

# Astro 17: Extragalactic Astronomy and Cosmology

## Instructor's Guide to Lab Notebooks

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# 1 Introduction

This guide accompanies the Google Colab notebooks for Astro 17, Harvard’s introductory course in extragalactic astronomy and cosmology. The notebooks provide hands-on computational exercises covering topics from stellar populations to cosmological distance measurements.

All notebooks are designed to run on Google Colab, a cloud-based Python notebook environment that requires no local software installation.

## 2 Google Colab: Benefits and Considerations

### 2.1 Benefits of Using Colab

- **No local setup required** – Students can begin working immediately without installing Python, Jupyter, or any packages on their personal computers.
- **Platform independence** – Works on any computer with a web browser (Windows, Mac, Linux, Chromebook).
- **Pre-installed scientific libraries** – NumPy, Matplotlib, SciPy, Astropy, and Pandas are available by default.
- **GPU/TPU access** – For advanced exercises, Colab provides free access to accelerated computing resources.
- **Easy sharing** – Notebooks can be shared via Google Drive links for collaboration or grading.
- **Built-in AI assistant** – The Gemini AI integration helps students understand code and debug issues.

### 2.2 Important Considerations

- **Google Drive mounting required** – To access data files, students must mount their Google Drive and navigate to the folder containing the data files. This requires a Google account.
- **Data files must be uploaded** – Students need to copy the data files from the course repository to their own Google Drive’s Colab Notebooks folder (or another folder of their choice, adjusting the path in the notebook accordingly).
- **pip installations do not persist** – Any packages installed with `pip install` during a session are lost when the runtime disconnects. Students must re-run pip install cells each time they open a notebook. For example, the `LineProfileGalaxies` notebook requires `pip install ipympl` at the start of each session.
- **Runtime timeouts** – Colab disconnects after periods of inactivity (typically 90 minutes). Students should save work frequently.
- **Internet required** – Colab is entirely cloud-based and requires an internet connection.

## 2.3 Student Setup Instructions

Students should follow these steps before their first lab session:

1. Create a Google account if they don't have one.
2. In their individual Google Drive, if it does not exist already each student should create a folder called **Colab Notebooks**.
3. Download all data files from the course repository's **data/** folder.
4. Upload the data files to their **Colab Notebooks** folder on Google Drive.
5. Open each notebook from the course repository in Colab.
6. When prompted, authorize Colab to access Google Drive.

## 3 Individual Notebook Descriptions

### 3.1 Gaussians

**Topic:** Statistical fitting and Gaussian distributions

**Learning Objectives:** Understanding probability distributions, curve fitting, chi-squared analysis, parameter estimation with uncertainties

**Required Data:** None (synthetic data generated in notebook)

**Prerequisites:** Basic Python, NumPy arrays

**Common Issues:** None – self-contained notebook

### 3.2 Linear Regression Correlation

**Topic:** Linear regression and parameter correlation

**Learning Objectives:** Understanding how slope and intercept become correlated when fitting data far from origin; mean subtraction to improve numerical stability

**Required Data:** None (synthetic data generated in notebook)

**Prerequisites:** Basic statistics, curve fitting concepts

**Common Issues:** None – self-contained notebook

### 3.3 FIRASfit

**Topic:** CMB spectral fit to Planck function

**Learning Objectives:** Fitting a model to data, consistency with Big Bang

**Required Data:** None (included in notebook)

**Prerequisites:** Basic cosmology concepts, basic statistics and fitting

**Common Issues:** None – self-contained notebook

### 3.4 Distances

**Topic:** Cosmological distance measures

**Learning Objectives:** Understanding luminosity distance, angular diameter distance, comoving distance; cosmological redshift; distance modulus

**Required Data:** None (calculations only)

**Prerequisites:** Basic cosmology concepts

**Common Issues:** None – self-contained notebook

### 3.5 gaia

**Topic:** Hertzsprung-Russell diagram using Gaia data

**Learning Objectives:** Stellar parallax and distance; absolute vs. apparent magnitude; color-magnitude diagrams; main sequence, giant branch, white dwarfs

**Required Data:** `gaia.200pc_sample.fits`

**Prerequisites:** Magnitude system, stellar classification basics

**Common Issues:** Students must correctly calculate absolute magnitude from parallax

### 3.6 Galaxy\_Rotation\_Curve\_Fitting

**Topic:** Galaxy rotation curves and dark matter

**Learning Objectives:** Rotation curve analysis; evidence for dark matter; mass modeling (disk, bulge, halo components)

**Required Data:** None (NGC 7331 data embedded in notebook)

**Prerequisites:** Keplerian dynamics, mass estimation

**Common Issues:** Understanding the disk/halo decomposition

### 3.7 LineProfileGalaxies

**Topic:** Galaxy morphology through brightness profiles

**Learning Objectives:** FITS image analysis; surface brightness profiles; exponential vs. de Vaucouleurs profiles; morphological classification; data visualization

**Required Data:** Multiple FITS images: `M74DSS2red.fits`, `M87SDSSr.fits`, `M101DSS2red.fits`, `M84SDSSr.fits`, `M89SDSSr.fits`, `M105SDSSr.fits`, `NGC4874DSS2red.fits`, and others

**Prerequisites:** Galaxy classification, magnitude systems

**Special Setup:** Requires `pip install ipynb` at start of each session, followed by kernel restart

**Common Issues:** Interactive widget may not work if `ipynb` not installed; students must restart runtime after `pip install`

### 3.8 NumberCounts

**Topic:** Galaxy number counts and star-galaxy separation, inconsistent with static Euclidean cosmology.

**Learning Objectives:** Photometric catalogs; PSF vs. Petrosian magnitudes; star-galaxy separation; number counts as cosmological probe

**Required Data:** A1942nohead.tsv

**Prerequisites:** Magnitude systems, basic statistics

**Common Issues:** Understanding the magnitude uncertainty as inverse SNR

### 3.9 ClusterLRG\_Rubin

**Topic:** Galaxy cluster analysis with Rubin Observatory data

**Learning Objectives:** cModel photometry; color-magnitude diagrams; red sequence selection; photometric redshifts

**Required Data:** abell360\_rubin\_dp1.303-1\_galaxy\_photometry\_v6.fits

**Prerequisites:** NumberCounts notebook concepts

**Common Issues:** Large file size may slow upload

### 3.10 Zshell

**Topic:** Galaxy clustering as compared to random Poisson statistics.

**Learning Objectives:** Redshift shells; K-corrections; luminosity functions; Schechter function fitting

**Required Data:** sdss\_photometry.csv

**Prerequisites:** Redshift, magnitude systems

**Common Issues:** Understanding the narrow redshift slice selection

### 3.11 SN1a\_Hubble\_Fit

**Topic:** Type Ia supernovae and the Hubble diagram, evidence for dark energy

**Learning Objectives:** Standard candles; distance modulus; Hubble diagram; cosmological parameter estimation

**Required Data:** None (supernova data embedded in notebook)

**Prerequisites:** Distances notebook concepts

**Common Issues:** Understanding distance modulus vs. redshift relationship

### 3.12 Diffraction\_Grating\_Lab

**Topic:** Spectroscopy with diffraction gratings

**Learning Objectives:** Diffraction grating equation; wavelength calibration; spectral line identification

**Required Data:** Student-provided spectrum images (taken in lab)

**Prerequisites:** Basic optics, wavelength concepts

**Common Issues:** Image quality affects measurements; students upload their own images via `files.upload()`

## 4 Required Python Packages

All notebooks use packages that are pre-installed on Google Colab:

- `numpy` – Numerical computing
- `matplotlib` – Plotting
- `scipy` – Scientific computing (curve fitting, optimization)
- `astropy` – Astronomical utilities (FITS, units, coordinates)
- `pandas` – Data manipulation

One notebook requires an additional package:

- `ipympl` – Required by `LineProfileGalaxies.ipynb` for interactive plotting. Must be installed with `pip install ipympl` at the start of each session.

## 5 Data Files Summary

File	Size	Used By
A1942nohead.tsv	2.9 MB	NumberCounts
abell1360_rubin_dp1...fits	1.7 MB	ClusterLRG_Rubin
gaia_200pc_sample.fits	360 KB	gaia
sdss_photometry.csv	220 KB	Zshell
M74DSS2red.fits	4.2 MB	LineProfileGalaxies
M87SDSSr.fits	4.2 MB	LineProfileGalaxies
M87SDSSu.fits	4.2 MB	LineProfileGalaxies
M101DSS2red.fits	4.2 MB	LineProfileGalaxies
M101WISE3.5.fits	4.2 MB	LineProfileGalaxies
M84SDSSr.fits	4.2 MB	LineProfileGalaxies
M89SDSSr.fits	4.2 MB	LineProfileGalaxies
M105SDSSr.fits	4.2 MB	LineProfileGalaxies
NGC4874DSS2red.fits	4.2 MB	LineProfileGalaxies

File	Size	Used By
DECAmr.fits	33.5 MB	LineProfileGalaxies

Total data size: approximately 75 MB.

## 6 Suggested Notebook Sequence

A recommended order for working through the notebooks:

1. **Gaussians** – Foundational statistics
2. **Linear\_Regression\_Correlation** – Fitting techniques
3. **FIRASfit.ipynb** – Fitting a Planck function to CMB spectrum, single fit parameter (Temp.)
4. **Diffraction\_Grating\_Lab** – Spectroscopy (lab-based)
5. **gaia** – Stellar HR diagram
6. **Distances** – Cosmological distances
7. **Galaxy\_Rotation\_Curve\_Fitting** – Dark matter evidence
8. **LineProfileGalaxies** – Galaxy morphology
9. **NumberCounts** – Galaxy number counts compared to static Euclidean cosmology.
10. **ClusterLRG\_Rubin** – Galaxy clusters
11. **Zshell** – 2-d Spatial distribution of galaxies in redshift shell
12. **SN1a\_Hubble\_Fit** – Cosmological measurements

## 7 Technical Contact

For technical questions about these notebooks, contact:

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## 8 Acknowledgements

This material was developed by the Astronomy 17 instructional staff and members of the Bok Center for Teaching and Learning. Contributors include Kaylee de Soto, Dongpeng Huang, Jungyoon Koh, Marlon Kuzmick, Andrés Alejandro Plazas Malagón, Theo O'Neill, and Madeleine Woods. The notebooks and this manual were developed with assistance from AI tools including Google's Gemini, OpenAI's GPT, and Anthropic's Claude Code.