

FitFlex: Your Personal Fitness Companion

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Project Overview

Purpose

The fitflex project is a web application built using React.js with Vite the goal is provided user friendly Exercise for beginner

Features

*user authentication

- *exercise management
- *search&filter
- *responsive design

Architecture

Component structure

- ***App.jsx**
- ***Header.jsx**
- ***Home.jsx**
- ***exercisecard.jsx**

State management

- ***Uses Context API for managing global state**
- ***Local state is used within individual components for UI**

Setup instructions



Prerequisites

*install Node.js(latest stable version)

Introduction:

FitFlex is a revolutionary fitness app designed to transform your workout experience. It offers an intuitive interface, dynamic search, and a vast library of exercises for all fitness levels. Join FitFlex to embark on a personalized fitness journey and achieve your wellness goals.

Description:

 Elevate your fitness exploration with FitFlex, where every exercise becomes a gateway to a world of wellness waiting to be discovered and embraced. Trust FitFlex to be your reliable companion on the journey to staying connected with a fit and active lifestyle. 

Scenario based Intro:

You lace up your sneakers, determined to get serious about your fitness. But where do you start? Suddenly, you remember FitFlex, the innovative app that promised to revolutionize your workouts. With a tap, you open the app. Vibrant visuals flood the screen – personalized workout plans, diverse exercise categories, and a supportive community. This isn't your typical fitness app. FitFlex feels...different. Intrigued, you select a workout and get ready to experience the future of fitness.

Project Goals and Objectives:

The overarching aim of FitFlex is to offer an accessible platform tailored for individuals passionate about fitness, exercise, and holistic well-being.

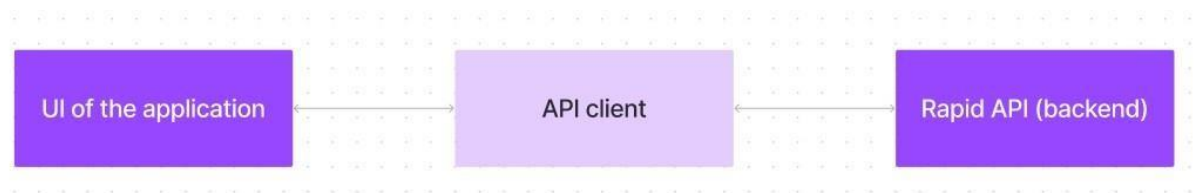
Our key objectives are as follows:

- ✓ **User-Friendly Experience:** Develop an intuitive interface that facilitates easy navigation, enabling users to effortlessly discover, save, and share their preferred workout routines.
- ✓ **Comprehensive Exercise Management:** Provide robust features for organizing and managing exercise routines, incorporating advanced search options for a personalized fitness experience.
- ✓ **Technology Stack:** Harness contemporary web development technologies, with a focus on React.js, to ensure an efficient and enjoyable user experience.

Features of FitFlex:

- ✓ **Exercises from Fitness API:** Access a diverse array of exercises from reputable fitness APIs, covering a broad spectrum of workout categories and catering to various fitness goals.
- ✓ **Visual Exercise Exploration:** Engage with workout routines through curated image galleries, allowing users to explore different exercise categories and discover new fitness challenges visually.
- ✓ **Intuitive and User-Friendly Design:** Navigate the app seamlessly with a clean, modern interface designed for optimal user experience and clear exercise selection.
- ✓ **Advanced Search Feature:** Easily find specific exercises or workout plans through a powerful search feature, enhancing the app's usability for users with varied fitness preferences.

Technical Architecture:



FitFlex prioritizes a user-centric approach from the ground up. The engaging user interface (UI), likely built with a framework like React Native, keeps interaction smooth and intuitive. An API client specifically designed for FitFlex communicates with the backend, but with a twist: it leverages Rapid API. This platform grants access to various external APIs, allowing FitFlex to potentially integrate features like fitness trackers, nutrition data, or workout tracking functionalities without building everything from scratch. This approach ensures a feature-rich experience while focusing development efforts on the core FitFlex functionalities.

PRE-REQUISITES:

Here are the key prerequisites for developing a frontend application using React.js:

- ✓ **Node.js and npm:**

Node.js is a powerful JavaScript runtime environment that allows you to run JavaScript code on the local environment. It provides a scalable and efficient platform for building network applications.

Install Node.js and npm on your development machine, as they are required to run JavaScript on the server-side.

- Download: <https://nodejs.org/en/download/>
- Installation instructions: <https://nodejs.org/en/download/package-manager/>

✓ **React.js:**

React.js is a popular JavaScript library for building user interfaces. It enables developers to create interactive and reusable UI components, making it easier to build dynamic and responsive web applications.

Install React.js, a JavaScript library for building user interfaces.

- Create a new React app:

```
npx create-react-app my-react-app
```

Replace my-react-app with your preferred project name.

- Navigate to the project directory:

```
cd my-react-app
```

- Running the React App:

With the React app created, you can now start the development server and see your React application in action.

- Start the development server:

```
npm start
```

This command launches the development server, and you can access your React app at <http://localhost:3000> in your web browser.

- ✓ **HTML, CSS, and JavaScript:** Basic knowledge of HTML for creating the structure of your app, CSS for styling, and JavaScript for client-side interactivity is essential.

- ✓ **Version Control:** Use Git for version control, enabling collaboration and tracking changes throughout the development process. Platforms like GitHub or Bitbucket can host your repository.

- Git: Download <https://git-scm.com/downloads> and installation instructions can be found at:

<https://git-scm.com/downloads>

- ✓ **Development Environment:** Choose a code editor or Integrated Development Environment (IDE) that suits your preferences, such as Visual Studio Code, Sublime Text, or WebStorm.

- Visual Studio Code: Download from <https://code.visualstudio.com/download>
- Sublime Text: Download from <https://www.sublimetext.com/download>
- WebStorm: Download from <https://www.jetbrains.com/webstorm/download>

To get the Application project from drive:

Follow below steps:

- ✓ **Get the code:**

- Download the code from the drive link given below:

https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/14f9eBQ5W7VrLdPhP2W6PzOU_HCy8UMex?usp=sharing **Install**

Dependencies:

- Navigate into the cloned repository directory and install libraries:

```
cd fitness-app-react npm install
```

- ✓ **Start the Development Server:**

- To start the development server, execute the following command:

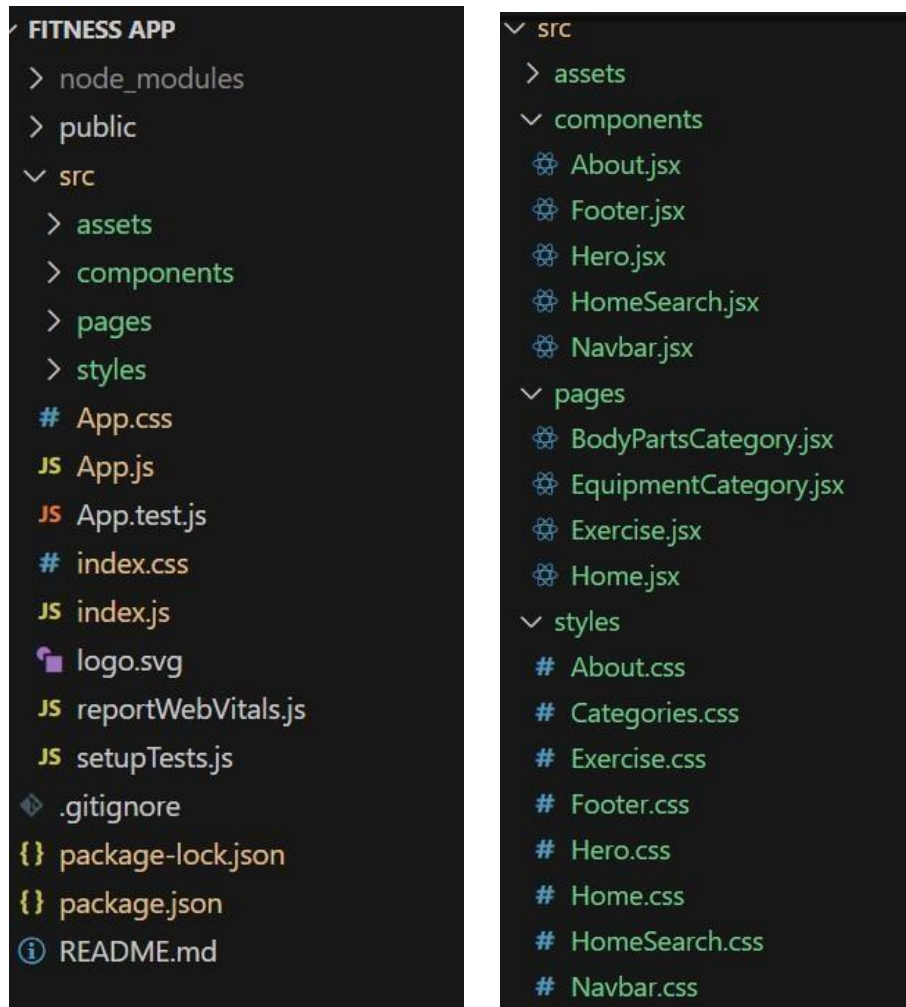
```
npm start
```

Access the App:

- Open your web browser and navigate to <http://localhost:3000>.
- You should see the application's homepage, indicating that the installation and setup were successful.

You have successfully installed and set up the application on your local machine. You can now proceed with further customization, development, and testing as needed.

Project structure:



In this project, we've split the files into 3 major folders, *Components*, *Pages* and *Styles*. In the pages folder, we store the files that acts as pages at different URLs in the application. The components folder stores all the files, that returns the small components in the application. All the styling css files will be stored in the styles folder.

Project Flow:

Project demo:

Before starting to work on this project, let's see the demo.

Demo

link:<https://drive.google.com/file/d/1mMqMb41RtroiFbUQ-1ZfeYfWJZ6okSNb/view?usp=sharing>

Use the code in:

https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/14f9eBQ5W7VrLdPhP2W6PzOU_HCy8UMex?usp=sharing

Milestone 1: Project setup and configuration.

- **Installation of required tools:**

To build the FitFlex app, we'll need a developer's toolkit. We'll leverage React.js for the interactive interface, React Router Dom for seamless navigation, and Axios to fetch fitness data. To style the app, we'll choose either Bootstrap or Tailwind CSS for pre-built components and a sleek look.

Open the project folder to install necessary tools. In this project, we use:

o React Js o React Router Dom o React Icons o
Bootstrap/tailwind css o Axios

- For further reference, use the following resources o <https://react.dev/learn/installation> o <https://react-bootstrap-v4.netlify.app/getting-started/introduction/> o <https://axios-http.com/docs/intro> o <https://reactrouter.com/en/main/start/tutorial>

Milestone 2: Project Development

- ❖ Setup the Routing paths

Setup the clear routing paths to access various files in the application.

Important Code sni


```

const bodyPartsOptions = {
  method: 'GET',
  url: 'https://exercisedb.p.rapidapi.com/exercises/bodyPartList',
  headers: {
    'X-RapidAPI-Key': 'place your api key',
    'X-RapidAPI-Host': 'exercisedb.p.rapidapi.com'
  }
};

const equipmentOptions = {
  method: 'GET',
  url: 'https://exercisedb.p.rapidapi.com/exercises/equipmentList',
  headers: {
    'X-RapidAPI-Key': 'place your api key',
    'X-RapidAPI-Host': 'exercisedb.p.rapidapi.com'
  }
};

useEffect(() => {
  fetchData();
}, [])

const fetchData = async () =>{
  try {
    const bodyPartsData = await axios.request(bodyPartsOptions);
    setBodyParts(bodyPartsData.data);

    const equipmentData = await axios.request(equipmentOptions);
    setEquipment(equipmentData.data);
  } catch (error) {
    console.error(error);
  }
}

```

Here's a breakdown of the code:

Dependencies:

The code utilizes the following libraries:

Axios: A popular promise-based HTTP client for JavaScript. You can add a link to the official documentation for Axios <https://axios-http.com/>

API Key:

Replace 'place your api key' with a placeholder mentioning that the user needs to replace it with their own RapidAPI key. You can mention how to acquire an API key from RapidAPI.

bodyPartsOptions and equipmentOptions:

These variables hold configuration options for fetching data from the RapidAPI exercise database.

- *method*: The HTTP method used in the request. In this case, it's set to GET as the code is fetching data from the API.
- *url*: The URL of the API endpoint to fetch data from. Here, it's set to <https://exercisedb.p.rapidapi.com/exercises/bodyPartList> for fetching a list of body parts and <https://exercisedb.p.rapidapi.com/exercises/equipmentList> for fetching a list of equipment.
- *headers*: This section contains headers required for making the API request. Here it includes the X-RapidAPI-Key header to provide your API key and the X-RapidAPI-Host header specifying the host of the API.

fetchData function:

This function is responsible for fetching data from the API. It makes use of `async/await` syntax to handle asynchronous operations. First it fetches data for body parts using `axios.request(bodyPartsOptions)`. Then it stores the fetched data in the `bodyParts` state variable using `setBodyParts`.

Similarly, it fetches data for equipment using `axios.request(equipmentOptions)`. Then it stores the fetched data in the `equipment` state variable using `setEquipment`. In case of any errors during the API request, the catch block logs the error to the console using `console.error`.

useEffect Hook:

The `useEffect` hook is used to call the `fetchData` function whenever the component mounts. This ensures that the data is fetched as soon as the component loads.

Overall, the code snippet demonstrates how to fetch data from a RapidAPI exercise database using JavaScript's Axios library.

Fetching exercises under particular category

To fetch the exercises under a particular category, we use the below code.

```
const fetchData = async (id) => {
  const options = {
    method: 'GET',
    url: `https://exercisedb.p.rapidapi.com/exercises/equipment/${id}`,
    params: {limit: '50'},
    headers: {
      'X-RapidAPI-Key': 'your api key',
      'X-RapidAPI-Host': 'exercisedb.p.rapidapi.com'
    }
  };

  try {
    const response = await axios.request(options);
    console.log(response.data);
    setExercises(response.data);
  } catch (error) {
    console.error(error);
  }
}
```

It defines a function called `fetchData` that fetches data from an exercise database API. Here's a breakdown of the code:

`const options = {...};`

This line creates a constant variable named `options` and assigns it an object literal. The object literal contains properties that configure the API request, including:

- `method`: Set to 'GET', indicating that the API request is a GET request to retrieve data from the server.
- `url`: Set to `https://exercisedb.p.rapidapi.com/exercises/equipment/${id}`, which is the URL of the API endpoint for fetching exercise equipment data. The `${id}` placeholder will likely be replaced with a specific equipment ID when the function is called.
- `params`: An object literal with a property `limit`: '50'. This specifies that you want to retrieve a maximum of 50 exercise equipment results.
- `headers`: An object literal containing two headers required for making the API request:
 - `'X-RapidAPI-Key'`: Your RapidAPI key, which is used for authentication. You should replace 'your api key' with a placeholder instructing users to replace it with their own API key.
 - `'X-RapidAPI-Host'`: The host of the API, which is 'exercisedb.p.rapidapi.com' in this case.

`const fetchData = async (id) => {...};`

This line defines an asynchronous function named `fetchData` that takes an `id` parameter. This `id` parameter is likely used to specify the equipment ID for which data needs to be fetched from the API.

try...catch block:

- The `try...catch` block is used to handle the API request.
- The `try` block contains the code that attempts to fetch data from the API using `axios.request(options)`.
- The `await` keyword is used before `axios.request(options)` because the function is asynchronous and waits for the API request to complete before proceeding.
- If the API request is successful, the response data is stored in the `response` constant variable.
- The `console.log(response.data)` line logs the fetched data to the console.
- The `.then` method (not shown in the image) is likely used to process the fetched data after a successful API request.
- The `catch` block handles any errors that might occur during the API request. If there's an error, it's logged to the console using `console.error(error)`.

Fetching Exercise details

Now, with the help of the Exercise ID, we fetch the details of a particular exercise with API request.

```
useEffect(()=>{
  if (id){
    fetchData(id)
  }
},[id])

const fetchData = async (id) => {
  const options = {
    method: 'GET',
    url: `https://exercisedb.p.rapidapi.com/exercises/exercise/${id}`,
    headers: {
      'X-RapidAPI-Key': 'ae40549393msh0c35372c617b281p103ddcjsn0f4a9ee43ff0',
      'X-RapidAPI-Host': 'exercisedb.p.rapidapi.com'
    }
  };

  try {
    const response = await axios.request(options);
    console.log(response.data);
    setExercise(response.data);

    fetchRelatedVideos(response.data.name)
  } catch (error) {
    console.error(error);
  }
}
```

The code snippet demonstrates how to fetch exercise data from an exercise database API using JavaScript's fetch API. Here's a breakdown of the code:

Fetching related videos from YouTube

Now, with the API, we also fetch the videos related to a particular exercise with code given below.

```
const fetchRelatedVideos = async (name)=>{
  console.log(name)
  const options = {
    method: 'GET',
    url: 'https://youtube-search-and-download.p.rapidapi.com/search',
    params: {
      query: `${name}`,
      hl: 'en',
      upload_date: 't',
      duration: 'l',
      type: 'v',
      sort: 'r'
    },
    headers: {
      'X-RapidAPI-Key': 'ae40549393msh0c35372c617b281p103ddcjsn0f4a9ee43ff0',
      'X-RapidAPI-Host': 'youtube-search-and-download.p.rapidapi.com'
    }
  }
};

try {
  const response = await axios.request(options);
  console.log(response.data.contents);
  setRelatedVideos(response.data.contents);
} catch (error) {
  console.error(error);
}
```

The code snippet shows a function called *fetchRelatedVideos* that fetches data from YouTube using the RapidAPI service. Here's a breakdown of the code:

fetchRelatedVideos function:

This function takes a name parameter as input, which is likely the name of a video or a search query.

Project Execution:

After completing the code, run the react application by using the command “npm start” or “npm run dev” if you are using vite.js

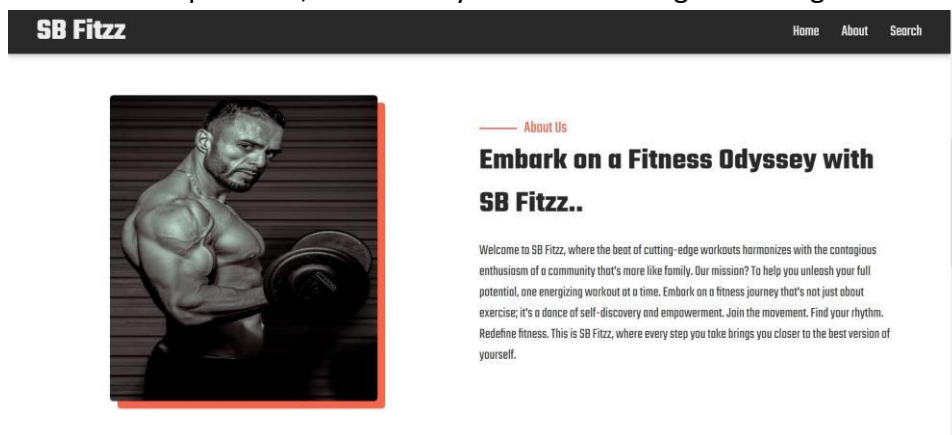
Here are some of the screenshots of the application.

Hero component this section would showcase trending workouts or fitness challenges to grab users' attention.



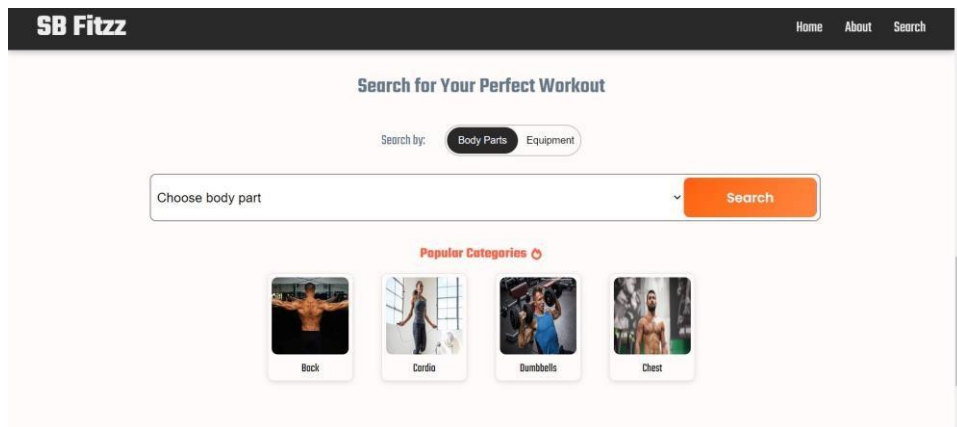
About

FitFlex isn't just another fitness app. We're meticulously designed to transform your workout experience, no matter your fitness background or goals.



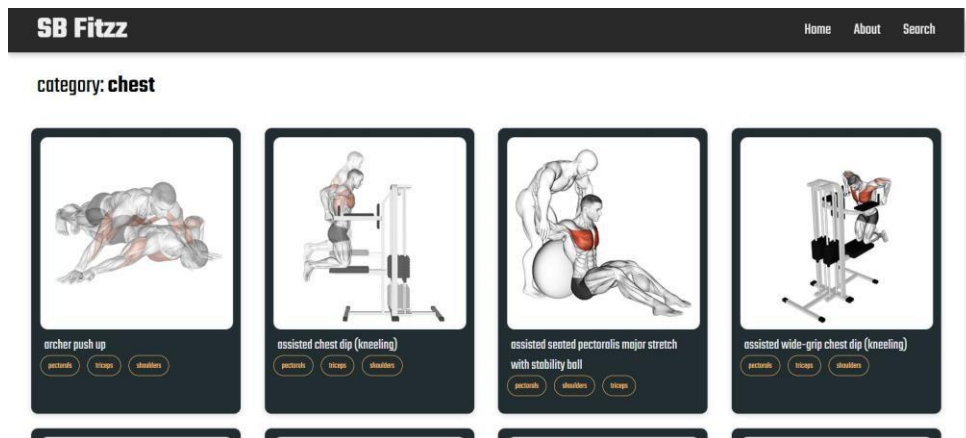
Search

B Fitzz makes finding your perfect workout effortless. Our prominent search bar empowers you to explore exercises by keyword, targeted muscle group, fitness level, equipment needs, or any other relevant criteria you have in mind. Simply type in your search term and let FitFlex guide you to the ideal workout for your goals.



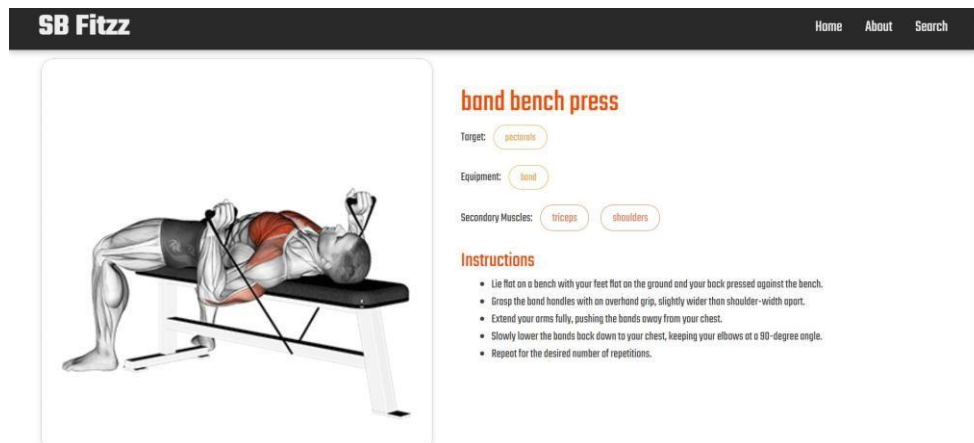
Category page

FitFlex would offer a dedicated section for browsing various workout categories. This could be a grid layout with tiles showcasing different exercise types (e.g., cardio, strength training, yoga) with icons or short descriptions for easy identification.



Exercise page

This is where the magic happens! Each exercise page on FitFlex provides a comprehensive overview of the chosen workout. Expect clear and concise instructions, accompanied by high-quality visuals like photos or videos demonstrating proper form. Additional details like targeted muscle groups, difficulty level, and equipment requirements (if any) will ensure you have all the information needed for a safe and effective workout.



Regular exercise is one of the best things your health .it many benefits including heath fitness

***Squat**

***Pusp-up**

Squat

A squat is a strength exercise in which the trainee lowers thir hips from a standing position and then stands back

Pusp-up

Pusp-up exercise is a close chain kinetic exercise which improves the joint stability and muscle

Yoga

**Yoga is a practice that connects that body
Breath and mind**

Bridge

**This circuit should take about 15 to 20
Minutes a great beginner routine.**