

COSMOLOGY WITH THE COSMIC WEB

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The cosmic web is one of the most conspicuous features of the large-scale structure of the Universe.

The method**Galaxy alignments and the Local Group.****Constraining Cosmological Parameters.**

Using the cosmic web, I proposed a method based on the redshift dependence of the Alcock-Paczynski (AP) test to constrain cosmological parameters (Li et al. 2014). The method uses the fact that the galaxy density gradient field should look isotropic as a function of redshift. That is, the filaments in the cosmic web, should not have a preferred direction in comoving coordinates. Any radial or tangential anisotropy can only be produced by using the incorrect cosmological parameters to translate the observed redshifts into comoving coordinates.

Future Surveys. The Dark Energy Spectroscopic Instrument (DESI) (DESI Collaboration 2016) is a ground based dark energy experiment that will study Barion Acoustic Oscillations (BAO). It will measure more than 30 million galaxy and quasar redshifts in the redshift range $1.0 < z < 3.5$ to measure the BAO feature. Additionally, DESI will conduct a magnitude-limit survey with a median redshift of 0.2 comprising approximately 10 million galaxies, which will provide an excellent opportunity to extend the cosmic web studies presented so

far.

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