Ensemble Methods

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Using a phishing data set with binary target type: +1 or -1. Convert from Weka format to a data frame.

```
library(RWeka)
df <- read.arff("phishing/Training Dataset.arff")</pre>
str(df)
  'data.frame':
                    11055 obs. of 31 variables:
   $ having_IP_Address
                                 : Factor w/ 2 levels "-1", "1": 1 2 2 2 2 1 2 2 2 2 ...
                                 : Factor w/ 3 levels "1", "0", "-1": 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 ...
## $ URL_Length
   $ Shortining_Service
                                 : Factor w/ 2 levels "1","-1": 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 1 2 2 ...
                                 : Factor w/ 2 levels "1","-1": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
##
  $ having_At_Symbol
                                 : Factor w/ 2 levels "-1", "1": 1 2 2 2 2 1 2 2 2 2 ...
  $ double_slash_redirecting
##
   $ Prefix_Suffix
                                 : Factor w/ 2 levels "-1", "1": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
                                 : Factor w/ 3 levels "-1", "0", "1": 1 2 1 1 3 3 1 1 3 1 ...
##
   $ having_Sub_Domain
##
  $ SSLfinal_State
                                 : Factor w/ 3 levels "-1", "1", "0": 1 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 ...
## $ Domain_registeration_length: Factor w/ 2 levels "-1","1": 1 1 1 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 ...
                                 : Factor w/ 2 levels "1","-1": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ Favicon
##
   $ port
                                 : Factor w/ 2 levels "1","-1": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
                                 : Factor w/ 2 levels "-1", "1": 1 1 1 1 2 1 2 1 1 2 ...
## $ HTTPS token
## $ Request_URL
                                 : Factor w/ 2 levels "1", "-1": 1 1 1 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 ...
   $ URL of Anchor
                                 : Factor w/ 3 levels "-1", "0", "1": 1 2 2 2 2 2 1 2 2 2 ...
                                 : Factor w/ 3 levels "1","-1","0": 1 2 2 3 3 3 3 2 1 1 ...
## $ Links_in_tags
## $ SFH
                                 : Factor w/ 3 levels "-1", "1", "0": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
                                 : Factor w/ 2 levels "-1", "1": 1 2 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 2 ...
## $ Submitting_to_email
##
   $ Abnormal URL
                                 : Factor w/ 2 levels "-1", "1": 1 2 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 2 ...
## $ Redirect
                                 : Factor w/ 2 levels "0", "1": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
                                 : Factor w/ 2 levels "1", "-1": 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 ...
  $ on mouseover
                                 : Factor w/ 2 levels "1","-1": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
##
   $ RightClick
   $ popUpWidnow
                                 : Factor w/ 2 levels "1","-1": 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 ...
##
## $ Iframe
                                 : Factor w/ 2 levels "1", "-1": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ age_of_domain
                                 : Factor w/ 2 levels "-1", "1": 1 1 2 1 1 2 2 1 2 2 ...
                                 : Factor w/ 2 levels "-1", "1": 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ DNSRecord
##
   $ web traffic
                                 : Factor w/ 3 levels "-1", "0", "1": 1 2 3 3 2 3 1 2 3 2 ...
                                 : Factor w/ 2 levels "-1", "1": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 ...
## $ Page_Rank
## $ Google_Index
                                 : Factor w/ 2 levels "1","-1": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
                                 : Factor w/ 3 levels "1", "0", "-1": 1 1 2 3 1 3 2 2 2 2 ...
##
   $ Links pointing to page
##
   $ Statistical_report
                                 : Factor w/ 2 levels "-1", "1": 1 2 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 2 ...
## $ Result
                                 : Factor w/ 2 levels "-1", "1": 1 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 1 ...
Train Test Split
```

```
set.seed(1234)
i <- sample(nrow(df), .75*nrow(df), replace=FALSE)
train <- df[i,]</pre>
```

```
test <- df[-i,]
```

Logistic regression on all predictors

```
library(mltools)
glm1 <- glm(Result~., data=train, family=binomial)</pre>
probs <- predict(glm1, newdata=test, type="response")</pre>
pred <- ifelse(probs>0.5, 2, 1)
acc_logreg <- mean(pred==as.integer(test$Result))</pre>
mcc_logreg <- mcc(pred, as.integer(test$Result))</pre>
print(paste("accuracy=", acc_logreg))
## [1] "accuracy= 0.937771345875543"
print(paste("mcc=", mcc_logreg))
## [1] "mcc= 0.873866225379213"
Random Forest
library(randomForest)
## randomForest 4.6-14
## Type rfNews() to see new features/changes/bug fixes.
rf <- randomForest(Result~., data=train, importance=TRUE)</pre>
##
## Call:
## randomForest(formula = Result ~ ., data = train, importance = TRUE)
##
                  Type of random forest: classification
                         Number of trees: 500
## No. of variables tried at each split: 5
##
##
           OOB estimate of error rate: 3.35%
## Confusion matrix:
       -1
            1 class.error
##
## -1 3508 166 0.04518236
     112 4505 0.02425818
## 1
pred <- predict(rf, newdata=test, type="response")</pre>
acc_rf <- mean(pred==test$Result)</pre>
mcc_rf <- mcc(factor(pred), test$Result)</pre>
print(paste("accuracy=", acc_rf))
## [1] "accuracy= 0.964182344428365"
print(paste("mcc=", mcc_rf))
```

[1] "mcc= 0.927467703448562"

boosting from adabag library

```
library(adabag)
## Loading required package: rpart
## Loading required package: caret
## Loading required package: lattice
## Loading required package: ggplot2
##
## Attaching package: 'ggplot2'
## The following object is masked from 'package:randomForest':
##
##
       margin
## Loading required package: foreach
## Loading required package: doParallel
## Loading required package: iterators
## Loading required package: parallel
adab1 <- boosting(Result~., data=train, boos=TRUE, mfinal=20, coeflearn='Breiman')</pre>
summary(adab1)
              Length Class
                             Mode
## formula
                3 formula call
                 20 -none- list
## trees
## weights
               20 -none- numeric
## votes
              16582 -none- numeric
## prob
              16582 -none- numeric
              8291 -none- character
## class
## importance
              30 -none- numeric
## terms
                  3 terms
                             call
                  6 -none- call
## call
pred <- predict(adab1, newdata=test, type="response")</pre>
acc_adabag <- mean(pred$class==test$Result)</pre>
mcc_adabag <- mcc(factor(pred$class), test$Result)</pre>
print(paste("accuracy=", acc_adabag))
## [1] "accuracy= 0.94862518089725"
print(paste("mcc=", mcc_adabag))
## [1] "mcc= 0.895811377251421"
fastAdaboost
library(fastAdaboost)
set.seed(1234)
fadab <- adaboost(Result~., train, 10)</pre>
summary(fadab)
##
                      Length Class
                                     Mode
## formula
                             formula call
```

```
## trees
                      10
                                      list
                              -none-
## weights
                      10
                             -none- numeric
                              -none-
## classnames
                       2
                                      character
                              -none- character
## dependent_variable 1
                              -none-
pred <- predict(fadab, newdata=test, type="response")</pre>
# pred$class holds the classification
acc fadab <- mean(pred$class==test$Result)</pre>
mcc_fadab <- mcc(pred$class, test$Result)</pre>
print(paste("accuracy=", acc_fadab))
## [1] "accuracy= 0.963820549927641"
print(paste("mcc=", mcc_fadab))
## [1] "mcc= 0.927126186350532"
XGBoost
library(xgboost)
train_label <- ifelse(train$Result==1, 1, 0)</pre>
train_matrix <- data.matrix(train[, -31])</pre>
model <- xgboost(data=train_matrix, label=train_label,</pre>
                 nrounds=100, objective='binary:logistic')
       train-error:0.069594
## [1]
## [2]
        train-error:0.067061
## [3]
        train-error:0.063080
## [4]
        train-error:0.061633
## [5]
        train-error:0.060427
## [6]
        train-error:0.061392
## [7]
        train-error:0.059341
## [8]
        train-error:0.055241
## [9] train-error:0.051863
## [10] train-error:0.051140
## [11] train-error:0.049089
## [12] train-error:0.048848
## [13] train-error:0.044747
## [14] train-error:0.043179
## [15] train-error:0.042214
## [16] train-error:0.041853
## [17] train-error:0.038958
## [18] train-error:0.037028
## [19] train-error:0.036666
## [20] train-error:0.035943
## [21] train-error:0.036666
## [22] train-error:0.034616
## [23] train-error:0.033772
## [24] train-error:0.032807
## [25] train-error:0.032807
## [26] train-error:0.033048
## [27] train-error:0.032083
## [28] train-error:0.030877
## [29] train-error:0.031239
```

```
## [30] train-error:0.030756
  [31] train-error:0.028344
  [32] train-error:0.028585
## [33] train-error:0.029309
## [34] train-error:0.028826
## [35] train-error:0.028947
## [36] train-error:0.028465
## [37] train-error:0.027982
## [38] train-error:0.027258
## [39] train-error:0.026776
## [40] train-error:0.026655
## [41] train-error:0.026655
## [42] train-error:0.025208
## [43] train-error:0.024123
## [44] train-error:0.024123
## [45] train-error:0.022072
  [46] train-error:0.021952
## [47] train-error:0.022313
## [48] train-error:0.022072
## [49] train-error:0.021469
## [50] train-error:0.021831
## [51] train-error:0.021831
## [52] train-error:0.021710
## [53] train-error:0.021590
## [54] train-error:0.021710
## [55] train-error:0.021590
## [56] train-error:0.021228
## [57] train-error:0.021228
## [58] train-error:0.020745
## [59] train-error:0.020022
## [60] train-error:0.019780
  [61] train-error:0.019780
  [62] train-error:0.019419
## [63] train-error:0.019660
## [64] train-error:0.018936
## [65] train-error:0.018816
## [66] train-error:0.018695
## [67] train-error:0.018574
## [68] train-error:0.018092
  [69] train-error:0.018454
  [70] train-error:0.018454
## [71] train-error:0.018213
## [72] train-error:0.017730
## [73] train-error:0.017730
## [74] train-error:0.017730
## [75] train-error:0.018333
## [76] train-error:0.018092
## [77] train-error:0.018454
## [78] train-error:0.017971
## [79] train-error:0.016886
## [80] train-error:0.016765
## [81] train-error:0.016524
## [82] train-error:0.016403
## [83] train-error:0.016645
```

```
## [84] train-error:0.016524
## [85] train-error:0.016524
## [86] train-error:0.016041
## [87] train-error:0.015318
## [88] train-error:0.014956
## [89] train-error:0.014474
## [90] train-error:0.014835
## [91] train-error:0.014956
## [92] train-error:0.014594
## [93] train-error:0.014353
## [94] train-error:0.014353
## [95] train-error:0.014232
## [96] train-error:0.013991
## [97] train-error:0.013991
## [98] train-error:0.013870
## [99] train-error:0.013629
## [100]
            train-error:0.013629
test_label <- ifelse(test$Result==1, 1, 0)</pre>
test_matrix <- data.matrix(test[, -31])</pre>
probs <- predict(model, test_matrix)</pre>
pred <- ifelse(probs>0.5, 1, 0)
acc_xg <- mean(pred==test_label)</pre>
mcc_xg <- mcc(pred, test_label)</pre>
print(paste("accuracy=", acc_xg))
## [1] "accuracy= 0.964905933429812"
print(paste("mcc=", mcc_xg))
## [1] "mcc= 0.928846940485277"
SuperLearner
Had to install packages: ranger kernlab
Super is not super. Can get better results with a lot of parameter tuning, but why? There are better methods.
library(SuperLearner)
## Loading required package: nnls
## Super Learner
## Version: 2.0-26
## Package created on 2019-10-27
set.seed(1234)
model <- SuperLearner(train_label,</pre>
                       train[, -31],
                       family=binomial(),
                       SL.library=list("SL.ranger",
                                        "SL.ksvm",
                                        "SL.ipredbagg"))
```

Loading required namespace: ranger

```
## Loading required namespace: kernlab
model
##
## Call:
## SuperLearner(Y = train_label, X = train[, -31], family = binomial(), SL.library = list("SL.ranger",
       "SL.ksvm", "SL.ipredbagg"))
##
##
##
                           Risk
                                      Coef
## SL.ranger_All
                    0.02661880 0.94307843
## SL.ksvm_All
                     0.03393682 0.05692157
## SL.ipredbagg_All 0.07378788 0.00000000
probs <- predict.SuperLearner(model, newdata=test[,-31])</pre>
pred <- ifelse(probs$pred>0, 1, 0)
acc_sl <- mean(pred==test_label)</pre>
mcc_sl <- mcc(as.integer(pred), as.integer(test_label))</pre>
print(paste("accuracy=", acc_sl))
## [1] "accuracy= 0.557163531114327"
print(paste("mcc=", mcc_sl))
## [1] "mcc= 0"
```