "2010-01-25"

R the language

Values: 1, "Florida", "2010-01-25"

Objects: x <- 22/7

A name
without

< followed by -
(it looks like an
arrow)

A value,
object, or
function

R the language

Values: 1, "Florida", "2010-01-25"

Objects: x <- c(22/7, 0.99, 3)



To put multiple values in an object, combine the values with

R the language

Values: 1, "Florida", "2010-01-25"

Objects: x <- c(22/7, 0.99, 3)

Functions: round(x, digits = 3)

A name
without
quotes

followed
by () to run
the

Arguments:
values, objects,
or function

Warm Up

Which of these are **numbers**?

1

"1"

"one"

one

Warm Up

Which of these are **numbers**?

1

number

"1"

"one"

one

Warm Up

Which of these are **numbers**?

1

number

"1"

words (strings)

"one"

one

Warm Up

Which of these are **numbers**?

1

number

"1"

words (strings)

"one"

one

object

Warm Up

Which of these will work? Suppose `one <- 1.`

`log(1)` `log("1")` `log("one")` `log(one)`

Warm Up

Which of these will work? Suppose `one <- 1.`

`log(1)`

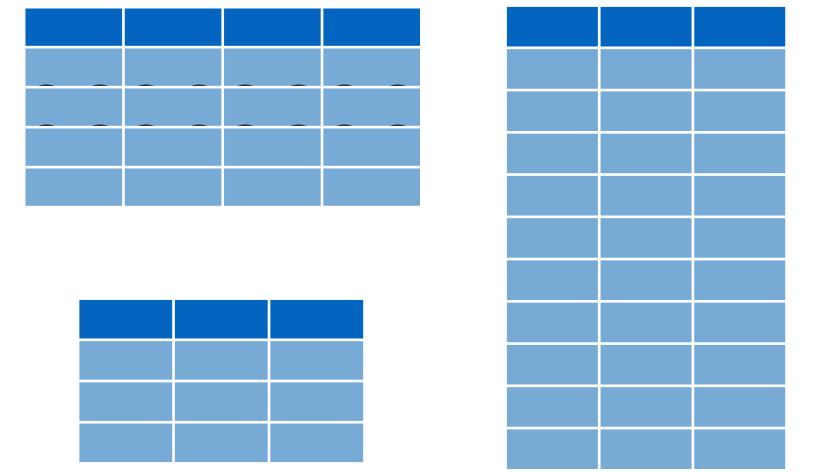
`log("1")`

`log("one")`

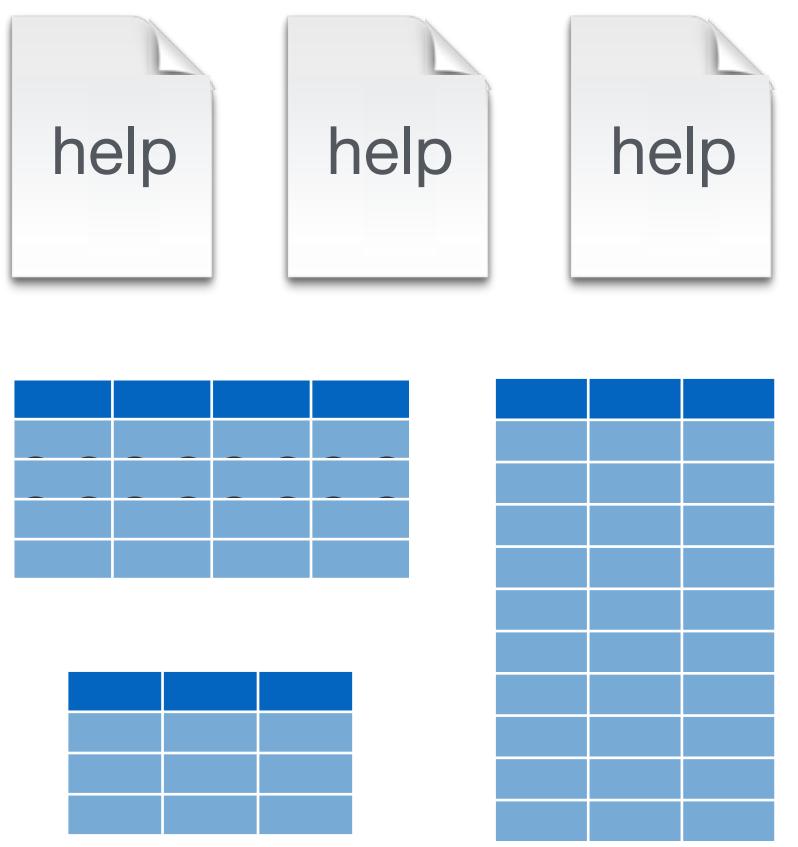
`log(one)`

R Packages

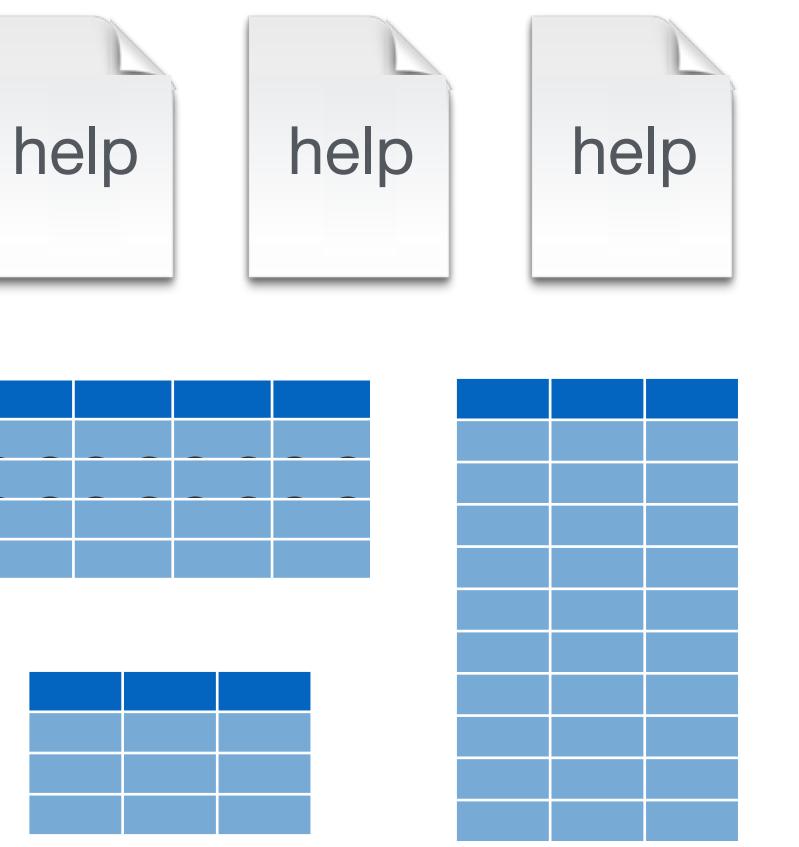




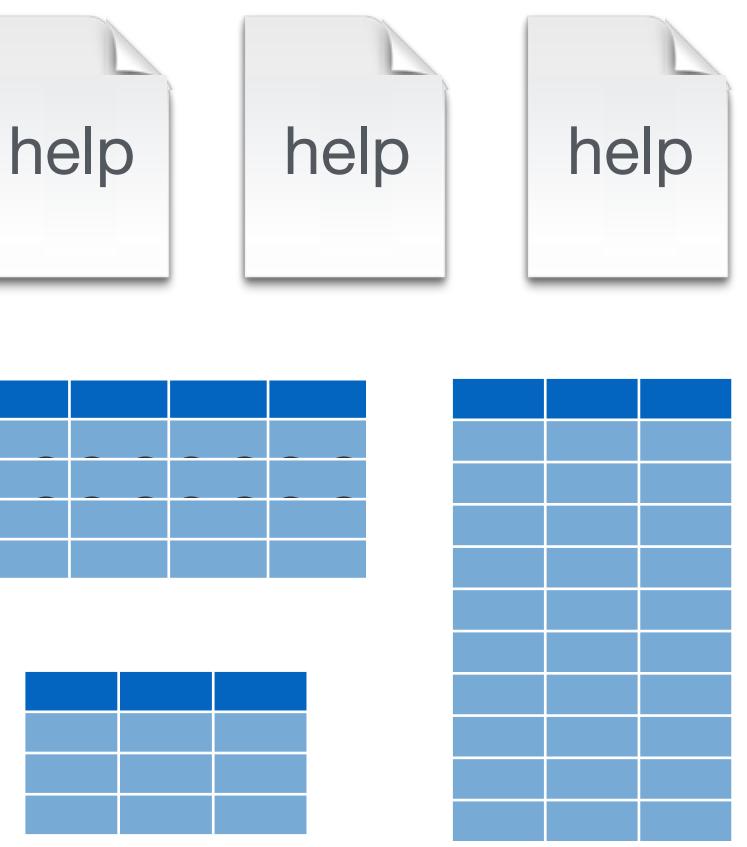
function1()
function2()
function3()
function4()



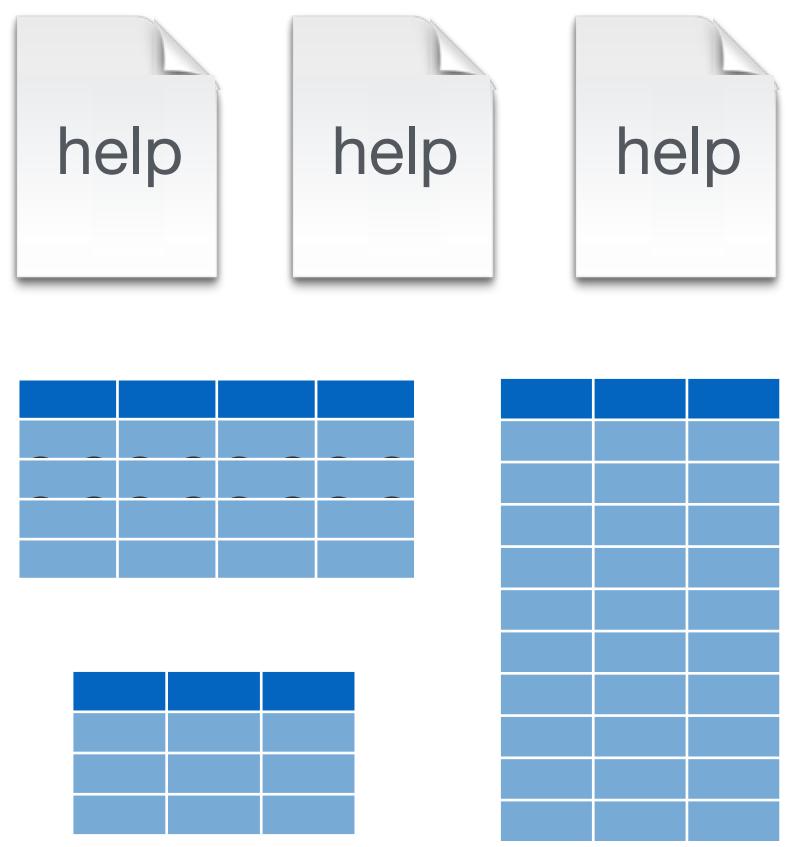
function1()
function2()
function3()
function4()



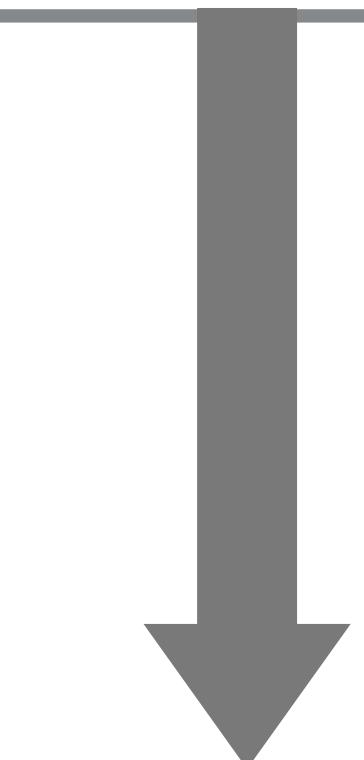
function5()
function6()
function7()
function8()



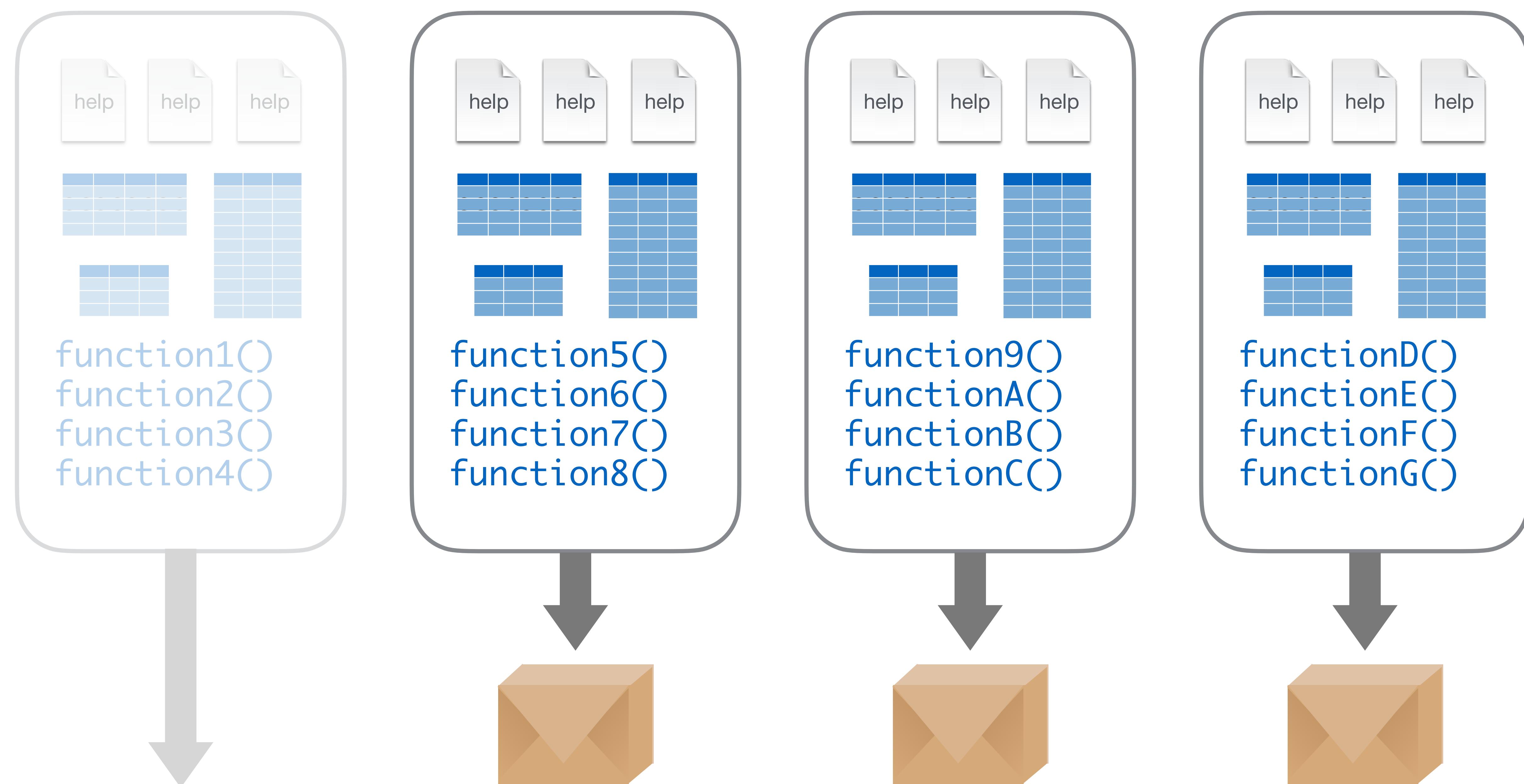
function9()
functionA()
functionB()
functionC()



functionD()
functionE()
functionF()
functionG()



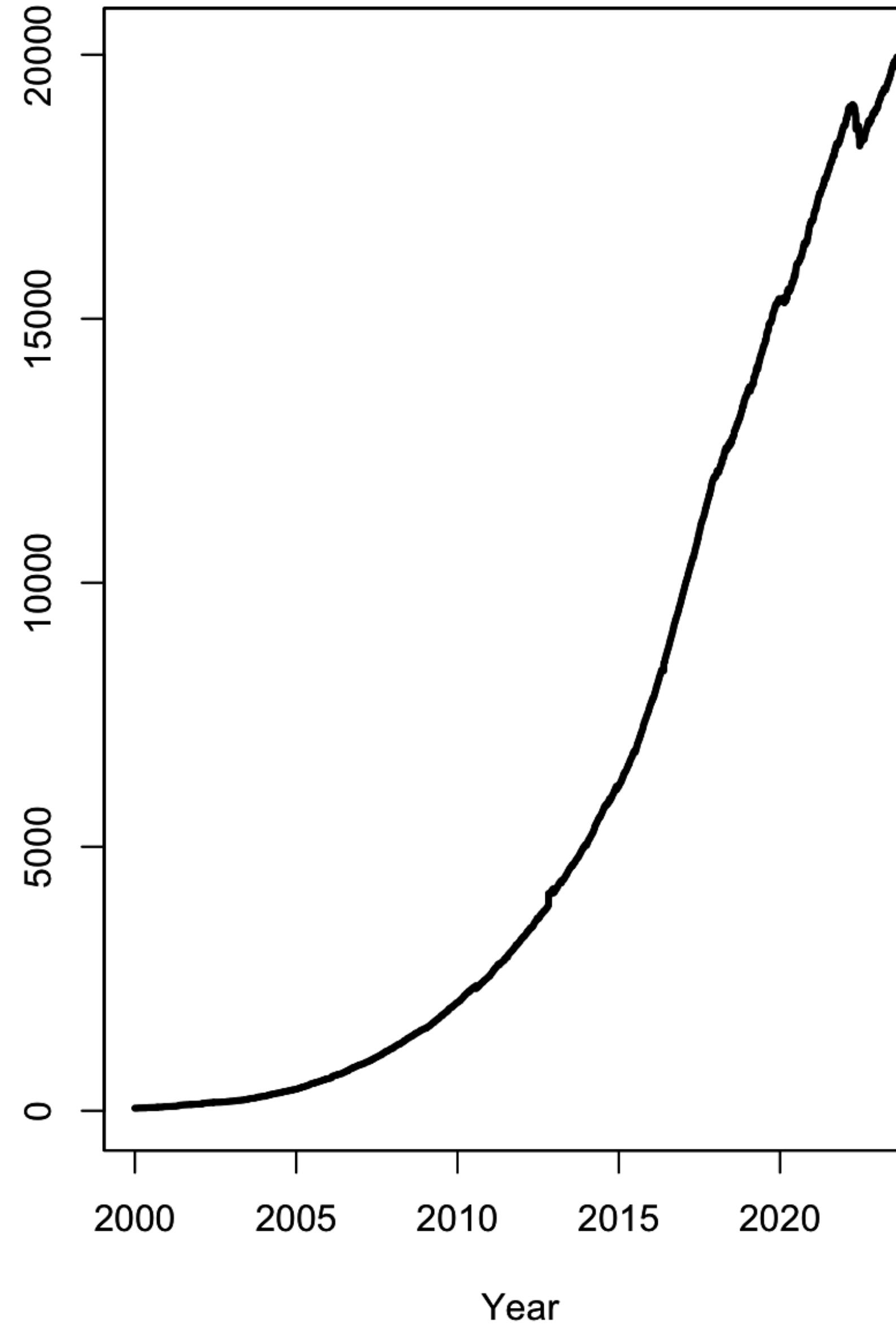
Base R



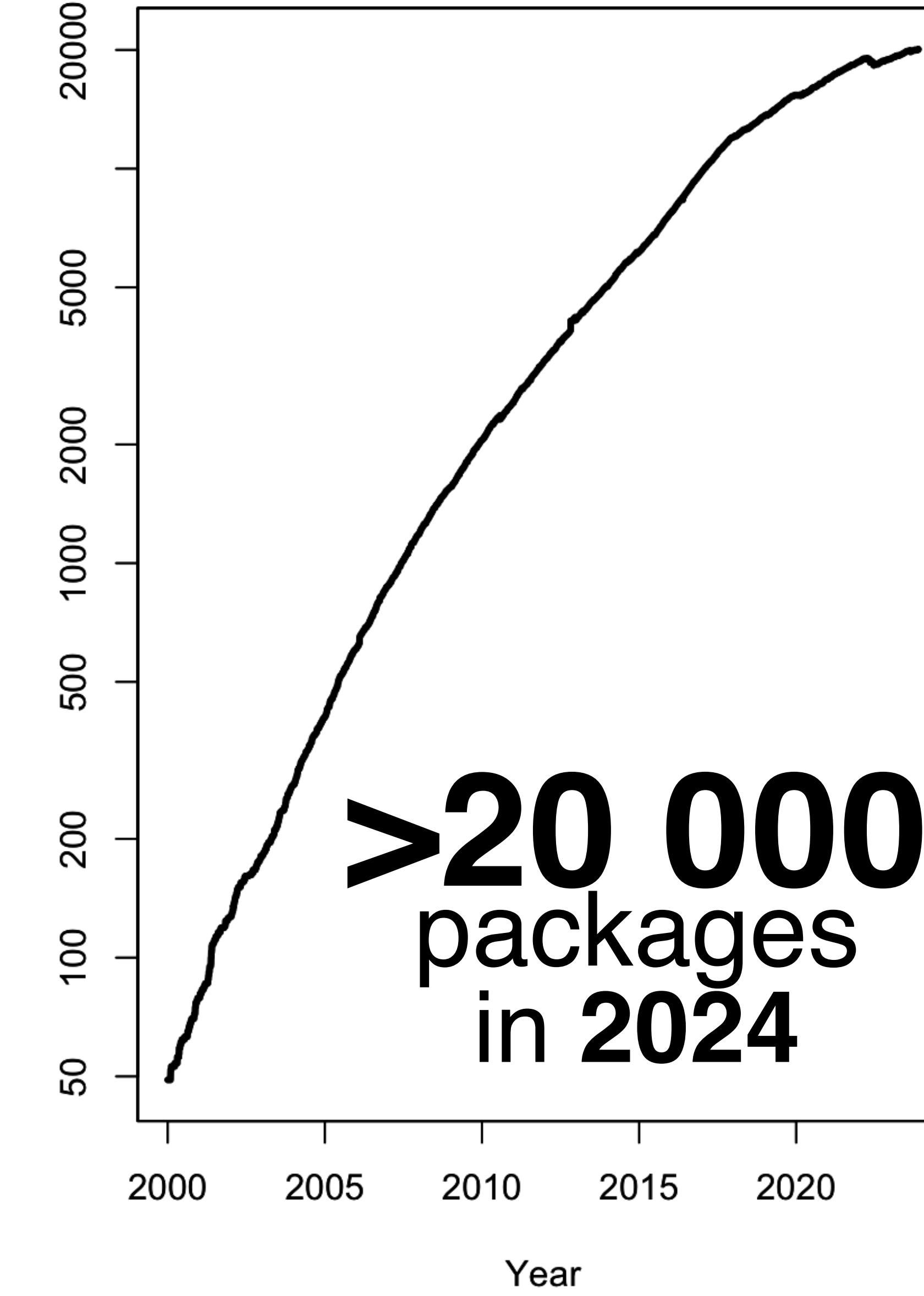
Base R

32 R Packages

Number of CRAN Packages



Number of CRAN Packages (Log-Scale)





Available CRAN Packages By Name

[A](#) [B](#) [C](#) [D](#) [E](#) [F](#) [G](#) [H](#) [I](#) [J](#) [K](#) [L](#) [M](#) [N](#) [O](#) [P](#) [Q](#) [R](#) [S](#) [T](#) [U](#) [V](#) [W](#) [X](#) [Y](#) [Z](#)

[A3](#)

[AalenJohansen](#)

[AATtools](#)

[ABACUS](#)

[abasequence](#)

[abbreviate](#)

[abc](#)

[abc.data](#)

[ABC.RAP](#)

[ABCanalysis](#)

[abclass](#)

[ABCOptim](#)

[ABCp2](#)

[abcrf](#)

[abcrlda](#)

[abctools](#)

Accurate, Adaptable, and Accessible Error Metrics for Predictive Models

Conditional Aalen-Johansen Estimation

Reliability and Scoring Routines for the Approach-Avoidance Task

Apps Based Activities for Communicating and Understanding Statistics

Coding 'ABA' Patterns for Sequence Data

Readable String Abbreviation

Tools for Approximate Bayesian Computation (ABC)

Data Only: Tools for Approximate Bayesian Computation (ABC)

Array Based CpG Region Analysis Pipeline

Computed ABC Analysis

Angle-Based Large-Margin Classifiers

Implementation of Artificial Bee Colony (ABC) Optimization

Approximate Bayesian Computational Model for Estimating P2

Approximate Bayesian Computation via Random Forests

Asymptotically Bias-Corrected Regularized Linear Discriminant Analysis

Tools for ABC Analyses

tidyverse.org

The screenshot shows the tidyverse.org website with a dark blue header. The title "Tidyverse" is on the left, and a navigation bar with links to "Packages", "Blog", "Learn", "Help", and "Contribute" is on the right. The main content area features a hexagonal grid of package logos.



R packages for data science

The tidyverse is an opinionated **collection of R packages** designed for data science. All packages share an underlying design philosophy, grammar, and data structures.

Install the complete tidyverse with:

```
install.packages("tidyverse")
```

Using packages

1

```
install.packages("foo")
```

Downloads files to computer

1 x per computer

Pop Quiz!

The tidyverse contains the following packages.
What function would you use to install them?

ggplot2

dplyr

tidyr

readr

purrr

tibble

hms

stringr

lubridate

forcats

DBI

haven

httr

jsonlite

readxl

rvest

xml2

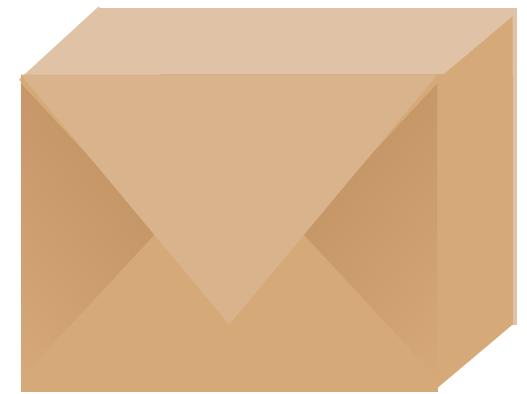
modelr

tidyvers

e

```
install.packages("ggplot2")
install.packages("dplyr")
install.packages("tidyr")
install.packages("readr")
install.packages("purrr")
install.packages("tibble")
install.packages("hms")
install.packages("stringr")
install.packages("lubridate")
install.packages("forcats")
install.packages("DBI")
install.packages("haven")
install.packages("httr")
install.packages("jsonlite")
install.packages("readxl")
install.packages("rvest")
install.packages("xml2")
install.packages("modelr")
install.packages("broom")
```

tidyverse



An R package that serves as a short cut for installing and loading the components of the tidyverse.

```
install.packages("tidyverse")
```

A shortcut!

```
install.packages("tidyverse")
```

does the equivalent of

```
install.packages("ggplot2")
install.packages("dplyr")
install.packages("tidyr")
install.packages("readr")
install.packages("purrr")
install.packages("tibble")
install.packages("hms")
install.packages("stringr")
install.packages("lubridate")
install.packages("forcats")
install.packages("DBI")
install.packages("haven")
install.packages("httr")
install.packages("jsonlite")
install.packages("readxl")
install.packages("rvest")
install.packages("xml2")
install.packages("modelr")
install.packages("broom")
```

Using packages

1

```
install.packages("foo")
```

Downloads files to computer

1 x per computer

2

```
library("foo")
```

Loads package

1 x per R Session

```
install.packages("tidyverse")
```

does the equivalent of

```
install.packages("ggplot2")
install.packages("dplyr")
install.packages("tidyr")
install.packages("readr")
install.packages("purrr")
install.packages("tibble")
install.packages("stringr")
install.packages("forcats")
install.packages("lubridate")
install.packages("hms")
install.packages("DBI")
install.packages("haven")
install.packages("httr")
install.packages("jsonlite")
install.packages("readxl")
install.packages("rvest")
install.packages("xml2")
install.packages("modelr")
install.packages("broom")
```

```
library("tidyverse")
```

does the equivalent of

```
library("ggplot2")
library("dplyr")
library("tidyr")
library("readr")
library("purrr")
library("tibble")
library("stringr")
library("forcats")
```

Quarto



Your Turn

Navigate to the main page of the class: <https://astamm.github.io/data-science-with-r/>.

Download **01-Introduction-Exercises.qmd** from the outline table and open it. Read through the file and do everything it tells you to do.



Quarto

An authoring format for Data Science.

The screenshot shows an RStudio interface with a Quarto document titled "authoring-with-quarto.qmd". The "Source" tab is selected, displaying the following code:

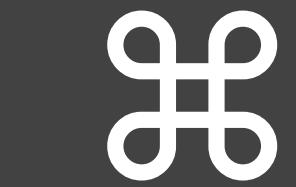
```
1 ---  
2 title: "Authoring with Quarto"  
3 format: html  
4 ---  
5  
6 Text written in **markdown**.  
7  
8 ```{r}  
9 # Code written in R  
10 (x <- 1:10)  
11 ...  
12  
13 Text written in *markdown*.  
14  
15
```

A gray callout bubble points to the R code chunk (lines 8-11) with the text "Code goes in a chunk". Another gray callout bubble points to the "Run" button in the toolbar with the text "Click to run code in chunk". A dark gray callout bubble points to the output pane at the bottom with the text "Code result". The output pane displays the R console output: [1] 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10.

Code chunks

Insert a chunk of R code with

```
```{r}  
some code
```
```



+

Opt

+



(Mac)

Ctrl

+

Alt

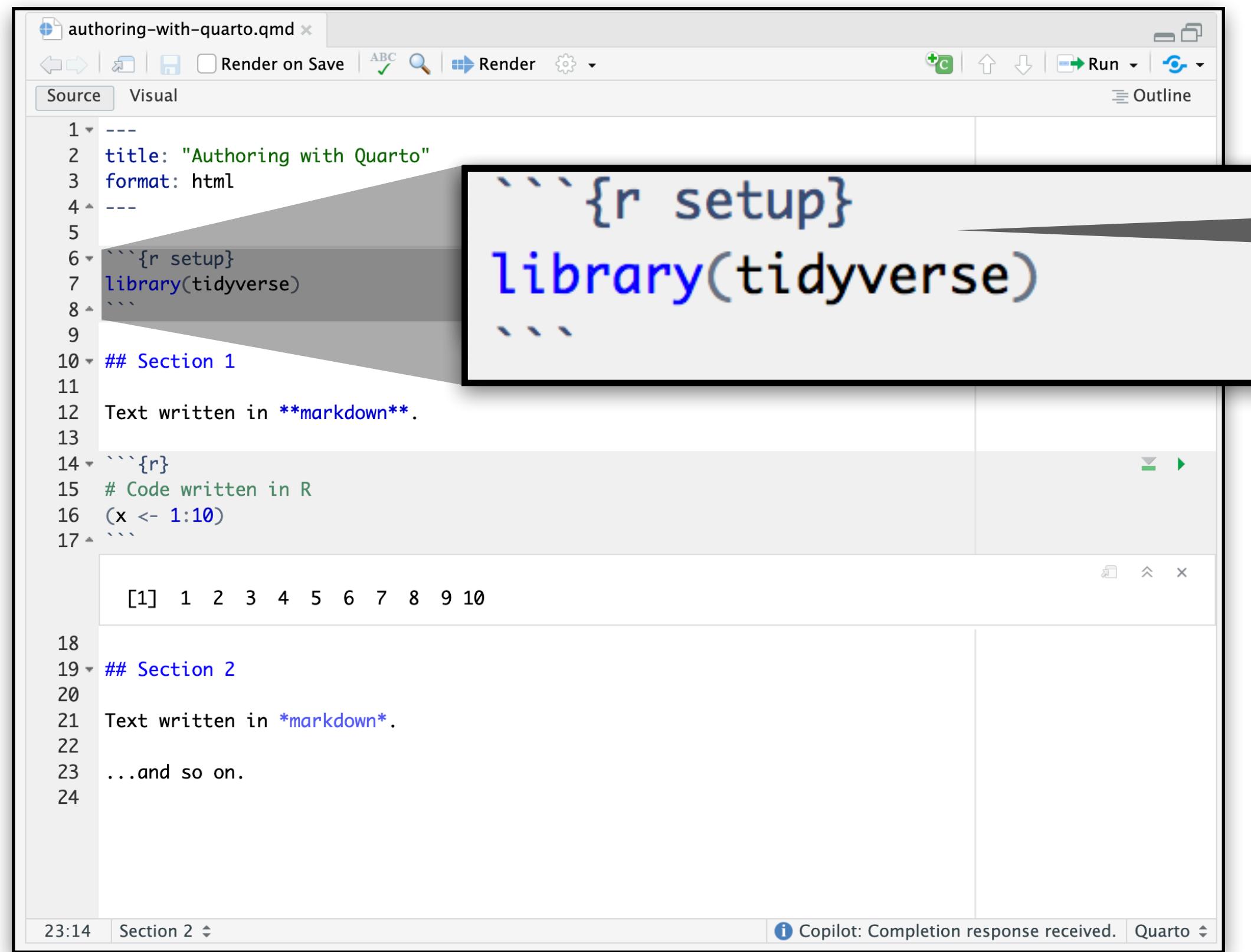
+



(PC)

Setup

The setup chunk is always run once before anything else



A screenshot of the Quarto authoring interface. The top bar shows the file name "authoring-with-quarto.qmd". The toolbar includes "Render on Save" and "Run" buttons. The main area has tabs for "Source" and "Visual". In the "Source" tab, the code is displayed:

```
1 ---  
2 title: "Authoring with Quarto"  
3 format: html  
4 ---  
5  
6 ```{r setup}  
7 library(tidyverse)  
8 ...  
9  
10 ## Section 1  
11  
12 Text written in **markdown**.  
13  
14 ...  
15 # Code written in R  
16 (x <- 1:10)  
17 ...  
18  
19 ## Section 2  
20  
21 Text written in *markdown*.  
22  
23 ...and so on.  
24
```

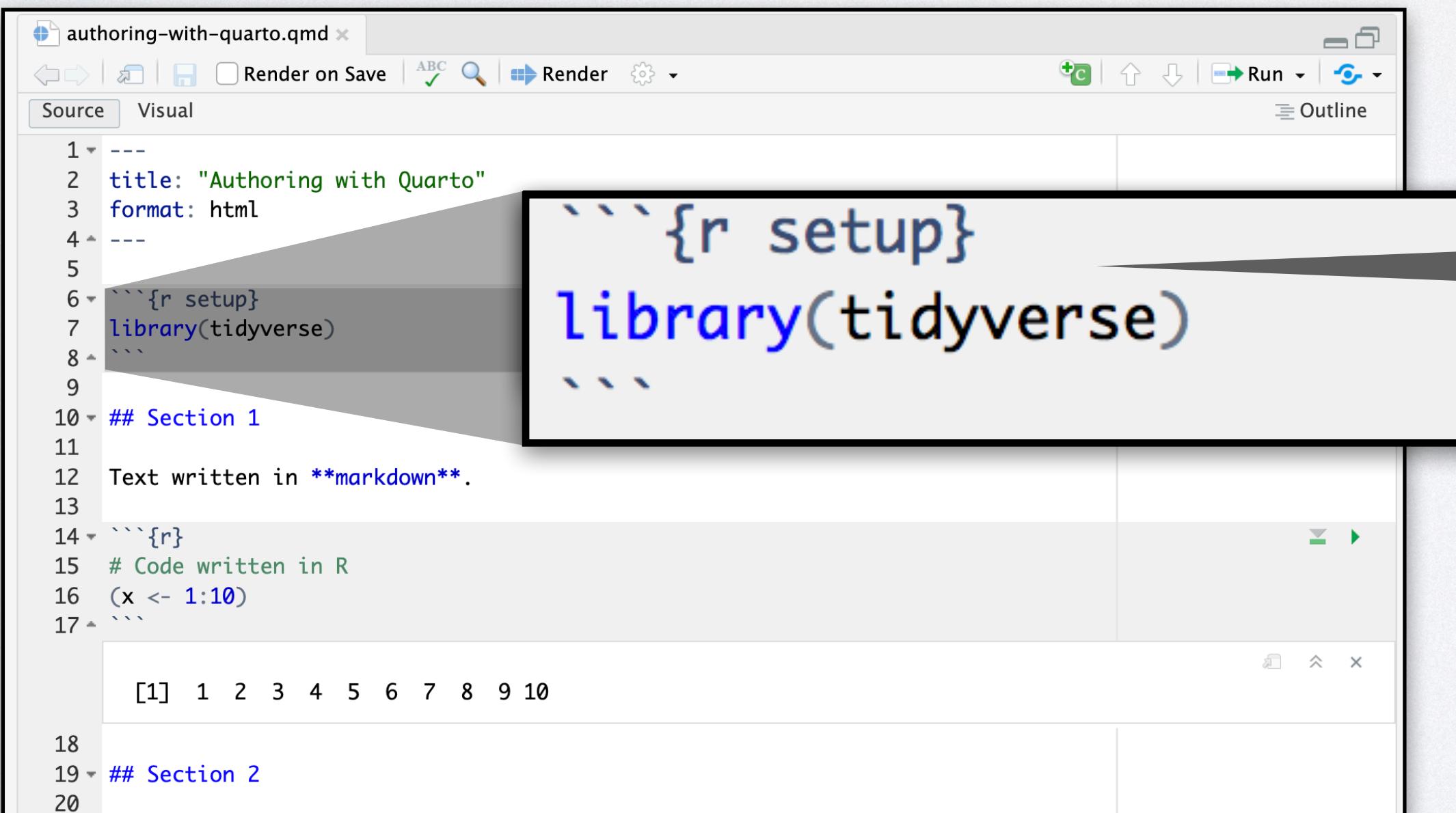
The code block from line 6 to 8 is highlighted with a gray background. A callout bubble points to this block with the text: "chunk labels are optional, the setup label is special". The output pane below shows the result of the R code execution:

```
[1] 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10
```

The bottom status bar shows "23:14 Section 2" and "Copilot: Completion response received. | Quarto".

Your Turn

Add a setup chunk to the top of **01-Introduction-Exercises.qmd**. Use it to load the tidyverse package, then uncomment and run the ggplot2 chunk at the bottom of your file.



The screenshot shows the Quarto authoring interface with a file named "authoring-with-quarto.qmd". The code editor displays the following content:

```
1 ---  
2 title: "Authoring with Quarto"  
3 format: html  
4 ---  
5  
6 ```{r setup}  
7 library(tidyverse)  
8 ...  
9  
10 ## Section 1  
11  
12 Text written in **markdown**.  
13  
14 ```{r}  
15 # Code written in R  
16 (x <- 1:10)  
17 ...  
18  
19 ## Section 2  
20
```

A callout box highlights the `library(tidyverse)` line within the setup chunk, indicating where to add the package loading command.

chunk labels are optional,
the setup label is special

02 : 00



Your Turn

Navigate to the main page of the class: <https://astamm.github.io/data-science-with-r/>.

Download **02-Visualize-Exercises.qmd** from the outline table and open it.

Add a setup chunk that loads the tidyverse packages.

