Chapitre 4 Gestion des données Partie 2



CRUD en No SQL



Connexion avec Mongoose

```
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const mogoose = require('mogoose');

mongoose.connect('mongodb://localhost:27017/test').then(() => {
   console.log('Connected to MongoDB');
}).catch(err => {
   console.error('Error connecting to MongoDB:', err);
};
```



Définir un schéma

```
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const mongoose = require('mogoose');

const productSchema = new mongoose.Schema({
    name: String,
    price: Number,
    quantity: Number,
});

module.exports = mongoose.model('Product', productSchema);
```



Faire des requêtes

```
const getAll = (req, res) => {
   Product.find().then(products => {
       res.status(200).json(products);
   }).catch(err => {
       res.status(500).json(err);
const getById = (req, res) => {
    const { id } = req.params;
   Product.findById(id).then(product => {
       if (!product) {
           res.status(404).json({ message: 'No product found' });
       } else {
           res.status(200).json(product);
   }).catch(err => {
       res.status(500).json(err);
const create = (req, res) => {
    const { name, price, quantity } = req.body;
   const product = new Product({ name, price, quantity });
   product.save().then(product => {
       res.status(201).json(product);
   }).catch(err => {
       res.status(500).json(err);
```



Faire des requêtes

```
const update = (req, res) => {
    const { id } = req.params;
   const { name, price, quantity } = req.body;
   Product.findByIdAndUpdate(id, { name, price, quantity }, { new: true }).then(product => {
        if (!product) {
           res.status(404).json({ message: 'No product found' });
           res.status(200).json(product);
   }).catch(err => {
       res.status(500).json(err);
const deleteById = (req, res) => {
   const { id } = req.params;
   Product.findByIdAndDelete(id).then(product => {
       if (!product) {
           res.status(404).json({ message: 'No product found' });
            res.status(200).json(product);
   }).catch(err => {
       res.status(500).json(err);
```



Exercices

Chapitre 5Middlewares



Express-Validator



Introduction à Express Validator

- Bibliothèque de validation pour Express.js.
- Utilisée pour valider les entrées des requêtes.
- /validator/productValidator.js
- /validator/validate.js
- Importation : const { body, param } = require('express-validator');
- Exemple de Validation de Paramètre d'URL

```
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const validateIdParm = [
   params('id').notEmpty().isNumeric()
];
```



Utilisation dans une route express

```
const { validateIdParam, validateBodyParam } = require("../validator/productValidator")
const validate = require("../validator/validate") // Middleware de validation
router.post("", validateBodyParam, validate, store)
const validateBodyParam = [
 param('id').not().isString().notEmpty().isInt({min:0}),
 param('name').not().isString().notEmpty(),
 param('price').not().isString().notEmpty().isFloat({min:0})
function validate(reg, res, next) {
 const errors = validationResult(req);
 if (!errors.isEmpty()) {
   return res.status(422).json({ errors: errors.array() });
```





TP 3: Validation des acquis