

Name and ID#: _____

AMERICAN UNIVERSITY OF ARMENIA
College of Science and Engineering
CS 121 Data Structures and Algorithms

MIDTERM 1 EXAM

Date: Tuesday, October 18 2016

Starting time: 09:00

Duration: 1 hour 15 min

Attention: ~~ANY~~ TYPE OF COMMUNICATION IS STRICTLY PROHIBITED

Please write down your name and ID# at the top of all used pages

Problem 1: Consider below two recursive expressions:

$$a_n = 1 + a_1 * b_1 + a_2 * b_2 + a_3 * b_3 + \dots + a_{n-1} * b_{n-1}$$

$$b_n = 1 + 2 * b_1 + 2 * b_2 + 2 * b_3 + \dots + 2 * b_{n-1} - b_{n-1} * b_{n-1}$$

The base cases are: $a_1 = b_1 = 1$.

Write an optimal C++ function or Java method that takes as its argument an int index *int n* and returns a_n .

```
int Heno(int n) {  
    if (n == 1)  
        return 1;  
    else {
```

```
        int a = 1 + 2 * Heno(int n-1);  
        int b = Heno(int n-1) * Heno(int n-1);  
        return 1 + (a - b) + Heno(n-1);  
    }
```

for b_n

$n=1$	1	1
$n=2$	2	$1 + 2b_1 - b_1 b_1$
$n=3$	3	$1 + 2b_1 + 2b_2 - b_1 b_1$
$n=4$	7	$1 + 2b_1 + 2b_2 + 2b_3 - b_1 b_1$
$n=5$	12	$Heno(int n-1) \cdot Heno(int n-1)$

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Problem 3: Consider a text that can contain four types of braces: (), [], { } and < >. The braces are balanced, if the following two conditions hold:

1. Each time a closing brace is encountered, it matches an already encountered corresponding opening brace.
2. At the end of the text, each opening brace is matching the respective closing one.

For example, the braces are balanced in a text {ab(c[d])e}, but not balanced in {ab(c)}.

Write a C++ function `bool balanced_brackets(string text)` or a Java method `public static boolean balancedBrackets(String text)` that take as the argument a string text and check, if the brackets of all four types are balanced or not. Use `stack<char>` in C++ or `Stack<Character>` in Java.

So as the number of each type of bracket is important we need to declare 4 types of char?

```
for(int i=0; i<p.length(); i++)
{
    if (p[i] == '(' || p[i] == '[' || p[i] == '{' || p[i] == '<')
    {
        a.push<stack>(p[i]);
    }
    else if (p[i] == ')' || p[i] == ']' || p[i] == '}' || p[i] == '>')
    {
        b.push<stack>(p[i]);
    }
    else if (p[i] == '(' || p[i] == '[' || p[i] == '{' || p[i] == '<')
    {
        c.push<stack>(p[i]);
    }
    else if (p[i] == ')' || p[i] == ']' || p[i] == '}' || p[i] == '>')
    {
        d.push<stack>(p[i]);
    }
}

if (a.is_empty() && b.is_empty() && c.is_empty() && d.is_empty())
    return true;
else
    return false;
```

number of elements in stack with a is even && b is even && c is even && d is even

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