#### AMERICAN UNIVERSITY OF ARMENIA

College of Science and Engineering

# COMP120 Introduction to Object-Oriented Programming MIDTERM 2 EXAM

Date:

Tuesday, March 24 2015

Starting time:

10:30

Duration:

1 hour 20 minutes

Attention

ANY COMMUNICATION IS STRICTLY PROHIBITED

Please write down your name at the top of all used pages

### Problem 1

The easiest way to implement rotation by 90° of a square array is to transpose it and then reverse all its rows separately. Transposing once more after the rotation will result in vertical flip—the top row will appear at the bottom, the second row will become the last but one, etc. Write a C++ function void flip(int \*a2D, int size) that takes as its argument a pointer to the first element of a square array int \*a2D of the specified int size and flips it vertically. Use already implemented functions void reverse(int a1D[], int length) and void transpose(int \*a2D, int size):

```
void reverse(int alD[], int length)
     for (int i = 0; i < length / 2; i++)
          swap(alD[i], alD[length - 1 - i]);
void transpose(int *a2D, int size)
     for (int row = 0; row < size; row++)
          for (int col = row + 1; col < size; col++)</pre>
                swap(a2D[row * size + col], a2D[col * size + row]);
Vota flip ( int mall, let site) }
        traspose (40220);
        for (27 row = 0; row < size of (edD)/sizenf (adD[o]); row ++)
              revoise (mal) [10w]);
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          Peresse (At asPI), At logth);
         transpose (n. 1 & e. 2D, int side);

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```

Name and, if possible, ID#:

#### Problem 2

Using functions transpose() from Problem 1 and scalar() from below, write a C++ function  $void\ mult(int\ *a2D,\ int\ *b2D,\ int\ *product,\ int\ size)$  that takes as its arguments pointers to the first elements of square arrays  $int\ *a2D$  and  $int\ *b2D$  of the same specified  $int\ size$ , computes their product and saves it in another square array of the same size, the pointer to the first element of which is given by  $int\ *product$ . Each element  $p_{ij}$  in the  $i^{th}$  row and  $j^{th}$  column of the array \*product is the scalar product of the  $i^{th}$  row of \*a2D and  $j^{th}$  column of \*b2D and is calculated by the

```
# mchdo ccshdio>
expression: p_{ij} = \sum_{k=1}^{3} a_{ik} b_{kj}
int scalar (int a[], int b[], int length)
      int result = 0;
      for (int i = 0; i < length; i++)</pre>
            result += a[i] * b[i];
      return result;
                        A*B
                                               i
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            for the son 20 s rone situs ron 40)
                  or Lat 6/2 pourt : col < 5,70 = 6/47)
                      swap (=20[10-45130+01], =20[0/x stor10m])5
void mult (ret = 220, ret = $20, int & product, int size) }
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               For (124 5=0; Jespes 5+4) {
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                    The mean }
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## Problem 3

Using, if you wish, segment() and rotate() functions from the C++ Reference Functions section, write a C++ function void spiral2(int \*a2D, int even\_size) that takes as its argument a pointer to the first element of a square array int \*a2D of the specified even size int even\_size and fills its top-left and bottom-right quadrants with spirals of successive values from I to even\_size²/4. The remaining two quadrants are filled with zeros. Each spiral propagates horizontally toward the array center, then vertically toward the center, then in opposite directions horizontally and vertically, and so on. Obviously, the spirals do not cross the central axes. A shaded example is shown below:

```
E # Azl-do Lest dia >
 shown below:
int* segment (int *start, int length, int direction, int increment) by own _ 5.70;

Sanf (*%) * & com _ 5.70;
                                                         "At x = 05
             *(start + direction) = *start + increment;
       return start;
 void spiral (ilt sead, it ever-size)}
         for (At 720; 7 <= ( && 8600-570; 777) 0 0 0 5
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             Segment (12) astart, at leght, let direction, not mercon und);
          for ( nt 120; 1 < ;; ever - site; (++) }
               for ( ht 525: cvo-1500-1; 57= 0; 5++){
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                  product ('\n'); North parts not fourth parts
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