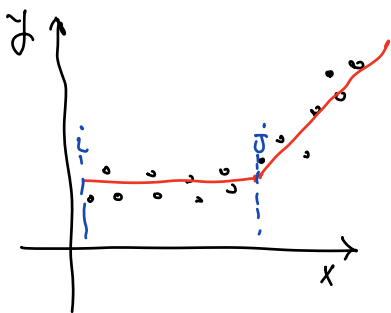


Segmented L-S lines



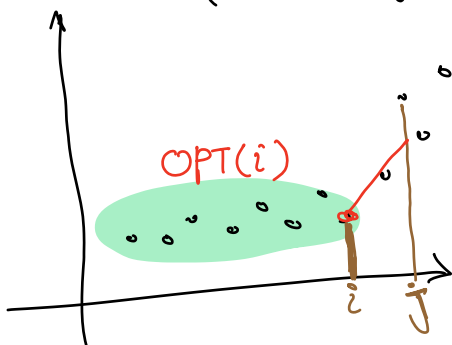
Min $E + CL$ Optimum

$$E_{ij} = \frac{\sum_{k=i}^j (y_k - \alpha x_k - b)^2}{j-i}$$

$$\alpha = \frac{(j-i) \sum x_k y_k - \sum x_k \sum y_k}{(j-i) \sum x_k^2 - (\sum x_k)^2}$$

$$b = \frac{\sum y_k - \alpha \sum x_k}{(j-i)}$$

$$OPT(j) = \begin{cases} 0 & j=0 \\ \min_{i \in [0, j)} \{OPT(i) + C + E_{ij}\} \end{cases}$$



$$M[j] = OPT(j)$$

$$M[0] = 0$$

// Compute the errors

for $j=1$ to n

for $i=0$ to $j-1$

$e_{ij} = \text{Compute error}(ij)$
 $O(n)$

// Solve the problem

for $j=1$ to n

$$M[j] = \min_{i \in [0, j)} \{OPT(i) + C + e_{ij}\}$$

$O(n^2)$ $O(n)$

return $M[n]$

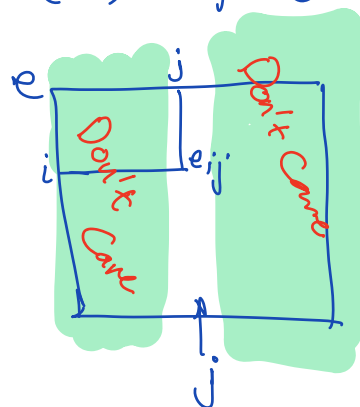
$O(n^3)$ time

$O(n^2)$ Space

Can you make it

$O(n^2)$ time

$O(n)$ Space



$$Y_t = \sum_{k=1}^t y_k$$

$$X_t = \sum_{k=1}^t x_k$$

$$XY_t = \sum_{k=1}^t x_k y_k$$

$$X^2_t = \sum_{k=1}^t x_k^2$$

$$X_t = X_{t-1} + x_t$$

$$Y_t = Y_{t-1} + y_t$$

...

$$M[0] = 0$$

for $j = 1$ to n

// Compute e_{ij}

$$X = 0; Y = 0; \dots$$

for $t = 1$ to $j-1$

$$X = X + x_t; Y = Y + y_t$$

...

$$e_{j-t, j} = \text{Error}_{\text{c-time}}(X, Y, XY, X^2)$$

// Compute $M[j]$

$$M[j] = \min(M[i] + C + e_{ij})$$

$$\forall i \in [0, j)$$

return $M[n]$

Space: $O(n)$

0/1 Knapsack

Capacity: C

item: 1 2 ... n

value: $v_1 v_2 \dots v_n$

weight: $w_1 w_2 \dots w_n$

Goal: Select a Subset of items that

(1) Fit in the knapsack
 $\sum w_i \leq C$

(2) Max $\sum v_i$

Greedy Doesn't work:

$$C = 5$$

	1	2	3
v_i	4.1	3	2
w_i	4	3	2

Greedy: $\{1\}$, $\sum v_i = 4.1$

Optimal: $\{2, 3\}$, $\sum v_i = 5$

$\text{OPT}(i, C')$

\uparrow # items available
 \uparrow Capacity left

$\text{OPT}(n, C)$

\uparrow output

$$OPT(i, c') = \begin{cases} 0 & i=0 \text{ OR } c'=0 \\ \max \left(\overbrace{OPT(i-1, c'-w_i) + v_i}^{\text{Select } i}, \overbrace{OPT(i-1, c')}^{\text{not Select } i} \right) & \end{cases}$$

$$M[i, j] = OPT(i, j)$$

for $i=1$ to n $M[i, 0] = 0$

for $j=1$ to C $M[0, j] = 0$

for $i=2$ to n

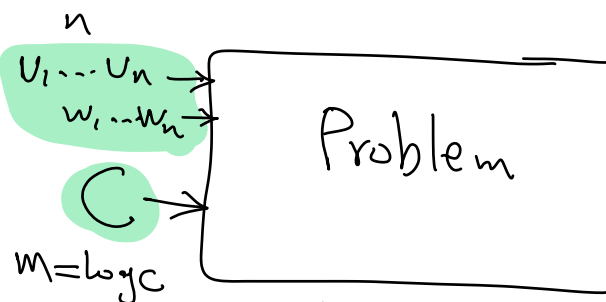
for $j=2$ to C

$M[i, j] = \max(M[i-1, j-w_i] + v_i, M[i-1, j])$
 \rightarrow if $j-w_i \geq 0$

return $M[n, C]$

Space: $O(nC)$

Time: $O(nC)$



$O(n 2^m) \leftarrow$ Pseudo Polynomial

0/1 Knapsack is NP-Complete