

RQ-1

```
int arr[10]           // 40
int x                 // 4
int y                 // 4
long z                // 8
int arr[N]            // 4N
```

SC:  $O(N)$

RQ-2.

Time for accessing an array  
index TC:  $O(1)$   
 $arr[i]$

RQ-3

$i = 0, j = N - 1$

while ( $i < j$ )

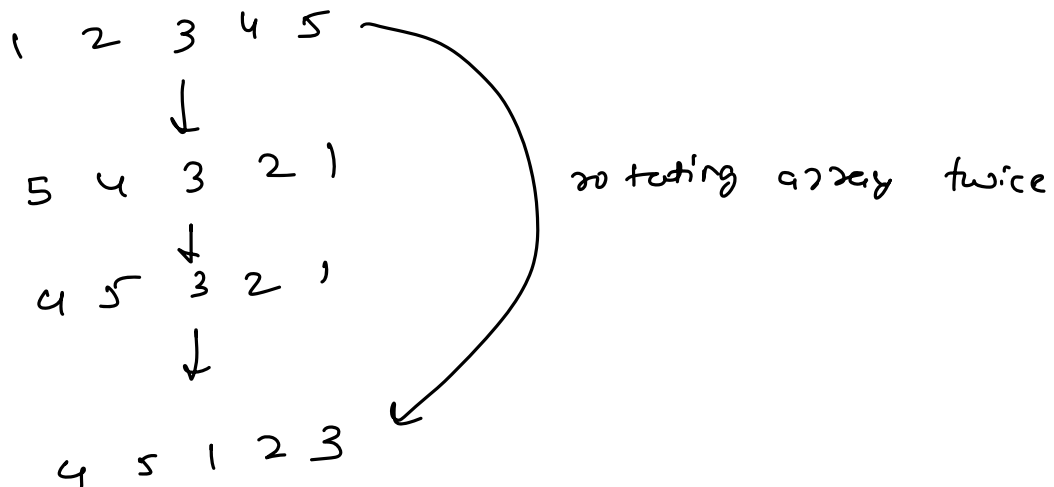
{  
    swap ( $arr[i], arr[j]$ )  
    *i* ++  
    *j* --  
}

RQ-4

function (....)

{  
    rev(arr, 0, n-1)  
    rev(arr, 0, k-1)  
    rev(arr, k, n-1)  
}

k = 2



RQ-5

Fast Access element

Insert element

Array ✓

Array ✗

Array list ✓

Arraylist ✓

Q. Given stock's profit/loss for each day.

Develop a feature where you will be given

start day & end day, need to return total profit/loss  
↓  
for this duration  
(Both inclusive)

stock[] =  $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 & 9 \\ -5 & 10 & 20 & 40 & 50 & -10 & 80 & -90 & -20 & -10 \end{bmatrix}$

Start day	End date	Net Profit/loss
1	4	120
0	0	-5
7	9	-120
0	9	65
2	7	90

Q. Given N elements, Q queries. For each query,

Cal sum of elements from L to R (both inclusive)

arr =  $\begin{bmatrix} -3 & 6 & 2 & 4 & 5 & 2 & 8 & -9 & 3 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$   
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

L R solution

4 8 9



BF: for each query L, R.

Iterate L to R, and get the sum.

↓  
Not sufficient

$$1 \leq Q \leq 10^5$$
$$1 \leq N \leq 10^5$$

for (each query)

↓  
l, r

sum = 0

for (i = l; i ≤ r; i++)

{ sum += arr[i]

print(sum)

Tc:  $O(QN)$

Sc:  $O(1)$

{ <sup>4</sup> — , <sup>14</sup> — , <sup>14</sup> — , <sup>15</sup> — , — , — , — }  
 ↓

Team  
Score

Akt.  
(1<sup>st</sup> over)

Quiz 1

[ <sup>1</sup> 2, <sup>2</sup> 8, <sup>3</sup> 14, <sup>4</sup> 29, <sup>5</sup> 31, <sup>6</sup> 49, <sup>7</sup> 65, <sup>8</sup> 79, <sup>9</sup> 88, <sup>10</sup> 97 ]

Total runs after 7<sup>th</sup> over = 65

Total runs after 6<sup>th</sup> over = 49

runs in 7<sup>th</sup> over = score[7] - score[6]

= 65 - 49

= 16

$[ \overset{1}{2}, \overset{2}{8}, \overset{3}{14}, \overset{4}{29}, \overset{5}{31}, \overset{6}{49}, \overset{7}{65}, \overset{8}{79}, \overset{9}{88}, \overset{10}{97} ]$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{runs in } 6^{\text{th}} \text{ to } 10^{\text{th}} &= \text{score}[10] - \text{score}[6] \\ &= 97 - 31 \\ &= 66 \end{aligned}$$

$[ \overset{1}{2}, \overset{2}{8}, \overset{3}{14}, \overset{4}{29}, \overset{5}{31}, \overset{6}{49}, \overset{7}{65}, \overset{8}{79}, \overset{9}{88}, \overset{10}{97} ]$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{runs in } 10^{\text{th}} &= \text{score}[10] - \text{score}[9] \\ &= 97 - 88 \\ &= 9 \end{aligned}$$

$[ \overset{1}{2}, \overset{2}{8}, \overset{3}{14}, \overset{4}{29}, \overset{5}{31}, \overset{6}{49}, \overset{7}{65}, \overset{8}{79}, \overset{9}{88}, \overset{10}{97} ]$

$$\begin{aligned} 3^{\text{rd}} \text{ to } 6^{\text{th}} \text{ over} &= \text{score}[6] - \text{score}[2] \\ &= 49 - 8 \\ &= 41 \end{aligned}$$

<sup>1</sup> 2 <sup>3</sup> 4 <sup>5</sup> 6 <sup>7</sup> 8 <sup>9</sup> 10  
 [ 2, 8, 14, 29, 31, 49, 65, 79, 88, 97 ]

Profit  
 sum  
 array

$$\begin{aligned}
 4^{\text{th}} \text{ to } 9^{\text{th}} &= \text{score}[9] - \text{score}[3] \\
 &= 88 - 14 \\
 &= 74
 \end{aligned}$$

<sup>0</sup> 1 2 3 4  
 Arr[] = [ 2, 5, -1, 7, 1 ]

Profit/Loss for each day

PF[] = [ 2, 7, 6, 13, 14 ]



$PF[i] = \text{Sum of all elements from } 0 \text{ to } i$

arr[] = 10, 32, 6, 12, 20, 1

PF[] = 10, 42, 48, 60, 80, 81

$$\text{arr}[] = 10, 32, 6, 12, 20, 1$$

$$\text{PF}[] = 10, 42, 48, 60, 80, 81$$

$$\text{PF}[0] = \text{arr}[0]$$

$$\text{PF}[1] = \text{arr}[0] + \text{arr}[1]$$

$$\text{PF}[2] = \text{arr}[0] + \text{arr}[1] + \text{arr}[2]$$

$$\text{PF}[3] = \text{arr}[0] + \text{arr}[1] + \text{arr}[2] + \text{arr}[3]$$

⋮

$\text{PF}[N]$

for( $j=0; j < N; j++$ )

{  
 $\text{PF}[i] = 0$   
 for( $j=0; j \leq i; j++$ )  
 $\text{PF}[i] = \text{PF}[i] + \text{arr}[j]$   
 }

PF is ready.

i	j	#
0	0-0	1
1	0-1	2
2	0-2	3
3	0-3	4
4	0-4	5
⋮	⋮	⋮
N-1	0-(N-1)	N

$$1 + 2 + 3 + 4 + \dots + N$$

$$= \frac{N(N+1)}{2}$$

$$= \frac{N^2}{2} + \frac{N}{2}$$

$$\text{TC} : O(N^2)$$



$$PF[0] = ar[0]$$

$$PF[1] = PF[0] + ar[1]$$

$$PF[2] = PF[1] + ar[2]$$

$$PF[3] = PF[2] + ar[3]$$

|

$PF[N]$

TC:  $O(N)$

$$PF[0] = ar[0]$$

for ( $j = 1$ ;  $j < N$ ;  $j++$ )

$$\int PF[i] = PF[i-1] + ar[i]$$

PF is ready

$$\text{stock}[i] = [-5, 10, 20, 40, 50, -10, 80, -90, -20, -10]$$

$$PF(i) = [-5, 5, 25, 65, 115, 105, 185, 95, 75, 65]$$

Start day	End date	Net Profit/Loss
1	4	120 $\rightarrow PF(4) - PF(0)$
0	0	-5 $= 115 - (-5)$
7	9	-120 $= 115 + 5 = 120$
0	9	65
2	7	90

$PF(N)$

$$PF(0) = arr(0)$$

for ( $j=1$ ;  $j < N$ ;  $j++$ )

$$PF[i] = PF[i-1] + stock[i]$$

```

for (each query)
{
    l, r
    if (l > 0)
    {
        print ( PF[r] - PF[l-1] )
    }
    else
        print ( PF[r] )
}

```

TC:  $O(N + Q)$

SC:  $O(N)$

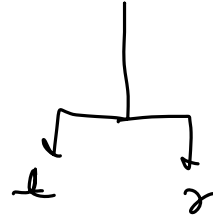


stock[] = 

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
-5	<del>10</del>	<del>20</del>	<del>40</del>	<del>50</del>	-10	80	-90	-20	-10
5	25	65	115	...	...	...	...	...	...

SC:  $O(1)$

Q. Given array  $N$  size.  $Q$  queries,



For each query, return the sum of all even-indexed elements.

$A[] = \{ 2, 3, 1, 6, 4, 5 \}$   
          0 1 2 3 4 5

Query:           ans

1 3           1

2 5           5

0 5           7

BF

For each query

iterate & get the sum

T.C:  $O(QN)$

$$A[] = \{ 2, 3, 1, 6, 4, 5 \}$$

0 1 2 3 4 5

$$PF_e[] = \{ 2, 2, 3, 3, 7, 7 \}$$

0 1 2 3 4 5

$$l-5 = PF_e[5] - PF_e[0]$$

$$= 7 - 2$$

$$= 5$$

$PF_e[N]$

$$PF_e[0] = arr[0]$$

for (  $j=1$  ;  $j < N$  ;  $j++$  )

$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{if } (j \% 2 == 0) \\ \quad PF_e[j] = PF_e[j-1] + arr[j] \\ \text{else} \\ \quad PF_e[j] = PF_e[j-1] + 0 \end{array} \right.$

use in  
last Q as  
well

for ( each query )

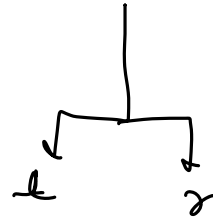
$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \downarrow \\ l, r \\ \text{if } (l > 0) \\ \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{print } (PF_e[r] - PF_e[l-1]) \end{array} \right. \\ \text{else} \\ \quad \text{print } (PF_e[r]) \end{array} \right.$

Q.12

[ 2, 4, 3, 1, 5 ]  
0 1 2 3 4

$PF_e = [ 2, 2, 5, 5, 10 ]$

Q. Given array  $N$  size .  $Q$  queries,



for each query, return the sum of all even-indexed elements.

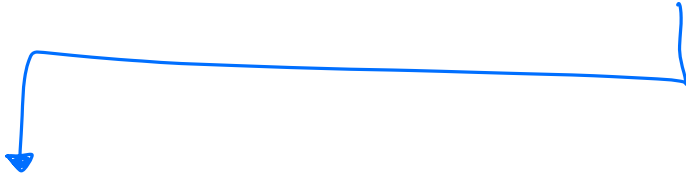
$PF_e[N]$

$PF_e[0] = 0$

for ( $j = 1$ ;  $j < N$ ;  $j++$ )

{  
    if ( $j \% 2 == 1$ )  
         $PF_e[j] = PF_e[j-1] + arr[j]$   
    else  
         $PF_e[j] = PF_e[j-1] + 0$

Q Given an array of size N. Count how many special indexes are there.



Those indexes, which when removed from the array, then sum of all Even indexed element

is equal to sum of all odd indexed element.

$$\text{Arr}[ ] = \{ 4, 3, 2, 7, 6, -2 \} \rightarrow \text{ans} = 2$$

0   1   2   3   4   5

j	Arr	$S_E$	$S_O$	Special index
0	$\{ 3, 2, 7, 6, -2 \}$ 0 1 2 3 4	8	8	✓
1	$\{ 4, 2, 7, 6, -2 \}$ 0 1 2 3 4	9	8	✗
2	$\{ 4, 3, 7, 6, -2 \}$	9	9	✓
3	$\{ 4, 3, 2, 6, -2 \}$	4	9	✗
4	$\{ 4, 3, 2, 7, -2 \}$	4	10	✗
5	$\{ 4, 3, 2, 7, 6 \}$	12	10	✗

Quiz:  $\{4, 1, 3, 7, 10\}$   
0 1 2 3 4

Sum of odd (After 2 is removed) =  $\{4, 1, 7, 10\}$   
0 1 2 3  
= 11

Quiz:  $\{2, 3, 1, 4, 0, -1, 2, -2, 10, 8\}$

Sum of odd (After 3 is removed) =  $\{2, 1, 0, -1, 2, -2, 10, 8\}$   
=  $3 + 0 + 2 + 10$   
= 15

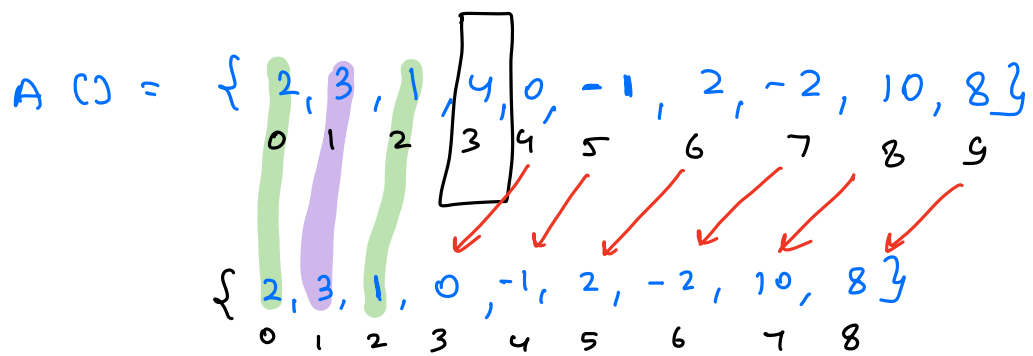
Sum of Even (After 3 is removed) =  $\{2, 3, 1, 0, -1, 2, -2, 10, 8\}$   
=  $2 + 1 - 1 - 2 + 8$   
= 8

BF

Delete	N
Calculate	N + N
undo	N

TC:  $O(N^2)$





$$S_o[\text{all}] \text{ in new array} = S_o[\text{left of deletion}] \text{ old} + S_e[\text{right of deletion}] \text{ old}$$

$$S_e[\text{all}] \text{ in new array} = S_e[\text{left}] \text{ old} + S_o[\text{right}] \text{ old}$$

$$\text{ans} = 0$$

$$(j, r)$$

$$PF_o[r] - PF_o[j-1]$$

for ( $j=0$ ;  $j < N$ ;  $j++$ )

$$x = PF_o[j-1]$$

$$y = PF_e[N-1] - PF_e[i]$$

$$x' = PF_e[i-1]$$

$$y' = PF_o[N-1] - PF_o[i]$$

$$S_o \text{ new} = S_o(0, \overset{x}{j-1}) + S_e(\overset{y}{j+1}, N-1)$$

$$S_e \text{ new} = S_e(0, \overset{x'}{j-1}) + S_o(\overset{y'}{j+1}, N-1)$$

$$\text{if } (S_o \text{ new} == S_e \text{ new}) \text{ ans}++$$

return ans

// calculate  $PF_0$

// calculate  $PF_E$

$j = 0$

$$a = S_0 = S_0(\text{right}) = S_0(j+1, N-1) = PF_E[N-1] - PF_E[j]$$

$$b = S_e = S_e(\text{right}) = S_e(j+1, N-1) = PF_0[N-1] - PF_0[j]$$

if ( $a == b$ ) ans++

$j = N-1$

$$a = S_0 = S_0(\text{left}) = S_0(0, j-1) = PF_0[j-1]$$

$$b = S_e = S_e(\text{left}) = S_e(0, j-1) = PF_E[j-1]$$

if ( $a == b$ ) ans++

for ( $j = 1; j < N-i; j++$ )

$$S_{0 \text{ new}} = PF_0[j-1] + PF_E[N-1] - PF_E[j]$$

$$S_{e \text{ new}} = PF_E[j-1] + PF_0[N-1] - PF_0[j]$$

if ( $S_{0 \text{ new}} == S_{e \text{ new}}$ ) ans++

return ans

TC:  $N+N+N$

TC:  $O(N)$

SC:  $N+N$

SC:  $O(N)$

$$\begin{aligned}
 S_{o \text{ new}} &= S_o(\text{left}) + S_e(\text{right}) \\
 &= S_o(0, i-1) + S_e(\underline{i+1}, N-1) \\
 &= PF_o[i-1] + PF_e[N-1] - PF_e[i]
 \end{aligned}$$

ans = 0

// i == 0

if (PF\_e[N-1] - PF\_e[0] == PF\_o[N-1] - PF\_o[0]) ans++

// i == N-1

if (PF\_o[N-2] == PF\_e[N-2]) ans++

for (j = 1; j < N-1; j++)

$$S_{o \text{ new}} = PF_o[j-1] + PF_e[N-1] - PF_e[j]$$

$$S_{e \text{ new}} = PF_e[j-1] + PF_o[N-1] - PF_o[j]$$

if (S\_o new == S\_e new) ans++

return ans

$$\text{Arr}[] = \{ \underset{0}{4}, \underset{1}{3}, \underset{2}{\cancel{2}}, \underset{3}{7}, \underset{4}{6}, \underset{5}{-2} \} \rightarrow \{ \underset{0}{4}, \underset{1}{3}, \underset{2}{7}, \underset{3}{6}, \underset{4}{-2} \}$$

$$\text{PF}_0[] = \{ 0, 3, 3, 10, 10, 8 \}$$

$$\text{PF}_e[] = \{ 4, 4, 6, 6, 12, 12 \}$$

$$\hat{d} = 2$$

$$\begin{aligned} S_0 &= S_0(\text{left}) + S_e(\text{right}) \\ &= S_0(0, 1) + S_e(3, 5) \\ &= 3 + 12 - 6 \\ &= 9 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} S_e &= S_e(\text{left}) + S_0(\text{right}) \\ &= 4 + 8 - 2 \\ &= 9 \end{aligned}$$