Probing new physics at the LHC: searches for heavy top-like quarks with the ATLAS experiment

Antonella Succurro

PhD candidate in Physics







Bellaterra, 28th of February, 2014

 $\blacktriangleright \ Why? \ {\it bother with "new physics"}$

- $\blacktriangleright \ Why? \ {\it bother with "new physics"}$
- ▶ Where? is all happening

- ▶ Why? bother with "new physics"
- ▶ Where? is all happening
- ▶ What? are we looking at

- ▶ Why? bother with "new physics"
- ▶ Where? is all happening
- ▶ What? are we looking at
- How?

Outline

Theoretical framework

The ATLAS experiment at the LHC

Monte Carlo simulation

Event reconstruction

Searches for TT in single lepton channel

Search for $T\bar{T}$ decaying to Wb + X

Search for $T\bar{T}$ decaying to Ht + X

Combined results

Conclusions and outlook

Standard Model as an effective theory

Outline

Theoretical framework

The ATLAS experiment at the LHC

Monte Carlo simulation

Event reconstruction

Searches for $T\bar{T}$ in single lepton channel

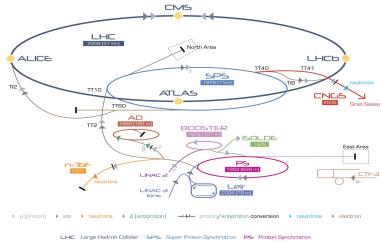
Search for $T\bar{T}$ decaying to Wb + X

Search for TT decaying to Ht + X

Combined results

Conclusions and outlook

The LHC complex

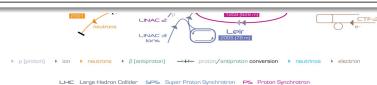


AD Antiproton Decelerator CTF-3 Clic Test Facility CNCS Cern Neutrinos to Gran Sasso ISOLDE Isotope Separator OnLine DEvice
LEIR Low Energy Ion Ring LINAC LiNear ACcelerator n-TSF Neutrons Time Of Flight

The LHC complex

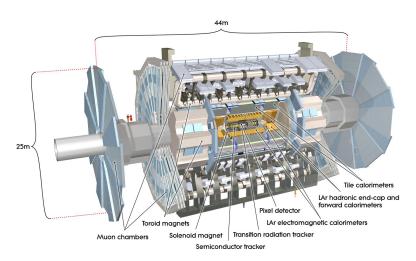


Parameter	designed	2010	2011	2012
Beam energy (TeV/c) Beta function $\beta*$ (m) Max. No. bunches/beam	7 0.55 2808	3.5 2.0/3.5 368	3.5 1.5/1.0 1380	4 0.6 1380
Max. No. protons/bunch Bunch spacing (ns)	1.15×10^{11} 25	1.2×10^{11} 150	1.45×10^{11} 75/50	1.7×10^{11} 50
Peak luminosity (cm ⁻² s ⁻¹) Emittance ε_n (μ rad) Max. $< \mu >$	1×10^{34} 3.75 19	2.1×10^{32} 2.0 4	3.7×10^{33} 2.4 17	7.7×10 ³³ 2.5 37

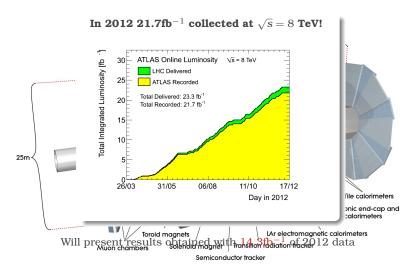


AD Antiproton Decelerator CTF-3 Clic Test Facility CNCS Cern Neutrinos to Gran Sasso ISOLDE Isotope Separator OnLine Device
LEIR Low Energy Ion Ring LINAC LiNear ACcelerator n-15F Neutrons Time Of Flight

The ATLAS Detector



The ATLAS Detector



Outline

Theoretical framework

The ATLAS experiment at the LHC

Monte Carlo simulation

Event reconstruction

Searches for $T\bar{T}$ in single lepton channel

Search for $T\bar{T}$ decaying to Wb + X

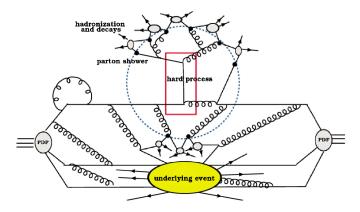
Search for TT decaying to Ht + X

Combined results

Conclusions and outlook

Modelling of hadron collisions

want to do physics at hadron colliders? need a good understanding of incoming hadrons



Modelling of hadron collisions

Drawings from [1]

$$E(p_1) = 4 \text{ TeV}$$

$$E(p_2) = 4 \text{ TeV}$$



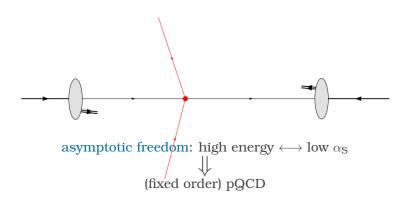


Quarks are distributed according to PDFs inside the proton

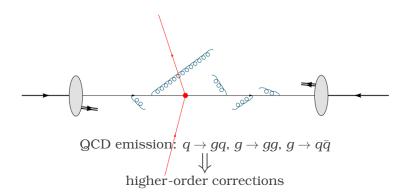


intial energy unknown

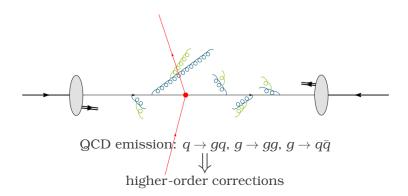
Hard scattering of two partons



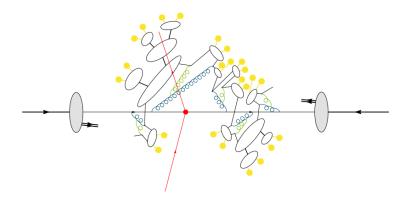
Parton showering



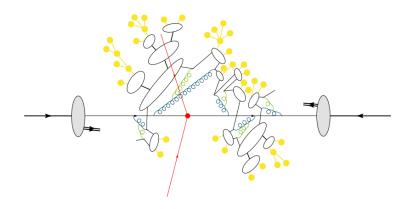
Parton showering



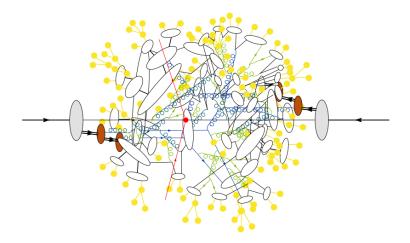
Hadronization



Final particle decays



Underlying event simulation



Outline

Theoretical framework

The ATLAS experiment at the LHC

Monte Carlo simulation

Event reconstruction

Searches for $T\bar{T}$ in single lepton channel

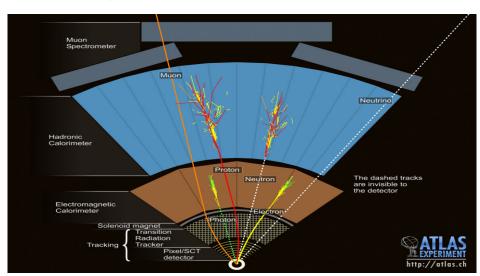
Search for $T\bar{T}$ decaying to Wb + X

Search for $T\bar{T}$ decaying to Ht + X

Combined results

Conclusions and outlook

Physics objects puzzle



One lepton

Many jets

Missing transverse energy

Outline

Theoretical framework

The ATLAS experiment at the LHC

Monte Carlo simulation

Event reconstruction

Searches for $T\bar{T}$ in single lepton channel

Search for $T\bar{T}$ decaying to Wb + X

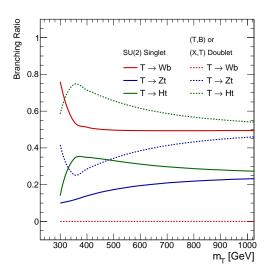
Search for $T\bar{T}$ decaying to Ht + X

Combined results

Conclusions and outlook

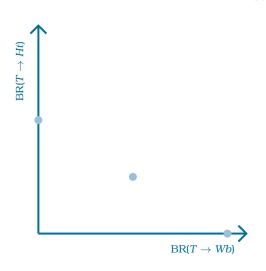
Allowed decay modes

Singlet	Decay modes		
T(+2/3)	W^+b , Ht , Zt		
B(-1/3)	W^-t , Hb , Zb		
X(+5/3)	W^+t		
Y(-4/3)	W^-b		
Doublet	Decay modes		
$\left(\begin{array}{c} T \\ B \end{array}\right)$	W^+b , Ht , Zt W^-t , Hb , Zb		
$\left(\begin{array}{c} T \\ X \end{array}\right)$	Ht, Zt W^+t		
$\begin{pmatrix} B \\ Y \end{pmatrix}$	Hb, Zb W^-b		

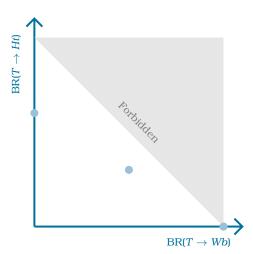


 Build a 2-dim plane to scan model mixing

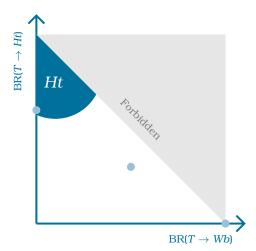




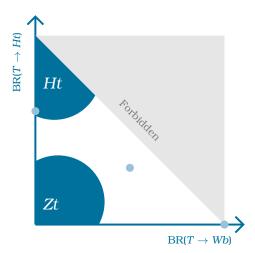
 Build a 2-dim plane to scan model mixing



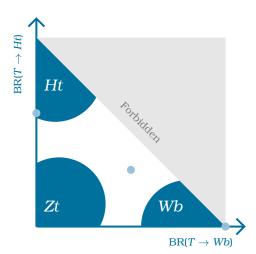
- Build a 2-dim plane to scan model mixing
- Sum of BRs is 1^(a)



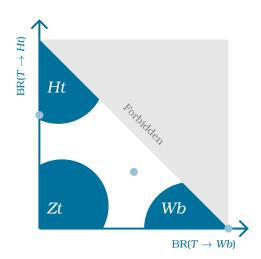
- Build a 2-dim plane to scan model mixing
- Sum of BRs is 1^(a)
- Different analyses are sensitive to different areas



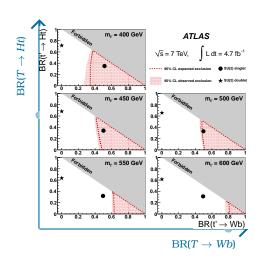
- Build a 2-dim plane to scan model mixing
- Sum of BRs is 1^(a)
- Different analyses are sensitive to different areas



- Build a 2-dim plane to scan model mixing
- Sum of BRs is 1^(a)
- Different analyses are sensitive to different areas



- Build a 2-dim plane to scan model mixing
- Sum of BRs is 1^(a)
- Different analyses are sensitive to different areas
- Set exclusion using *CL*_s technique [2, 3]



- Build a 2-dim plane to scan model mixing
- Sum of BRs is 1^(a)
- Different analyses are sensitive to different areas
- Set exclusion using CL_s technique [2, 3]
- First published results at 7 TeV Phys.Lett. B718 (2012) [4]

Preselection

Two searches using common analysis framework:

 $ightharpoonup T\bar{T} o Wb + X$

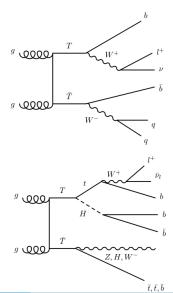
 $ightharpoonup T\bar{T} \rightarrow Ht + X$

ATLAS-CONF-2013-060 [5] ATLAS-CONF-2013-018 [6]

Preselection stage	Requirements
Single lepton	One electron or muon matching trigger
QCD rejection	$E_{ m T}^{ m miss} > 20~{ m GeV} \ E_{ m T}^{ m miss} + m_{ m T} > 60~{ m GeV}$
Jet multiplicity	≥ 4 jets ≥ 1 <i>b</i> -tagged jets

orthogonality requirements:

- ▶ $T\bar{T} \rightarrow Wb + X$: reject events with >6 jets and $\geq 3 b$ -jets
- ▶ $T\bar{T} \rightarrow Ht + X$: reject events in the low *b*-tags channel with $H_T < 700$ GeV

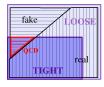


Yields in the preselection region "blinded" as: $H_{\scriptscriptstyle T}^{4j} < 800~{\rm GeV}~({\rm *})$

	\geq 4 jets, \geq 1 b -tags
Multi-jet	6264 ± 74
Single top	14375 ± 107
Diboson	548 ± 12
Z+jets	5804 ± 146
W+jets	35921 ± 525
$t\bar{t}V$	680 ± 2
$t\bar{t}$ H (125)	220 ± 1
$t\bar{t}$ MC@NLO	202042 ± 285
Tot Bkg w/ MC@NLO	265854 ± 629
$Tar{T}$ (600) chiral Data	36 ± 2 256993 ± 507

(*)
$$H_T^{4j} = p_T(l) + E_T^{\text{miss}} + \sum_{j=1}^4 p_T(j)$$

- QCD multi-jet events have high cross-section
- Data-drive estimation
- Matrix-method



$$N_{\rm fake}^{\rm tight} = \frac{\epsilon_{\rm fake}}{\epsilon_{\rm real} - \epsilon_{\rm fake}} (N^{\rm loose} \epsilon_{\rm real} - N^{\rm tight})$$

Yields in the preselection region "blinded" as: $H_{\scriptscriptstyle T}^{4j} < 800~{\rm GeV}~(^*\!)$

	\geq 4 jets, \geq 1 b -tags
Multi-jet	6264 ± 74
Single top	14375 ± 107
Diboson	548 ± 12
Z+jets	5804 ± 146
W+jets	35921 ± 525
$t\bar{t}V$	680 ± 2
$t\bar{t}$ H (125)	220 ± 1
$t\bar{t}$ MC@NLO	202042 ± 285
Tot Bkg w/ MC@NLO	265854 ± 629
$Tar{T}$ (600) chiral Data	36 ± 2 256993 ± 507

(*)
$$H_T^{4j} = p_T(l) + E_T^{\text{miss}} + \sum_{j=1}^4 p_T(j)$$

- s-channel and Wt production generated with MC@NLO+HERWIG
- ► *t*-channel generated with ACERMC+PYTHIA
- $m_t = 172.5 \text{ GeV}$
- ▶ NNLO theoretical cross sections

Yields in the preselection region "blinded" as: $H_T^{4j} < 800 \; {\rm GeV} \; (*) \label{eq:hamiltonian}$

	\geq 4 jets, \geq 1 b -tags
Multi-jet Single top	6264 ± 74 14375 ± 107
Diboson	548 ± 12
Z+jets	5804 ± 146
W+jets	35921 ± 525
tīV	680 ± 2
ttH (125)	220 ± 1
tt MC@NLO	202042 ± 285
Tot Bkg w/ MC@NLO	265854 ± 629
$T\bar{T}$ (600) chiral	36 ± 2
Data	256993 ± 507

(*)
$$H_T^{4j} = p_T(l) + E_T^{\text{miss}} + \sum_{j=1}^4 p_T(j)$$

- ► Diboson production generated with HERWIG
- NLO theoretical cross section

Yields in the preselection region "blinded" as: $H_{\scriptscriptstyle T}^{4j} < 800~{\rm GeV}~({\rm *})$

	\geq 4 jets, \geq 1 b -tags
Multi-jet Single top	6264 ± 74 14375 ± 107
Diboson	548 ± 12
Z+jets	5804 ± 146
W+jets tīV	35921 ± 525
tīV tīH (125)	680 ± 2 220 ± 1
tt MC@NLO	202042 ± 285
Tot Bkg w/ MC@NLO	265854 ± 629
$Tar{T}$ (600) chiral Data	36 ± 2 256993 \pm 507

(*)
$$H_T^{4j} = p_T(l) + E_T^{\text{miss}} + \sum_{j=1}^4 p_T(j)$$

- Z boson production in association with jets generated with up to five additional partons with ALPGEN+HERWIG
- Samples generated separately for Z+light jets, Zbb+jets, and Zcc+jets
- ► Inclusive NNLO theoretical cross section

Yields in the preselection region "blinded" as: $H_T^{4j} < 800 \ {\rm GeV} \ (*)$

	\geq 4 jets, \geq 1 b -tags
Multi-jet	6264 ± 74
Single top	14375 ± 107
Diboson	548 ± 12
Z+jets	5804 ± 146
W+jets	35921 ± 525
tŧV	680 ± 2
$t\bar{t}$ H (125)	220 ± 1
$t\bar{t}$ MC@NLO	202042 ± 285
Tot Bkg w/ MC@NLO	265854 ± 629
$Tar{T}$ (600) chiral Data	36 ± 2 256993 \pm 507

(*)
$$H_T^{4j} = p_T(l) + E_T^{\text{miss}} + \sum_{j=1}^4 p_T(j)$$

- W boson production in association with jets generated with up to five additional partons with ALPGEN+HERWIG
- ightharpoonup Samples generated separately for W+light jets, $Wb\bar{b}+$ jets, $Wc\bar{c}+$ jets, and Wc+jets
- Normalized to data-driven prediction

Yields in the preselection region "blinded" as: $H_T^{4j} < 800 \ {\rm GeV} \ (*)$

\geq 4 jets, \geq 1 b -tags
6264 ± 74
14375 ± 107
548 ± 12
5804 ± 146
35921 ± 525
680 ± 2
220 ± 1
202042 ± 285
265854 ± 629
36 ± 2 256993 \pm 507

(*)
$$H_T^{4j} = p_T(l) + E_T^{\text{miss}} + \sum_{j=1}^4 p_T(j)$$

- t̄t produced in association with a W or Z boson generated with MADGRAPH+PYTHIA
- $m_t = 172.5 \text{ GeV}$
- NLO theoretical cross section

Yields in the preselection region "blinded" as: $H_{\scriptscriptstyle T}^{4j} < 800~{\rm GeV}~({\rm *})$

	\geq 4 jets, \geq 1 <i>b</i> -tags
Multi-jet	6264 ± 74
Single top	14375 ± 107
Diboson	548 ± 12
Z+jets	5804 ± 146
W+jets	35921 ± 525
$t\overline{t}V$	680 ± 2
$t\bar{t}$ H (125)	220 ± 1
tt MC@NLO	202042 ± 285
Tot Bkg w/ MC@NLO	265854 ± 629
$Tar{T}$ (600) chiral Data	36 ± 2 256993 ± 507

(*)
$$H_T^{4j} = p_T(l) + E_T^{\text{miss}} + \sum_{j=1}^4 p_T(j)$$

- lacktriangle $tar{t}$ produced in association with a Higgs boson generated with PYTHIA
- $m_t = 172.5 \text{ GeV}, m_H = 125 \text{ GeV}$
- ► Higgs decay modes considered: $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}, c\bar{c}, gg, W^+W^-$
- NLO theoretical cross section

Yields in the preselection region "blinded" as: $H_{\scriptscriptstyle T}^{4j} < 800~{\rm GeV}~(*) \label{eq:hamiltonian}$

	\geq 4 jets, \geq 1 <i>b</i> -tags
Multi-jet	6264 ± 74
Single top	14375 ± 107
Diboson	548 ± 12
Z+jets	5804 ± 146
W+jets	35921 ± 525
$t\bar{t}V$	680 ± 2
$t\bar{t}$ H (125)	220 ± 1
tt MC@NLO	202042 ± 285
Tot Bkg w/ MC@NLO	265854 ± 629
TT̄ (600) chiral Data	36 ± 2 256993 ± 507

(*)
$$H_T^{4j} = p_T(l) + E_T^{\text{miss}} + \sum_{j=1}^4 p_T(j)$$

- ► $t\bar{t}$ pair production in association with jets generated with MC@NLO+HERWIG
- $m_t = 172.5 \text{ GeV}$
- ▶ NNLO theoretical cross section

but

MC@NLO does not model well high-jet multiplicity regions!

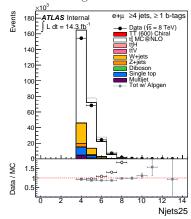
- ► Additional samples generated with ALPGEN+HERWIG
- Separate samples are generated for \$\tau\tau\ta\text{t}\$+light jets with up to three additional light partons, and for \$t\tar{t}\$+heavy-flavour jets including \$t\tar{t}b\tar{b}\$ and \$t\tar{t}c\tar{c}\$
- $m_t = 172.5 \text{ GeV}$
- NNLO theoretical cross section

Yields in the preselection region "blinded" as: $H_{\scriptscriptstyle T}^{4j} < 800~{
m GeV}$ (*)

\geq 4 jets, \geq 1 <i>b</i> -tags
6264 ± 74
14375 ± 107
548 ± 12
5804 ± 146
35921 ± 525
680 ± 2
220 ± 1
202042 ± 285
265854 ± 629
36 ± 2 256993 \pm 507

(*)
$$H_T^{4j} = p_T(l) + E_T^{\text{miss}} + \sum_{i=1}^4 p_T(j)$$

Yields for $t\bar{t}$ predicted with ALPGEN are $\sim 3-8\%$ higher than MC@NLO



Yields in the preselection region "blinded" as: $H_T^{4j} < 800 \text{ GeV (*)}$

	\geq 4 jets, \geq 1 <i>b</i> -tags
Multi-jet	6264 ± 74
Single top	14375 ± 107
Diboson	548 ± 12
Z+jets	5804 ± 146
W+jets	35921 ± 525
$t\bar{t}V$	680 ± 2
$t\bar{t}$ H (125)	220 ± 1
tt MC@NLO	202042 ± 285
Tot Bkg w/ MC@NLO	265854 ± 629
$T\bar{T}$ (600) chiral	36 ± 2

$T\bar{T}$ (600) chiral	36 ± 2
Data	256993 ± 507

(*)
$$H_T^{4j} = p_T(l) + E_T^{miss} + \sum_{j=1}^4 p_T(j)$$

- $ightharpoonup T\bar{T}$ singlet production generated with PROTOS+PYTHIA
- Branching ratio to each decay mode (Wb, Zt and Ht) is set to 1/3
- ► Events are reweighted at the analysis level in order to reproduce any desired branching ratio configuration
- \blacktriangleright m_T values generated from 350 GeV to 850 GeV in steps of 50 GeV
- $ightharpoonup m_H = 125$ GeV, all Higgs boson decay modes are considered
- NNLO theoretical cross section.

m_T (GeV)	$BR(T \rightarrow Wb)$	$BR(T \rightarrow Zt)$ Singlet	$BR(T \rightarrow Ht)$
600	0.494	0.194	0.312
600	0.000	Doublet 0.383	0.617

Systematic uncertainties - Shape and Norm

Systematic uncertainty	$T\bar{T} o Wb + X$		$T\bar{T} \rightarrow Ht + X$	
-,	Status	Components	Status	Components
Luminosity	N	1	N	1
Lepton ID+reco+trigger	N	1	N	1
Jet vertex fraction efficiency	SN	1	SN	1
Jet energy scale	SN	1	SN	8
Jet energy resolution	SN	1	SN	1
b-tagging efficiency	SN	9	SN	9
c-tagging efficiency	SN	5	SN	5
Light jet-tagging efficiency	SN	1	SN	1
$t\bar{t}$ cross section	N	1	N	1
$t\bar{t}V$ cross section	N	1	N	1
$t\bar{t}H$ cross section	-	-	N	1
Single top cross section	N	1	N	1
Dibosons cross section	N	1	N	1
W+jets normalization	N	5	-	-
Z+jets normalization	N	1	-	-
V+jets normalization	-	-	N	1
Multijet normalization	-	-	N	1
tt modelling	SN	3	SN	3
V+jets modelling	SN	1	-	-
$t\bar{t}$ +heavy-flavour fractions	-	-	N	1

Outline

Theoretical framework

The ATLAS experiment at the LHC

Monte Carlo simulation

Event reconstruction

Searches for TT in single lepton channel

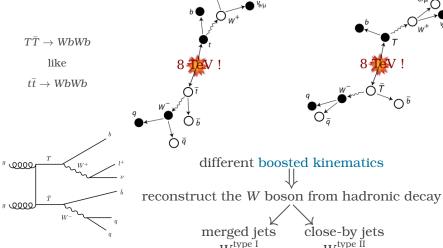
Search for $T\bar{T}$ decaying to Wb + X

Search for TT decaying to Ht + X

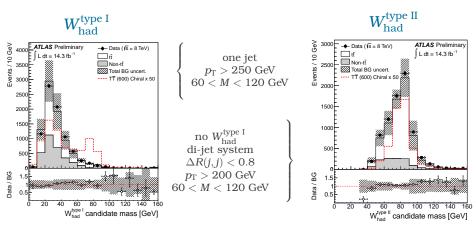
Combined results

Conclusions and outlook

Strategy



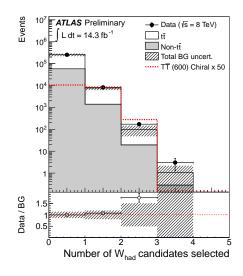
W boson reconstruction



 W_{lep} reconstructed using lepton and "neutrino": p_X, p_Y from E_T^{miss}, p_Z from $M_W^2 = (P_l + P_\nu)^2$

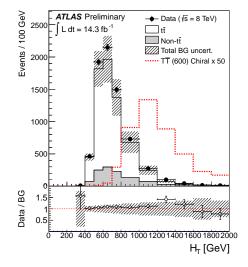
LOOSE selection				
SR0	Pre	selection		
SR1	+	$\geq 1 W_{\rm had}$ candidates		
SR2	+	$H_T^{4j} > 800 \text{ GeV}$		
SR3	+	$p_{\rm T}(b_1) > 160~{ m GeV}$		
SR4	+	$p_{\rm T}(b_2) > 80~{ m GeV}$		
SR5	+	$\Delta R(\ell, \nu) < 1.2$		

 $\begin{array}{ccc} & \text{TIGHT selection} \\ \text{SR5} & \text{Loose selection} \\ \text{SR6} & + & \min \Delta R(\ell,b) > 1.4 \\ \text{SR7} & + & \min \Delta R(W_{\text{had}},b) > 1.4 \end{array}$



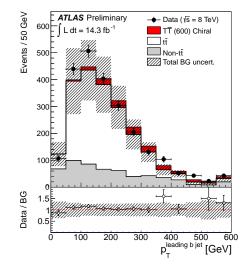
Loose selection				
SR0	Pre	selection		
SR1	+	$\geq 1 W_{\rm had}$ candidates		
SR2	+	$H_T^{4j} > 800 \text{ GeV}$		
SR3	+	$p_{\rm T}(b_1) > 160~{ m GeV}$		
SR4	+	$p_{\rm T}(b_2) > 80~{ m GeV}$		
SR5	+	$\Delta R(\ell, \nu) < 1.2$		

TIGHT selection SR5 LOOSE selection SR6 + $\min \Delta R(\ell,b) > 1.4$ SR7 + $\min \Delta R(W_{\rm had},b) > 1.4$



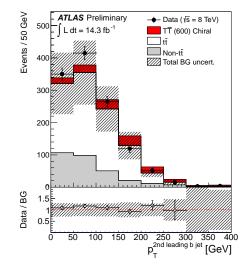
LOOSE selection				
SR0	Pres	selection		
SR1	+	$\geq 1 W_{\rm had}$ candidates		
SR2	+			
SR3	+			
SR4	+			
SR5	+	$\Delta R(\ell, \nu) < 1.2$		
SR2 SR3 SR4		$H_T^{4j} > 800 \text{ GeV}$ $p_T(b_1) > 160 \text{ GeV}$ $p_T(b_2) > 80 \text{ GeV}$		

 $\begin{array}{ccc} & \text{Tight selection} \\ \text{SR5} & \text{Loose selection} \\ \text{SR6} & + & \min \Delta R(\ell,b) > 1.4 \\ \text{SR7} & + & \min \Delta R(W_{\text{had}},b) > 1.4 \end{array}$



LOOSE selection				
SR0	Pres	selection		
SR1	+	$\geq 1 W_{\rm had}$ candidates		
SR2	+	$H_T^{4j} > 800 \text{ GeV}$		
SR3	+	$p_{\rm T}(b_1) > 160~{ m GeV}$		
SR4	+	$p_{\rm T}(b_2) > 80~{ m GeV}$		
SR5	+	$\Delta R(\ell, \nu) < 1.2$		

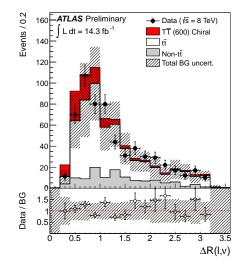
 $\begin{array}{ccc} & \text{Tight selection} \\ \text{SR5} & \text{Loose selection} \\ \text{SR6} & + & \min \Delta R(\ell,b) > 1.4 \\ \text{SR7} & + & \min \Delta R(W_{\text{had}},b) > 1.4 \end{array}$



LOOSE selection				
SR0	Pre	eselection		
SR1	+	$\geq 1 W_{\rm had}$ candidates		
SR2	+	$H_T^{4j} > 800 \text{ GeV}$		
SR3	+	$p_{\rm T}(b_1) > 160~{ m GeV}$		
SR4	+	$p_{\rm T}(b_2) > 80 {\rm ~GeV}$		
SR5	+	$\Delta R(\ell, \nu) < 1.2$		

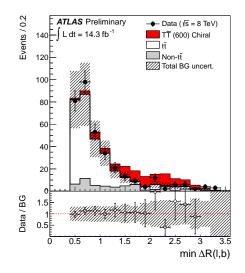
SR5 LOOSE selection SR6 + $\min \Delta R(\ell, b) > 1.4$ SR7 + $\min \Delta R(W_{\rm had}, b) > 1.4$

TIGHT selection



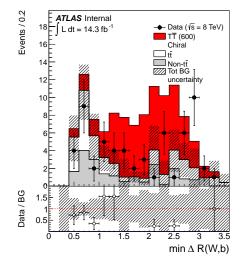
	LOOSE selection				
SR0	Pres	selection			
SR1	+	$\geq 1 W_{\rm had}$ candidates			
SR2	+	$H_T^{4j} > 800 \text{ GeV}$			
SR3	+	$p_{\rm T}(b_1) > 160~{ m GeV}$			
SR4	+	$p_{\mathrm{T}}(b_2) > 80~\mathrm{GeV}$			
SR5	+	$\Delta R(\ell, \nu) < 1.2$			

	[]	l'IGHT selection
SR5	Loc	SE selection
SR6	+	$\min \Delta R(\ell,b) > 1.4$
SR7	+	$\min \Delta R(W_{\text{had}}, b) > 1.4$



LOOSE selection					
SR0	Pre	selection			
SR1	+	$\geq 1 W_{\rm had}$ candidates			
SR2	+	$H_T^{4j} > 800 \text{ GeV}$			
SR3	+	$p_{\rm T}(b_1) > 160~{ m GeV}$			
SR4	+	$p_{\rm T}(b_2) > 80~{ m GeV}$			
SR5	+	$\Delta R(\ell, \nu) < 1.2$			
TIGHT selection					

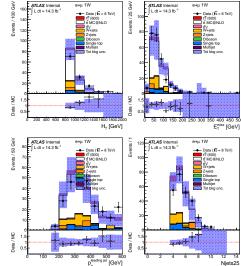
 $\begin{array}{cccc} \text{SR5} & \text{Loose selection} \\ \text{SR6} & + & \min \Delta R(\ell,b) > 1.4 \\ \text{SR7} & + & \min \Delta R(W_{\text{had}},b) > 1.4 \end{array}$



Comparison data vs prediction

Check agreement between data and background prediction

	Loose but $\Delta R(\ell, \nu) > 1.2$		
$t\bar{t'}(600~\text{GeV})$	$18.47 \pm 1.48 {}^{+1.09}_{-1.64}$		
$t\bar{t}$ W +jets Z +jets Diboson Single top $t\bar{t}V$	$173.13 \pm 8.82 \begin{array}{l} +46.92 \\ -48.59 \\ 30.64 \pm 9.78 \\ -12.43 \\ 11.68 \pm 5.93 \begin{array}{l} +5.89 \\ -6.96 \\ 0.29 \pm 0.19 \begin{array}{l} +0.17 \\ -0.17 \\ 21.46 \pm 2.54 \begin{array}{l} +2.60 \\ -2.54 \\ 4.21 \pm 0.16 \begin{array}{l} +1.33 \\ -1.33 \\ 0.49 \pm 0.91 \\ +0.25 \end{array}$		
Multijet	0.49 ± 0.91 ± 0.25		
Total bkg.	$241.90 \pm 14.70 ^{\ +53.57}_{\ -55.95}$		
Data	250		

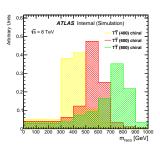


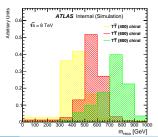
Yields in signal region

		Loose	TIGHT
{	$tar{t}$ $tar{t}V$ W+jets Z+jets Single top Dibosons	264 ± 80 5.1 ± 1.8 16 ± 11 1.1 ± 1.4 30 ± 7 0.21 ± 0.15	$\begin{array}{c} 10\pm 6 \\ 0.5\pm 0.2 \\ 6\pm 5 \\ 0.2\pm 0.5 \\ 4.4\pm 1.6 \\ 0.06\pm 0.05 \end{array}$
	Tot.Bkg. Data	$317 \pm 90 \\ 348$	$\begin{array}{c} 21\pm 9 \\ 37 \end{array}$
	$T\bar{T}(600 \text{ GeV})$ Chiral t' T Singlet	$88 \pm 10 \\ 41 \pm 4$	54 ± 7 20.3 ± 2.2

Discriminating variable $\Rightarrow T$ reconstructed mass $\downarrow \downarrow$

Pair b-jets and W boson candidates in order to get $\min \Delta(M_{\mathrm{leo}}, M_{\mathrm{had}})$

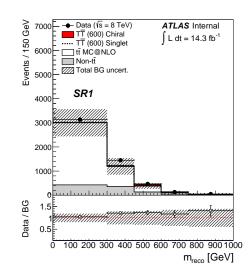




merge

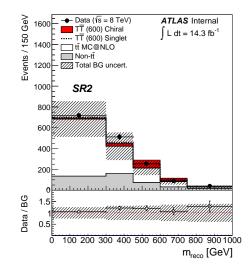
LOOSE selection			
SR0	Pre	selection	
SR1	+	$\geq 1 W_{\rm had}$ candidates	
SR2	+	$H_T^{4j} > 800 \text{ GeV}$	
SR3	+	$p_{\rm T}(b_1) > 160~{ m GeV}$	
SR4	+	$p_{\rm T}(b_2) > 80~{ m GeV}$	
SR5	+	$\Delta R(\ell, \nu) < 1.2$	

	[]	TGHT selection
SR5	Loc	SE selection
SR6	+	$\min \Delta R(\ell, b) > 1.4$
SR7	+	$\min \Delta R(W_{\mathrm{had}}, b) > 1.4$



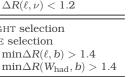
LOOSE selection				
SR0	Preselection			
SR1	+	$\geq 1 W_{\rm had}$ candidates		
SR2	+	$H_T^{4j} > 800 \text{ GeV}$		
SR3	+	$p_{\rm T}(b_1) > 160~{ m GeV}$		
SR4	+ $p_{\rm T}(b_2) > 80~{ m GeV}$			
SR5	+ $\Delta R(\ell, \nu) < 1.2$			
TIGHT selection				
SR5	Loose selection			
SR6	+ $\min \Delta R(\ell, b) > 1.4$			

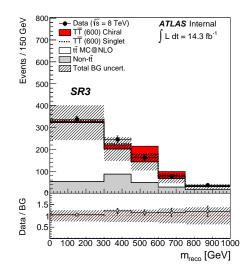
 $\min \Delta R(W_{\text{had}}, b) > 1.4$



SR7

LOOSE selection				
SR0	Pre	selection		
SR1	+	$\geq 1 W_{\rm had}$ candidates		
SR2	+	$H_T^{4j} > 800 \text{ GeV}$		
SR3	+	$p_{\rm T}(b_1) > 160~{ m GeV}$		
SR4	+	$p_{\rm T}(b_2) > 80~{ m GeV}$		
SR5	+	$\Delta R(\ell, \nu) < 1.2$		
		Drayym - 1		
TIGHT selection				
SR5	Loc	OSE selection		
SR6	+	$\min \Delta R(\ell,b) > 1.4$		

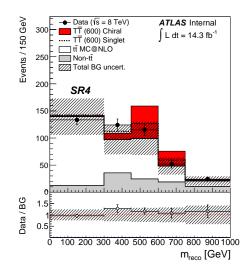




SR7

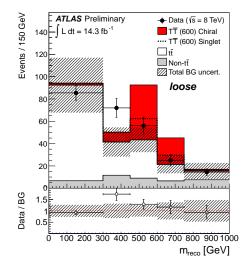
Loose selection				
SR0	Pre	selection		
SR1	+	$\geq 1 W_{\rm had}$ candidates		
SR2	+	$H_T^{4j} > 800 \text{ GeV}$		
SR3	+	$p_{\rm T}(b_1) > 160~{ m GeV}$		
SR4	+	$p_{\rm T}(b_2) > 80 { m ~GeV}$		
SR5	+	$\Delta R(\ell, \nu) < 1.2$		

 $\begin{array}{ccc} & \text{Tight selection} \\ \text{SR5} & \text{Loose selection} \\ \text{SR6} & + & \min \Delta R(\ell,b) > 1.4 \\ \text{SR7} & + & \min \Delta R(W_{\text{had}},b) > 1.4 \end{array}$



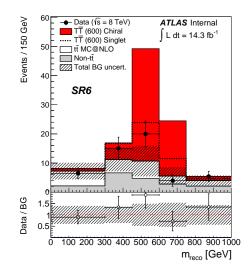
LOOSE selection				
SR0	Pre	eselection		
SR1	+	$\geq 1 W_{\rm had}$ candidates		
SR2	+	$H_T^{4j} > 800 \text{ GeV}$		
SR3	+	$p_{\rm T}(b_1) > 160~{ m GeV}$		
SR4	+	$p_{\rm T}(b_2) > 80~{\rm GeV}$		
SR5	+	$\Delta R(\ell, \nu) < 1.2$		

 $\begin{array}{ccc} & \text{Tight selection} \\ \text{SR5} & \text{Loose selection} \\ \text{SR6} & + & \min \Delta R(\ell,b) > 1.4 \\ \text{SR7} & + & \min \Delta R(W_{\text{had}},b) > 1.4 \end{array}$



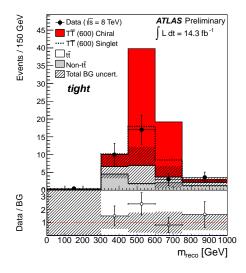
LOOSE selection				
SR0	Pres	selection		
SR1	+	$\geq 1 W_{\rm had}$ candidates		
SR2	+	$H_T^{4j} > 800 \text{ GeV}$		
SR3	+	$p_{\rm T}(b_1) > 160~{ m GeV}$		
SR4	+	$p_{\rm T}(b_2) > 80 \; { m GeV}$		
SR5	+	$\Delta R(\ell, \nu) < 1.2$		

 $\begin{array}{c|cccc} & \text{TIGHT selection} \\ \text{SR5} & \text{Loose selection} \\ \hline \text{SR6} & + & \min \Delta R(\ell,b) > 1.4 \\ \text{SR7} & + & \min \Delta R(W_{\text{had}},b) > 1.4 \\ \end{array}$



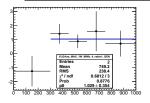
Loose selection				
SR0	Pres	selection		
SR1	+	$\geq 1 W_{\rm had}$ candidates		
SR2	+	$H_T^{4j} > 800 \text{ GeV}$		
SR3	+	$p_{\rm T}(b_1) > 160~{ m GeV}$		
SR4	+	$p_{\rm T}(b_2) > 80~{ m GeV}$		
SR5	+	$\Delta R(\ell, \nu) < 1.2$		
TIGHT selection				

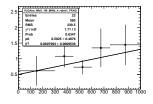
SR5 LOOSE selection SR6 + $\min \Delta R(\ell, b) > 1.4$ SR7 + $\min \Delta R(W_{\rm had}, b) > 1.4$

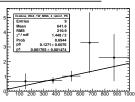


Most relevant systematic uncertainties

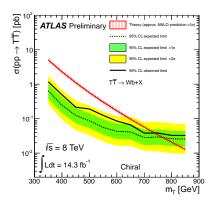
	$T\bar{T}$ (600 GeV)	$t\bar{t}$	Non- $t\bar{t}$
Total [%]	+14/-15	+59/-59	+42/-35
Main contributions [%]			
Jet energy scale	+6.6/-8.4	+15/-15	+33/-22
$t\bar{t}$ modelling: NLO MC generator	_	+48/-48	_
$t\bar{t}$ modelling: PS and fragm	_	+25/-25	_
$t \bar t$ modelling: ISR/FSR	_	+8.8/-8.8	_

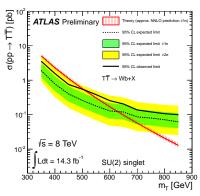




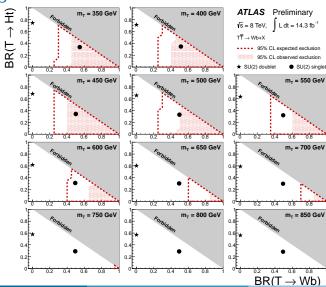


Results





Results



Outline

Theoretical framework

The ATLAS experiment at the LHC

Monte Carlo simulation

Event reconstruction

Searches for TT in single lepton channel

Search for $T\bar{T}$ decaying to Wb + X

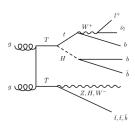
Search for $T\bar{T}$ decaying to Ht + X

Combined results

Conclusions and outlook

Strategy

$$T\bar{T} \rightarrow Ht + X$$



SM Higgs boson w/ $m_H = 125$ GeV ψ BR($H \rightarrow bb$) = 60%

$$BR(H \rightarrow bb) = 60\%$$

 $BR(H \rightarrow WW) = 20\%$

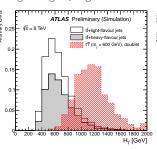
$$T \rightarrow Ht \stackrel{\nearrow}{\searrow} bbWb \rightarrow bbbl\nu + \bar{T} \rightarrow Wb/Zt/Ht$$

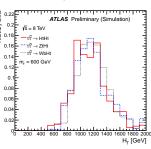
as a minimum 6 total jets in the event $(T\bar{T} \to HtWb)$

$$\bigcup_{H_{\mathrm{T}} = p_{\mathrm{T}}(l) + E_{\mathrm{T}}^{\mathrm{miss}} + \sum_{j=1}^{\mathrm{Njets}} p_{\mathrm{T}}(j) }$$

peak $\sim 2m_T$

good signal/bkg discriminant for all Ht + X modes





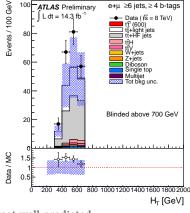
 \geq 6 jets, \geq 4 *b*-jets

ATLAS Preliminary

Event selection

maximize signal acceptance

"2 b -tagged jets"	\geq 6 jets =2 <i>b</i> -tagged jets orthogonality cut: $H_{\rm T} <$ 700 GeV				
"3 b-tagged jets"	\geq 6 jets =3 <i>b</i> -tagged jets				
"≥4 <i>b</i> -tagged jets"	\geq 6 jets \geq 4 <i>b</i> -tagged jets				
\rightarrow b-tagging by TRF in MC \leftarrow					



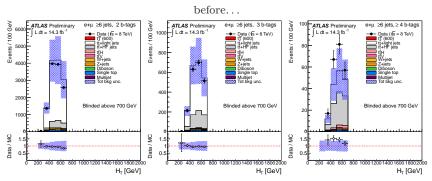
e+µ ≥6 jets, ≥ 4 b-tags

heavy flavor component not well predicted

simultaneous fit to data of H_T variable (good to have background enriched channels)

Scale of $t\bar{t}$ components

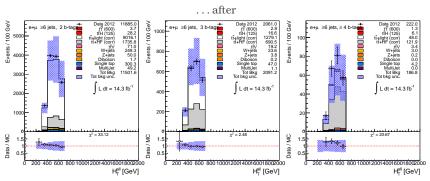
 $t\bar{t}$ +light: 0.87 \pm 0.02 (stat.) $t\bar{t}$ +HF: 1.35 \pm 0.11 (stat.)



Maximum yields discrepancy below 5%

Scale of $t\bar{t}$ components





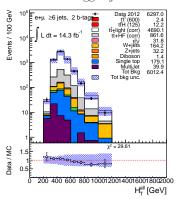
Maximum yields discrepancy below 5%

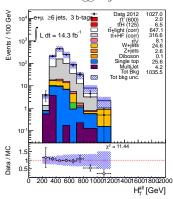
Comparison data vs prediction

Blinding cut: $H_{\rm T} < 700 \text{ GeV}$

Define special blinded regions to check H_T modeling:

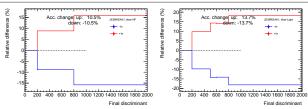
at most two jets with $p_{\rm T} > 60$ GeV, $H_{\rm T} < 1.2$ TeV 2 b-tagged jets 3~b-tagged jets





Most relevant systematic uncertainties

	$T\bar{T}$	ttH (125)	$t\bar{t} ext{-HF}$	$t\bar{t}$ -Light	W+jets	Z+jets	Single top	Diboson	$t\bar{t}V$	Multijet
Total [%]	+21.9/-24.0	+25.2/-30.0	+57.3/-58.4	+42.0/-44.1	+60.0/-61.0	+65.2/-66.2	+31.7/-32.9	+68.2/-70.2	+37.6/-38.8	+50.0/-50.0
	Main contributions [%]									
BTAGBREAK8	+20.4/-22.7	+18.7/-21.6	+15.8/-17.8	+12.2/-13.1	+13.5/-15.0	+13.0/-13.9	+15.9/-17.8	+22.0/-27.4	+16.4/-18.6	-
JES "baseline"	+3.1/-3.1	+7.3/-7.3	+10.5/-10.5	+13.7/-13.7	+18.1/-18.1	+18.2/-18.2	+19.9/-19.9	+5.2/-5.2	+8.4/-8.4	-
ttbar iqopt2	-	-	+6.9/-6.9	+20.1/-20.1	-	-	-	-	-	-
ttbar ktfac	-	-	+7.5/-9.2	+13.8/-17.0	-	-	-	-	-	_
ttbar qfac	-	-	+0.7/-0.7	+1.6/-1.6	-	-	-	-	-	_
ttbarĤF	-	-	+50.0/-50.0	+13.0/-13.0	-	-	-	-	-	-

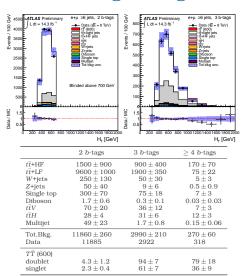


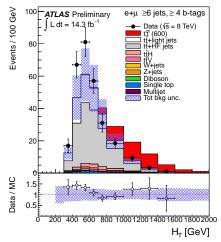
Introduce the scaling factors as nuisance parameters



A Succurro, IFAE, UAE

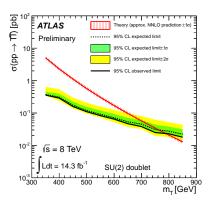
Yields in signal regions





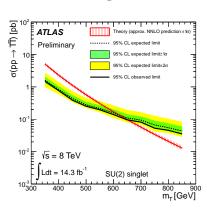
Benchmark results

Doublet



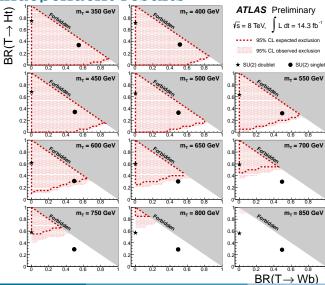
observed (expected) 95% CL limit $m_T > 790 (745)$ GeV

Singlet



observed (expected) 95% CL limit $m_T > 640 \, (615) \, \text{GeV}$

Model independent results



Outline

Theoretical framework

The ATLAS experiment at the LHC

Monte Carlo simulation

Event reconstruction

Searches for TT in single lepton channel

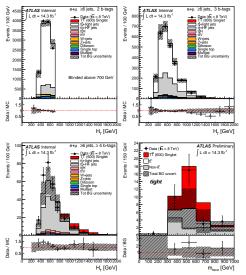
Search for $T\bar{T}$ decaying to Wb + X

Search for TT decaying to Ht + X

Combined results

Conclusions and outlook

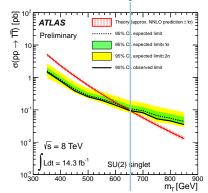
Combination of $T\bar{T} \rightarrow Wb + X$ and $T\bar{T} \rightarrow Ht + X$



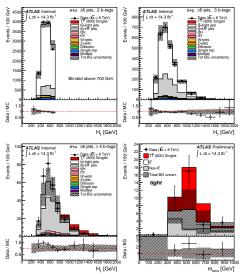
The search channels do not overlap

can be combined in the statistical analysis (consistent syst unc treatment)

 $T\bar{T} \rightarrow Ht + X$ only: 640 GeV



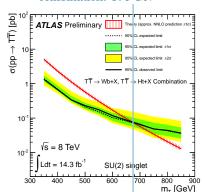
Combination of $T\bar{T} \rightarrow Wb + X$ and $T\bar{T} \rightarrow Ht + X$



The search channels do not overlap

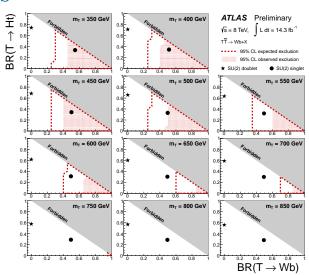
can be combined in the statistical analysis (consistent syst unc treatment)

combination: 670 GeV



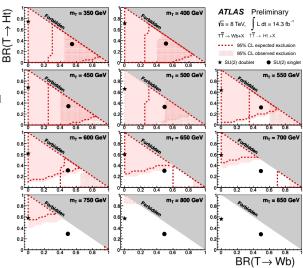
Individual analyses probe different areas

▶ $T\bar{T} \rightarrow Wb + X$ analysis alone very optimized for the bottom right corner



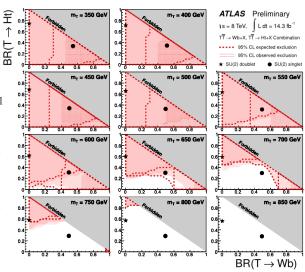
Individual analyses probe

- ▶ $T\bar{T} \rightarrow Wb + X$ analysis alone very optimized for the bottom right corner
- ▶ $T\bar{T} \rightarrow Ht + X$ gives general good coverage, brings complete exclusion up to 450 GeV and almost excludes 650 GeV singlets



Individual analyses probe

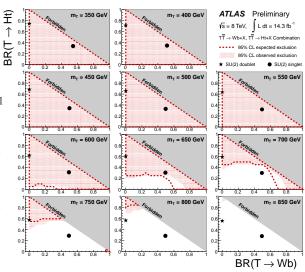
- ▶ $T\bar{T} \rightarrow Wb + X$ analysis alone very optimized for the bottom right corner
- ▶ $T\bar{T} \rightarrow Ht + X$ gives general good coverage, brings complete exclusion up to 450 GeV and almost excludes 650 GeV singlets
- full combination reaches complete exclusion up to almost 600 GeV and excludes 650 GeV singlets



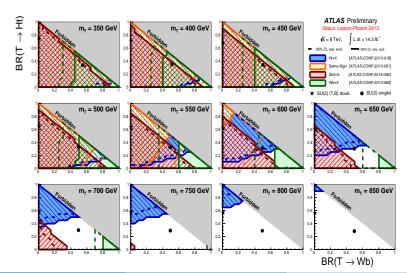
Individual analyses probe

- ▶ $T\bar{T} \rightarrow Wb + X$ analysis alone very optimized for the bottom right corner
- ▶ $T\bar{T} \rightarrow Ht + X$ gives general good coverage, brings complete exclusion up to 450 GeV and almost excludes 650 GeV singlets
- full combination reaches complete exclusion up to almost 600 GeV and excludes 650 GeV singlets

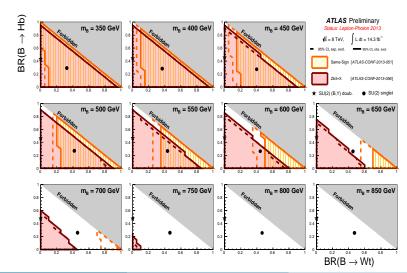
...but there's more from ATLAS Exotics!



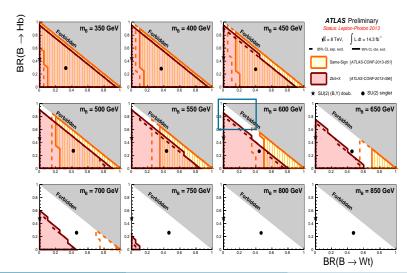
ATLAS "worst case scenario" coverage



ATLAS "worst case scenario" coverage

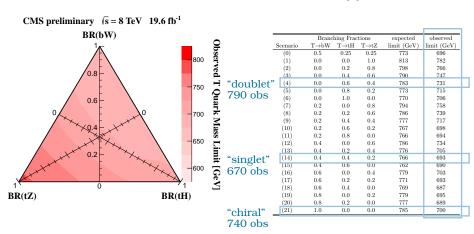


ATLAS "worst case scenario" coverage



Comparison to CMS results

Inclusive $T\bar{T}$ searches CMS-PAS-B2G-12-015 [7]



Outline

Theoretical framework

The ATLAS experiment at the LHC

Monte Carlo simulation

Event reconstruction

Searches for TT in single lepton channel

Search for $T\bar{T}$ decaying to Wb + X

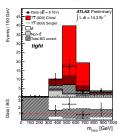
Search for $T\bar{T}$ decaying to Ht + X

Combined results

Conclusions and outlook

Conclusions and outlook

both searches are being updated with the full 20 fb^{-1} statistics

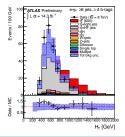


- y poor MC bkgs statistical population in the TIGHT channel
- → larger MC samples available
- \nearrow possible optimization of the H_T^{4j} cut \nearrow explorable option: larger anti- k_t jets

Best up-to-date 95% CL obs limit on chiral *T* and vector-like *Y* (740 GeV)

- \searrow poor modeling of $t\bar{t}$ +HF by ALPGEN
- \searrow *b*-tagging calibration sub-optimal for analyses with high- p_T objects
- $\nearrow t\bar{t}$ -based calibrations being developed
- > potential high gain in sensitivity with profiling
- \nearrow easily optimizable for a $B\bar{B} \to Hb + X$ analysis

Best up-to-date 95% CL obs limit on doublet T



Outlook

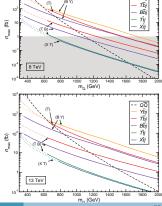
all four ATLAS searches are being updated with the full 20 fb $^{-1}$ statistics, plus two new channels: $B\bar{B} \to Wt + X$ and $B\bar{B} \to Hb + X$

LHC Run-II:

 \sqrt{s} =14 TeV $\sqrt{\sim}$ 100fb⁻¹ in 3 years $\sqrt{\sim}$ higher pile-up

To-do:

- continue on the road of full combination
- ▶ design searches for single production



plots from [8]

Ybi

Thank you!

Thank you for your attention!



References I

[1] S. Gieseke.

Parton shower monte carlos.

[2] Thomas Junk.

Confidence level computation for combining searches with small statistics.

Nucl.Instrum.Meth., A434:435-443, 1999.

[3] Alexander L. Read.

Presentation of search results: The CL(s) technique.

J.Phys., G28:2693-2704, 2002.

[4] ATLAS Collaboration.

Search for pair production of heavy top-like quarks decaying to a high- p_T W boson and a b quark in the lepton plus jets final state at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV with the ATLAS detector.

Phys.Lett., B718:1284-1302, 2012.

References II

[5] ATLAS Collaboration.

Search for pair production of heavy top-like quarks decaying to a high- p_T W boson and a b quark in the lepton plus jets final state in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV with the ATLAS detector.

ATLAS-CONF-2013-060, Jun 2013.

- [6] ATLAS collaboration.
 - Search for heavy top-like quarks decaying to a higgs boson and a top quark in the lepton plus jets final state in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ tev with the atlas detector.

ATLAS-CONF-2013-018, Mar 2013.

- [7] Inclusive search for a vector-like T quark by CMS. Technical Report CMS-PAS-B2G-12-015, CERN, Geneva, 2013.
- [8] J.A. Aguilar-Saavedra, R. Benbrik, S. Heinemeyer, and M. Perez-Victoria. A handbook of vector-like quarks: mixing and single production. 2013.
- [9] M. Lamont.
 - The First Years of LHC Operation for Luminosity Production.

Backup

BACKUP SLIDES

LHC parameters

Parameter	designed	2010	2011	2012
Beam energy (TeV/c) Beta function $\beta*$ (m) Max. No. bunches/beam Max. No. protons/bunch Bunch spacing (ns) Peak luminosity (cm ⁻² s ⁻¹) Emittance ε_n (μ rad) Max. $<\mu>$	$7 \\ 0.55 \\ 2808 \\ 1.15 \times 10^{11} \\ 25 \\ 1 \times 10^{34} \\ 3.75 \\ 19$	$\begin{array}{c} 3.5 \\ 2.0/3.5 \\ 368 \\ 1.2 \times 10^{11} \\ 150 \\ 2.1 \times 10^{32} \\ 2.0 \\ 4 \end{array}$	3.5 1.5/1.0 1380 1.45×10 ¹¹ 75/50 3.7×10 ³³ 2.4 17	$\begin{array}{c} 4 \\ 0.6 \\ 1380 \\ 1.7 \times 10^{11} \\ 50 \\ 7.7 \times 10^{33} \\ 2.5 \\ 37 \end{array}$

Table: Overview of some parameters for the LHC performance comparing the design values with their time evolution during the first long run operation in 2010-2013 [9].

$T\bar{T} \rightarrow Wb + X$ 7 TeV vs 8 TeV

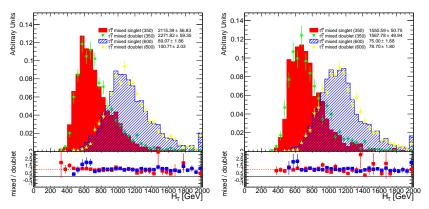
7 TeV	8 TeV			
One electron or muon ⁽⁺⁾				
$E_{ m T}^{ m miss} > 35(20)$ GeV for electron (muon) channel	$E_{\mathrm{T}}^{\mathrm{miss}} > 20 \; \mathrm{GeV}$			
$E_{ m T}^{ m miss} + m_{ m T} > 60~{ m GeV}$				
≥ 3 jets for $W_{ m had}^{ m type~II}$ ≥ 4 jets for $W_{ m had}^{ m type~II}$	$\geq 4~{ m jets}^{(*)}$			
$\geq 1 b$ -tagged jets $^{(**)}$				
orthogonality or reject events with and $\geq 3~b$ -tagge				
	One electron or $E_{ m T}^{ m miss} > 35(20)$ GeV for electron (muon) channel $E_{ m T}^{ m miss} + m_{ m T} > 6$ ≥ 3 jets for $W_{ m had}^{ m type\ II}$ ≥ 4 jets for $W_{ m had}^{ m type\ II}$ ≥ 1 b -tagged j			

 $\begin{aligned} & & & Preselection \\ & \geq 1 \ \textit{W}_{had} \ candidates^{(x)} \end{aligned}$

Doublet vs singlet

MC simulated for singlet T with BR = 1/3 for every decay mode

▶ Mixing between SM quarks and T is left-handed for singlets, right-handed for doublets



Discrepancies in yields below 5% in ">4 b-TAGGED JETS"

Treatment of sys unc in combination

	Systematic uncertainty	$T\bar{T} o Wb + X$		$T\bar{T} \to Ht + X$		
		Status	Components	Status	Components	
	Luminosity	N	1	N	1	
	Lepton ID+reco+trigger	N	1	N	1	
	Jet vertex fraction efficiency	SN	1	SN	1	
İ	Jet energy resolution	SN	1	SN	1	
	b-tagging efficiency	SN	9	SN	9	
I	c-tagging efficiency	SN	5	SN	5	
	Light jet-tagging efficiency	SN	1	SN	1	
Freller Connellete d	$t\bar{t}$ cross section	N	1	N	1	
Fully Correlated	$t\bar{t}V$ cross section	N	1	N	1	
	$t\bar{t}H$ cross section	=-	-	N	1	
	Single top cross section	N	1	N	1	
I	Dibosons cross section	N	1	N	1	
	W+jets normalization	N	5	-	-	
	Z+jets normalization	N	1	-	-	
i	V+jets normalization	=-	-	N	1	
(Multijet normalization	=-	-	N	1	
Ĺ	$t\bar{t}$ modelling	SN	3	SN	3	
Uncorrelated	V+jets modelling	SN	1	-	-	
1	$t\bar{t}$ +heavy-flavour fractions	=-	-	N	1	
Correlate	-					
JES w/ BASELINE	Jet energy scale	SN	1	SN	8	