AMERICAN UNIVERSITY OF ARMENIA

College of Science and Engineering

COMP120 Introduction to Object-Oriented Programming

MIDTERM 1 EXAM

Date:

Tuesday, February 17 2015

Starting time:

10:30

Duration:

1 hour 20 minutes

Attention:

ANY TYPE OF COMMUNICATION IS STRICTLY PROHIBITED

Please write down your name at the top of all used pages

Problem 1

Use the backside, if needed

Square arrays can be rotated by 900, say, in clock-wise direction. For example:

	1	2	3	4	5
١	6	7	8	9	10
	11	12	13	14	15
	16	17	18	19	20
	21	22	23	24	25

	21	16	11	6	1
	22	17	12	7	2
+	23	18	13	8	3
	24	19	14	9	4
	25	20	15	10	5

The easiest way to implement the rotation by 900 is to transpose the initial square array and then to reverse all its rows separately. Write a Java method void rotate(int[][] array2D) that takes as its argument a square int[][] array2D and rotates its. Use already implemented methods void reverse(int[] array1D) and *void transpose(int[][] array2D)*:

```
public static void reverse(int[] array1D) {
     for (int i = 0; i < array1D.length / 2; i++) {</pre>
           arraylD[arraylD.length - 1 - i] += arraylD[i];
           array1D[i] = array1D[array1D.length - 1 - i] - array1D[i];
           array1D[array1D.length - 1 - i] -= array1D[i];
                                                      00PM1. 130215 14/20
public static void transpose(int[][] array2D) {
     for (int row = 0; row < array2D.length; row++)</pre>
           for (int col = row + 1; col < array2D.length; col++) {
                array2D[row][col] += array2D[col][row];
                array2D[col][row] = array2D[row][col] - array2D[col][row];
                array2D[row][col] -= array2D[col][row];
      Public static void whate ( 1nd [][] array 20) {
         for (int col =0; col < arreyal. lengts; col +1)
         for (ins ww = col+1; row < orrest D. lagh; row +1) {
    aray 2 D[wl][row]+: orrest D[row](col);
           orrey DE [ color [ col] = orrest O[ col] [ row] - arrest [ con][ col].
          ourey 20[ cols [ wu] -= or reg2D ( wu) [ col];
                       System. ous. arregal (cold (to Fage 1 of 3 } y
```

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Problem 2

Colors in Java can be represented by objects of type Color. Each such object contains the red, green and blue components of the corresponding color as integer values from 0 to 255. Consider below a Java code that creates and initializes a rectangular array of Color type:

Color[][] g= new Color [c. length][&[o]. length];

for (and row = 0; row < g. length; row + +)

for (in) col = 0, col < g[o]. length; row + +)

{

Ma = (c[wr][col].get led () + c (row](col].

get Geolf)

get Cow][wl].get Blue ()/ & 3;

g[ww][col]= new Color (a, a, a);

}

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problem 3

Similar to files, strings also can be related to streams in C++, this time using stringstream objects. Particularly, it is enough to create an object of type istringstream to organize formatted reading from a string. Consider, for example, a C++ code below:

```
#include <string>
#include <sstream>
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
void main()
       string text = "Before increment: 199999999", word;
       int num;
       istringstream tokens(text);
       tokens >> word >> num;
       cout << "After " << word.substr(7) << num + 1 << endl;
 // After increment:200000000
```

Write a C++ function double value(string expression) that takes as its argument a string representing an arithmetic expression, evaluates it and returns its value. The expression includes only '+' and '-' operations and double operands, both positive and negative. The operands and operations are delimited by spaces.

For example, value("5.1 - -0.7 + 1.2") results in 7.0.

Double value (stry exposs./om)
is trysteem & tokens (expression), cher operation; double men; tokens s s s nen; whele (lokes & operation) belle (100 ces > opereron)

| bokens > 3 opereron)

if (opereron = = " + ") '+'

resuls = num

's (opereron = ; " - ") '-'

Tesuls -= num

de, if needed tehun resuls;

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