

EPE 202 HW #5 SOLUTIONS

13.29

$$a. F(s) = \frac{(s+1)(s+3)}{(s+2)(s^2+2s+2)} \stackrel{\text{PFE}}{=} \frac{0.5}{s+2} + \frac{0.75-0.25j}{s+1-j} + \frac{0.75+0.25j}{s+1+j}$$

$$\Rightarrow f(t) = 0.5e^{-2t} + 2\operatorname{Re}(0.5-0.25j)e^{-(1-j)t}, \quad \text{for } t \geq 0$$

$$= 0.5e^{-2t} + 2\operatorname{Re}(0.559e^{j(-26.6^\circ)})e^{-t}e^{jt}, \quad \text{for } t \geq 0$$

-0.464 rad

$$= 0.5e^{-2t} + 1.118e^{-t}\cos(t + (-26.6^\circ)) \quad \text{for } t \geq 0$$

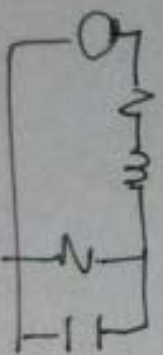
$$b. F(s) = \frac{(s+2)^2}{s^2+4s+5} \stackrel{\text{PFE}}{=} \frac{0.5j}{s+2-j} + \frac{-0.5j}{s+2+j} + 1$$

$$\Rightarrow f(t) = \delta(t) + 2\operatorname{Re} 0.5je^{(-2+j)t}$$

$$= \delta(t) + e^{-2t}\cos(t + 90^\circ)$$

13.55

1) $t < 0$:



$$\Rightarrow I_L(0) = \frac{12}{1+5} = 2 \text{ (A)}$$

$$V_L(0) = 12 - \frac{5}{5+1} = 10 \text{ (V)}$$

2) $t > 0$:



$$\text{KCL: } -12 + Ri + L \frac{di}{dt} + V_C = 0$$

$$V_L(t) = V_C(0) + \frac{1}{C} \int_0^t i(\tau) d\tau$$

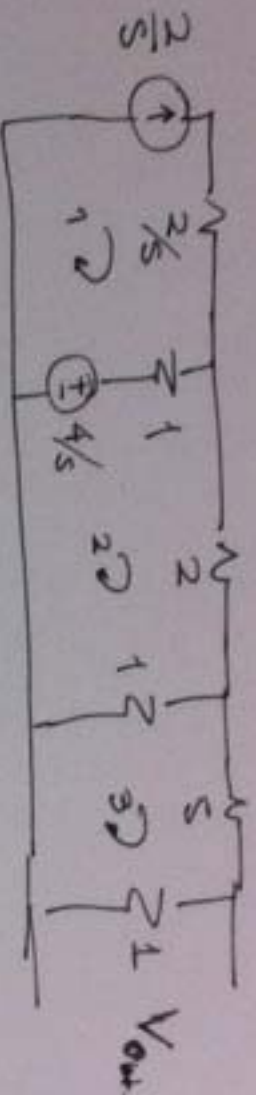
$$\text{Taking d: } -\frac{12}{s} + Ri(s) + LsI(s) - L \cdot i(0) + \frac{1}{Cs} I(s) + \frac{V_C(0)}{s} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{substituting } (s^2+2s+1)I(s) = 2(s+2)$$

$$\Rightarrow I(s) = \frac{2(s+2)}{s^2+2s+1} = \frac{2}{s+1} + \frac{2}{(s+1)^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow i(t) = 2e^{-t} + 2te^{-t}, \quad \text{for } t \geq 0.$$

14.13 Converting to Laplace domain,



$$I_1 = 2/s$$

$$-\frac{4}{s} + I_2 - I_1 + 2I_2 + I_2 - I_3 = 0$$

$$I_3 - I_2 + sI_3 + I_3 = 0$$

$$V_o = R_o I_3 = I_3$$

$$\rightarrow -\frac{6}{s} + 4I_2 - I_3 = 0 \Rightarrow 4I_2 - I_3 = 6/s$$

$$(2+s)I_3 - I_2 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (4(2+s) - 1) I_3 = 6/s \Rightarrow I_3 = \frac{6/4}{(s+7/4)s} \quad \text{PFE}$$

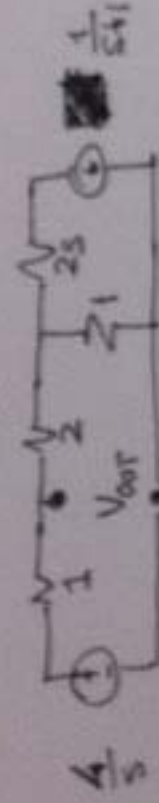
$$= \frac{6/4}{s} + \frac{-6/4}{s+7/4}$$

$$\Rightarrow i_3(t) = \frac{6/4}{s} u(t) - 6/4 e^{-7/4 t} u(t)$$

$$\Rightarrow v_o(t) = 6/4 (1 - e^{-7/4 t}) u(t)$$

$$(\text{or } 6/4 (1 - e^{-7/4 t}), \text{ for } t \geq 0.)$$

14.28 Converting to Laplace domain,



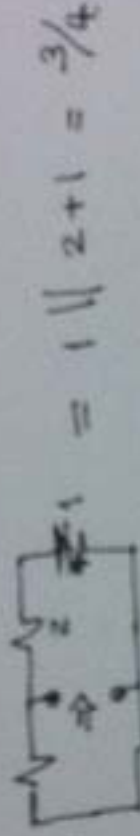
Loop analysis:

$$\begin{cases} -\frac{4}{s} + I_1 + 2I_1 + I_1 - I_2 = 0 \\ I_2 = \frac{1}{s+1} \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow I_1 = \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{s} + \frac{1}{s+1} \right)$$

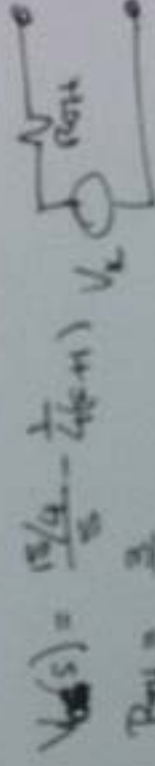
$$V_{out} = \frac{4}{s} - RI_1 = \frac{4}{s} - \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{s} + \frac{1}{s+1} \right) \right) = \frac{15/4}{s} - \frac{1/4}{s+1}$$

Power:



$$= 1 \parallel 2 + 1 = 3/4$$

Thévenin equiv.



$$V_{th}(s) = \frac{15/4}{s} - \frac{1}{4(s+1)} \quad R_{th} = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$\text{Adding the capacitor, } I_c = \frac{V_{th}(s)}{\frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{s}} = \frac{\frac{4}{3}}{s + \frac{4}{3}} \cdot \left[\frac{15}{4} - \frac{s}{4(s+1)} \right]$$

$$\Rightarrow I_c(s) = \frac{s}{s + 4/3} - \frac{1}{3} \frac{s}{(s + 4/3)(s+1)} \quad \text{PFE} = \frac{11/3}{s + 4/3} - \frac{1}{s+1}$$

$$\Rightarrow i_c(t) = \frac{11}{3} e^{-4/3 t} - e^{-t}, \text{ for } t \geq 0$$