AMERICAN UNIVERSITY OF ARMENIA

College of Science and Engineering

COMP120 Introduction to Object-Oriented Programming

MIDTERM 1 EXAM

Date:

Tuesday, February 17 2015

Starting time:

10:30

Duration:

1 hour 20 minutes

Attention:

ANY TYPE OF COMMUNICATION IS STRICTLY PROHIBITED

Please write down your name at the top of all used pages

Problem 1

Square arrays can be rotated by 90°, say, in clock-wise direction. For example:

| 4 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
|----|----|----|----|----|
| 9 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 |
| 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 |
| 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 |

| 21 | 16 | 11 | -6- | -1 |
|----|----|----|-----|----|
| 22 | 17 | 12 | 7 | 2 |
| 23 | 18 | 13 | 8 | 3 |
| 24 | 19 | 14 | 9 | 4 |
| 25 | 20 | 15 | 10 | 5 |

The easiest way to implement the rotation by 90° is to transpose the initial square array and then to reverse all its rows separately. Write a Java method *void rotate(int[][] array2D)* that takes as its argument a square *int[][] array2D* and rotates its. Use already implemented methods *void reverse(int[] array1D)* and *void transpose(int[][] array2D)*:

Problem 3

Similar to files, strings also can be related to streams in C++, this time using *stringstream* objects. Particularly, it is enough to create an object of type *istringstream* to organize formatted reading from a string. Consider, for example, a C++ code below:

```
#include <string>
#include <sstream>
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

void main()
{
    string text = "Before_increment: 199999999", word;
    int num;
    istringstream tokens(text);

    tokens >> word >> num;
    cout << "After " << word.substr(7) << num + 1 << endl;
}
// After increment:2000000000</pre>
```

Write a C++ function *double value(string expression)* that takes as its argument a string representing an arithmetic expression, evaluates it and returns its value. The expression includes only '+' and '-' operations and double operands, both positive and negative. The operands and operations are delimited by spaces.

For example, value("5.1 - -0.7 + 1.2") results in 7.0.

int grey;

Color [][] g=new Color [e[0] Ceryll] [e Ceryll].

for (int now = 0, now ey. Cerylt; now++) {

Cor(int col=0; eoleg[0] Cerylt; eol++) {

guez = (e [row] [col] get Red() +e[now] [evel] get grey.

He [now] [evel], yet +B (ex())

g [now] [evel] = new eolor((yrey, grey, 5rey);

S/8=0

See GJ, AM, DP, MA, AM, GS, MK