

# PS1 Solutions

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## Question 1

1

```
set.seed(8675309)

### Create a vector
vec1 = 1:1000
avec1 = seq(1,1000,1)
```

2

```
### Sampling
vec2 = sample(vec1, replace = F)
avec2 = sample(avec1)
```

3

```
### Creating a data frame
dat = data.frame(vec1, vec2)
```

4

```
### compute correlation
cor(dat$vec1, dat$vec2)
```

```
## [1] -0.02283693
```

5

The correlation will be close to 0 because randomization has mechanically broken the relationship between the two variables. The actual correlation might not be 0 due to small sample size.

## Question 2

1

```
hdat = read.csv("../data/data_health_synth_small.csv")
```

2

```
dim(hdat)
```

```
## [1] 48784      4
```

```
## alternatively
```

```
nrow(hdat)
```

```
## [1] 48784
```

```
ncol(hdat)
```

```
## [1] 4
```

3

```
summary(hdat)
```

##	cost	race	female	bps_mean
##	Min. : 0	Length:48784	Min. :0.0000	Min. : 0.0
##	1st Qu.: 1200	Class :character	1st Qu.:0.0000	1st Qu.: 118.0
##	Median : 2800	Mode :character	Median :1.0000	Median : 127.0
##	Mean : 7660		Mean :0.6306	Mean : 127.3
##	3rd Qu.: 6600		3rd Qu.:1.0000	3rd Qu.: 136.0
##	Max. :550500		Max. :1.0000	Max. :1323.0
##				NA's :10668

4

```
### Mean difference
```

```
cost_b = mean(hdat$cost[hdat$race == "black"])
```

```
cost_w = mean(hdat$cost[hdat$race == "white"])
```

```
ate = cost_b - cost_w
```

```
ate
```

```
## [1] 1782.368
```