

SED fitter model packages

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This document describes the format required of a model 'package' in order to be used by the fitter. The format adopted for all files is the FITS standard. All FITS files presented here should have `BITPIX=-32` and `EXTEND=T` in the primary header. The model 'package' should have a name starting with `model_` and containing the following:

- `seds/` - a directory containing all the model SEDs as `fits.gz` files, in the format described below. In order to avoid huge numbers of files in a single directory, sub-directories can be created with a section of the model names. The size of this section can later be specified in the models config file. In the `models_r06` package, the `seds` directory contains sub-directories whose filename is the five first characters of the model name. These sub-directories then contain the appropriate models. For example, the `30034` directory contains all models starting with `30034`.
- `convolved/` - a directory containing all the convolved models, one file per filter. The name of the files should be `filter.fits` where `filter` should be replaced with the filter code (e.g. `2J`, `2H`, etc.).
- `parameters.fits.gz` - the parameters for the models, in the same order as the convolved fluxes

1 SED files

HDU 0

The primary header must contain following keywords:

```
VERSION = 1      (integer) (the current version, in case we make big changes in future)
MODEL    = value  (character) (the model name)
IMAGE    = T/F    (logical) (whether images are available in HDU 0)
WAVLGHTS = T/F    (logical) (whether wavelengths are available in HDU 1)
APERTURS = T/F    (logical) (whether apertures are available in HDU 2)
SEDS     = T/F    (logical) (whether SEDs are available in HDU 3)
```

if `WAVLGHTS = T`, then the header must contain

```
NWAV = value (integer) which is the number of wavelengths
```

if `APERTURS = T`, then the header must contain

```
NAP = value (integer) which is the number of apertures
```

if `IMAGE = T`, then this **HDU** should contain a data cube which is the model image as a function of wavelength. This will be specified in more detail in future.

HDU 1 - extname=WAVELENGTHS

if WAVELENGTHS = T, this **HDU** should contain a 2-column binary table with NWAV values in each column. The first column should have the title WAVELENGTH, format 1E, and unit MICRONS. The second column should have the title FREQUENCY, format 1E, and unit HZ. Optionally, a third column can be included with the title STELLAR_FLUX, format 1E, and units specified appropriately. This column can be used to specify the model stellar photosphere used to compute YSO models for example. Only mJy and ergs/cm²/s are supported as units at this time. If specified, the stellar photosphere should have the correct scaling relative to the SEDs in HDU 3.

HDU 2 - extname=APERTURES

if APERTURES = T, this **HDU** should contain a 1-column binary table with NAP values. The column should have the title APERTURE, format 1E, and units AU. These are the apertures for which the SEDs in **HDU 3** are tabulated.

HDU 3 - extname=SEDS

if SED = T, this **HDU** should contain a binary table with at least one column, and **HDU 1** and **HDU 2** should also contain data. Each column should consist of NAP rows of real vectors with dimension NWAV. Thus, each cell contains an SED. The format of each column should be nE, where n=NWAV. The title and units of each column should be specified. The columns can contain SEDs such as the total flux, the stellar flux, the disk flux, etc. or related uncertainties. The following column titles are examples of ones that can be used:

TOTAL_FLUX
TOTAL_FLUX_ERR
STELLAR_FLUX
STELLAR_FLUX_ERR
DISK_FLUX
DISK_FLUX_ERR
ENVELOPE_FLUX
ENVELOPE_FLUX_ERR
DIRECT_FLUX
DIRECT_FLUX_ERR
SCATTERED_FLUX
SCATTERED_FLUX_ERR
THERMAL_FLUX
THERMAL_FLUX_ERR
etc.

The order of the columns is not important as there are FITS routines to search for a specific column.

Note : The SED fitter requires a column TOTAL_FLUX to be present, and will return an error otherwise. Only mJy and ergs/cm²/s are supported as units at this time.

2 Convolved fluxes file

HDU 0

The primary header must contain following keywords:

FILTWAV = value (real) (the characteristic wavelength of the filter)
NMODELS = value (integer) (the number of models)
NAP = value (integer) (the number of apertures)

HDU 1 - extname=CONVOLVED FLUXES

This **HDU** should contain a 5-column binary table. The column titles should be:

MODEL_NAME
TOTAL_FLUX
TOTALF_FLUX_ERR
RADIUS_SIGMA_50
RADIUS_CUMUL_99

The first column should have format 30A and should contain the name of each model. No units are required. The second and third columns should have format nE where n=NAP, with each cell containing a vector with the fluxes in the different apertures. The fourth and fifth column should have format 1E and contain the outermost radius at which the surface brightness falls to 50% of the maximum surface brightness, and the radius inside which 99% of the flux is contained respectively. These two columns should have units AU.

HDU 2 - extname=APERTURES

This **HDU** should contain a 1-column binary table with NAP values. The column should have the title APERTURE, format 1E, and units AU. These are the apertures for which the fluxes in **HDU 1** are tabulated.

3 Model parameters

HDU 0

The primary header must contain following keywords:

NMODELS = value (integer) (the number of models)

HDU 1 - extname=CONVOLVED FLUXES

This **HDU** should contain a binary table with the model parameters. Any number of columns can be included, in any order. Only parameters with format 1E will be usable by the programs to plot parameters, but text parameters with format nA can also be included (e.g. dust model filenames, etc.). One column is compulsory, with title MODEL_NAME and format 30A. It should contain the same names as the convolved fluxes file, and in the same order.

4 Fitter output file

HDU 0

The primary header must contain following keywords:

MODELDIR = path (character) (the models directory used)
EXLAW = path (character) (the extinction law used)
OUT_FORM = value (character) (the output format - N/C/D/E/F etc.)
OUT_NUMB = value (real) (the number associated with the output format)

HDU 1

The header must contain following keywords:

NWAV = value (integer) (number of wavelengths)

and for each wavelength i:

FILTi = value (character) (the filter code)
WAVi = value (real) (the characteristic wavelength)
APi = value (real) (the aperture in arcseconds)

This HDU should contain a binary table with 11 columns:

title	unit	format	description

SOURCE_NAME		30A	source name
X	deg	1D	x position
Y	deg	1D	y position
SOURCE_ID		1J	id used in HDU 2
FIRST_ROW		1J	first row in HDU 2
NUMBER_FITS		1J	number of fits listed
VALID		nJ	valid flag for data
FLUX	mJy	nE	flux
FLUX_ERROR	mJy	nE	flux error
LOG10FLUX	mJy	nE	log10 flux (bias corrected)
LOG10FLUX_ERROR	mJy	nE	log10 flux error (bias corrected)

with one row per source, where n=NWAV (the four flux related columns should contain vectors of size NWAV).

HDU 2

The following header keyword should be specified:

MODELFLX = T/F (logical) (whether the model fluxes are specified in this HDU)

This **HDU** should contain at least 6 columns:

title	unit	format	description

SOURCE_ID		1J	id listed in HDU 1
FIT_ID		1J	rank of the fit
MODEL_ID		1J	model ID (model # in convolved flux file)
MODEL_NAME		30A	name of the model
CHI2		1E	total chi-squared
AV	mag	1E	magnitudes of visual extinction
LOGD	kpc	1E	log(d) distance required for fit

optionally, a 7th column can be specified (if MODELFLX=T), with name MODEL_LOG10FLUX, containing the scaled and extincted model fluxes that fit the data. The format of the column should be nE where n=NWAV, and the units should be mJy.