

ROY'S INSTITUTE OF COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION
RRB NTPC GRADUATE & UNDER GRADUATE CBT-1

HISTORY
HANDOUT - 2

1. Who won Badayun (1197-98 AD) and appointed Iltutmish as the first Muslim Viceroy of India?
a) Prithviraj Chauhan b) Maharana Pratap c) Muhammad Ghori d) Qutbuddin Aibak
2. Which of the following opposed the power of Caliph?
a) Alauddin Khalji b) Muhammad bin Tughlaq c) Balban d) Iltutmish
3. Who among the following was the Wazir of Sultan Iltutmish?
a) Syed Fakr-i-Mudabbir b) Malik Naik c) Nizam-ul-Mulk Junaidi d) Nusarat Khan
4. How many types of taxes were there during the reign of ruler Alauddin Khalji?
a) 3 b) 5 c) 6 d) 2
5. Which of the following Sultans formulated a series of regulations to weaken the power of feudatories?
a) Iltutmish b) Balban
c) Alauddin Khalji d) Muhammad bin Tughlaq
6. When did Ibrahim Lodhi become the Sultan of Delhi?
a) 1517 AD b) 1526 AD c) 1516 AD d) 1527 AD
7. The Mosque of Moth was constructed during whose reign?
a) Sikandar Lodhi b) Muhammad bin Tughlaq c) Alauddin Khalji d) Qutbuddin Aibak
8. What was the meaning of the medieval word 'Rux'?
a) Dance b) Singing c) Chanting d) Ritual
9. In which year, Sultan Bahadur Shah of Gujarat attacked Chittorgarh Fort?
a) 1533 AD b) 1303 AD c) 1568 AD d) 1616 AD
10. Who among the following was the Maharana of Mewar and wrote the book on music titled 'Sangeet Raj'?
a) Maharana Sanga b) Maharana Pratap c) Maharana Kumbha d) Maharana Udai Singh
11. Which Sultan of Delhi wrote his autobiography?
a) Sikandar Lodhi b) Muhammad-bin-Tughlaq c) Iltutmish d) Firoz Shah Tughlaq

12. Who composed 'Tabaqat-e-Nasiri' during the Sultanate period?
a) Hasan Nizami b) Amir Khusrau c) Minhaj-us-Siraj d) Ziauddin Barani
13. During the Delhi Sultanate, the word 'Ulema' was related to –
a) Religious scholar and Jurist b) Chief Commander
c) Postal Officer d) Village Revenue Officer
14. What is the approximate height (in meter) of Qutb Minar in Delhi?
a) 75 b) 77 c) 73 d) 71
15. The double dome feature of Indo-Islamic architecture was introduced by which dynasty of Delhi Sultanate?
a) Slave Dynasty b) Khalji Dynasty c) Tughlaq Dynasty d) Lodhi Dynasty
16. In which year was Razia removed from the throne of Delhi Sultanate?
a) 1244 AD b) 1240 AD c) 1238 AD d) 1236 AD
17. During the reign of which sultan, a new position Naiv-i-Mumalikat was introduced?
a) Bahram Shah b) Alauddin Masud Shah
c) Nasiruddin Mahmud d) More than one of these
18. A Muslim ruler, whose empire was considered a part of Dar-ul-Islam?
a) Razia b) Iltutmish c) Nasiruddin d) Balban
19. “The king was freed from his people and they from their king”, on whose death did Badauni comment this?
a) Balban b) Alauddin Khalji c) Muhammad bin Tughlaq d) Shah Tughlaq
20. Berar was founded by –
a) Fathullah Imad Shahi b) Alauddin Humayun c) Muhammad III d) Yusuf Adil Shah
21. At which of the following places has the tomb of Ahmad Shah Wali Bahamani been constructed?
a) Fatehpur Sikri b) Agra c) Ashtur d) Ajmer
22. Who among the following was the commander of Alauddin Khalji, who led his army in a battle against Ramchandra of Devagiri?
a) Nusarat Khan b) Ulugh Khan c) Malik Kafur d) Zafar Khan
23. Who was the court historian of Mahmud Ghaznavi?
a) Hassan Nizami b) Utbi c) Firdausi d) Chand Bardai
24. Malik Amber, who opposed the Mughals in the Deccan, was an efficient administrator of which state?
a) Bidar b) Bijapur c) Golconda d) Ahmednagar
25. When was the construction of Taj Mahal started?
a) 1641 AD b) 1632 AD c) 1651 AD d) 1621 AD

26. Which of the following pairs (Mughal buildings and places) is not correctly matched?
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|--------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| a) Tomb of Sher Shah – Sasaram | b) Humayun's Tomb – Delhi |
| c) Jahangiri Mahal – Lahore | d) Buland Darwaza – Fatehpur Sikri |
27. The historic Sher Shah Suri Marg passes through –
- | | |
|---------------------------|------------------------|
| a) Kanpur and Kanyakumari | b) Delhi and Manali |
| c) Delhi and Amritsar | d) Lucknow and Kolkata |
28. Which queen died fighting Mughal armies while defending Garha Katanga in 1584?
- | | | | |
|-------------------|-------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| a) Rani Durgavati | b) Rani Avantibai | c) Rani Rudrambara | d) Rani Ahhilyabai |
|-------------------|-------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
29. Name the Englishman who tried to get a Farman from Akbar to trade in Gujarat?
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| a) Ralph Fitch | b) John Mildenhall | c) Sir Thomas Roe | d) Thomas Stephens |
|----------------|--------------------|-------------------|--------------------|
30. In which of Rajasthan, 'Chhatris' were built in honour of the Jaimal and Kalla warriors, who sacrificed their lives in the siege of Emperor Akbar in 1568 AD?
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|--------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| a) Amer Fort | b) Chittorgarh Fort | c) Ranthambore Fort | d) Kumbhalgarh Fort |
|--------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
31. In medieval India, the Mansabdari system was introduced mainly for –
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|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| a) Making recruitment to the army | b) Facilitating revenue collection |
| c) Ensuring religious harmony | d) Effective cleaning administration |
32. Who was the last Hindu ruler to sit on the throne of Delhi?
- | | | | |
|------------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|
| a) Harshvardhana | b) Hemchandra | c) Rao Tularam | d) Mohan Singh |
|------------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|
33. Who among the following Mughal Emperors shifted emphasis from illustrated manuscripts to album and individual portraits?
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|------------|----------|-------------|---------------|
| a) Humayun | b) Akbar | c) Jahangir | d) Shah Jahan |
|------------|----------|-------------|---------------|
34. Mirza Hindal was the brother of which Mughal emperor?
- | | | | |
|------------|----------|-------------|---------------|
| a) Humayun | b) Akbar | c) Jahangir | d) Shah Jahan |
|------------|----------|-------------|---------------|
35. Sikandra was the last resting place of emperor _____.
- | | | | |
|-------------|---------------|----------|------------|
| a) Jahangir | b) Shah Jahan | c) Akbar | d) Humayun |
|-------------|---------------|----------|------------|
36. What was the true role of a Kotwal during the Mughal rule?
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|---------------------------|---------------------------------|
| a) Leading an army to war | b) Maintaining the treasury |
| c) Revenue Collection | d) Maintenance of law and order |
37. Which of the following is the composition by Dara Shikoh?
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|--------------------|------------------|---------------------|----------------------|
| a) Kitab-ul-Nauras | b) Kitab-ul-Hind | c) Majma-ul-Bahrain | d) Nuskha-i-Dilkhusa |
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38. The famous monument, Aram Bagh, was built by Babur is located in –
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|----------|------------------|-------------------|----------|
| a) Delhi | b) Uttar Pradesh | c) Madhya Pradesh | d) Bihar |
|----------|------------------|-------------------|----------|
39. Sarai Nurmahal is a centrally protected monument of India. It is located in which state of India?
- | | | | |
|------------------|----------------|-----------|---------------------|
| a) Uttar Pradesh | b) West Bengal | c) Punjab | d) Himachal Pradesh |
|------------------|----------------|-----------|---------------------|

40. Who is called the Last Great Peshwa?
a) Madhavrao Narayan b) Madhavrao I c) Bajirao I d) Bajirao II
41. What was the name of the priest who performed Shivaji's coronation?
a) Ramdas b) Tukaram c) Kondadev d) Gangabhatt
42. Which of the following Mughal emperors built the Sheesh Mahal in Agra?
a) Shah Jahan b) Humayun c) Babur d) Akbar
43. The tomb of Salim Chistie is located in which of the following cities?
a) Delhi b) Agra c) Lahore d) Fatehpur Sikri
44. Who is the author of the book Tarikh-i-Dilkhusa?
a) Bhimsen b) Ishwar Das c) Mustaid Shaki Khan d) Chandrabhan Brahmin
45. Akbarnama is divided into how many books?
a) 5 books b) 4 books c) 2 books d) 3 books
46. Which of the following Mughal rulers finally made an agreement with Rana Amar Singh, son of Maharana Pratap, the ruler of Mewar?
a) Shah Jahan b) Akbar c) Jahangir d) None of them
47. What is the meaning of the word 'Sama' in the context of Sufi traditions?
a) Recitation of sacred songs b) Magic tricks
c) Disciple d) Ashram
48. To which sect did Sheikh Bahauddin Zakariya belong?
a) Suhrawardy Sect b) Chistie Sect c) Firdausi Sect d) Qadri Sect
49. The battle of Ghaghra was fought in –
a) 1523 AD b) 1529 AD c) 1525 AD d) 1526 AD
50. In which year, Akbar abolished 'Tirtha Kara'?
a) 1563 AD b) 1562 AD c) 1561 AD d) 1564 AD