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Next: Purpose of this document

SAS for Finance PhDs

André de Souza

- Purpose of this document
- Where to get help for SAS problems
- Some preliminaries you should know
 - SAS basics
 - The logic of the DATA step
 - The OUTPUT statement
 - The counter N
 - Some CRSP variable names
 - o Macro basics
- Move to SAS on Unix
 - Cygwin and X-Windows
- Reading in datasets
 - Quick and dirty: convert proc import log output to an input statement
 - o <u>quessingrows</u>
 - Why does proc import hang on Unix?
- Working with WRDS datasets
 - o CRSP: DSF/MSF
 - Names files in CRSP: stocknames and fundnames
 - o CRSP: ncusip and cusip
 - Adjusting shares in holdings data
 - Merging CRSP and Compustat
- Working with time-series data and dates
 - o Moving dates around
 - Avoiding the lag() function
 - Rolling regressions without macros
- Missing values
- Code debugging
 - Run on a small subset of observations, making sure your code doesn't overwrite anything
 - See what the macro sees
 - Set msglevel=i
 - o Print variables to the log within the data step
 - Using the DEBUG option

Macros

- Macro variables
 - Subsetting observations from large datasets efficiently
- o <u>Loops</u>
 - Counters are dates
 - %FOR variable in &LIST
 - Subsetting observations from large datasets efficiently
- Writing frequently-used code as macros
 - Merging macros
 - Hash-merging without having to type
 - Checking for duplicate by-variable combinations
 - Sundry macros
 - Regressions

• The DOW loop

- Merges
 - Merging a dataset with a single observation into another dataset
 - Merging without sorting: the DATA step HASH object
 - One-to-many with the DOW loop
 - Many to many
 - Using proc sql
 - Using hashes with multidata
 - Post-merge processing: merge and then calculate summary statistics

• Statistics

- Weighted means with negative weights
- Robust standard errors
- Fixed effects
 - Brute-force
 - An efficient way with one-way fixed effects
 - <u>Two-way fixed effects</u>
- Pairwise statistics with large datasets

• <u>Efficiency</u>

- o Reading into the PDV: where, keep, and in
- Never use proc sql
- Don't sort more than strictly necessary
- Macro loops make things possible, they don't make them fast

• SAS on Unix

- Transferring files from DOS: line endings
- Locating your work directory
- Relocating your work directory
- o Relocating your log and lst files
- o Memory issues
- Why does proc import hang on Unix?
- Searching for files on Unix
- Utilities

- Parsing the SAS log: logsasparse
- Looking at SAS datasets: sasprint
- Killing all sas processes: saskill
- o The autoexec.sas file
- o The .sasv9.cfg file
- SAS with X-Windows
- Further interesting topics
 - o What really happens in the merge statement
 - The fascinating Do-loop
- <u>Bibliography</u>
- About this document ...

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